Supplemental Online Content

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This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

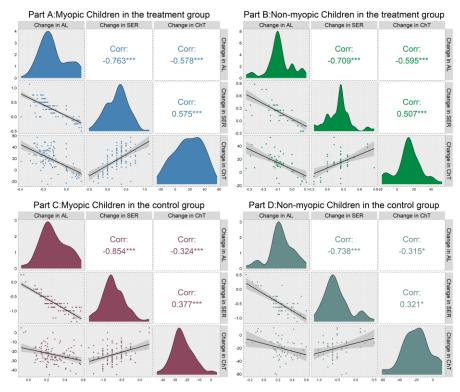
eAppendix 1. Description of Subgroup Analysis Results for Secondary Outcomes There are four subgroups by treatment and baseline refraction, myopic children in the LLRL group (TM), nonmyopic children in the LLRL group (TN), myopic children in the control group (CM), nonmyopic children in the control group (CN).

The mean change in subfoveal ChT for CM and TM subgroups were -23.38 μm and 17.88 μm (Table2), respectively, the mean difference was -41.26 (95%CI: -45.26 to -37.26) μm, p<.001. The mean change in subfoveal ChT for CN and TN subgroups were -20.02 μm and 13.63 μm (Table2), respectively, the mean difference was -33.65 (95%CI: -39.49 to -27.81) μm, p<.001. The mean change in UDVA for CM and TM subgroups were -0.059 and 0.034 (Table2), respectively, the mean difference was -0.093 (95%CI: -0.181 to -0.005), p<.001. The mean change in UDVA for CN and TN subgroups were -0.16 and -0.01 (Table2), respectively, the mean difference was -0.15 (95%CI: -0.28 to -0.02) μm, p<.001.

Correlation analysis of outcomes

There was a significant negative correlation between changes in AL and changes in SER (r=0.93, p<.001), a significant negative correlation between changes in AL and changes in subfoveal ChT (r=-0.81, p<.001), and a significant positive correlation between changes in SER and changes in subfoveal ChT (r=0.82, p<.001).

We further explored the association between changes in each outcome in four subgroups (see eFigure1).



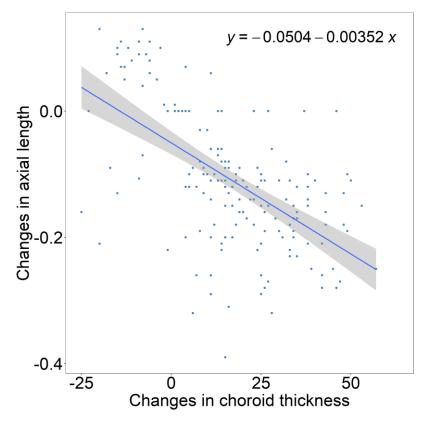
eFigure 1. Correlation Analysis of Changes in Primary and Secondary Outcomes in 4 Subgroups

For subgroup TM, TN, CM, and CN, the correlations coefficients of between changes in AL and changes in SER were -0.76 (p<.001), -0.71 (p<.001), -0.85 (p<.001), and -0.74 (p<.001), respectively.

The correlation coefficients of between changes in AL and changes in ChT were -0.58 (p<.001), -0.60 (p<.001), -0.32 (p<.001), and -0.32(p<.001), respectively for subgroup TM, TN, CM, and CN. The correlation coefficients of between changes in SER and changes in ChT were 0.58 (p<.001), 0.51 (p<.001), 0.38 (p<.001), and 0.32 (p<.001), respectively for subgroup TM, TN, CM, and CN. We fitted the regression model between the change in AL and the change in ChT, the results showed that the R square of the model was 34.5%, meaning that 34.5% of the AL shortening could be explained by the increase of ChT (eFigure2).

The association between changes in AL and changes in ChT could be described by the following formula:

Changes in AL= -0.0504 - 0.00352* changes in ChT (R-square of 34.5%)



eFigure 2. Scatter Plot of Changes in Axial Length and Changes in Choroid Thickness

eTable 1. One-Year Change in Outcomes					
Characteristic	Control	Treatment	Mean difference	p-value	
	N = 152	N = 157	(95%CI)	pvalue	
All children (N=309)					
Change in AL (mm)	0.26 ± 0.16	-0.11 ± 0.11	0.37 (0.34 to 0.40)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.63 ± 0.34	0.25 ± 0.28	-0.88 (-0.95 to -0.81)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-22.11 ± 12.31	16.87 ± 18.33	-38.98 (-42.47 to -35.49)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	-0.10 ± 0.33	0.03 ± 0.36	-0.13 (-0.21 to -0.05)	<.001	
Change in IOP (mmHg)	-0.05 ± 3.48	0.66 ± 3.84	-0.71 (-1.53 to 0.11)	.09	
Change in CCT (µm)	2.60 ± 4.53	7.28 ± 5.40	-4.68 (-16.08 to 6.72)	.44	
Change in AD (mm)	0.07 ± 0.13	0.06 ± 0.15	0.01 (-0.02 to 0.04)	.51	
Change in LT (mm)	-0.04 ± 0.12	-0.04 ± 0.12	0.00 (-0.03 to 0.03)	.95	
Change in K1 (D)	-0.09 ± 0.78	-0.14 ± 0.76	0.05 (-0.12 to 0.22)	.52	
Change in K2 (D)	-0.03 ± 0.72	-0.02 ± 0.75	-0.01 (-0.17 to 0.15)	.92	
Myopic children (N=207)					
Change in AL (mm)	0.27 ± 0.15	-0.12 ± 0.11	0.39 (0.35 to 0.43)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.70 ± 0.32	0.27 ± 0.30	-0.97 (-1.05 to -0.89)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-22.89 ± 9.32	17.96 ± 19.85	-40.85 (-45.10 to -36.60)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	-0.07 ± 0.30	0.05 ± 0.38	-0.12 (-0.21 to -0.03)	<.001	
Non-myopic children (N=102)					
Change in AL (mm)	0.23 ± 0.18	-0.09 ± 0.09	0.32 (0.27 to 0.37)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.49 ± 0.35	0.21 ± 0.23	-0.70 (-0.82 to -0.58)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-20.50 ± 16.86	14.67 ± 14.72	-35.17 (-41.40 to -28.94)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	-0.17 ± 0.38	-0.02 ± 0.33	-0.15 (-0.29 to -0.01)	<.001	

Results of Per-protocol analysis

Characteristic	Control N = 168	Treatment N = 168	Mean difference (95%Cl)	p-value
Boys (N=160)				
Change in AL (mm)	0.27 ± 0.17	-0.12 ± 0.11	0.39 (0.35 to 0.43)	<.001
Change in SER (D)	-0.65 ± 0.34	0.26 ± 0.27	-0.91 (-1.01 to -0.81)	<.001
Change in ChT (µm)	-20.50 ± 11.64	15.56 ± 17.39	-36.06 (-40.71 to -31.41)	<.001
Change in UDVA	-0.07 ± 0.31	0.03 ± 0.34	-0.10 (-0.20 to -0.001)	.046
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.16 ± 3.25	0.75 ± 3.90	-0.59 (-1.71 to 0.53)	.30
Change in CCT (µm)	0.77 ± 2.16	5.60 ± 6.92	-4.83 (-21.11 to 11.45)	.56
Change in AD (mm)	0.07 ± 0.14	0.04 ± 0.11	0.03 (-0.008 to 0.068)	.12
Change in LT (mm)	-0.04 ± 0.12	-0.02 ± 0.10	-0.02 (-0.05 to 0.01)	.42
Change in K1 (D)	0.01 ± 0.73	-0.13 ± 0.82	0.14 (-0.10 to 0.38)	.25
Change in K2 (D)	0.00 ± 0.71	0.00 ± 0.78	0.00 (-0.23 to 0.23)	.99
Girls (N=176)				
Change in AL (mm)	0.25 ± 0.14	-0.10 ± 0.10	0.35 (0.31 to 0.39)	<.001
Change in SER (D)	-0.64 ± 0.33	0.23 ± 0.28	-0.87 (-0.96 to -0.78)	<.001
Change in ChT (µm)	-23.93 ± 12.25	17.23 ± 18.85	-41.16 (-45.88 to -36.44)	<.001
Change in UDVA	-0.11 ± 0.34	0.01 ± 0.38	-0.12 (-0.22 to -0.02)	0.02
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.26 ± 3.80	0.52 ± 3.87	-0.26 (-1.40 to 0.88)	0.66
Change in CCT (µm)	4.14 ± 6.18	7.42 ± 3.26	-3.28 (-18.07 to 11.51)	0.66
Change in AD (mm)	0.08 ± 0.13	0.08 ± 0.17	0.00 (-0.046 to 0.046)	0.94
Change in LT (mm)	-0.052 ± 0.12	-0.056 ± 0.13	0.004 (-0.032 to 0.040)	0.83
Change in K1 (D)	-0.18 ± 0.77	-0.19 ± 0.72	0.01 (-0.21 to 0.23)	0.98
Change in K2 (D)	-0.08 ± 0.71	-0.05 ± 0.72	-0.03 (-0.24 to 0.18)	0.78

eTable 2. Subgroup Analysis of the 1-year Change in Outcomes by Gender

Characteristic	Control N = 168	Treatment N = 168	Mean difference (95%Cl)	p-value
Age≤9 (N=199)				
Change in AL (mm)	0.27 ± 0.16	-0.10 ± 0.10	0.37 (0.33 to 0.41)	<.001
Change in SER (D)	-0.63 ± 0.36	0.22 ± 0.26	-0.85 (-0.94 to -0.76)	<.001
Change in ChT (µm)	-22.96 ± 12.30	15.76 ± 17.01	-38.72 (-42.84 to -34.60)	<.001
Change in UDVA	-0.10 ± 0.31	-0.01 ± 0.35	-0.09 (-0.18 to -0.005)	0.07
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.80 ± 3.69	1.06 ± 4.16	-0.26 (-1.35 to 0.83)	0.65
Change in CCT (µm)	2.24 ± 5.64	7.58 ± 3.35	-5.34 (-18.57 to 7.89)	0.43
Change in AD (mm)	0.099 ± 0.15	0.096 ± 0.15	0.003 (-0.038 to 0.044)	0.88
Change in LT (mm)	-0.072 ± 0.12	-0.064 ± 0.13	-0.008 (-0.042 to 0.026)	0.66
Change in K1 (D)	-0.12 ± 0.79	-0.14 ± 0.73	0.02 (-0.19 to 0.23)	0.85
Change in K2 (D)	-0.10 ± 0.71	-0.02 ± 0.73	-0.08 (-0.28 to 0.12)	0.45
Age>9 (N=137)				
Change in AL (mm)	0.25 ± 0.15	-0.12 ± 0.12	0.37 (0.33 to 0.41)	<.001
Change in SER (D)	-0.66 ± 0.31	0.28 ± 0.30	-0.94 (-1.04 to -0.84)	<.001
Change in ChT (µm)	-21.39 ± 11.74	17.65 ± 20.04	-39.04 (-44.76 to -33.32)	<.001
Change in UDVA	-0.086 ± 0.33	0.075 ± 0.36	-0.161 (-0.279 to -0.043)	.008
Change in IOP (mmHg)	-0.51 ± 3.20	-0.11 ± 3.23	-0.40 (-1.50 to 0.70)	.46
Change in CCT (µm)	2.81 ± 3.07	4.85 ± 7.49	-2.04 (-22.27 to 18.19)	.84
Change in AD (mm)	0.046 ± 0.11	0.004 ± 0.12	0.042 (0.004 to 0.08)	.03
Change in LT (mm)	-0.01 ± 0.11	0.00 ± 0.09	-0.01 (-0.042 to 0.022)	.49
Change in K1 (D)	-0.05 ± 0.71	-0.20 ± 0.83	0.15 (-0.12 to 0.42)	.27
Change in K2 (D)	0.03 ± 0.71	-0.04 ± 0.77	0.07 (-0.18 to 0.32)	.60

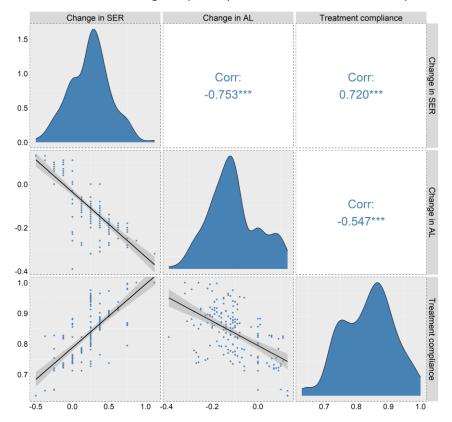
eTable 3. Subgroup Analysis of the 1-Year Change in Outcomes by Age

eTable 5. Subgroup Analysis of the 1-year Change in Outcomes by Different Refractive Status at

Baseline					
Characteristic	Control	Treatment	Mean difference (95%Cl)	p-value	
Moderate myopia	N = 31	N = 28			
Change in AL (mm)	0.24 ± 0.11	-0.14 ± 0.11	0.38 (0.32 to 0.44)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.66 ± 0.23	0.32 ± 0.29	-0.98 (-1.12 to -0.84)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-24.00 ± 8.40	14.61 ± 19.06	-38.61 (-45.89 to -31.33)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	0.00 ± 0.19	0.08 ± 0.34	-0.08 (-0.22 to 0.06)	.24	
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.38 ± 2.53	-0.54 ± 3.33	0.92 (-0.62 to 2.46)	.24	
Change in CCT (µm)	5.30 ± 2.24	15.83 ± 3.38	-10.53 (-24.63 to 3.57)	.14	
Change in AD (mm)	0.04 ± 0.09	0.00 ± 0.14	0.04 (-0.02 to 0.10)	.19	
Change in LT (mm)	-0.023 ± 0.08	0.013 ± 0.11	-0.036 (-0.085 to 0.013)	.15	
Change in K1 (D)	-0.19 ± 0.69	-0.17 ± 0.85	-0.02 (-0.42 to 0.38)	.95	
Change in K2 (D)	0.01 ± 0.56	0.03 ± 0.90	-0.02 (-0.40 to 0.36)	.90	
Low myopia	N = 81	N = 84			
Change in AL (mm)	0.28 ± 0.15	-0.12 ± 0.11	0.40 (0.37 to 0.43)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.72 ± 0.32	0.25 ± 0.28	-0.97 (-1.06 to -0.88)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-23.06 ± 9.53	20.21 ± 18.98	-43.27 (-48.05 to -38.49)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	-0.07 ± 0.31	0.01 ± 0.39	-0.08 (-0.19 to 0.03)	.14	
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.29 ± 3.76	0.56 ± 3.44	-0.27 (-1.38 to 0.84)	.63	
Change in CCT (µm)	-1.07 ± 6.21	0.88 ± 7.30	-1.95 (-22.35 to 18.45)	.85	
Change in AD (mm)	0.038 ± 0.11	0.031 ± 0.11	0.007 (-0.028 to 0.042)	.69	
Change in LT (mm)	-0.011 ± 0.12	-0.016 ± 0.09	0.005 (-0.027 to 0.037)	.73	
Change in K1 (D)	-0.164 ± 0.78	-0.205 ± 0.84	0.041 (-0.210 to 0.292)	.74	
Change in K2 (D)	-0.11 ± 0.78	-0.03 ± 0.69	-0.08 (-0.31 to 0.15)	.48	
Emmetropia	N = 37	N = 36			
Change in AL (mm)	0.25 ± 0.17	-0.07 ± 0.12	0.32 (0.25 to 0.39)	<.001	
Change in SER (D)	-0.55 ± 0.31	0.17 ± 0.30	-0.72 (-0.87 to -0.57)	<.001	
Change in ChT (µm)	-23.22 ± 16.65	9.75 ± 16.22	-32.97 (-40.95 to -24.99)	<.001	
Change in UDVA	-0.21 ± 0.37	-0.07 ± 0.33	-0.14 (-0.31 to 0.03)	.10	
Change in IOP (mmHg)	0.09 ± 4.01	1.16 ± 5.03	-1.07 (-3.27 to 1.13)	.34	
Change in CCT (µm)	9.66 ± 3.21	10.11 ± 3.02	-0.45 (-15.52 to 14.62)	.95	
Change in AD (mm)	0.17 ± 0.17	0.13 ± 0.17	0.04 (-0.04 to 0.12)	.34	
Change in LT (mm)	-0.11 ± 0.13	-0.10 ± 0.15	-0.01 (-0.075 to 0.055)	.79	
Change in K1 (D)	-0.015 ± 0.54	-0.083 ± 0.71	0.068 (-0.236 to 0.370)	.66	
Change in K2 (D)	0.01 ± 0.61	-0.03 ± 0.78	0.04 (-0.30 to 0.38)	.82	
Hyperopia	N = 19	N = 20			
Change in AL (mm)	0.24 ± 0.19	-0.09 ± 0.06	0.33 (0.24 to 0.42)	<.001	

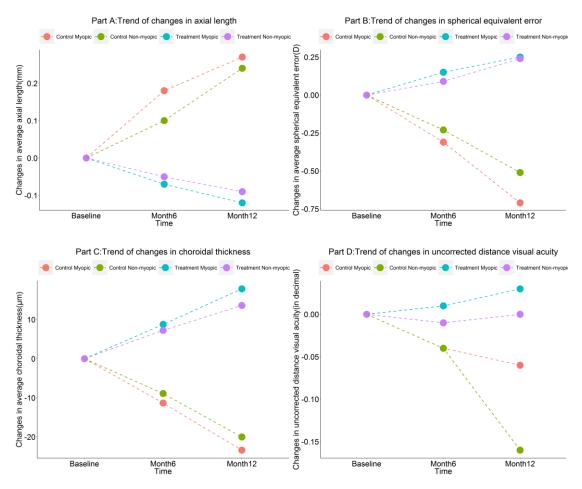
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Characteristic	Control	Treatment	Mean difference	p-value
Change in CED (D)	0.47 + 0.40	0.20 + 0.15	(95%CI)	1 001
Change in SER (D)	-0.47 ± 0.40	0.20 ± 0.15	-0.67 (-0.85 to -0.49)	<.001
Change in ChT (µm)	-16.33 ± 14.89	17.71 ± 13.40	-34.04 (-42.55 to -25.53)	<.001
Change in UDVA	-0.102 ± 0.36	0.104 ± 0.29	-0.206 (-0.401 to -0.011)	.04
Change in IOP (mmHg)	-0.04 ± 2.93	1.99 ± 3.61	-2.03 (-4.03 to -0.03)	.047
Change in CCT (µm)	3.46 ± 1.23	5.00 ± 2.59	-1.54 (-14.24 to 11.16)	.81
Change in AD (mm)	0.13 ± 0.12	0.17 ± 0.13	-0.04 (-0.12 to 0.04)	.30
Change in LT (mm)	-0.10 ± 0.09	-0.11 ± 0.10	0.01 (-0.05 to 0.07)	.77
Change in K1 (D)	0.19 ± 0.89	-0.11 ± 0.39	0.30 (-0.11 to 0.71)	.14
Change in K2 (D)	0.08 ± 0.70	-0.13 ± 0.57	0.21 (-0.17 to 0.59)	.27



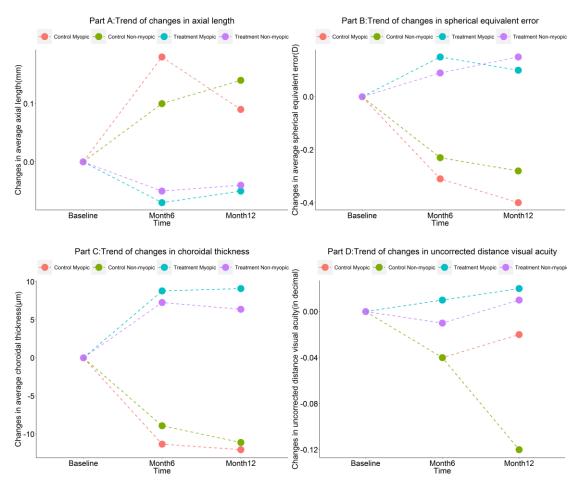
Association between changes in primary outcomes and treatment compliance

eFigure3 . Matrix Scatter Plot of Changes in Primary Outcomes and Treatment Compliance



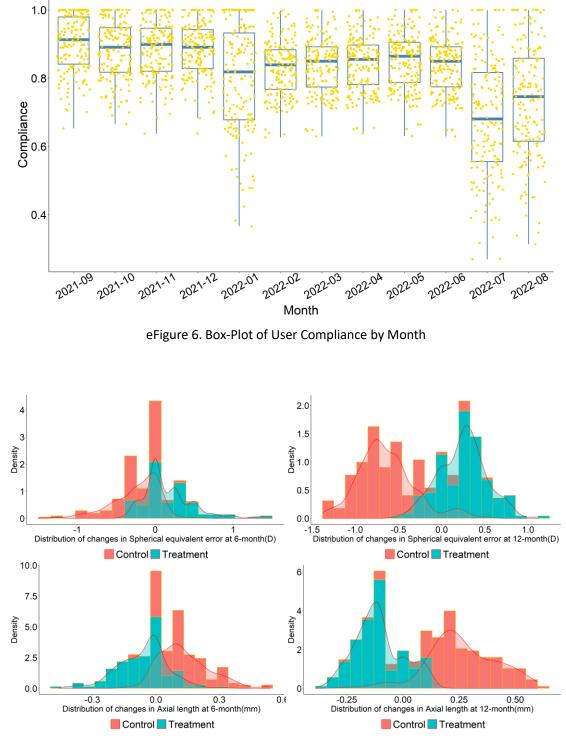
Line plot of changes in outcomes measured at different time points

eFigure 4. Line Plot of Changes in Outcomes From Baseline to 6-Month Follow-Up and From Baseline to 12-Month Follow-Up



eFigure 5. Line Plot of Changes in Outcomes From Baseline to 6-Month Follow-Up and From 6-Month Follow-Up to 12-Month Follow-Up

Box-plot of user compliance by month



eFigure 7 Distribution of Changes in Primary Outcomes at 2 Follow-Up Time Points

Figure legends

eFigure 1 Correlation analysis of changes in primary and secondary outcomes in four subgroups eFigure2 Scatter plot of changes in axial length and changes in choroid thickness eFigure3 matrix scatter plot of changes in primary outcomes and treatment compliance eFigure 4 Line plot of changes in outcomes from baseline to 6-month follow-up and from baseline to 12-month follow-up

eFigure 5 Line plot of changes in outcomes from baseline to 6-month follow-up and from 6-month follow-up to 12-month follow-up

eFigure 6 Box-plot of user compliance by month

eFigure 7 Distribution of changes in primary outcomes at two follow-up time

Points

eAppendix 2. Supplementary Instructions on the Use of Equipment

There was no recording to confirm that the study participant is the one who used the device instead of someone else.

However, we strive to ensure that each device is only used by one child from two aspects, firstly, we made it very clear at recruitment that each device can only be used by one child. Secondly, we asked the parents to supervise the device use.

Besides, the machine locks automatically after using it twice a day, so if two or more children are sharing the device, the treatment effect will inevitably be reduced, and will be reflected on axial length and spherical equivalent error.