1	Supplementary Materials for
2	G6PD activation in TNBC cells induces macrophage recruitment and M2
3	polarization to promote tumor progression
4	Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences
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(n=179)

Expression of G6PD in BRCA based

on nodal metastasis status



N0: No regional lymph node metastasis N1: Metastases in 1 to 3 axillary lymph nodes N2: Metastases in 4 to 9 axillary lymph nodes N3: Metastases in 10 or more axillary lymph nodes





29 Supplementary 1

(A) G6PD expression was validated in TNBC patients by q-PCR and Western blot, 30 respectively. (B) Immunoblot analyses of G6PD in TNBC compared to MCF10A cells. 31 32 Densitometry was performed to analyze protein expression, and β -actin served as an 33 internal reference. (C-F) The TCGA dataset was used to analyze the association of G6PD expression with clinical parameters from breast cancer patients. Patient's race (C), N stage 34

35 (D), cancer stages (E) and age (F). There were no significant differences in cancer of 36 different N stages, cancer stages and patient age. The P value between them was greater 37 than 0.5. *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001, ****P < 0.0001.

38



Supplementary 2

39 Supplementary 2

40 (A) The average numbers of migrated M0-M ϕ cells were quantified. (B) CCK8 assays are 41 shown for THP-1 cells cultured in complete medium with or without CM from control or 42 G6PD knockdown MDA-231 cells. (C) Statistical analysis revealed that the expression 43 intensity of G6PD was positively correlated with CD68. (D) Levels of the M1 markers were 44 compared by q-PCR after M0-M coculture with the specified MDA-231-CM for 6 h. (E) The percentage of CD163 positive was quantified in macrophages. (F and G) G6PD 45 46 protein expression (F) and enzyme activity (G) in G6PD-overexpressing MCF10A cells for 47 24 h were increased. (H) IL-10 contents in the CM of macrophages cells as determined by ELISA. CM was added to M0-M ϕ for 6 h and replaced with serum-free culture for 6 h. The supernatants were recovered and analyzed for IL-10 secretion. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, ****P* < 0.001, *****P* < 0.0001.

51

Supplementary 3



52 Supplementary 3

(A) TNBC cells were treated with 6-AN. The levels of STAT3 and phospho-STAT3 were
assessed by immunoblotting. (B) MDA-453 and MDA-468 cells were treated with 6-AN,
parthenolide or fludarabine. The levels of proteins were assessed by immunoblotting. (C
and D) MDA-231 cells with 6-AN or G6PD stable knockdown were tested for intracellular
level of Ru-5-P (C) and NADPH level (D). (E) TNBC cells were treated with 6-AN,
parthenolide or fludarabine. G6PD activity was studied using a G6PD enzyme activity

detection kit. (**F**) MDA-231 cells were treated with parthenolide or fludarabine for 24 h. The mRNA levels of *G6PD*, *CCL2* and *TGF-β1* were detected by q-PCR. (**G**) CCL2 and TGF- β 1 contents in the CM of MDA-231 cells as determined by ELISA. Both cell lines were treated with parthenolide or fludarabine. (**H**) Immunoblot analysis of protein expression after M0-M ϕ coculture with the specified MDA-231-CM for 6 h. (B-H) Cells were treated with 6-AN (20 μ M for MDA-231, 50 μ M for MDA-453 and MDA-468), parthenolide (10 μ M) or fludarabine (1 μ M). **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, ****P* < 0.001, *****P* < 0.0001.

Supplementary 4



67 Supplementary 4

(A) MDA-231 cells were harvested and subjected to immunoprecipitation with antiphospho-STAT1, followed by western blot analysis with the indicated antibodies. (B) Protein expression in MDA-231 cells were examined using Western blot. (C and D) The mRNA levels of *G6PD*, *STAT1*, *CCL2* and *TGF-* β 1 in MDA-231 cells were examined using q-PCR. (E) Statistical analysis revealed that the expression intensity of G6PD was

- 73 positively correlated with STAT1. (F) q-PCR analysis revealed that the expression of G6PD
- 74 was positively correlated with STAT1. (B and C) Cells were treated with IFNy (50 ng/mL).
- 75 **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, ****P* < 0.001, *****P* < 0.0001.
- 76

Supplementary 5

Α

ChIP PCR of CCL2 and TGF-β1 promoter region designed for this study.

-376 bp CCL2 promoter region GGAATGTGGCCTGAAGGTAAGCTGGCAGCGAGCCTGACATGCTTTCATCTAGTTTCC TCGCTTCCTTCCTTTCTGCAGTTTCGCTTCAGAGAAAGCAGAATCCTTAAAAATAAC CCTCTTAGTTCACATCTGTGGTCAGTCTGGGCTTAATGGCACCCCATCCTCCCATTT GCTCATTTGGTCTCAGCAGTGAATGGAAAAAGTGTCTCGTCCTGACCCCCTGCTTCCC TTTCCTACTTCCTGGAAATCCACAGGATGCTGCATTTGCTCAGCAGATTTAACAGCCC ACTTATCA

-79 bp

-717 bp

TGF-β1 promoter region

TGGCACAGTGGTCAAGAGCACAGACTCTAGAGACTGTCAGAGCTGACCCCAGCTAA GGCATGGCACCGCTTCTGTCC**TTTCTAGGACC**TCGGGGTCCCTCTGGGCCCAGTTTC CCTATCTGTAAATTGGGGACAGTAAATGTATGGGGTCGCAGGGTGTTGAGTGACAGGA GGCTGCTTAGCCACATGGGAGGTGCTCAGTAAAGGAGAGCAATTCTTACAGGTGTCT GCCTCCTGACCCTTCCATCCTTCAGGTGTCCTGTTGCCCCCTCCCCACTGACACC CTCCGGAGGCCCCCCATGTTGACAGACCCT**CTTCTCCTACCTTGTTTCCCAG**

-382 bp

Primers for ChIP PCR, containing STAT1 motif

STAT1 predicted binding motif



77 Supplementary 5

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(A) ChIP PCR of CCL2 or TGF-β1 promoter region designed for this study. The full length
 of construct contained potential STAT1 predicted binding motif. (B) Statistical analysis
 revealed that the expression intensity of STAT1 was positively correlated with CCL2 or
 TGF-β1.

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Supplementary 6



83 Supplementary 6

(A) Altered proteins in M0-Mφ treated with 6-AN/siG6PD/pcG6PD were measured by
 western blotting. (B) ELISA detection of IFNγ after different treatments in macrophages.
 (C) The M2-type markers CD163 and CD206 were determined using western blotting. (D)
 The M2-type marker IL-10 was determined using ELISA. (E) The M2-type markers *IL-10*

and CD206 were determined using q-PCR. (F and G) Intracellular level of Ru-5-P (F) and 88 NADPH level (G) were detected in macrophages. (H) ELISA detection of IFNy after 89 different treatments in macrophages. (I) The M1-type markers CD86, CD80 and G6PD 90 were determined using western blotting. (J) The M1-type marker IFNy was determined 91 92 using ELISA. (K) The M1-type markers CD86, IL-12 and IFNy were determined using q-93 PCR. (L) G6PD enzyme activity was detected in macrophages. (M and N) MDA-231 cells 94 coincubated with CM from macrophages were tested for intracellular level of Ru-5-P (M) and NADPH level (N). *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001, ****P < 0.0001. 95 96

Supplementary 7



97 Supplementary 7

98 (A) Protein expression in macrophages was examined using immunoblotting. (B) ELISA

analysis of IL-10 after treating M2-M with 50 µM 6-AN, 10 µM parthenolide and 1 µM 99 fludarabine for 24 h. (C) M2-M
 were treated with 6-AN (20
 MM), parthenolide (10
 MM) or 100 fludarabine (1 µM). The levels of proteins were assessed by immunoblotting. (D) G6PD 101 enzyme activity was detected in macrophages. (E) Protein level in macrophages following 102 the addition of 30 ng/mL CCL2 or TGF- β 1 as determined by immunoblotting. (F) The 103 104 macrophages markers CD206, IL-10, CD86 and IFNy were determined using q-PCR. (G) 105 The cell viability of MDA-231 cells cocultured with CM from macrophages detected by MTT assay. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, ****P* < 0.001, *****P* < 0.0001. 106