

```

# DIGS screening database connection parameters
Begin SCREENDB;
    db_name=eve_1_parvoviridae;
    mysql_server=localhost;
ENDBLOCK;

# Paths and parameters for in silico screening using DIGS

BEGIN SCREENSETS;
    query_aa_fasta=/parvo-probes.faa; — Path to the query sequences in FASTA format
    reference_aa_fasta=/parvo-refs.faa; — Path to reference sequence library (RSL)
    output_path=./tmp/;
    bitscore_min_tblastn=60;
    seq_length_minimum=40;
    defragment_range=10;
    consolidate_range=3000;
    blast_threads=8;
ENDBLOCK;

# List of target genomes to screen

BEGIN TARGETS;
    Agnatha/
    Actinopterygii/
    Sarcopterygii/
    Chondrichthyes/
    Amphibia/
    Squamata/
    Crocodilia/
    Aves/
    Mammalia/
ENDBLOCK;

```

Screening DB  
connection details

Params

Target  
database

### Figure S1. An annotated example of a DIGS tool control file.

The DIGS tool control file defines parameters for screening and the paths to reference sequence library (RSL), probe, and target database (TDb) files. Control files are structured as ‘NEXUS’ style blocks {Maddison, 1997 #86} delineated by BEGIN and ENDBLOCK tokens.

**References:**

Maddison, D.R., D.L. Swofford, and W.P. Maddison, *NEXUS: an extensible file format for systematic information*. Syst Biol, 1997. **46**(4): p. 590-621.