

Supplemental Table 4 : Full mediation analyses¹ completed among survivors of Hodgkin lymphoma (findings of borderline significance [$p<0.10$] are bolded).

	Current Smoker	-0.298	-0.822	<0.001	-0.050	-0.067	0.503	-0.004	-0.011	0.560
	Former Smoker	-0.082	-0.242	0.262	0.140	0.203	0.060	0.012	-0.035	0.320
	OxLDL	0.084	0.170	0.240						
Short-term Verbal Recall										
	Current Smoker	-0.244	-0.603	0.001	-0.050	-0.067	0.503	-0.007	-0.018	0.524
	Former Smoker	-0.078	-0.206	0.286	0.140	0.203	0.060	0.020	0.054	0.167
	OxLDL	0.146	0.263	0.040						

Abbreviations: Std Est, standardized estimate; Unstd Est, unstandardized estimate; CHC, chronic health condition; CVD: Cardiovascular disease; HS-CRP, c-reactive protein; IL-6, interleukin-6; Gpx: glutathione peroxidase; MDA: Malondialdehyde; TNF-a: tumor necrosis factor -alpha. Bolded results indicate associations with statistical significance worth pursuing in future investigations ($p<0.10$)

¹ Mediation was explored for any neurocognitive outcome associated ($p<0.10$) with a given biomarker and chronic health conditions or smoking. Individual models were run for each potential mediation pathway. Models were adjusted for age at evaluation and sex. Standardized estimates refer to standardized coefficient estimates for each path. Unstandardized estimates refer to the unstandardized coefficient estimates for each path.

² Chronic health conditions were categorized as any grade 2 or higher cardiovascular, pulmonary, neurologic, or endocrine condition. Cardiovascular group 1 included hypertension and dyslipidemia and cardiovascular group 2 included all other conditions. We also examined any grade 3-4 condition.

³ P-values are derived from probit model with a robust weighted least squares estimator (WLSMV). All P-values are two-sided.