

Data S1-1

CsIC

Zci_01359

Xyloglucan

GT2

Tree scale: 1

CsIK

CsIL

Zci_04551
Zci_07893

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/979822487247861669516257>

Zci_08939

CsIN

CsIA (plants)
Mannan

bacteria bgsA
MLG

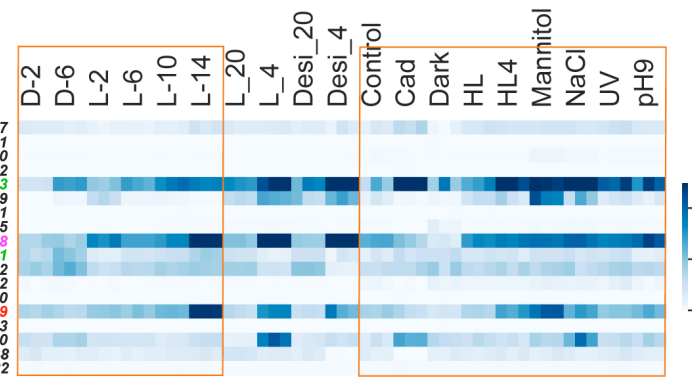
CsIP

Zci_01910
Zci_11882

Zci_04468

CesA
(rosette)

GT2



Zci_03055

CesA

Zci_07462
Zci_15850

CsIO

Zci_13680

CsIQ

CsID

CsIB/E/G

Data S1-2

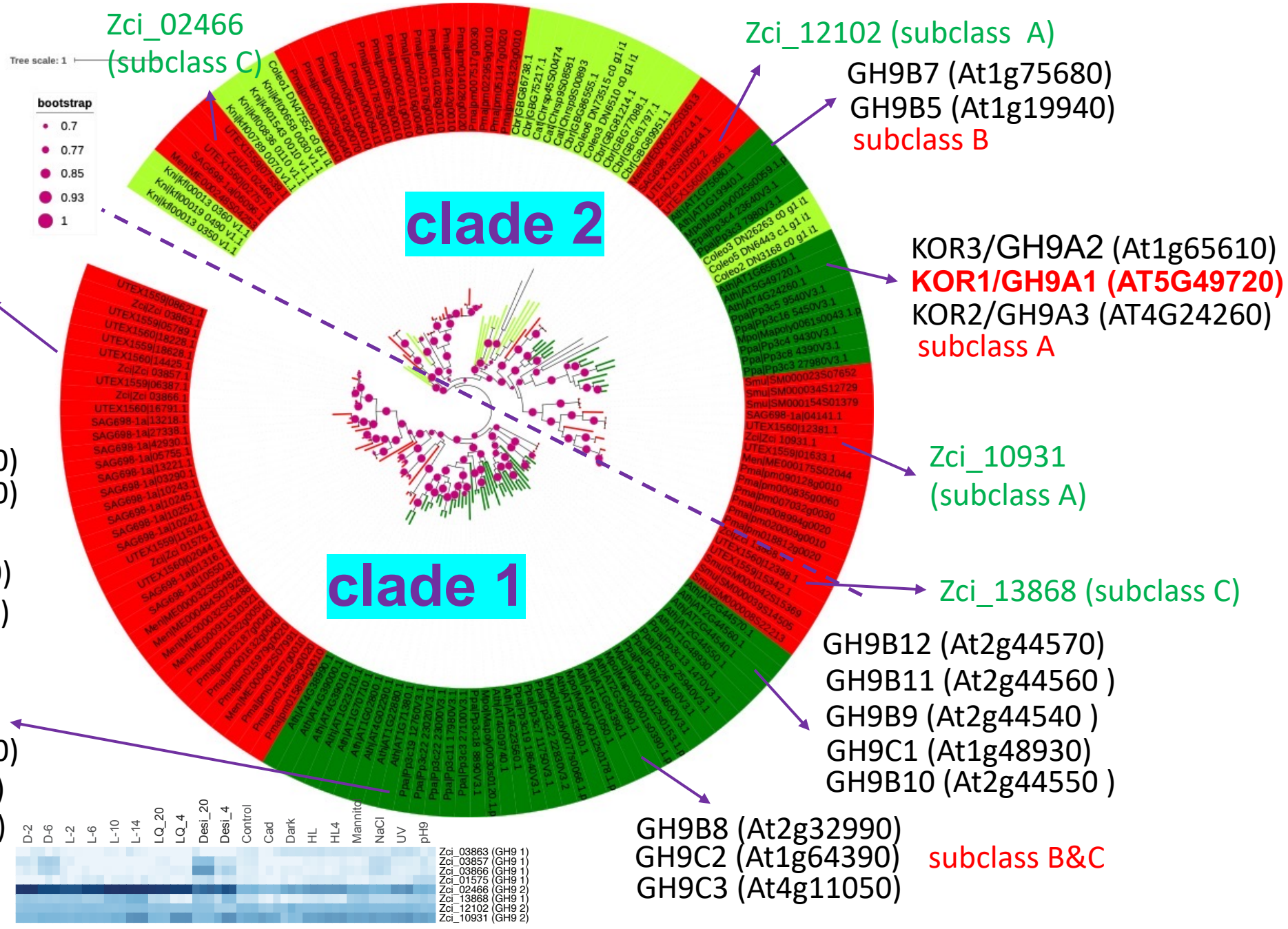
GH9: cellulase

Zci_03863
Zci_03857
Zci_03866
Zci_01575
(subclass C)

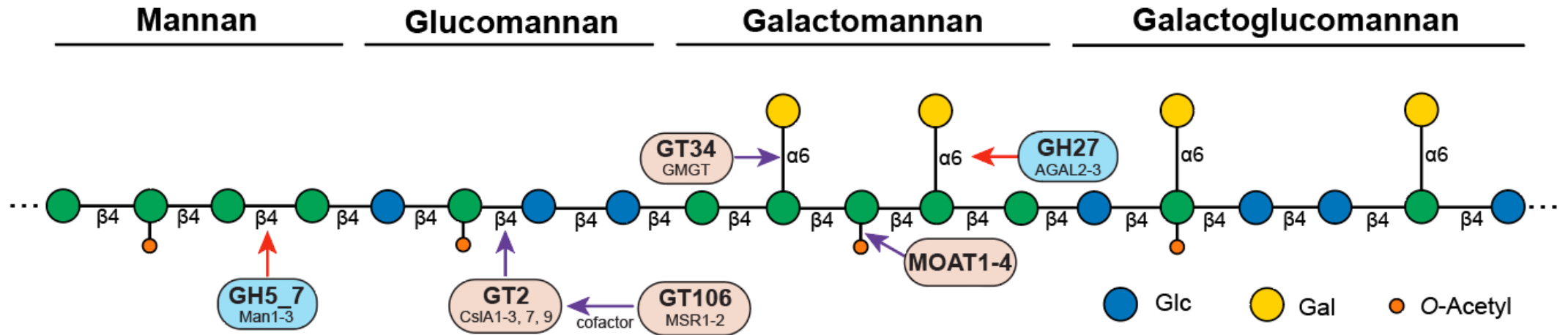
(Urbanowicz et al., 2007)

GH9B14 (At4g09740)
GH9B15 (At4g23560)
GH916 (At4g38990)
GH9B17 (At4g39000)
GH9B18 (At4g39010)
GH9B6 (At1g23210)
GH9B1 (At1g70710)
GH9B2 (At1g02800)
GH9B13 (At1g02290)
GH9B4 (At1g22880)
GH9B3 (At1g71380)
GH9 (At3g43860)

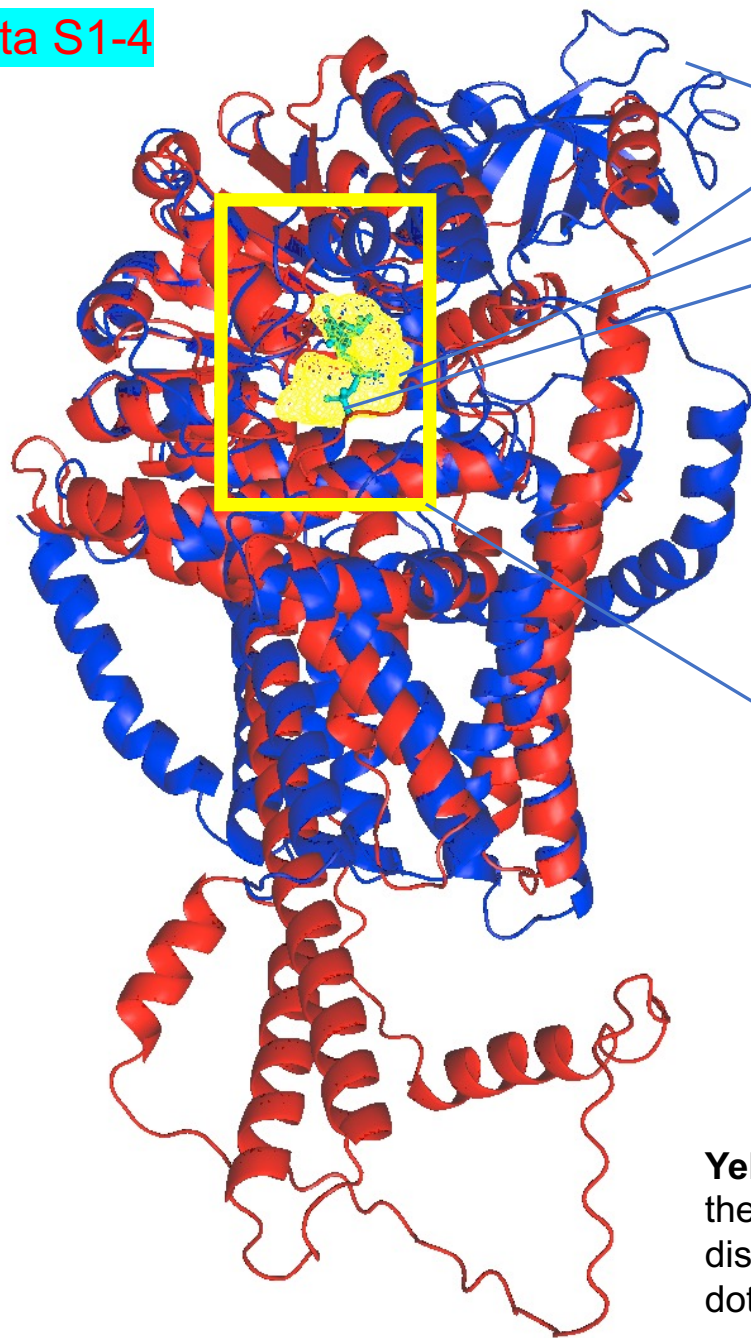
subclass B



Mannan



Data S1-4



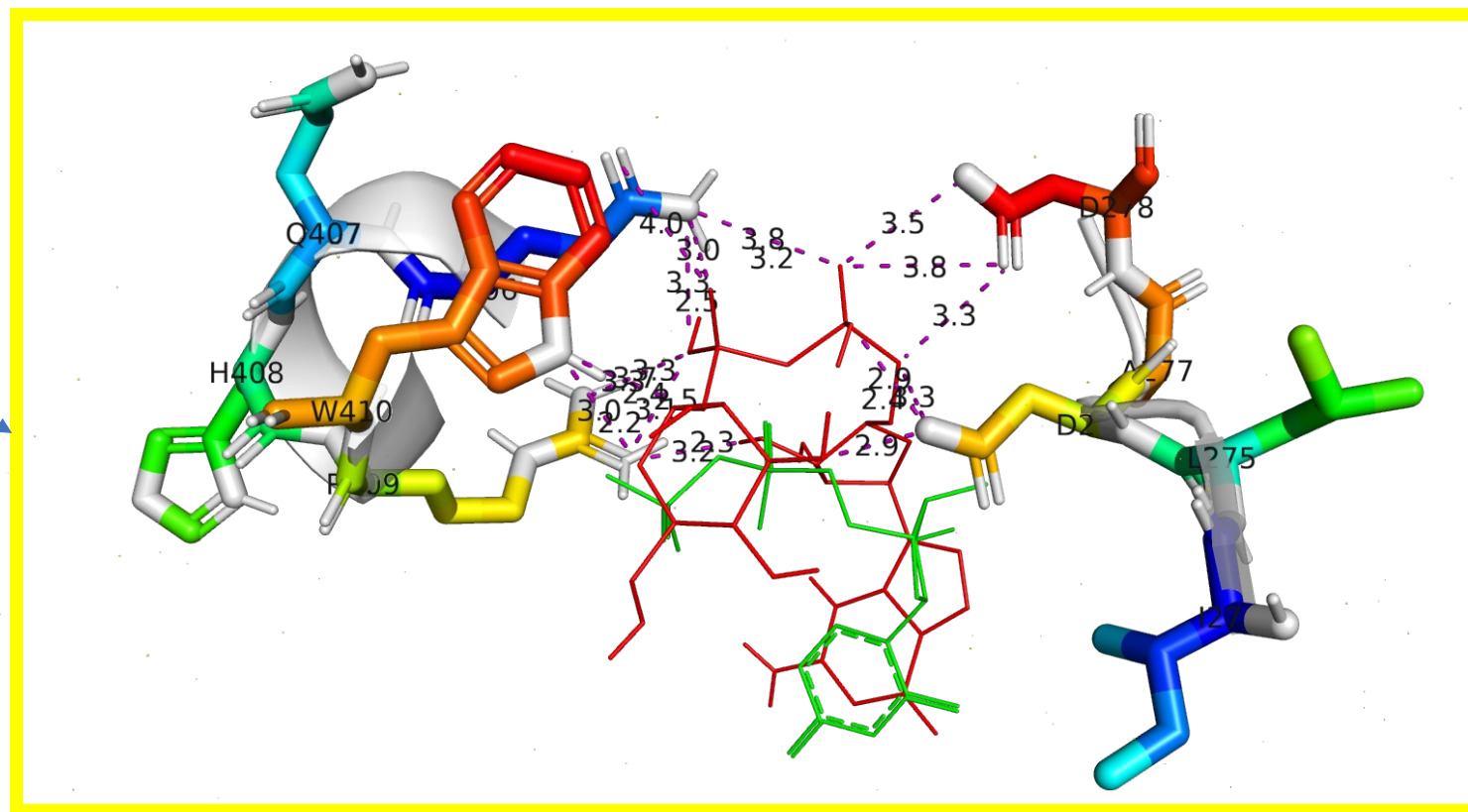
Superimposed 3D structures with ligands

blue: 4HG6 (bcsA, solved PDB structure, PubMed: 23222542)

red: Zci_07893 (predicted ZcCsIL1 3D structure from AlphaFold)

yellow mesh: GDP-mannose docked into ZcCsIL1 structure

cyan sticks: UDP-glucose in bcsA structure



Yellow rectangle zoomed-in view of the binding sites of GDP-mannose (red lines) in ZcCsIL1: sticks on the left are the QQHRW motif (406-410), on the right are the ILDADD motif (274-278). The RMSD distances between the closest atoms in GDP-mannose and in the two motifs are show indicated with dotted lines. The superimposed binding motifs of UDP-glucose (green lines) in 4HG6 are also shown as cartoon view: on the left are the QRGRW motif (379-383), on the right are the VFDAD motif (244-248).

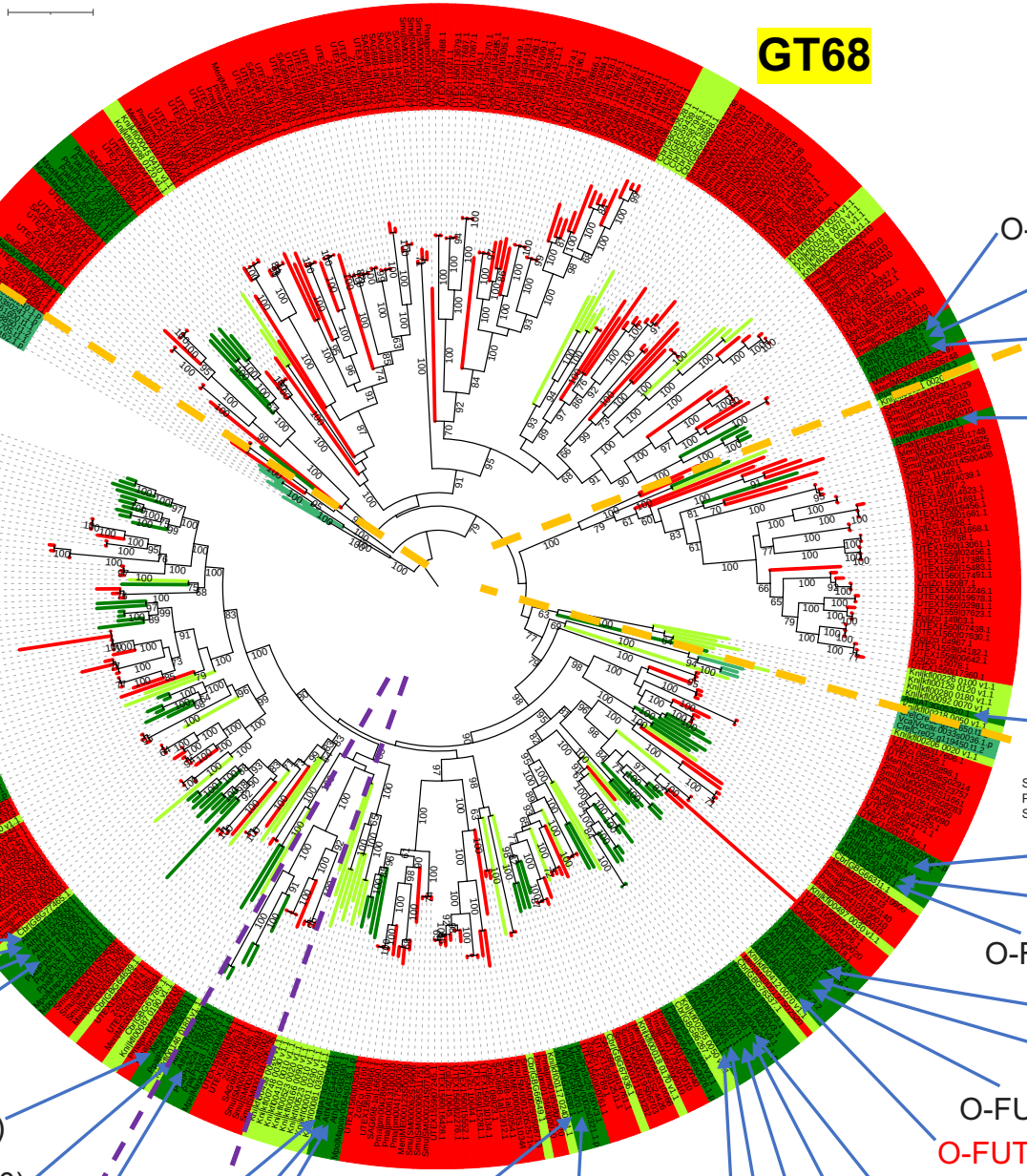
Data S1-5

e-value: e-5

Tree scale: 1

O-FUT PF10250

GT68



O-FUT19 **RRT9** (AT2G37980)

O-FUT28 **RRT10** (AT3G54100)

O-FUT33 **RRT8** (AT5G01100)

Pectin O-FUT35 **RRT7** (AT5G35570)

Neumetzler L, Humphrey T, Lumba S, et al. The FRIABLE1 gene product affects cell adhesion in Arabidopsis. *PLoS One*. 2012;7(8):e42914. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0042914

O-FUT38 **RRT5** (AT5G64600)

O-FUT7 **RRT6** (AT1G22460)

α-1,2-rhamnosyltransferases

O-FUT21 **RRT2** (AT3G02250)

RRTs O-FUT34 **RRT1** (AT5G15740)

O-FUT18 **RRT3** (AT2G03280)

O-FUT3 **RRT4** (AT1G14020)

Takenaka Y, Kato K, Ogawa-Ohnishi M, Tsuruhama K, Kajijura H, Yagyu K, Takeda A, Takeda Y, Kunieda T, Hara-Nishimura I, Kuroha T, Nishitani K, Matsubayashi Y, Ishimizu T. Pectin **RG-I rhamnosyltransferases** represent a novel plant-specific glycosyltransferase family. *Nat Plants*. 2018 Sep;4(9):669-676. doi: 10.1038/s41477-018-0217-7.

MSR1-2

O-FUT16 (AT1G76270)

O-FUT6 (AT1G20550)

O-FUT32 (AT4G38390)

O-FUT29 (AT4G16650)

O-FUT13 (AT1G52630)

O-FUT25 **MSR1** (AT3G21190)

O-FUT12 **MSR2** (AT1G51630)

Wang Y, Mortimer JC, Davis J, Dupree P, Keegstra K. Identification of an additional protein involved in mannan biosynthesis. *Plant J*. 2013 Jan;73(1):105-17. doi: 10.1111/tpj.12019.

mannan biosynthesis

O-FUT24 (AT3G07900)

O-FUT20 (AT2G44500) O-FUT37 (AT5G63390)

O-FUT31 (AT4G24530)

O-FUT39 (AT5G65470)

O-FUT4 (AT1G14970)

O-FUT9 (AT1G35510)

O-FUT10 (AT1G38065)

O-FUT11 (AT1G38131)

O-FUT14 (AT1G53770)

O-FUT36 (AT5G50420)

O-FUT5 (AT1G17270)

SUB1 (AT4G08810)

Guo H, Mockler T, Duong H, Lin C. (2001). **SUB1**, an Arabidopsis Ca²⁺-binding protein involved in cryptochrome and phytochrome coaction. *Science*. 291(5503):487-90. doi: 10.1126/science.291.5503.487.

GT65

O-FUT23 (AT3G05320)

Smith DK, Jones DM, Lao JBR, Cruz ER, Brown E, Harper JF, Wallace IS. A Putative Protein O-Fucosyltransferase Facilitates Pollen Tube Penetration through the Stigma-Style Interface. *Plant Physiol*. 2018 Apr;176(4):2804-2818. doi: 10.1104/pp.17.01577.

O-FUT1 (AT1G04910)

O-FUT22 (AT3G03810)

O-FUT27 (AT3G30300)

O-FUT15 (AT1G62330)

O-FUT2 (AT1G11990)

GT106

O-FUT8 (AT1G29200)

O-FUT26 (AT3G26370)

O-FUT17 (AT2G01480)

PAGR

Stonebloom S, Ebert B, Xiong G, Pattathil S, Birdseye D, Lao J, Pauly M, Hahn MG, Heazlewood JL, Scheller HV. A DUF-246 family glycosyltransferase-like gene affects male fertility and the biosynthesis of pectic arabinogalactans. *BMC Plant Biol*. 2016 Apr 18;16:90. doi: 10.1186/s12870-016-0780-x.

EMSD

altered pectin-related signaling

verger S, Chabout S, Gineau E, Mouille G. Cell adhesion in plants is under the control of putative O-fucosyltransferases. *Development*. 2016 Jul 15;143(14):2536-40. doi: 10.1242/dev.132308.

GT34

Tree scale: 1

Xyloglucan

- XXT5 (AT1G74380)
- XXT4 (AT1G18690)
- XXT3 (AT5G07720)
- XXT2 (AT4G02500)
- XXT1 (AT3G62720)

Faik A, Price NJ, Raikhel NV, Keegstra K. An Arabidopsis gene encoding an alpha-xylosyltransferase involved in xyloglucan biosynthesis. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2002 May 28;99(11):7797-802. doi: 10.1073/pnas.102644799.

Cavaler DM, Keegstra K. Two xyloglucan xylosyltransferases catalyze the addition of multiple xylosyl residues to celohexaose. J Biol Chem. 2006 Nov 10;281(45):34197-207. doi: 10.1074/jbc.M606379200.

Vuttipongchaikij S, Brocklehurst D, Steele-King C, Ashford DA, Gomez LD, McQueen-Mason SJ. Arabidopsis GT34 family contains five xyloglucan α -1,6-xylosyltransferases. New Phytol. 2012 Aug;195(3):585-595. doi: 10.1111/j.1469-8137.2012.04196.x.

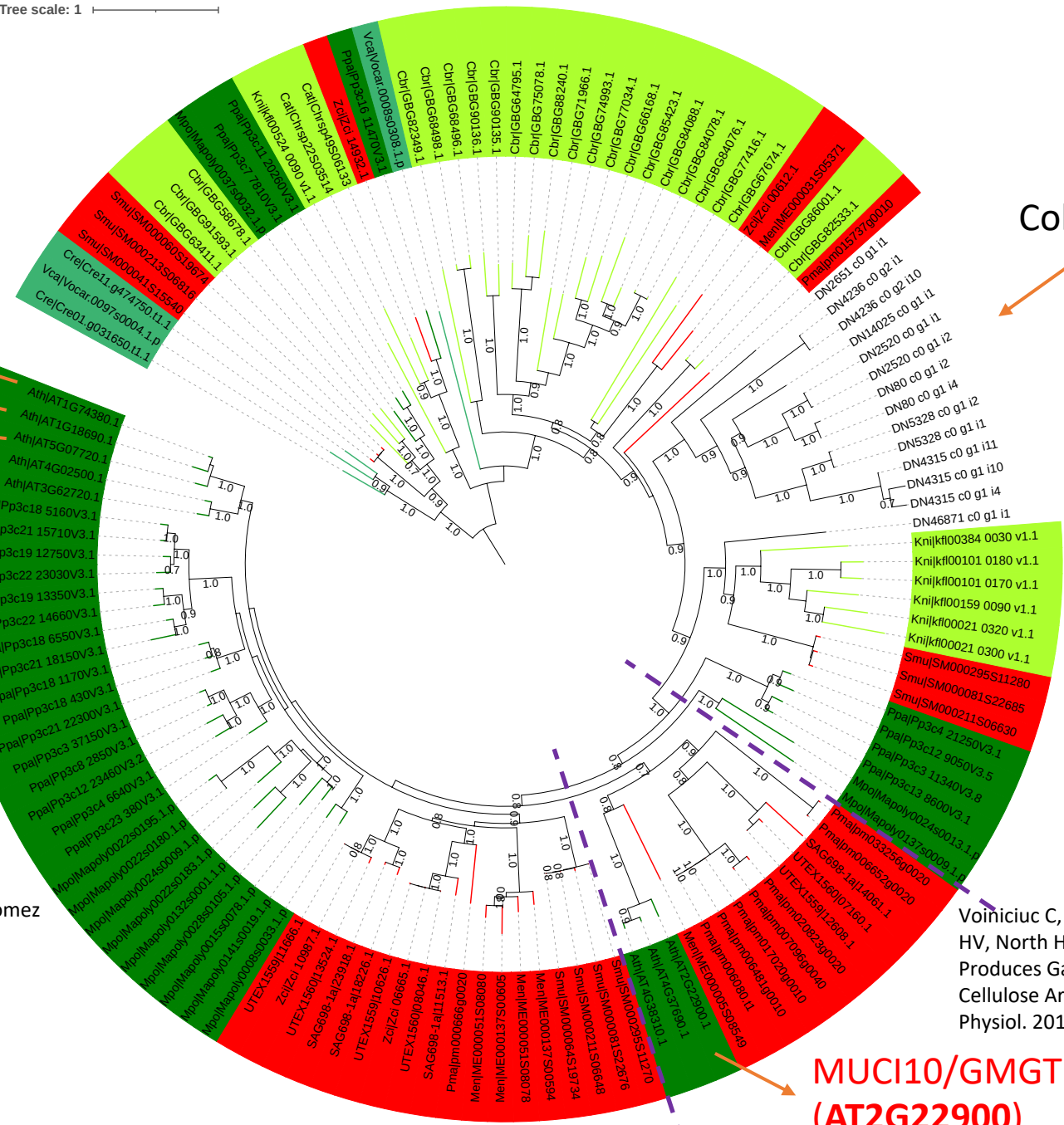
Coleochaete scutate

Mannan

galactomannan α -1,6-galactosyltransferase activity

Voiniciu C, Schmidt MH, Berger A, Yang B, Ebert B, Scheller HV, North HM, Usadel B, Günl M. MUCILAGE-RELATED10 Produces Galactoglucomannan That Maintains Pectin and Cellulose Architecture in Arabidopsis Seed Mucilage. Plant Physiol. 2015 Sep;169(1):403-20. doi: 10.1104/pp.15.00851.

MUCI10/GMGT (AT2G22900)



Data S1-7

Tree scale: 1

Clade I

DUF231
O-acetyltransferase

Xylan

Clade VIII

XOAT3/TBL30 (AT3G11030)

XOAT7/TBL33 (AT2G40320)

XOAT8/TBL34 (AT2G38320)

XOAT9/TBL35 (AT5G01620)

XOAT4/TBL3 (AT5G01360)

XOAT5/TBL31 (AT1G73140)

XOAT2/TBL28 (AT2G40150)

ESK1/XOAT1/TBL29 (AT3G55990)

XOAT3/TBL30 (AT2G40160)

Clade IX

TBL38 (AT1G29050)

TBL37 (AT2G34070)

TBL39 (AT2G42570)

TBL40 (AT2G31110)

TBL41 (AT3G14850)

TBL42 (AT1G78710)

TBL43 (AT2G30900)

TBL45 (AT2G30010)

PMR5/TBL44 (AT5G58600)

TBL36 (AT3G54260)

Clade X

TBL5 (AT5G20590)

TBL6 (AT3G62390)

Clade VI

TBL1 (AT3G12060)

TBR (AT5G06700)

HG (pectin)

Clade V

TBL7 (AT1G48880)

TBL2 (AT1G60790)

TBL4 (AT5G49340)

TBL11 (AT5G19160)

TBL10 (AT3G06080)

TBL8 (AT3G11570)

TBL15 (AT2G37720)

Clade IV

TBL16 (AT5G20680)

TBL14 (AT5G64020)

TBL12 (AT5G64470)

TBL13 (AT2G14530)

Clade III

AXY4/TBL27 (AT1G70230)

XyG

TBL20 (AT3G02440)

TBL19 (AT5G15900)

AXY4/TBL22 (AT3G28150)

MOAT2/TBL24 (AT4G23790)

MOAT1/TBL23 (AT4G11090)

MOAT3/TBL25 (AT1G01430)

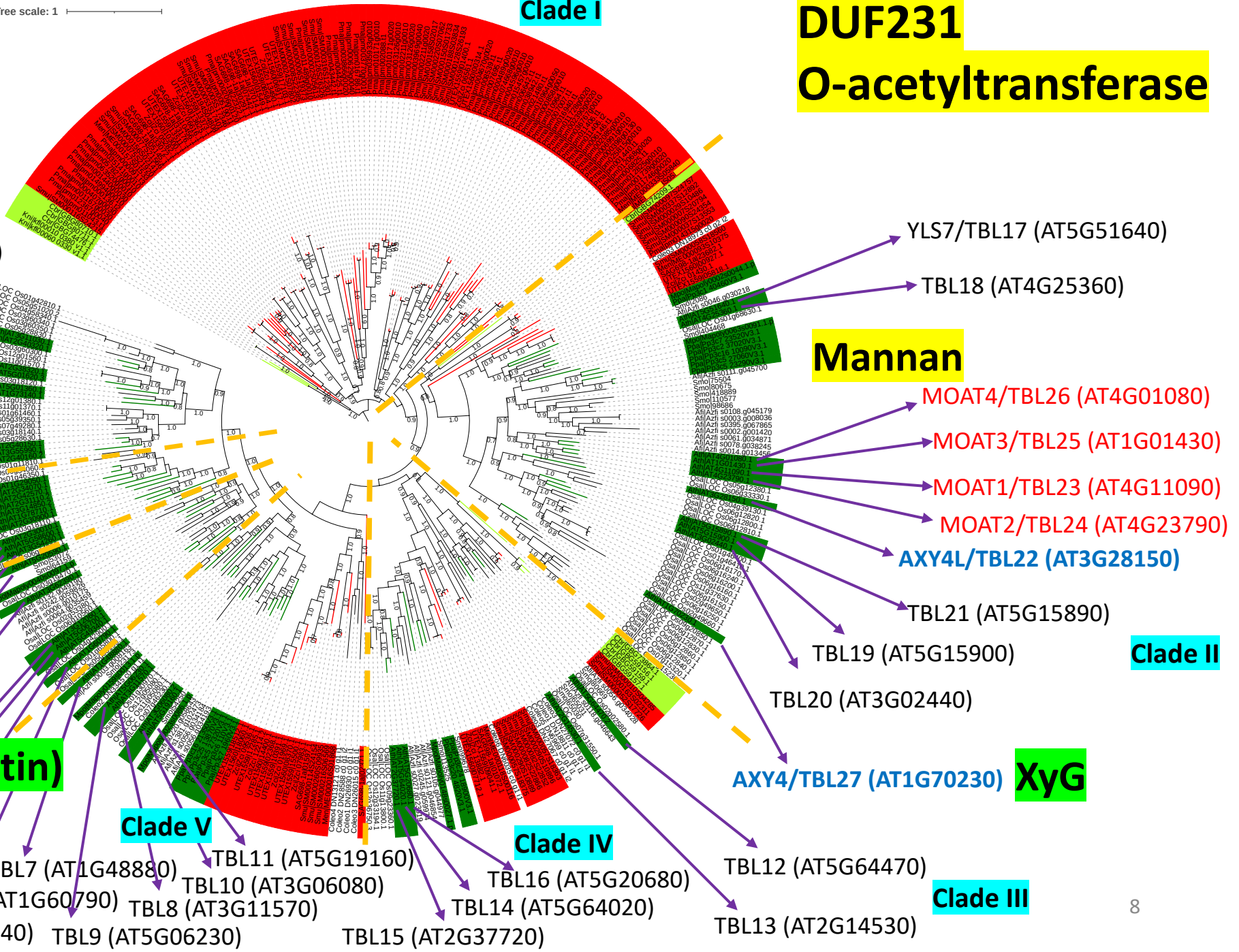
MOAT4/TBL26 (AT4G01080)

Mannan

TBL18 (AT4G25360)

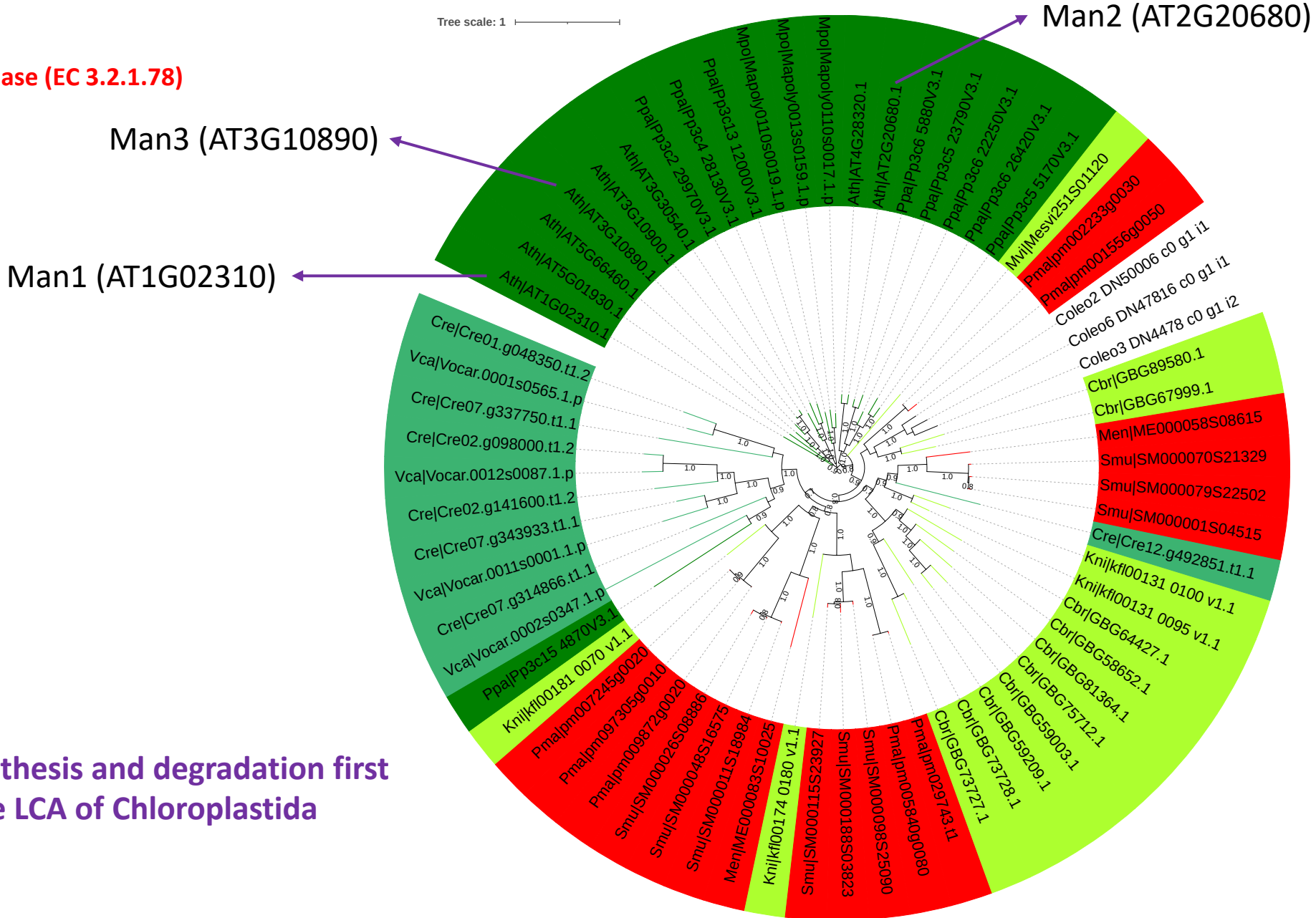
YLS7/TBL17 (AT5G51640)

Clade II



GH5_7

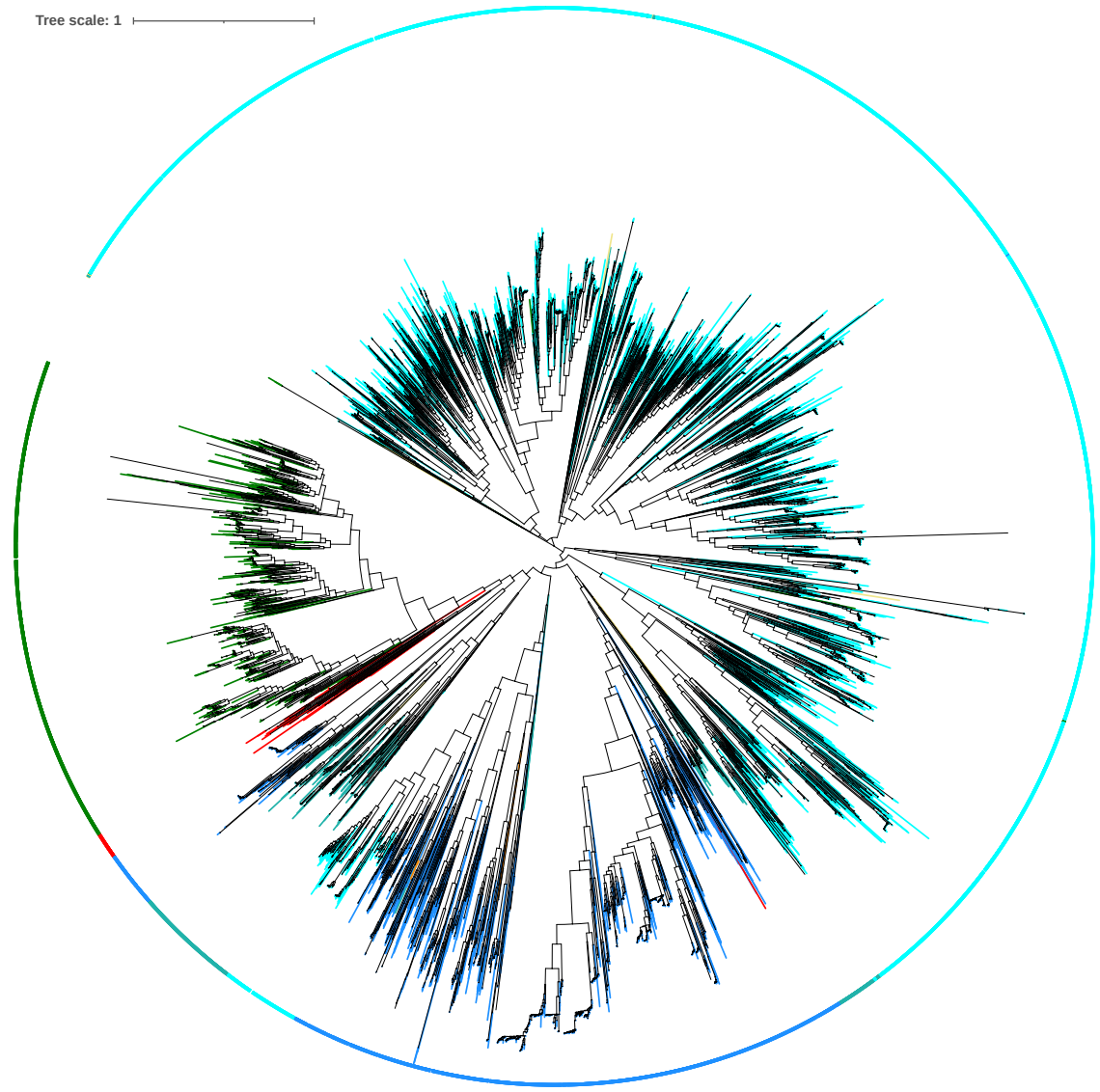
endo-β-1,4-mannanase (EC 3.2.1.78)



Mannan biosynthesis and degradation first appeared in the LCA of Chloroplastida

GH5_7 (nr)

Tree scale: 1



Possible HGT from bacteria

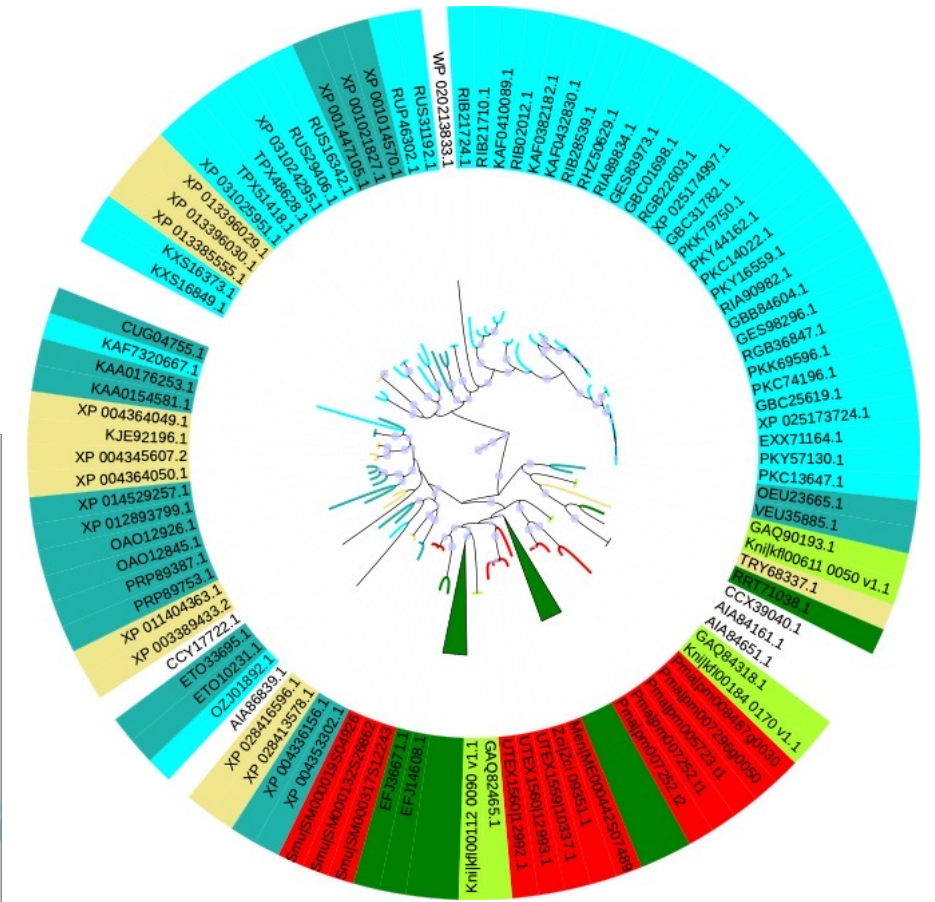
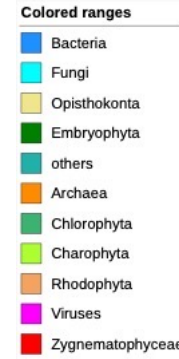
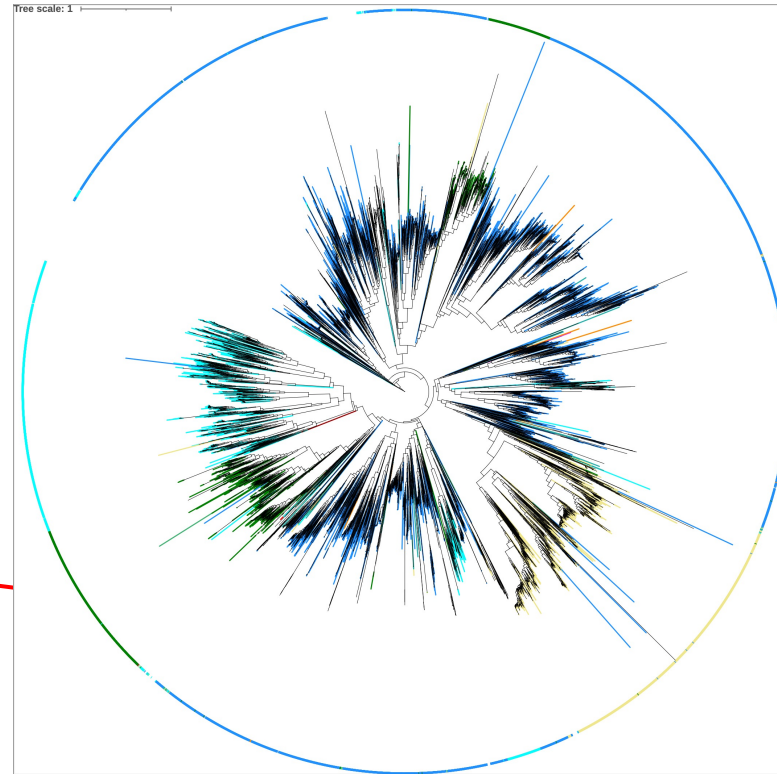
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GH27 nr

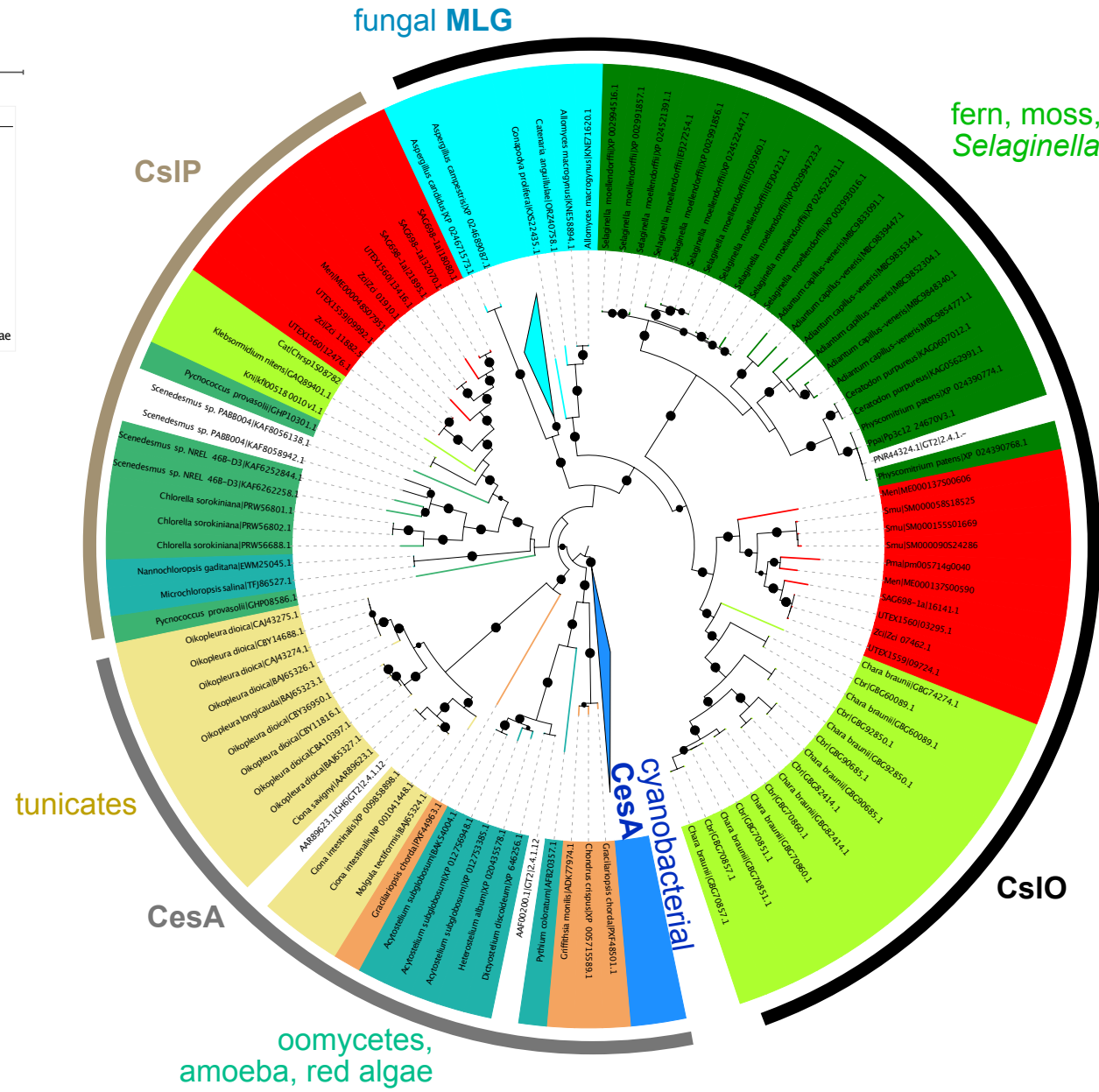
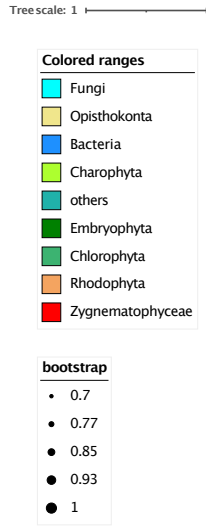
Imaizumi et al. Heterologous expression and characterization of an Arabidopsis β -l-arabinopyranosidase and α -d-galactosidases acting on β -l-arabinopyranosyl residues. J Exp Bot. 2017 Jul 20;68(16):4651-4661. doi: 10.1093/jxb/erx279.

AGAL1 (AT5G08380)
 AGAL2 (AT5G08370) ←
 AGAL3 (AT3G56310)

might have been gained via HGT between fungi and Klebsormidium



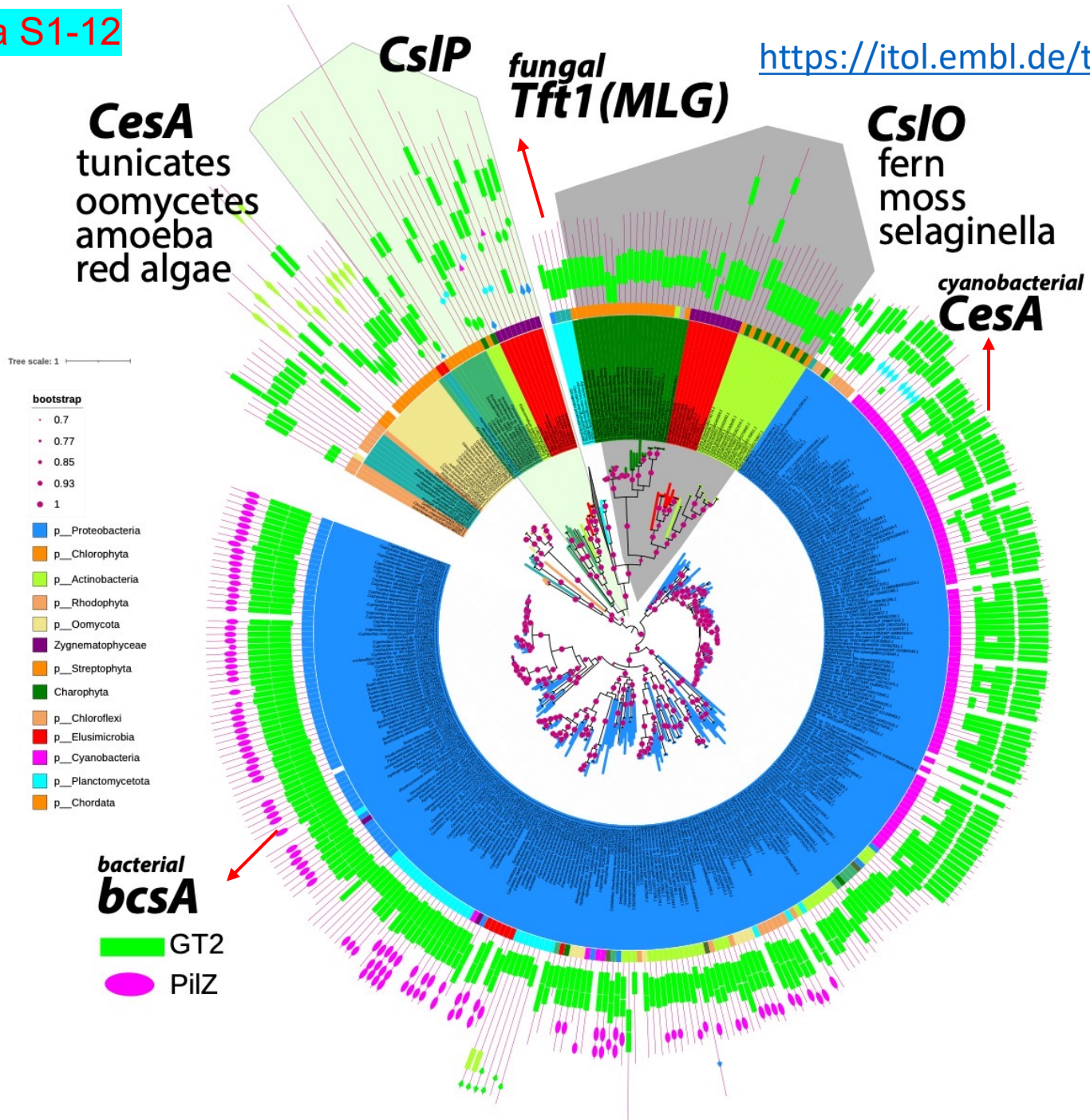
<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812724022256331665203458>



Embryophyta:
Adiantum capillus-veneris (fern)
Selaginella moellendorffii (spike moss)
Ceratodon purpureus (moss)
Physcomitrium patens (moss)

Chlorophyta:
Scenedesmus sp. NREL 46B-D3
Stramenopiles:
Nannochloropsis gaditana

oomycetes,
amoeba, red algae



Tree scale: 1

bootstrap

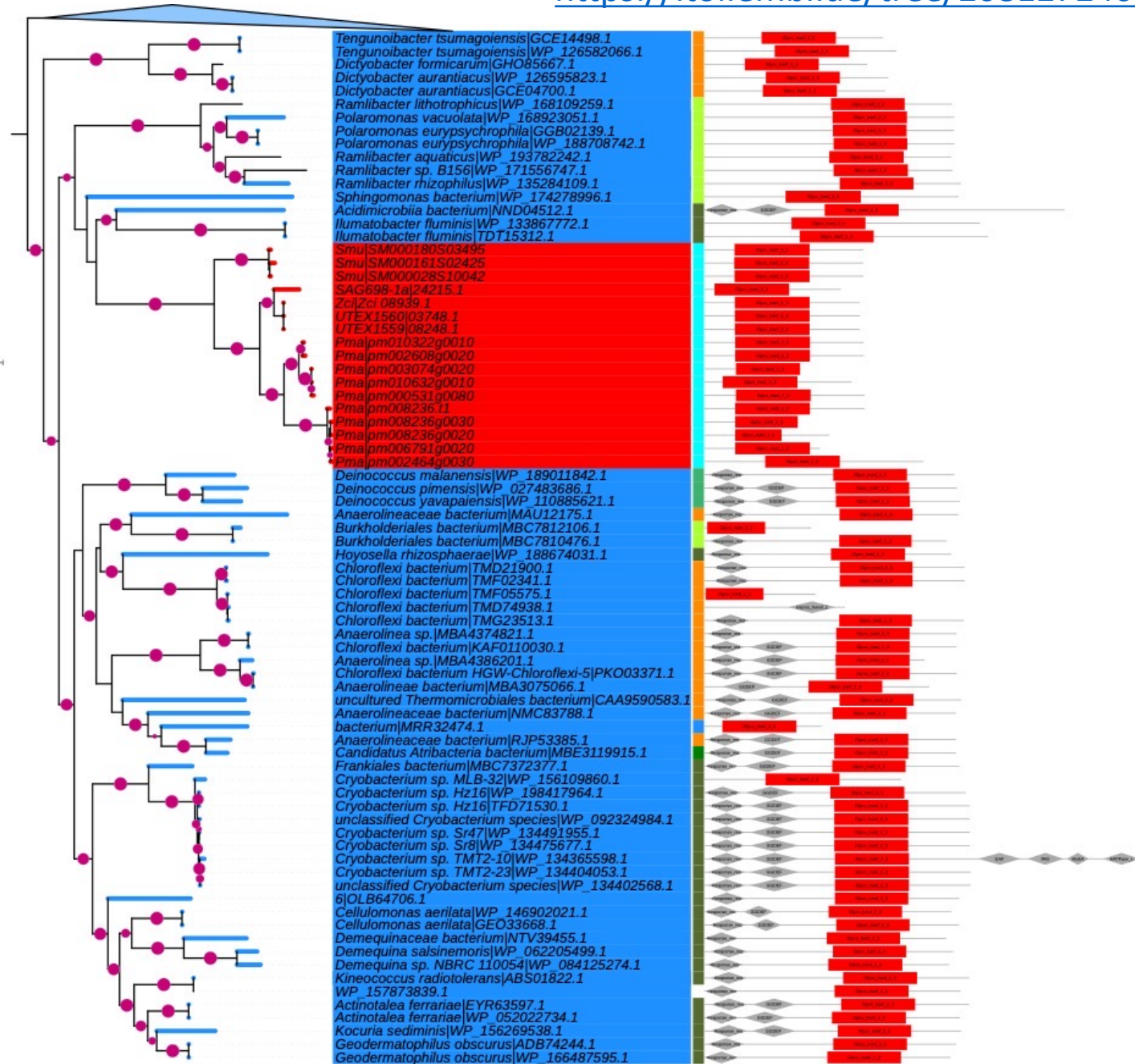
- 0.7
- 0.77
- 0.85
- 0.93
- 1

strip

- p__unclassified Bacteria phylum
- Zygnematophyceae
- p__Chloroflexi
- p__Deinococcus-Thermus
- p__Atribacterota
- p__Proteobacteria
- p__Actinobacteria

domain

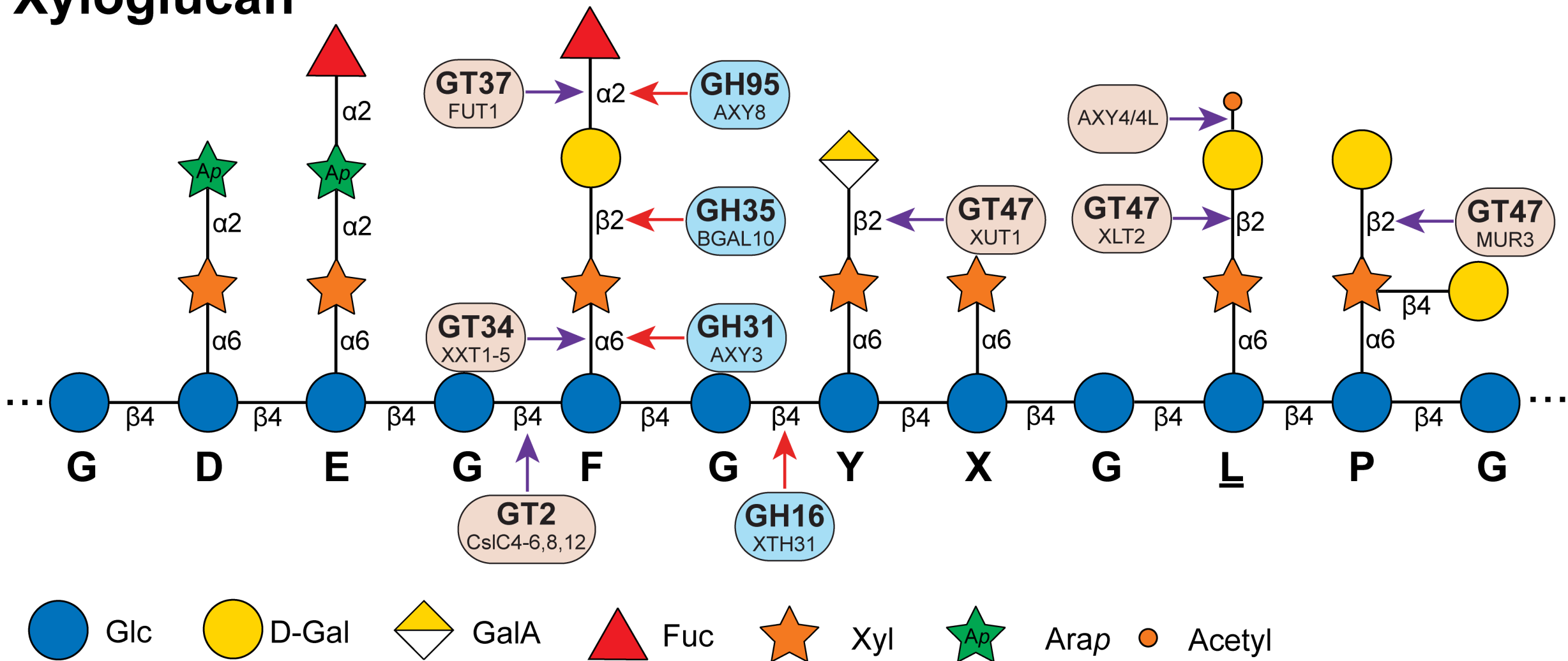
- Glyco_tranf_2_3
- ◆ other



CsIN might have been gained via HGT from bacteria (bcsA)

Xyloglucan

Xyloglucan



GT34

Tree scale: 1

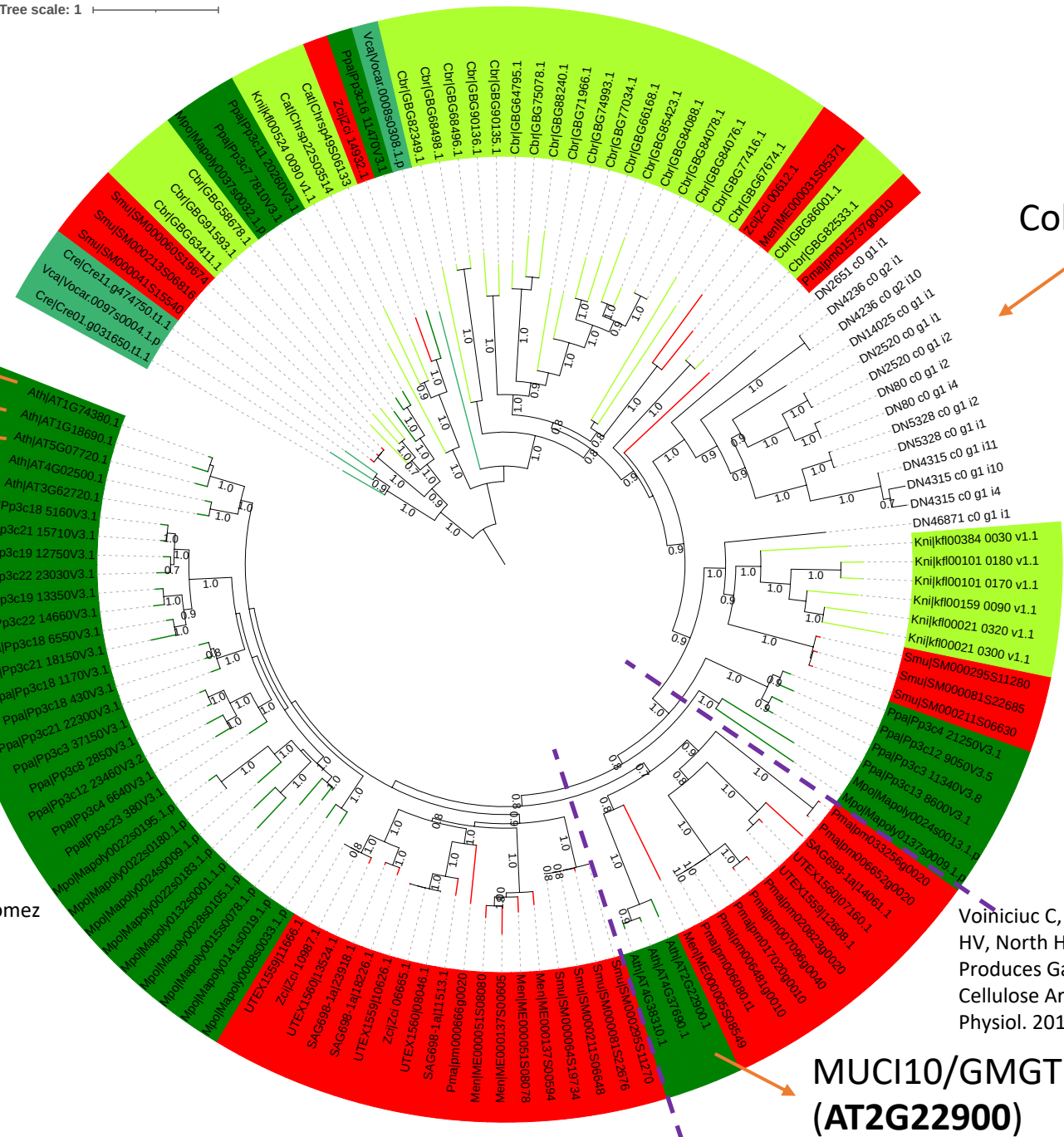
Xyloglucan

- XXT5 (AT1G74380)
- XXT4 (AT1G18690)
- XXT3 (AT5G07720)
- XXT2 (AT4G02500)
- XXT1 (AT3G62720)

Faik A, Price NJ, Raikhel NV, Keegstra K. An Arabidopsis gene encoding an alpha-xylosyltransferase involved in xyloglucan biosynthesis. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2002 May 28;99(11):7797-802. doi: 10.1073/pnas.102644799.

Cavaler DM, Keegstra K. Two xyloglucan xylosyltransferases catalyze the addition of multiple xylosyl residues to celohexaose. J Biol Chem. 2006 Nov 10;281(45):34197-207. doi: 10.1074/jbc.M606379200.

Vuttipongchaikij S, Brocklehurst D, Steele-King C, Ashford DA, Gomez LD, McQueen-Mason SJ. Arabidopsis GT34 family contains five xyloglucan α -1,6-xylosyltransferases. New Phytol. 2012 Aug;195(3):585-595. doi: 10.1111/j.1469-8137.2012.04196.x.



Coleochaete scutate

Mannan
galactomannan α -1,6-
galactosyltransferase
activity

MUCI10/GMGT
(AT2G22900)

Voiniciu C, Schmidt MH, Berger A, Yang B, Ebert B, Scheller HV, North HM, Usadel B, Günl M. MUCILAGE-RELATED10 Produces Galactoglucomannan That Maintains Pectin and Cellulose Architecture in Arabidopsis Seed Mucilage. Plant Physiol. 2015 Sep;169(1):403-20. doi: 10.1104/pp.15.00851.

Data S1-16

Madson M, Dunand C, Li X, Verma R, Vanzin GF, Caplan J, Shoue DA, Carpita NC, Reiter WD. The MUR3 gene of Arabidopsis encodes a xyloglucan galactosyltransferase that is evolutionarily related to animal exostosins. *Plant Cell*. 2003 Jul;15(7):1662-70. doi: 10.1105/tpc.009837.

MUR3 (AT2G20370)

XLT2 (AT5G62220)

XUT1 (AT1G63450)

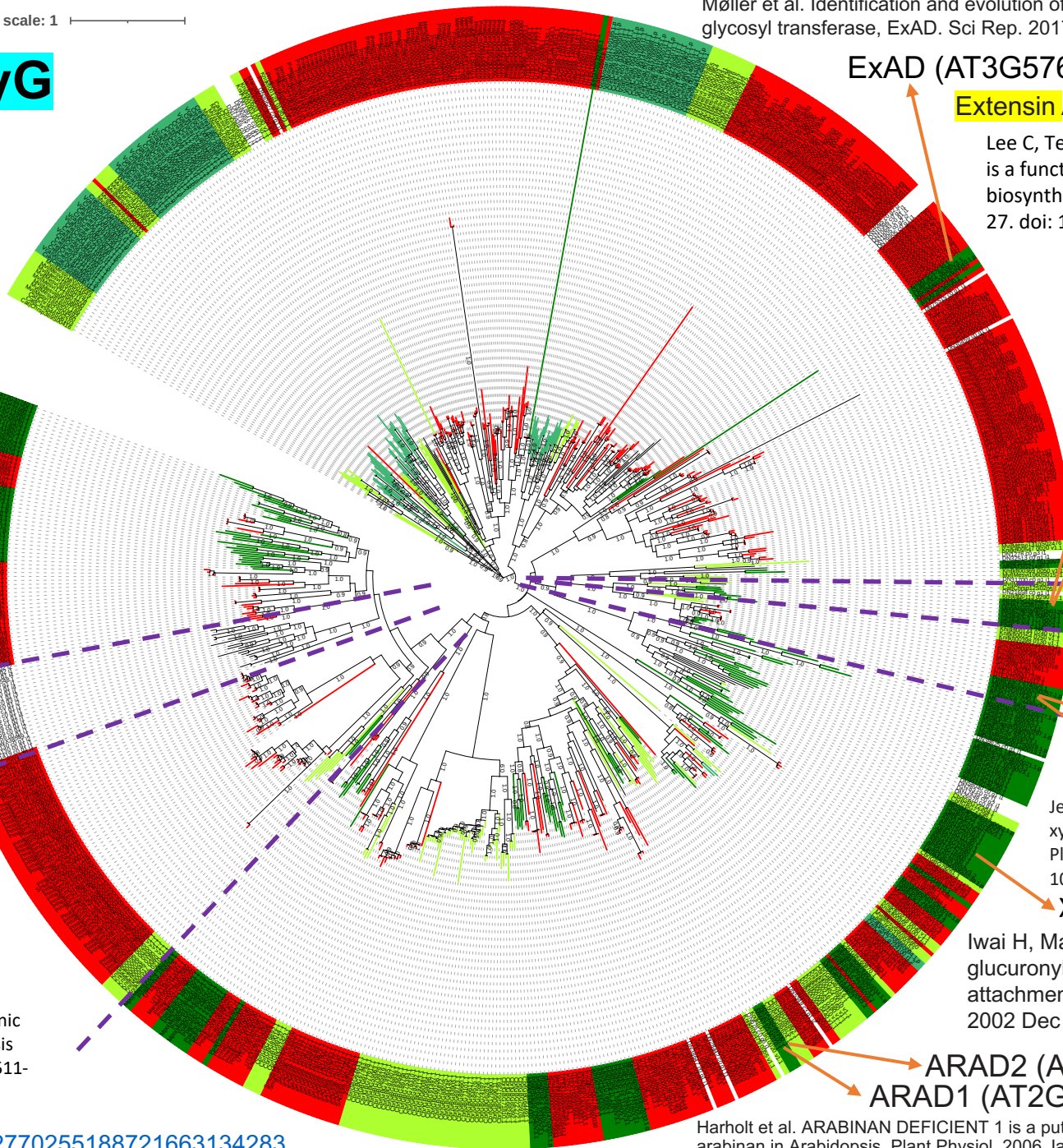
Coleochaete scutate Coleochaete orbicularis

Jensen JK, Schultink A, Keegstra K, Wilkerson CG, Pauly M. RNA-Seq analysis of developing nasturtium seeds (*Tropaeolum majus*): identification and characterization of an additional galactosyltransferase involved in xyloglucan biosynthesis. *Mol Plant*. 2012 Sep;5(5):984-92. doi: 10.1093/mp/sss032.

Peña MJ, Kong Y, York WS, O'Neill MA. A galacturonic acid-containing xyloglucan is involved in Arabidopsis root hair tip growth. *Plant Cell*. 2012 Nov;24(11):4511-24. doi: 10.1105/tpc.112.103390.

Tree scale: 1

XyG



Møller et al. Identification and evolution of a plant cell wall specific glycoprotein glycosyl transferase, ExAD. *Sci Rep*. 2017 Mar 30;7:45341. doi: 10.1038/srep45341

GT47

ExAD (AT3G57630)

Extensin Arabinose Deficient transferase

Lee C, Teng Q, Huang W, Zhong R, Ye ZH. The F8H glycosyltransferase is a functional paralog of FRA8 involved in glucuronoxylan biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. *Plant Cell Physiol*. 2009 Apr;50(4):812-27. doi: 10.1093/pcp/pcp025. Epub 2009 Feb 18. PMID: 19224953.

Brown, D.M., Goubet, F., Wong, V.W., Goodacre, R., Stephens, E., Dupree, P., and Turner, S.R. (2007). Comparison of five xylan synthesis mutants reveals new insight into the mechanisms of xylan synthesis. *Plant J*. 52: 1154–1168.

F8H (AT5G22940)

IRX7/FRA8 (AT2G28110)

NpGUT1: pectin b-glucuronyltransferase transferring glucuronic acid to RG-II

Urbaniowicz BR, Peña MJ, Moniz HA, Moremen KW, York WS. 2014. Two Arabidopsis proteins synthesize acetylated xylan in vitro. *Plant Journal* 80: 197–206.

Jensen JK, Busse-Wicher M, Poulsen CP, Fangel JU, Smith PJ, Yang JY, Peña MJ, Dinesen MH, Martens HJ, Melkonian M et al. 2018. Identification of an algal xylan synthase indicates that there is functional orthology between algal and plant cell wall biosynthesis. *New Phytologist* 218: 1049–1060.

XYS1/IRX10-L (AT5G61840)

IRX10 (AT1G27440)

Xylan

Jensen et al. Identification of a xylogalacturonan xylosyltransferase involved in pectin biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. *Plant Cell*. 2008 May;20(5):1289-302. doi: 10.1105/tpc.107.050906

XGD1 (AT5G33290)

XGA

Iwai H, Masaoka N, Ishii T, Satoh S. A pectin glucuronyltransferase gene is essential for intercellular attachment in the plant meristem. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 2002 Dec 10;99(25):16319-24. doi: 10.1073/pnas.252530499.

ARAD2 (AT5G44930)

ARAD1 (AT2G35100)

RG-I

Harholt et al. ARABINAN DEFICIENT 1 is a putative arabinosyltransferase involved in biosynthesis of pectic arabinan in Arabidopsis. *Plant Physiol*. 2006 Jan;140(1):49-58. doi: 10.1104/pp.105.072744.

Data S1-17

GT47

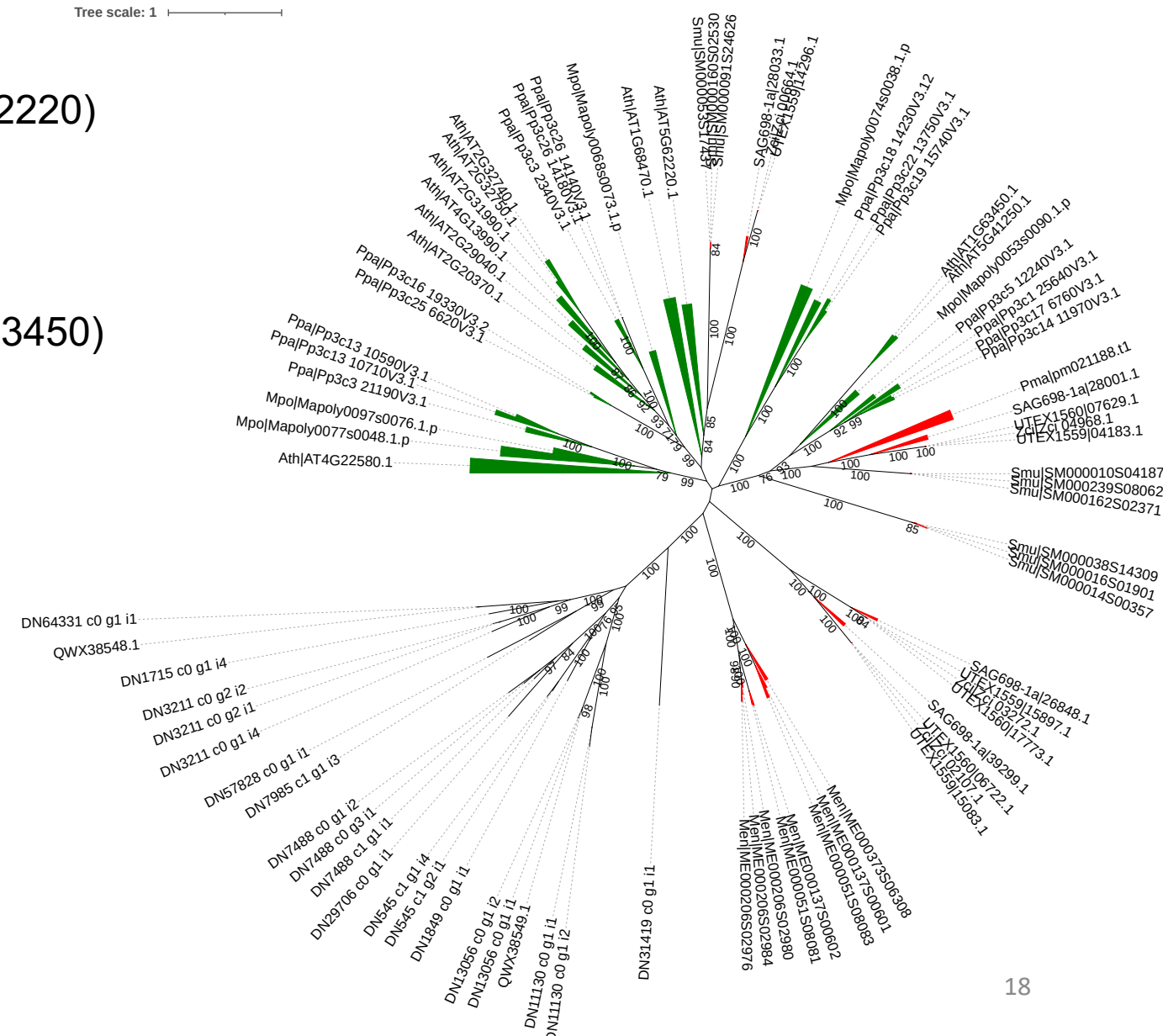
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MUR3 (AT2G20370)

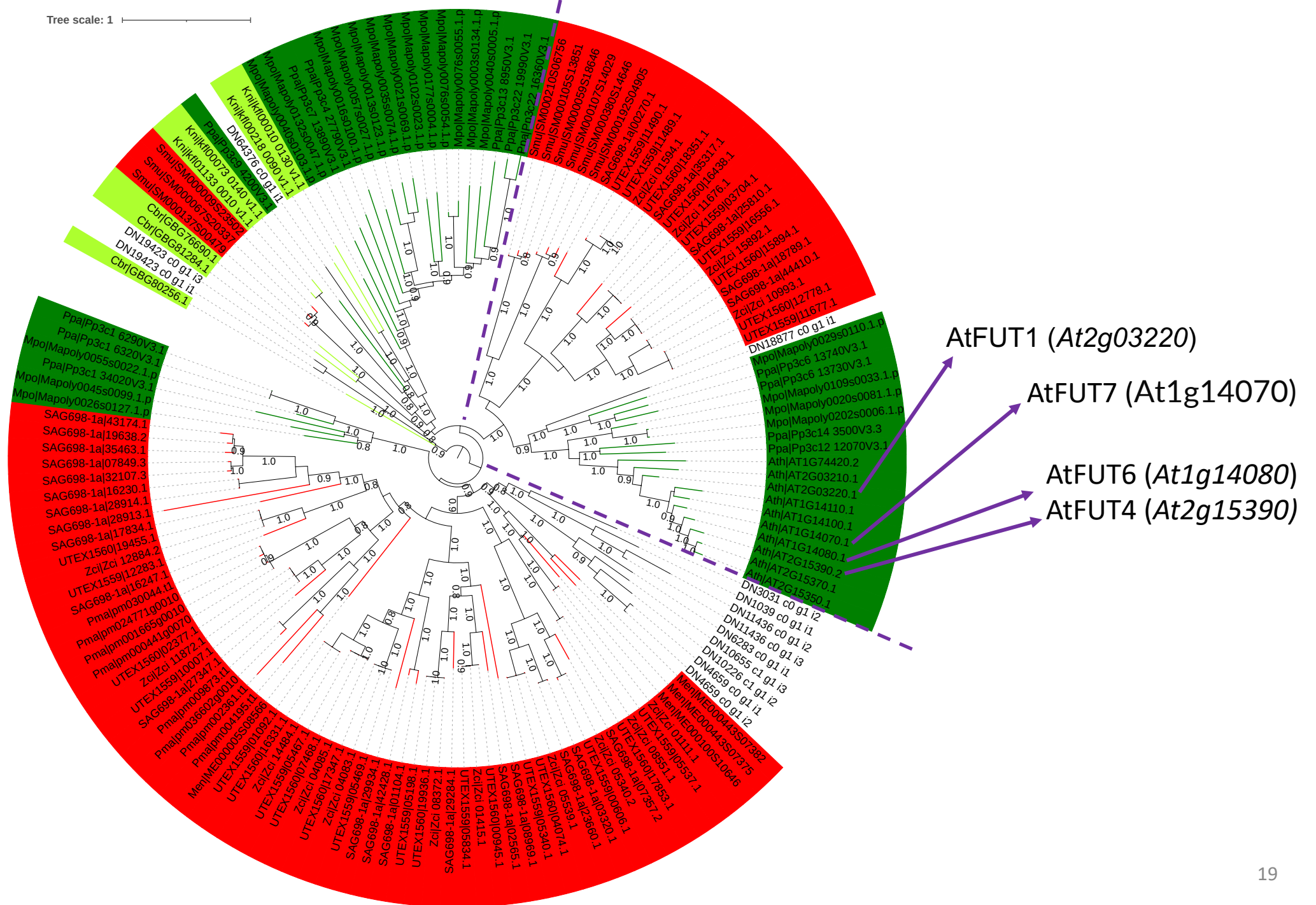
XLT2 (AT5G62220)

XUT1 (AT1G63450)

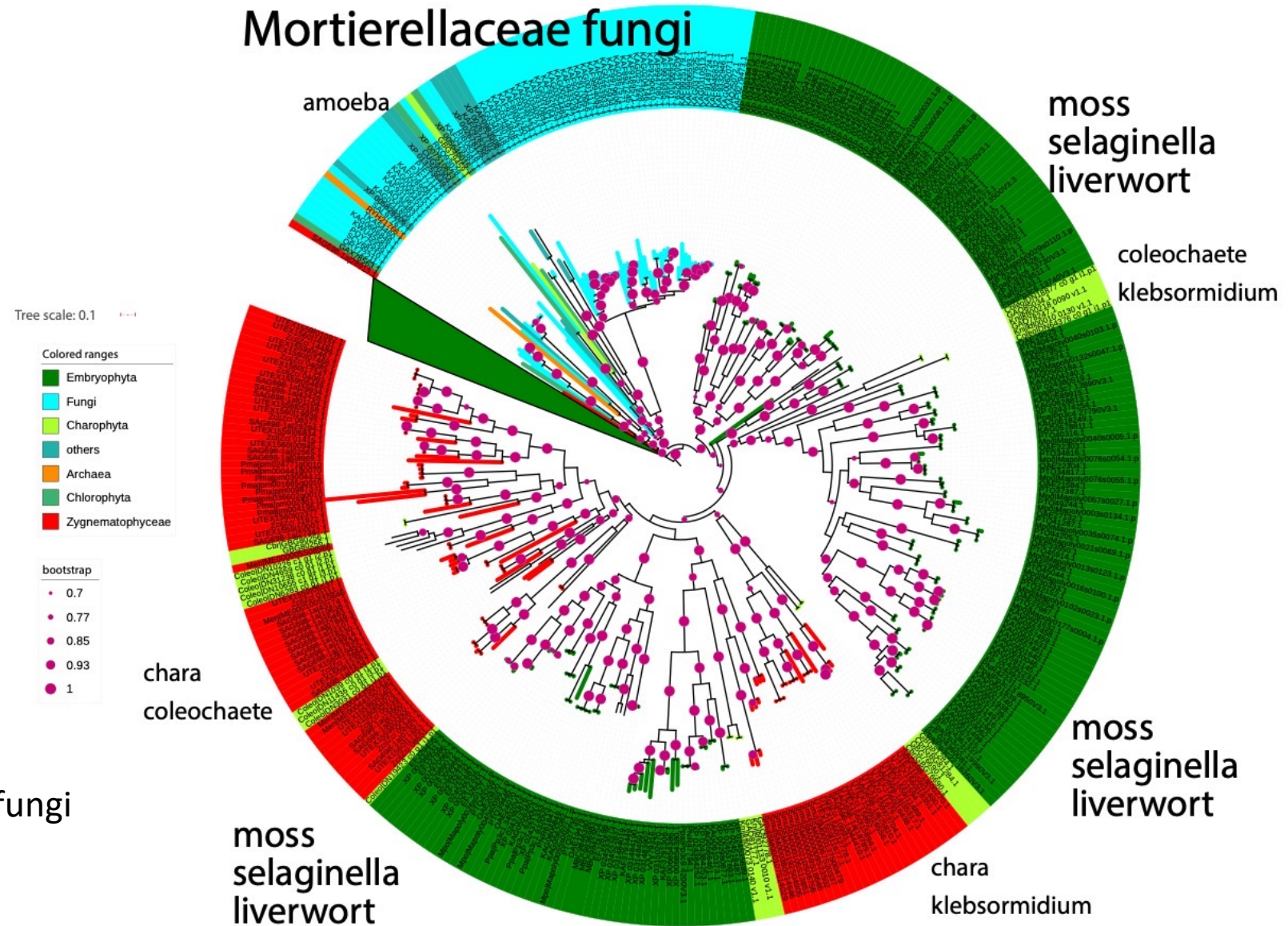


GT37

Tree scale: 1



GT37 nr



might have been
gained via HGT from fungi

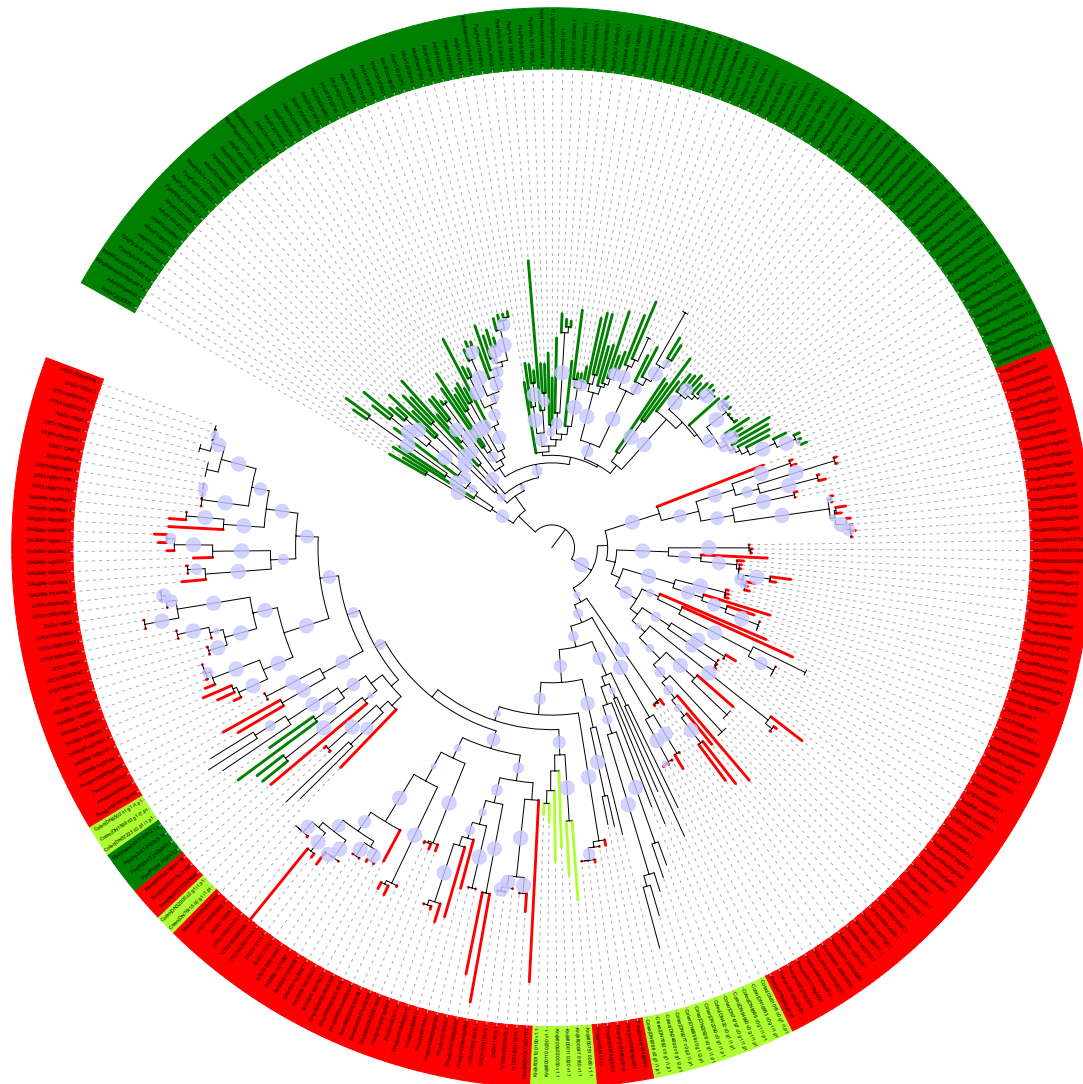
Tree scale: 1

Colored ranges

- Zygomatophyceae
- Embryophyta
- Charophyta

bootstrap

- 0.8
- 0.85
- 0.9
- 0.95
- 1



xyloglucan endotransferase

XTH4 (AT2G06850)

XTH15 (AT4G14130)

XTH14 (AT4G25820)

XTH24 (AT4G30270)

XTH22 (AT5G57560)

XTH32 (AT2G36870)

XTH31 (AT3G44990)

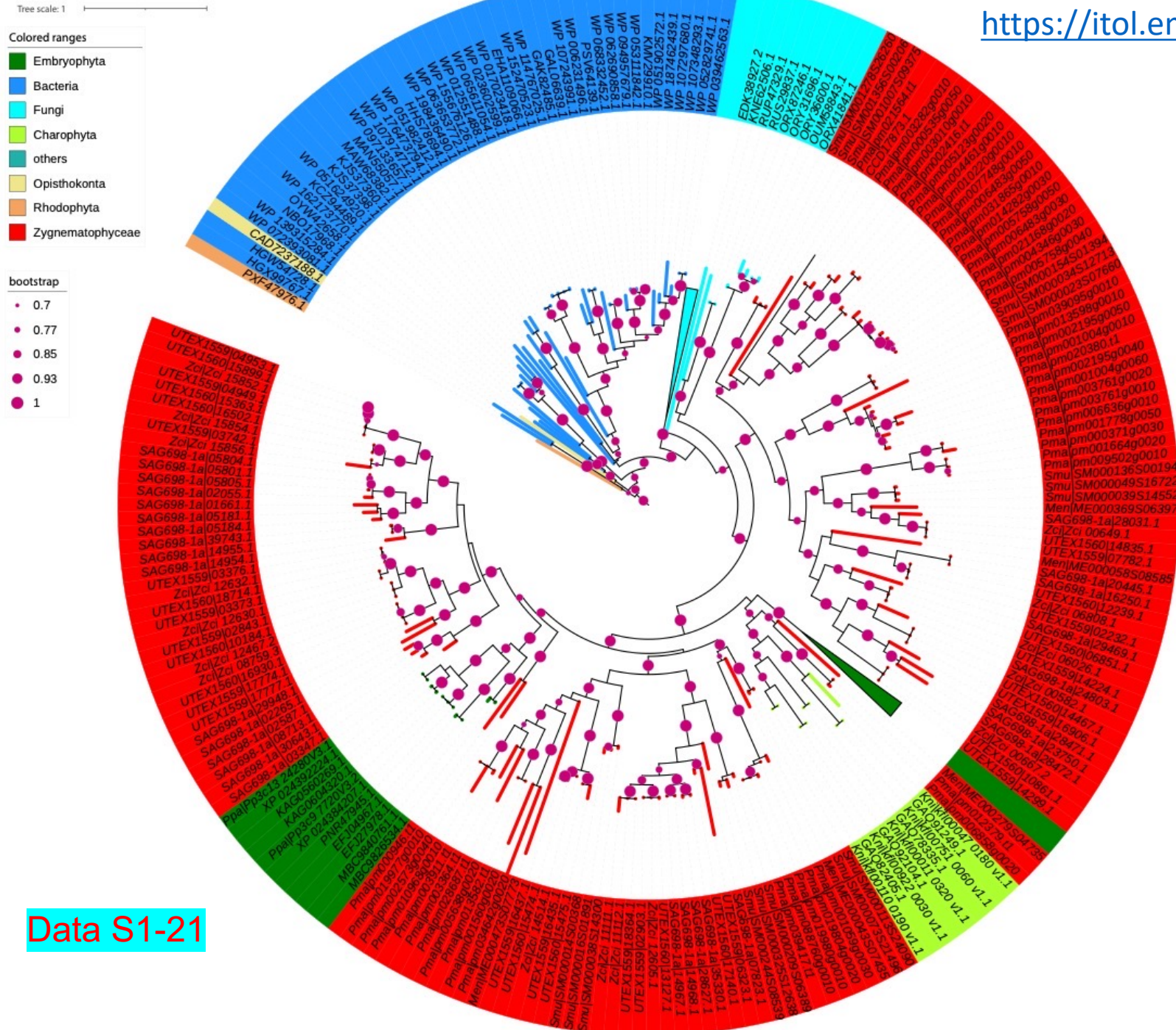
xyloglucanase

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/208127240222342461668379872>

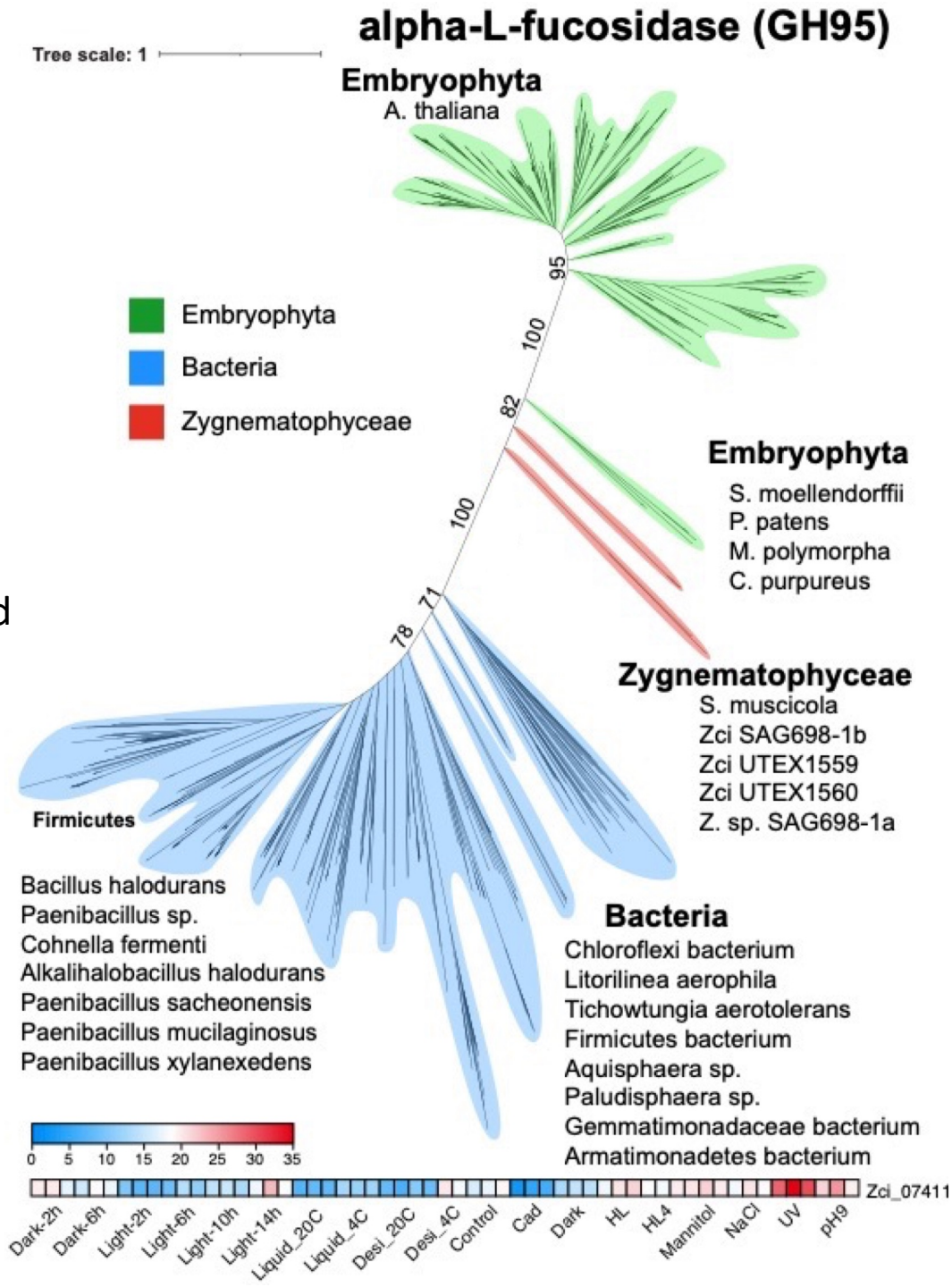
GH16_20

Putative HGT of XTH between fungi and streptophyte algae (Shinohara and Nishitani, 2021).

XTH genes are expanded in Zygnemophyceae (1b has 16 genes)



Data S1-21



GH95: might have been gained via HGT from bacteria

Data S1-23

Kotake T, Dina S, Konishi T, Kaneko S, Igarashi K, Samejima M, Watanabe Y, Kimura K, Tsumuraya Y. Molecular cloning of a β -galactosidase from radish that specifically hydrolyzes β -D-galactopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3)- and β -D-galactopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 6)-galactosyl residues of Arabinogalactan protein. *Plant Physiol.* 2005 Jul;138(3):1563-76. doi: 10.1104/pp.105.062562.

Sampedro et al. AtBGAL10 is the main xyloglucan β -galactosidase in Arabidopsis, and its absence results in unusual xyloglucan subunits and growth defects. *Plant Physiol.* 2012 Mar;158(3):1146-57. doi: 10.1104/pp.111.192195.

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812724022273791665197706>

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/13423816417179911667574537>

BGAL8 (AT3G28470)

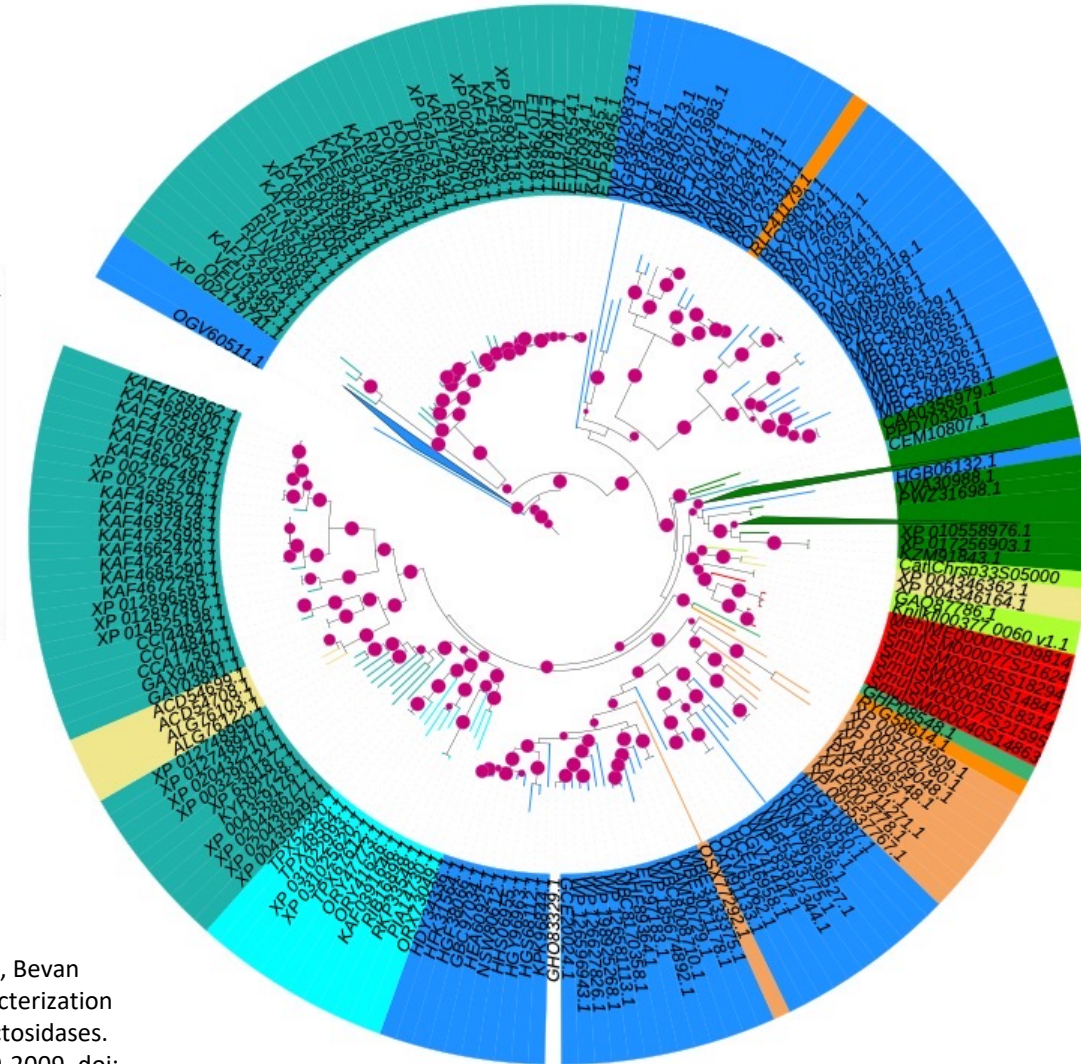
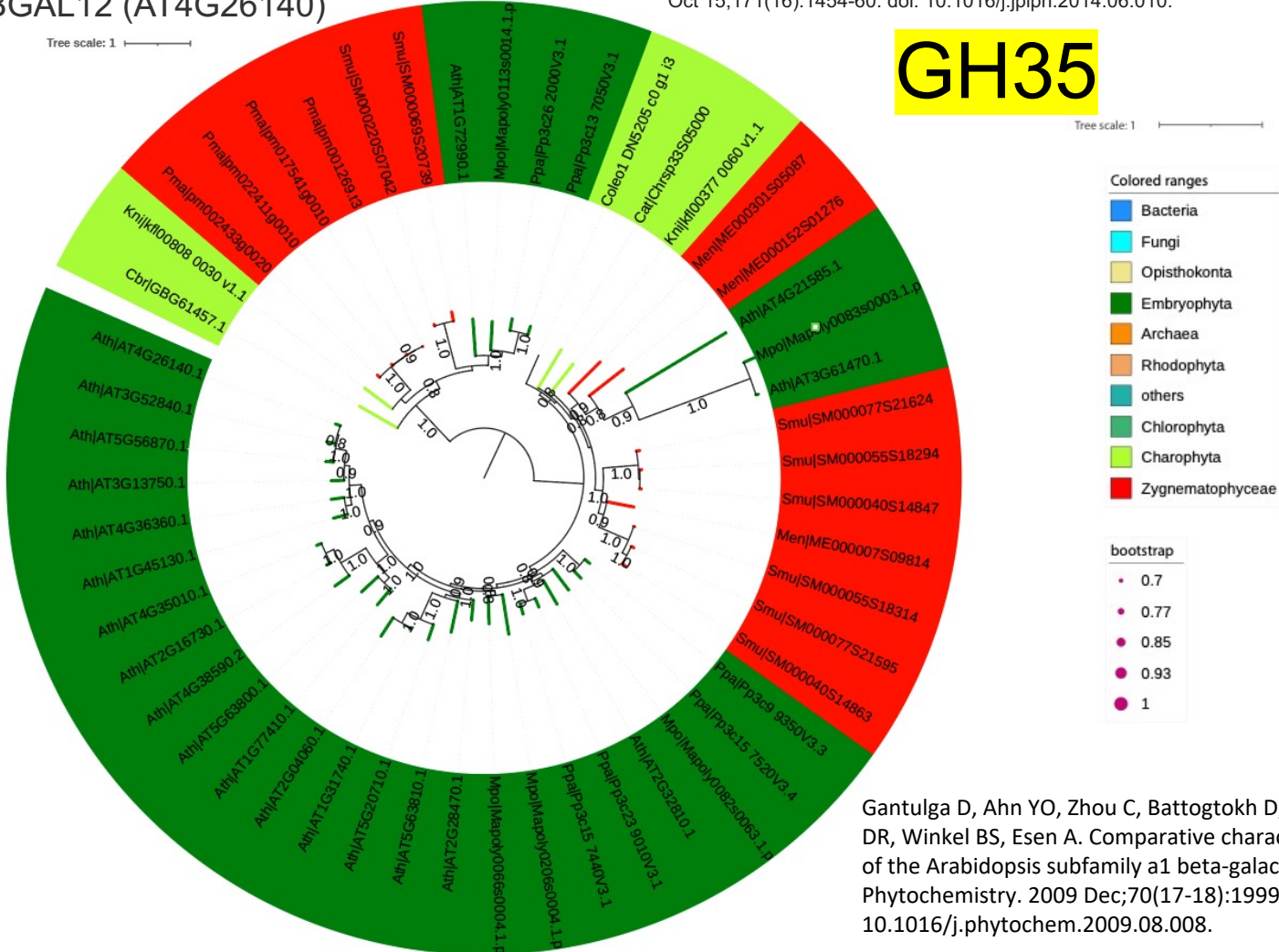
Ishimaru M, Smith DL, Mort AJ, Gross KC. Enzymatic activity and substrate specificity of recombinant tomato beta-galactosidases 4 and 5. *Planta.* 2009 Jan;229(2):447-56. doi: 10.1007/s00425-008-0842-x.

Eda M, Ishimaru M, Tada T, Sakamoto T, Kotake T, Tsumuraya Y, Mort AJ, Gross KC. Enzymatic activity and substrate specificity of the recombinant tomato β -galactosidase 1. *J Plant Physiol.* 2014 Oct 15;171(16):1454-60. doi: 10.1016/j.jplph.2014.06.010.

AtBGAL10 (AT5g63810)

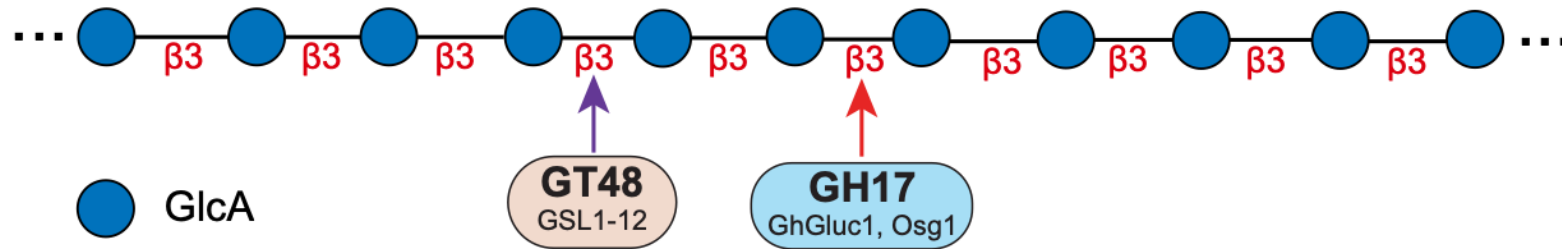
BGAL12 (AT4G26140)

GH35



Gantulga D, Ahn YO, Zhou C, Battogtokh D, Bevan DR, Winkel BS, Esen A. Comparative characterization of the Arabidopsis subfamily a1 beta-galactosidases. *Phytochemistry.* 2009 Dec;70(17-18):1999-2009. doi: 10.1016/j.phytochem.2009.08.008.

Callose: β -1,3-glucan

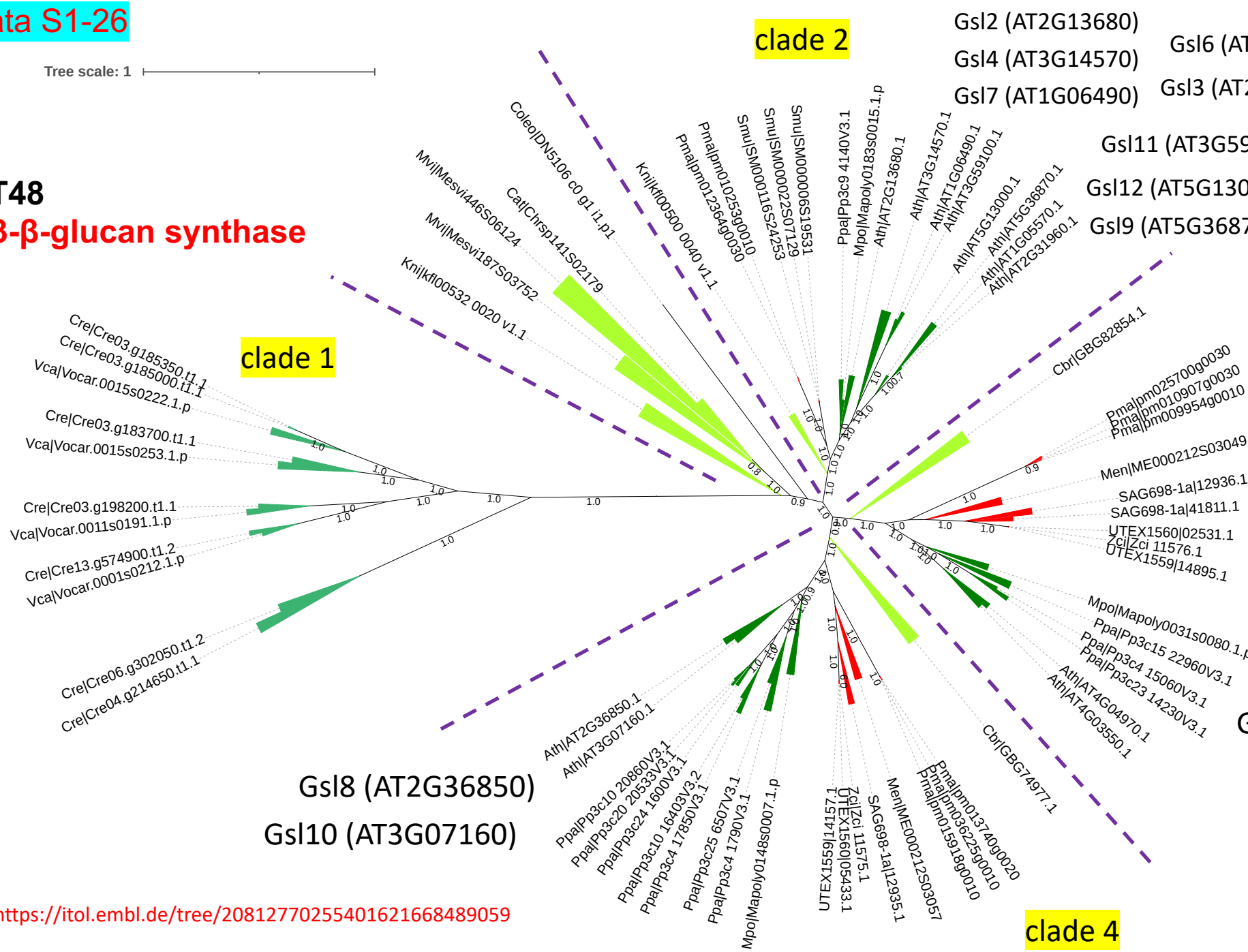


Scherp, P., Grotha, R., and Kutschera, U. (2001). Occurrence and phylogenetic significance of cytokinesis-related callose in green algae, bryophytes, ferns and seed plants. *Plant Cell Reports* 20, 143-149.

Davis, D.J., Wang, M., Sorensen, I., Rose, J.K.C., Domozych, D.S., and Drakakaki, G. (2020). Callose deposition is essential for the completion of cytokinesis in the unicellular alga *Penium margaritaceum*. *J Cell Sci* 133.

Tree scale: 1

GT48 1,3-β-glucan synthase

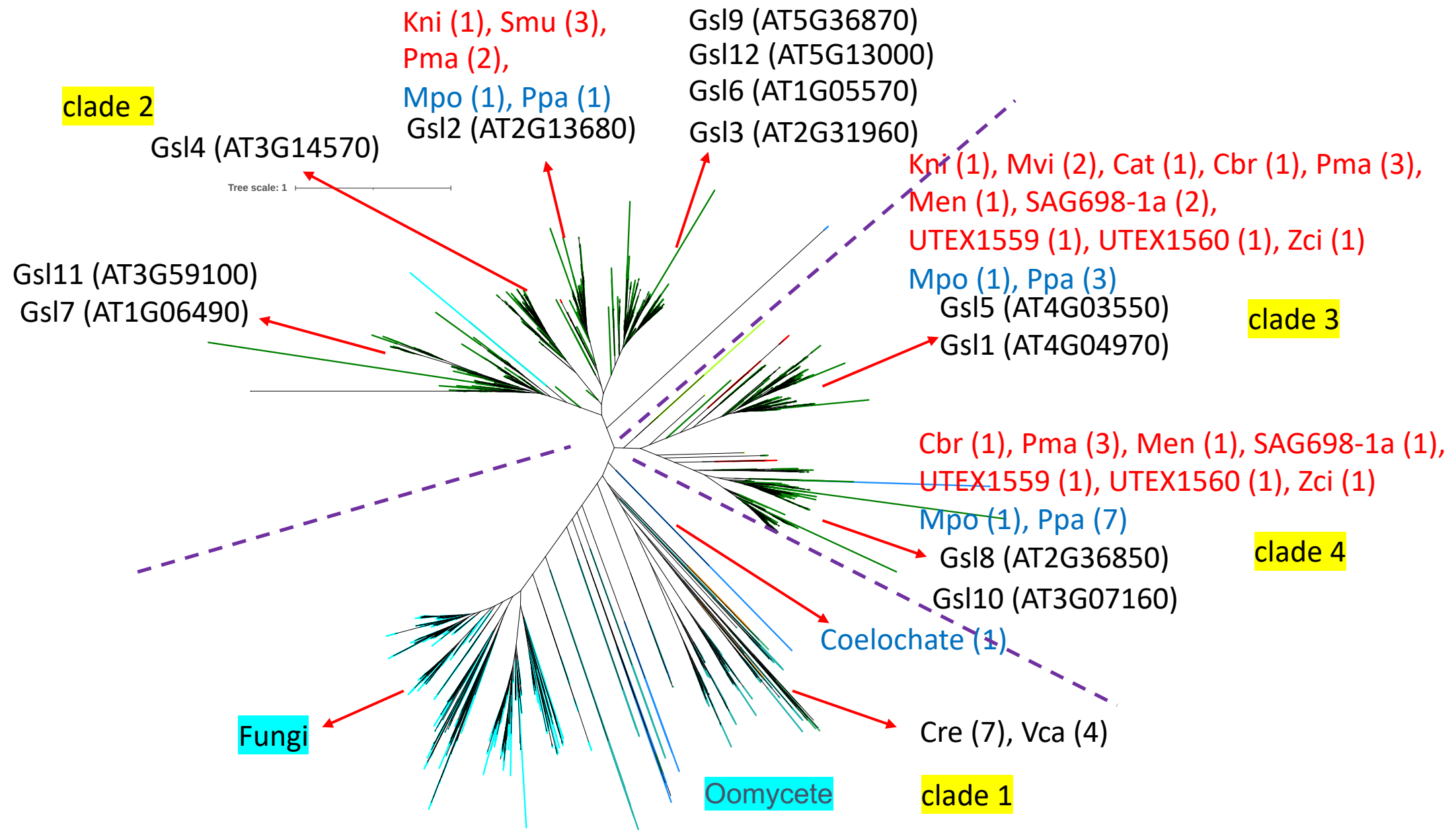


Davis, D.J., Wang, M., Sorensen, I., Rose, J.K.C., Domozych, D.S., and Drakakaki, G. (2020). Callose deposition is essential for the completion of cytokinesis in the unicellular alga *Penium margaritaceum*. J Cell Sci 133.

clade 3

clade 4

GT48
nr hits



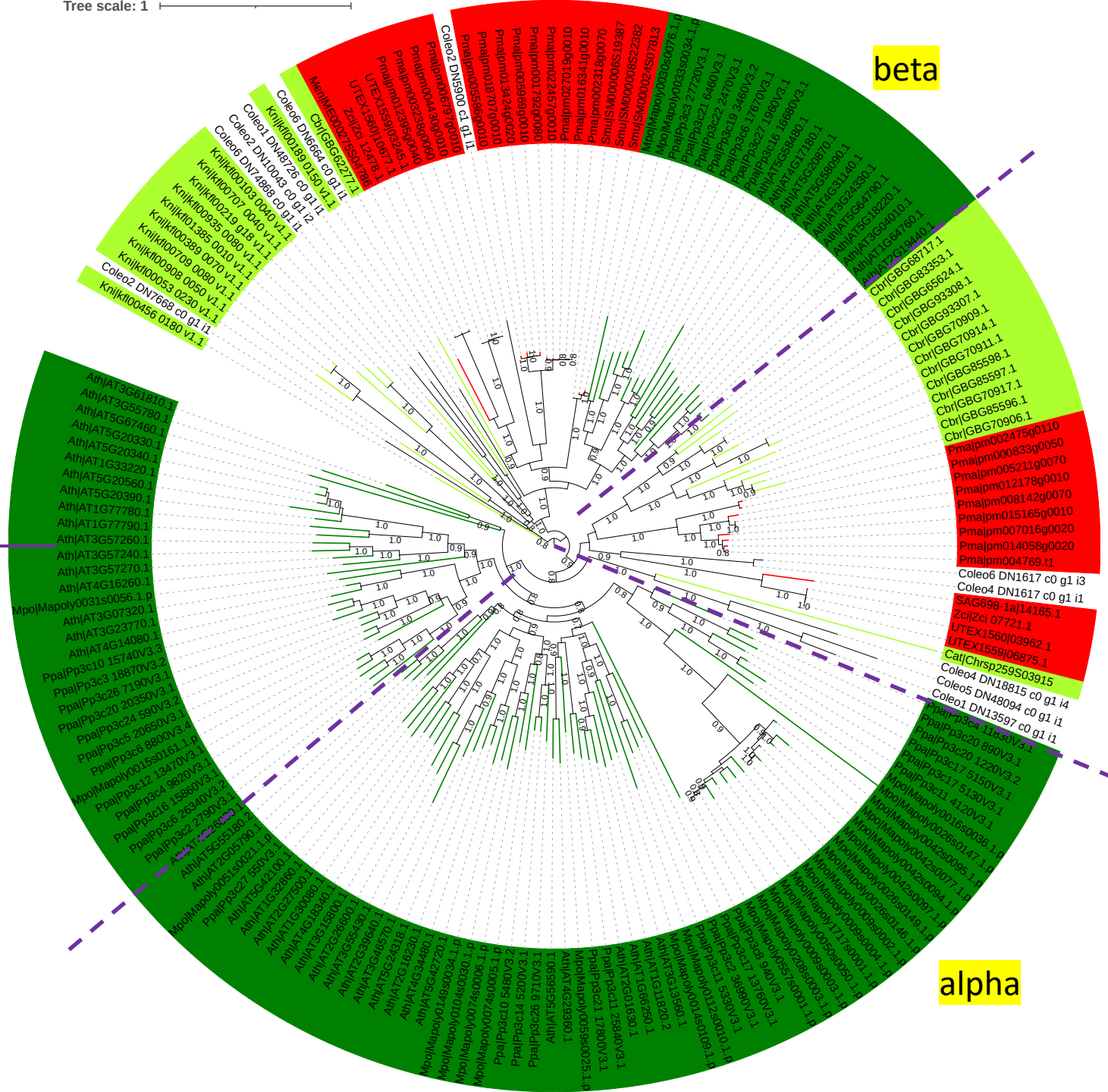
GH17

gamma

BG2
(AT3G57260)

beta

alpha



PMID: [24904609](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24904609/)

class	Cre	Vca	Mvi	Cat	Kni	Cbr	Smu	Pma	Men	1a	UTEX1559	UTEX1560	1b	Mpo	Ppa	Ath
GH5_14	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	18	14	11	8	9	9	3	2	0

Data S1-29

exo-b-1,3-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.58)

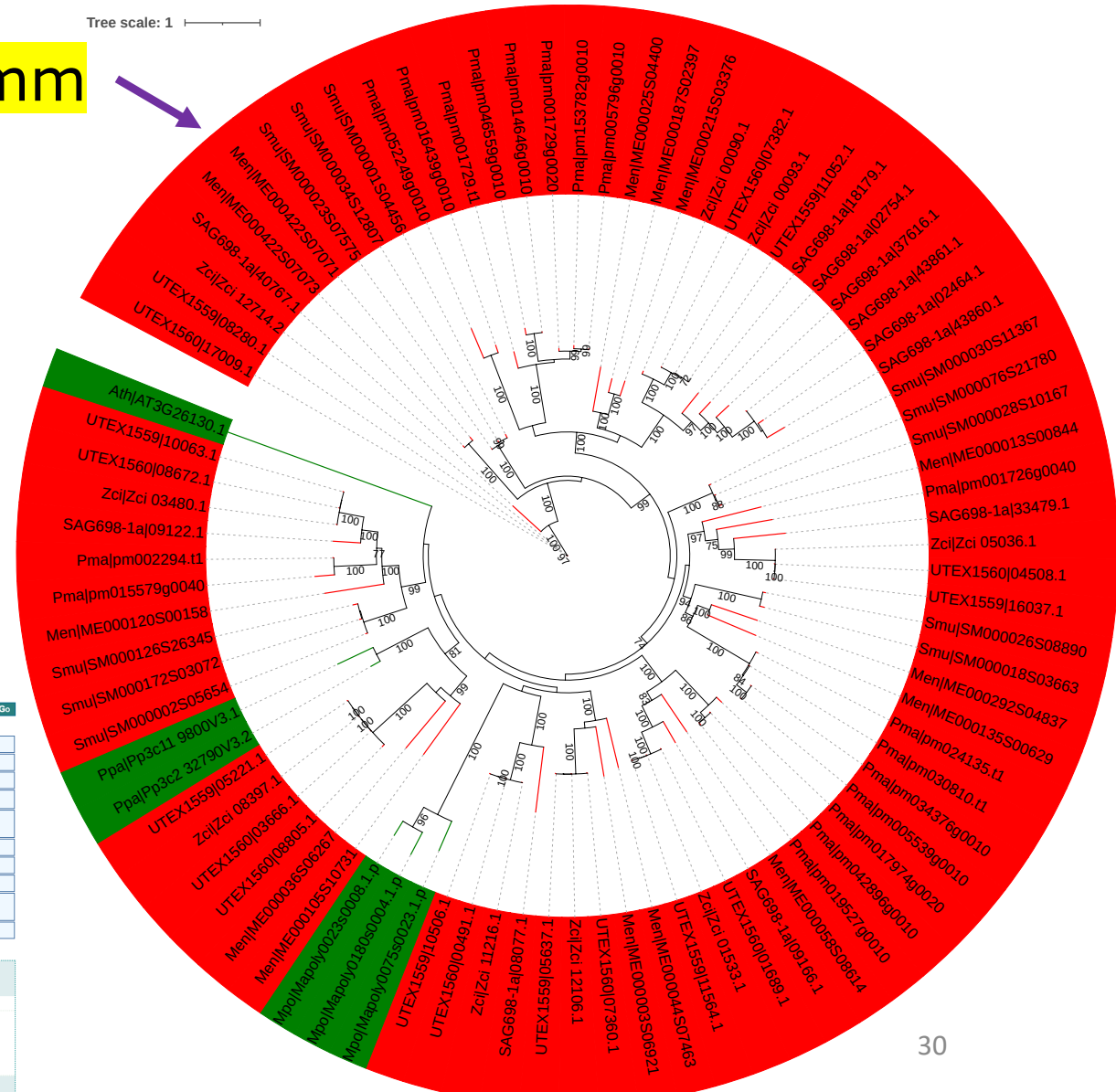
<https://itol.embl.de/tree/13423816417184651661223495>

AT3G26130: e-value is low 9.1e-06

GH5_14 hmm

Zhou Y, Zeng L, Gui J, Liao Y, Li J, Tang J, Meng Q, Dong F, Yang Z. Functional characterizations of β -glucosidases involved in aroma compound formation in tea (*Camellia sinensis*). *Food Res Int.* 2017 Jun;96:206-214. doi: 10.1016/j.foodres.2017.03.049.

Opassiri R, Pomthong B, Akiyama T, Nakphaichit M, Onkoksoong T, Ketudat Cairns M, Ketudat Cairns JR. A stress-induced rice (*Oryza sativa* L.) beta-glucosidase represents a new subfamily of glycosyl hydrolase family 5 containing a fascin-like domain. *Biochem J.* 2007 Dec 1;408(2):241-9. doi: 10.1042/BJ20070734.



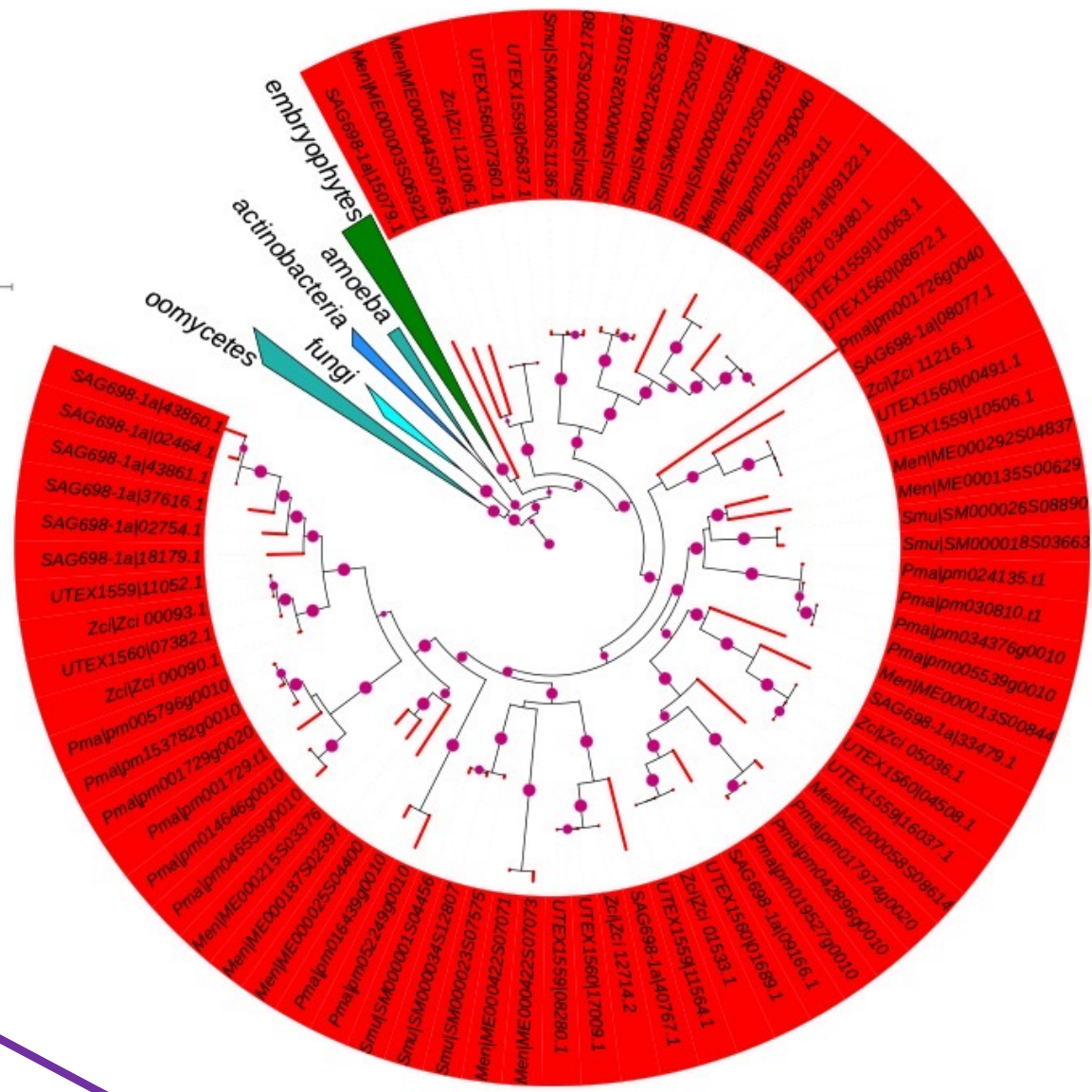
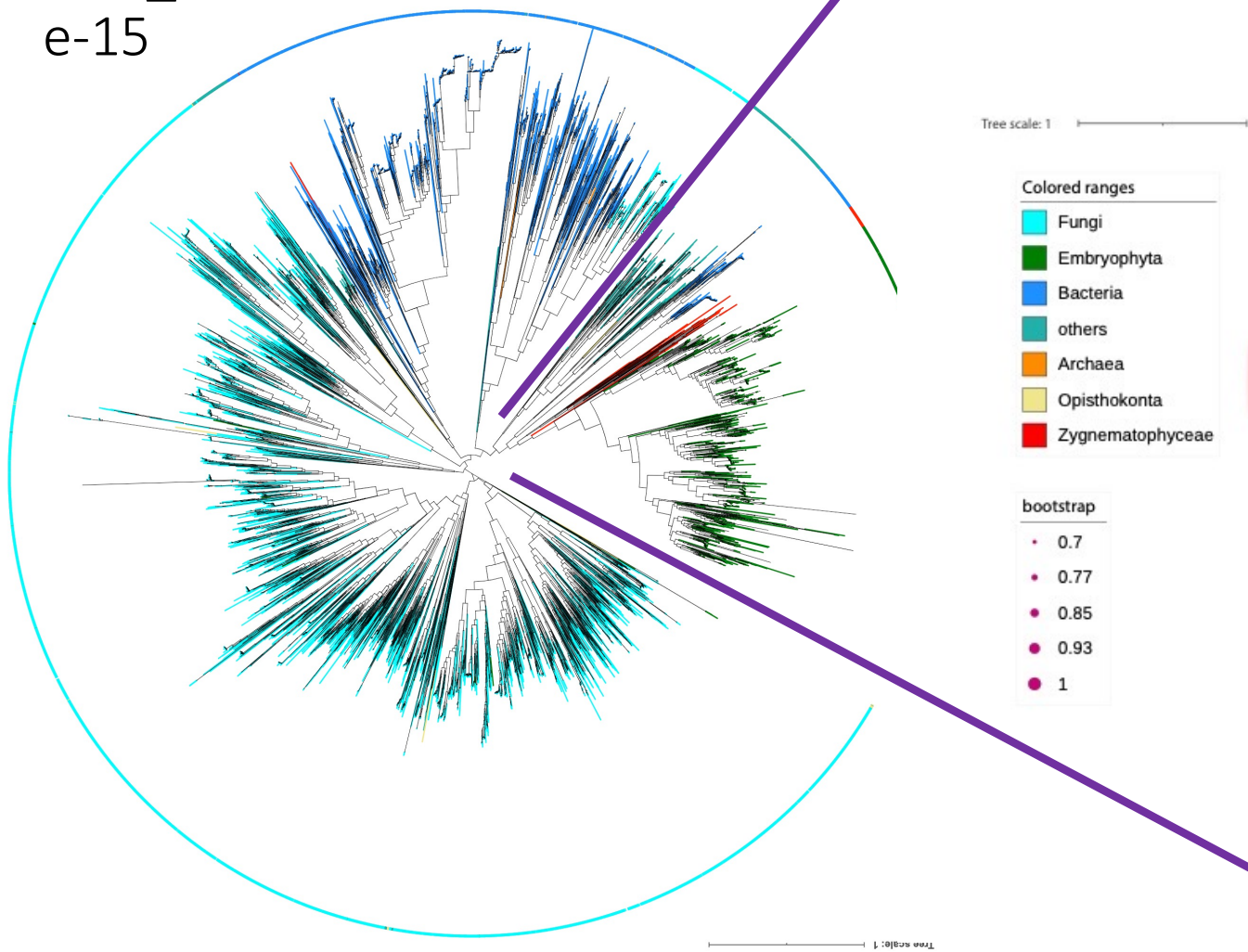
Glycoside Hydrolase Family 5 / Subf 14

GH5 Go GH5_14 Go Family Go

Activities in Sub Family	b-glucosidase (EC 3.2.1.21);exo-b-1,3-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.58)				
Mechanism	Retaining				
Clan	GH-A				
3D Structure Status	(β / α) β barrel				
Catalytic Nucleophile/Base	Glu (experimental)				
Catalytic Proton Donor	Glu (experimental)				
Note	Once known as cellulase family A; many members have been assigned to subfamilies as described by Aspeborg et al. (2012) <i>BMC Evol Biol.</i> 12(1):186 (PMID: 22992189).				
External resources	CAZypedia; HOMSTRAD; PROSITE;				
Commercial Enzyme Provider(s)	MEGAZYME; NZYTech; PROZOMIX;				
Statistics	GenBank accession (103); Uniprot accession (3);				
Summary	Download GH5_14 (83) Taxonomic dislay Characterized (2)				

Eukaryota							
Protein Name	EC#	Reference	Organism	GenBank	Uniprot	PDB/3D	Subf
β -glucosidase 1 GH5 family (GH5BG1;C5GH5BG1)	3.2.1.21	pubmed	<i>Camellia sinensis</i>	ARU79086.1	A0A1Y0K2D4		14
exo- β -1,3-glucosidase (GH5BG;Os10g0370500)	3.2.1.58	pubmed	<i>Oryza sativa Japonica Group</i>	AAM08614.1 AAM08821.1 AAP53379.1 BAF76372.1 BAG89316.1 BAT10560.1	Q01Y43 Q8RU06		14

GH5_14 nr
e-15



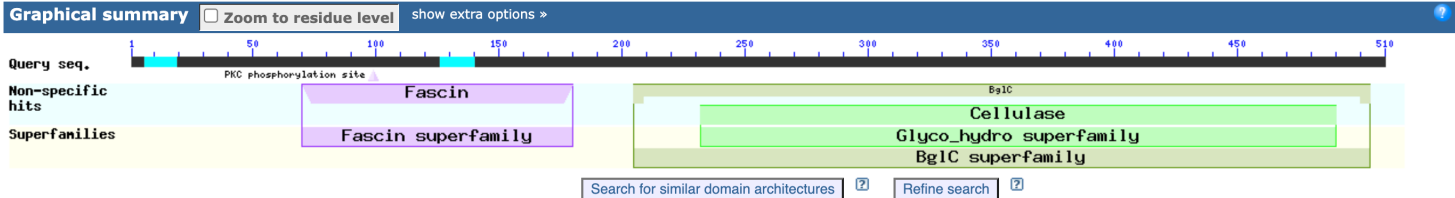
Possible gain via HGT from bacteria

The combination of Fascin domain and GH5_14 is first present in Zygnematophyceae

Conserved domains on [gi|19920182|gb|AAM08614.]

View Standard Results

Putative Glucan 1,3-beta-glucosidase precursor [Oryza sativa Japonica Group]



rice GH5BG (Fascin domain)

List of domain hits

Name	Accession	Description	Interval	E-value
[+] BglC	COG2730	Aryl-phospho-beta-D-glucosidase BglC, GH1 family [Carbohydrate transport and metabolism];	205-504	2.41e-29
[+] Cellulase	pfam00150	Cellulase (glycosyl hydrolase family 5);	232-490	8.40e-14
[-] Fascin	cd00257	Fascin-like domain; members include actin-bundling/crosslinking proteins fascin, ...	70-180	3.74e-03

Fascin-like domain; members include actin-bundling/crosslinking proteins fascin, histactophilin and singed; identified in sea urchin, Drosophila, Xenopus, rodents, and humans; The fascin-like domain adopts a beta-trefoil topology and contains an internal threefold repeat; the fascin subgroup contains four copies of the domain; Structurally similar to fibroblast growth factor (FGF)

Pssm-ID: 238160 Cd Length: 119 Bit Score: 37.25 E-value: 3.74e-03

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gi 19920182 70  TQLQFKSVTONmYLCARQGGTILVANRTSASGWETFKLWRIDEDTFDLRVFDNLFVTVAGDGVTVVATvaSPGGEAFQ 149
Cdd:cd00257 2  PQVVLRSVNGR-YLSEAAGGK-VDANRDSLKGDFTTLEFDNTGKYALRSHDGKYLSDSDGGVQLEG--HPNADCRFT 77

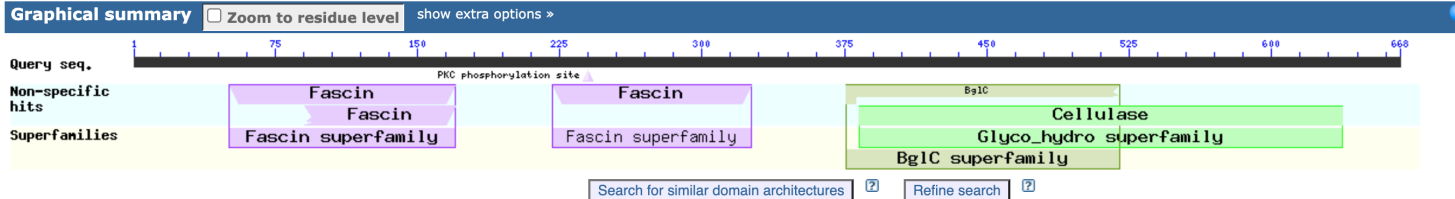
gi 19920182 150 IVRNGDKTRARIRAPNGMFLQAKTSDSVTAD 180
Cdd:cd00257 78 LEFHGD-GKVALRAENGRYLGDDSGTLKAS 107

```

Conserved domains on [lcl|Query_8185]

View Standard Results

Local query sequence



Zci|Zci_03480.1 (Fascin domain)

List of domain hits

Name	Accession	Description	Interval	E-value
[+] BglC	COG2730	Aryl-phospho-beta-D-glucosidase BglC, GH1 family [Carbohydrate transport and metabolism];	376-520	7.10e-17
[+] Cellulase	pfam00150	Cellulase (glycosyl hydrolase family 5);	383-637	2.23e-09
[+] Fascin	cd00257	Fascin-like domain; members include actin-bundling/crosslinking proteins fascin, ...	221-326	2.79e-09
[+] Fascin	pfam06268	Fascin domain; This family consists of several eukaryotic fascin or singed proteins. The ...	51-170	1.19e-06
[-] Fascin	cd00257	Fascin-like domain; members include actin-bundling/crosslinking proteins fascin, ...	91-170	4.00e-06

Fascin-like domain; members include actin-bundling/crosslinking proteins fascin, histactophilin and singed; identified in sea urchin, Drosophila, Xenopus, rodents, and humans; The fascin-like domain adopts a beta-trefoil topology and contains an internal threefold repeat; the fascin subgroup contains four copies of the domain; Structurally similar to fibroblast growth factor (FGF)

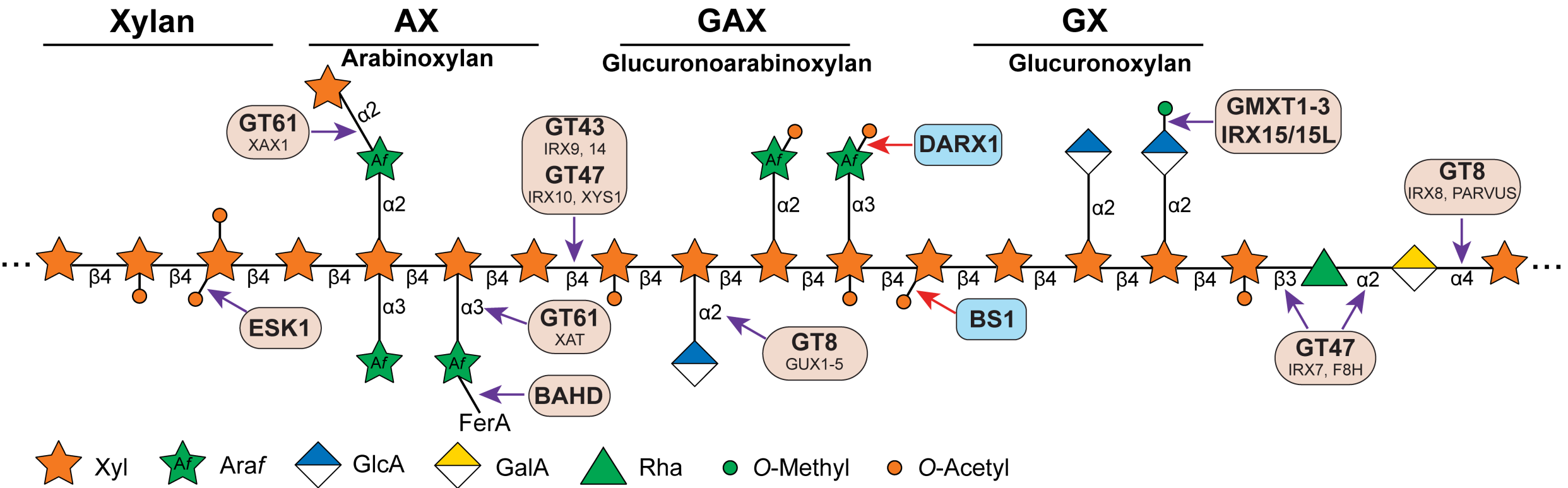
Pssm-ID: 238160 Cd Length: 119 Bit Score: 46.11 E-value: 4.00e-06

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Query_8185 91  VAFRGPNGKLLAAHADATVTSASGEASgtdipTECMFRVEKKPNKFTIWSVANSYLLRAWNDGTLRLHMKAPTSELEFSI 170
Cdd:cd00257 46  YALRSHDGKYLSDSDGGVQLEGHPN----ADCRFTLEFHGDGKWALRAE-NGRYLGDDSGTLKASSETVGPDELPEL 119

```


Xylan / AX / GX / GAX



Data S1-33

Madson M, Dunand C, Li X, Verma R, Vanzin GF, Caplan J, Shoue DA, Carpita NC, Reiter WD. The MUR3 gene of Arabidopsis encodes a xyloglucan galactosyltransferase that is evolutionarily related to animal exostosins. *Plant Cell*. 2003 Jul;15(7):1662-70. doi: 10.1105/tpc.009837.

MUR3 (AT2G20370)

XLT2 (AT5G62220)

XUT1 (AT1G63450)

Coleochaete scutate Coleochaete orbicularis

Jensen JK, Schultink A, Keegstra K, Wilkerson CG, Pauly M. RNA-Seq analysis of developing nasturtium seeds (*Tropaeolum majus*): identification and characterization of an additional galactosyltransferase involved in xyloglucan biosynthesis. *Mol Plant*. 2012 Sep;5(5):984-92. doi: 10.1093/mp/sss032.

Peña MJ, Kong Y, York WS, O'Neill MA. A galacturonic acid-containing xyloglucan is involved in Arabidopsis root hair tip growth. *Plant Cell*. 2012 Nov;24(11):4511-24. doi: 10.1105/tpc.112.103390.

Tree scale: 1

XyG

Møller et al. Identification and evolution of a plant cell wall specific glycoprotein glycosyl transferase, ExAD. *Sci Rep*. 2017 Mar 30;7:45341. doi: 10.1038/srep45341

GT47

ExAD (AT3G57630)

Extensin Arabinose Deficient transferase

Lee C, Teng Q, Huang W, Zhong R, Ye ZH. The F8H glycosyltransferase is a functional paralog of FRA8 involved in glucuronoxylan biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. *Plant Cell Physiol*. 2009 Apr;50(4):812-27. doi: 10.1093/pcp/pcp025. Epub 2009 Feb 18. PMID: 19224953.

Brown, D.M., Goubet, F., Wong, V.W., Goodacre, R., Stephens, E., Dupree, P., and Turner, S.R. (2007). Comparison of five xylan synthesis mutants reveals new insight into the mechanisms of xylan synthesis. *Plant J*. 52: 1154–1168.

F8H (AT5G22940)

IRX7/FRA8 (AT2G28110)

NpGUT1: pectin b-glucuronyltransferase transferring glucuronic acid to RG-II

Urbanowicz BR, Peña MJ, Moniz HA, Moremen KW, York WS. 2014. Two Arabidopsis proteins synthesize acetylated xylan in vitro. *Plant Journal* 80: 197–206.

Jensen JK, Busse-Wicher M, Poulsen CP, Fangel JU, Smith PJ, Yang JY, Peña MJ, Dinesen MH, Martens HJ, Melkonian M et al. 2018. Identification of an algal xylan synthase indicates that there is functional orthology between algal and plant cell wall biosynthesis. *New Phytologist* 218: 1049–1060.

XYS1/IRX10-L (AT5G61840) IRX10 (AT1G27440)

Xylan

Jensen et al. Identification of a xylogalacturonan xylosyltransferase involved in pectin biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. *Plant Cell*. 2008 May;20(5):1289-302. doi: 10.1105/tpc.107.050906

XGD1 (AT5G33290)

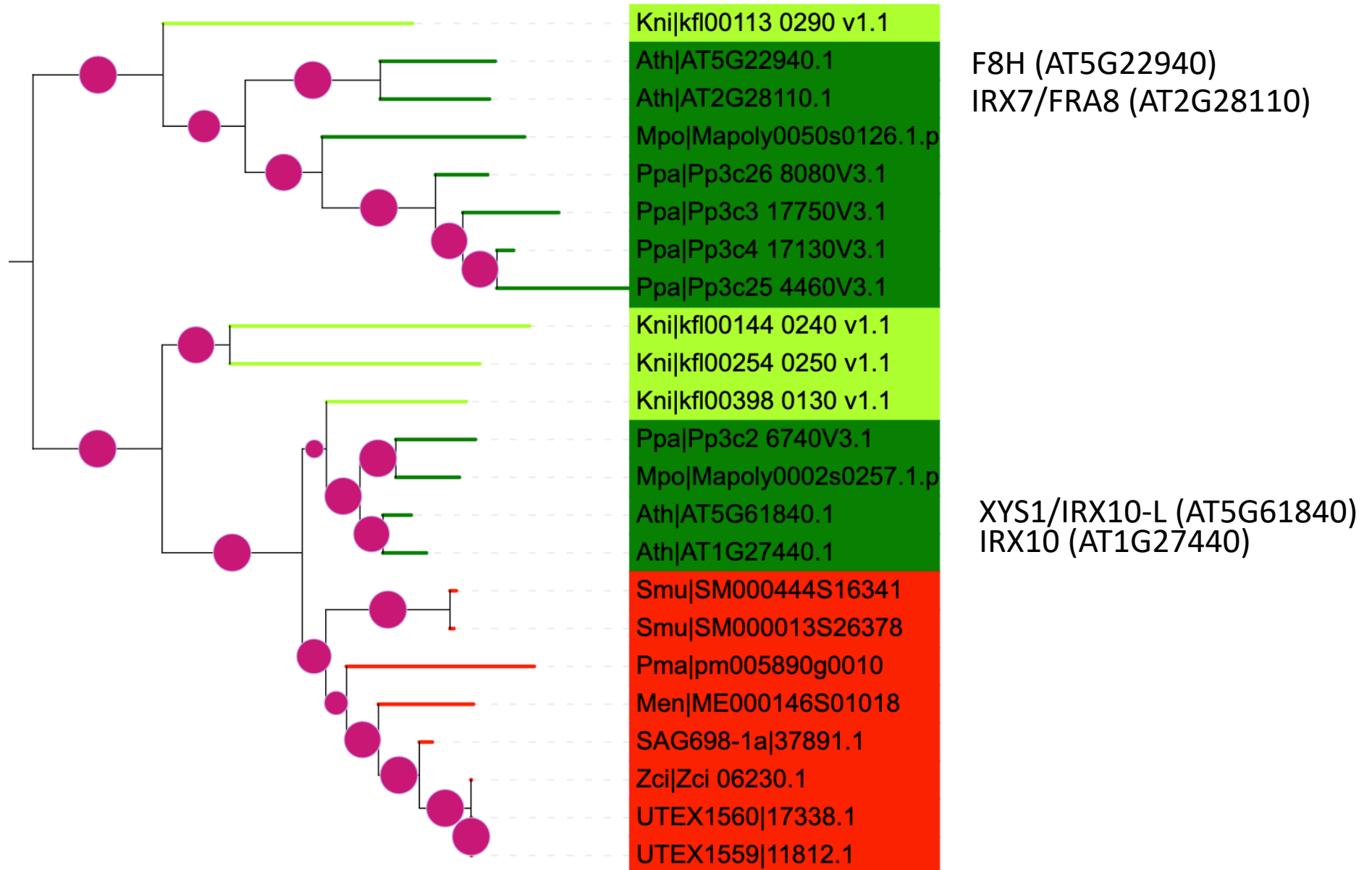
XGA

Iwai H, Masaoka N, Ishii T, Satoh S. A pectin glucuronyltransferase gene is essential for intercellular attachment in the plant meristem. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 2002 Dec 10;99(25):16319-24. doi: 10.1073/pnas.252530499.

ARAD2 (AT5G44930) ARAD1 (AT2G35100)

RG-I

Harholt et al. ARABINAN DEFICIENT 1 is a putative arabinosyltransferase involved in biosynthesis of pectic arabinan in Arabidopsis. *Plant Physiol*. 2006 Jan;140(1):49-58. doi: 10.1104/pp.105.072744.



GT47

glucuronoxylan glycosyltransferase

secondary wall
thickening in fibers

IRX14-L (AT5G67230)

IRX14 (AT4G36890)

Brown, D.M., Goubet, F., Wong, V.W., Goodacre, R., Stephens, E., Dupree, P., and Turner, S.R. (2007). Comparison of five xylan synthesis mutants reveals new insight into the mechanisms of xylan synthesis. *Plant J.* 52: 1154–1168.

Lee C, Teng Q, Huang W, Zhong R, Ye ZH. The Arabidopsis family GT43 glycosyltransferases form two functionally nonredundant groups essential for the elongation of glucuronoxylan backbone. *Plant Physiol.* 2010 Jun;153(2):526-41. doi: 10.1104/pp.110.155309.

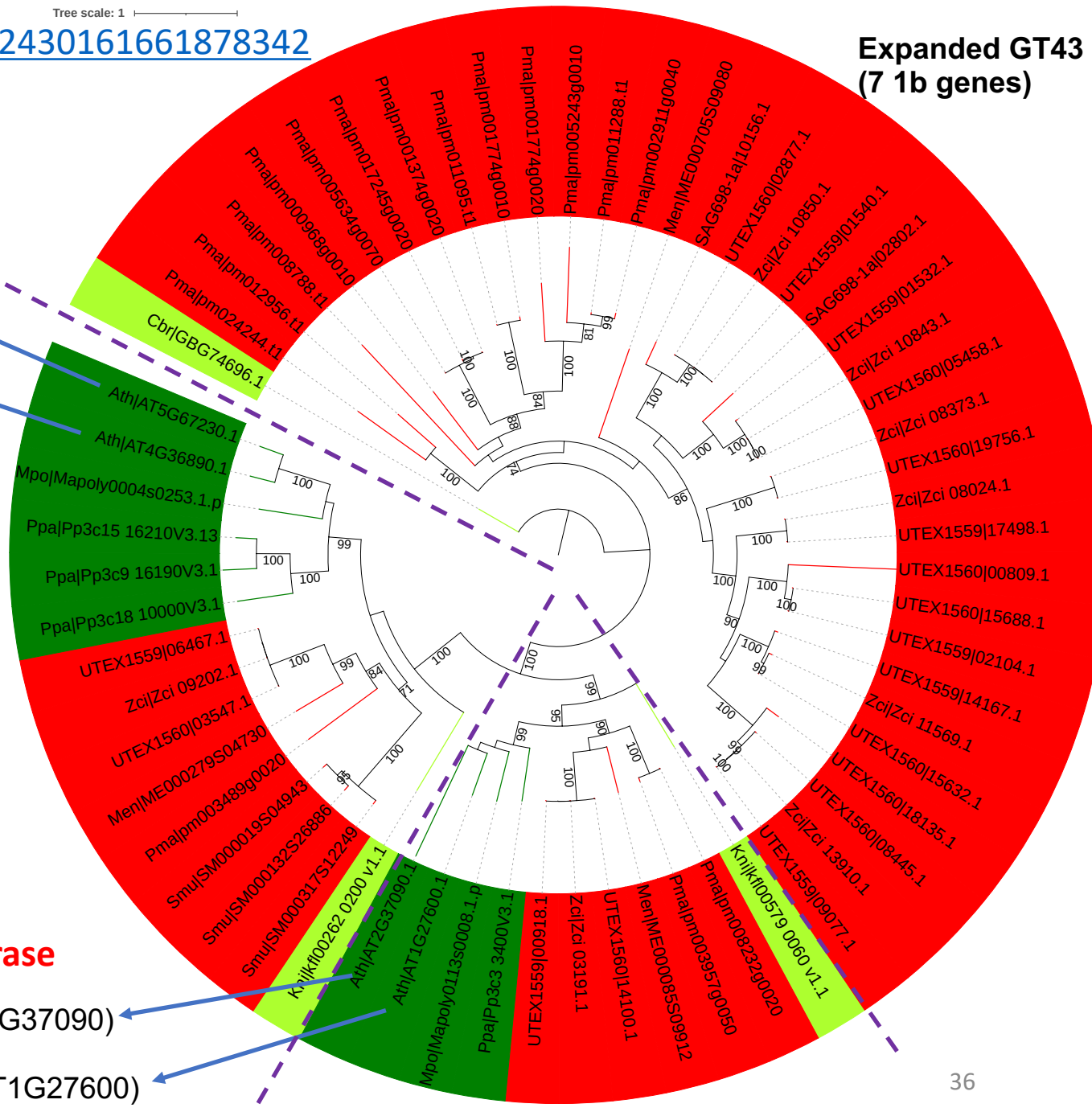
Ren Y, Hansen SF, Ebert B, Lau J, Scheller HV. Site-directed mutagenesis of IRX9, IRX9L and IRX14 proteins involved in xylan biosynthesis: glycosyltransferase activity is not required for IRX9 function in Arabidopsis. *PLoS One.* 2014 Aug 13;9(8):e105014. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0105014.

GT43

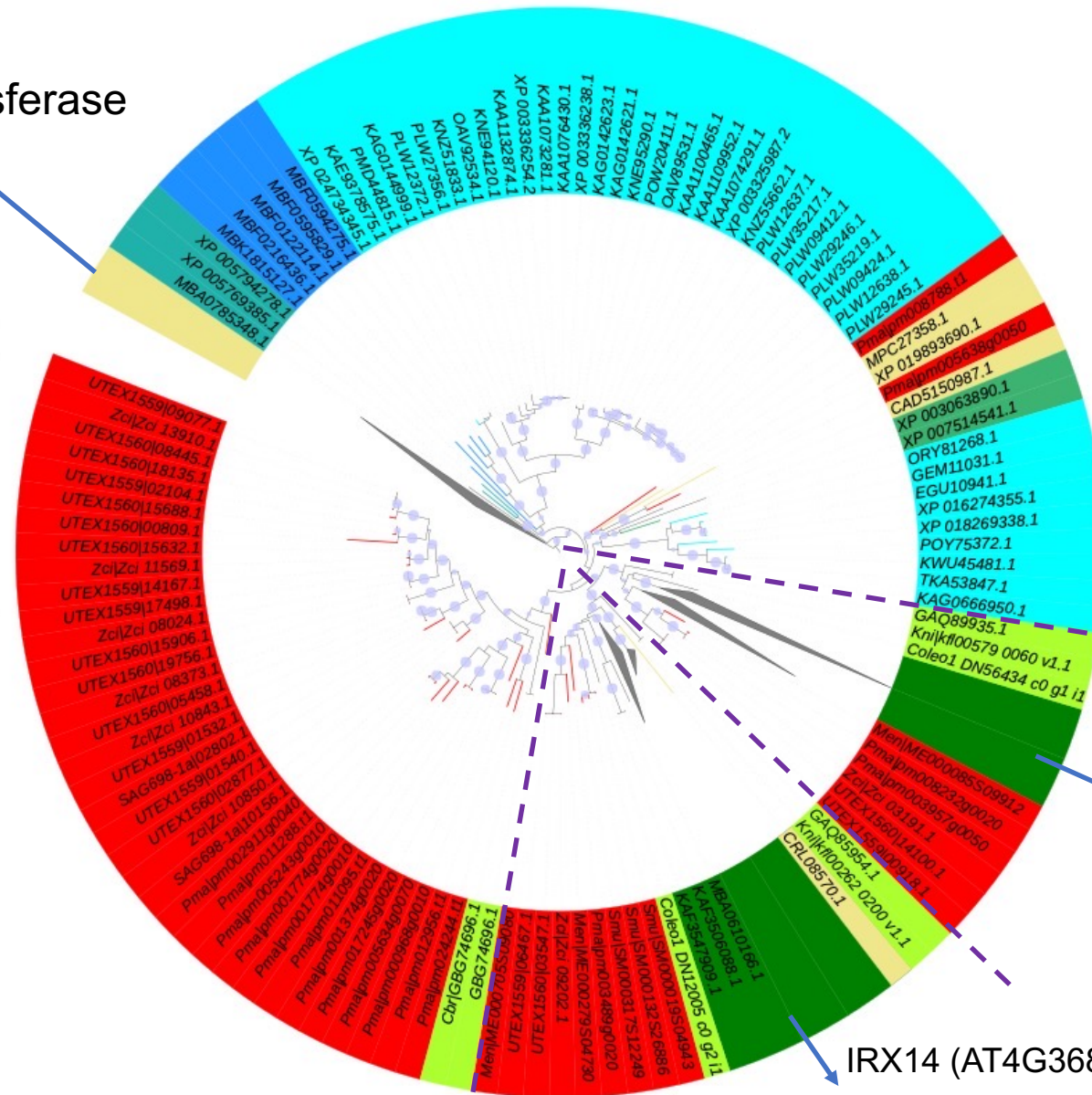
xylan β-1,4-xylosyltransferase

IRX9 (AT4G37090)

IRX9-L (AT1G27600)



β -1,3-glucuronyltransferase



Rhodotorula
fungi

IRX9-L (AT1G27600)
IRX9 (AT4G37090)

IRX14 (AT4G36890)
IRX14-L (AT5G67230)

GT43 nr

HGT with fungi

GT8 (dbcan) + Coleochaete

- GAUT6 (AT1G06780)
- GAUT5 (AT2G30575)
- GAUT7** (AT2G38650)
- GAUT4 (AT5G47780)
- GAUT1** (AT3G61130)
- GAUT2 (AT2G46480)
- GAUT3 (AT4G38270)

- GAUT8** (AT3G25140)
- GAUT9 (AT3G02350)

- GAUT10 (AT2G20810)
- GAUT11 (AT1G18580)

- GAUT14 (AT5G15470)
- GAUT13 (AT3G01040)
- GAUT15 (AT3G58790)
- GAUT12 (AT5G54690) (**IRX8: Xylan**)

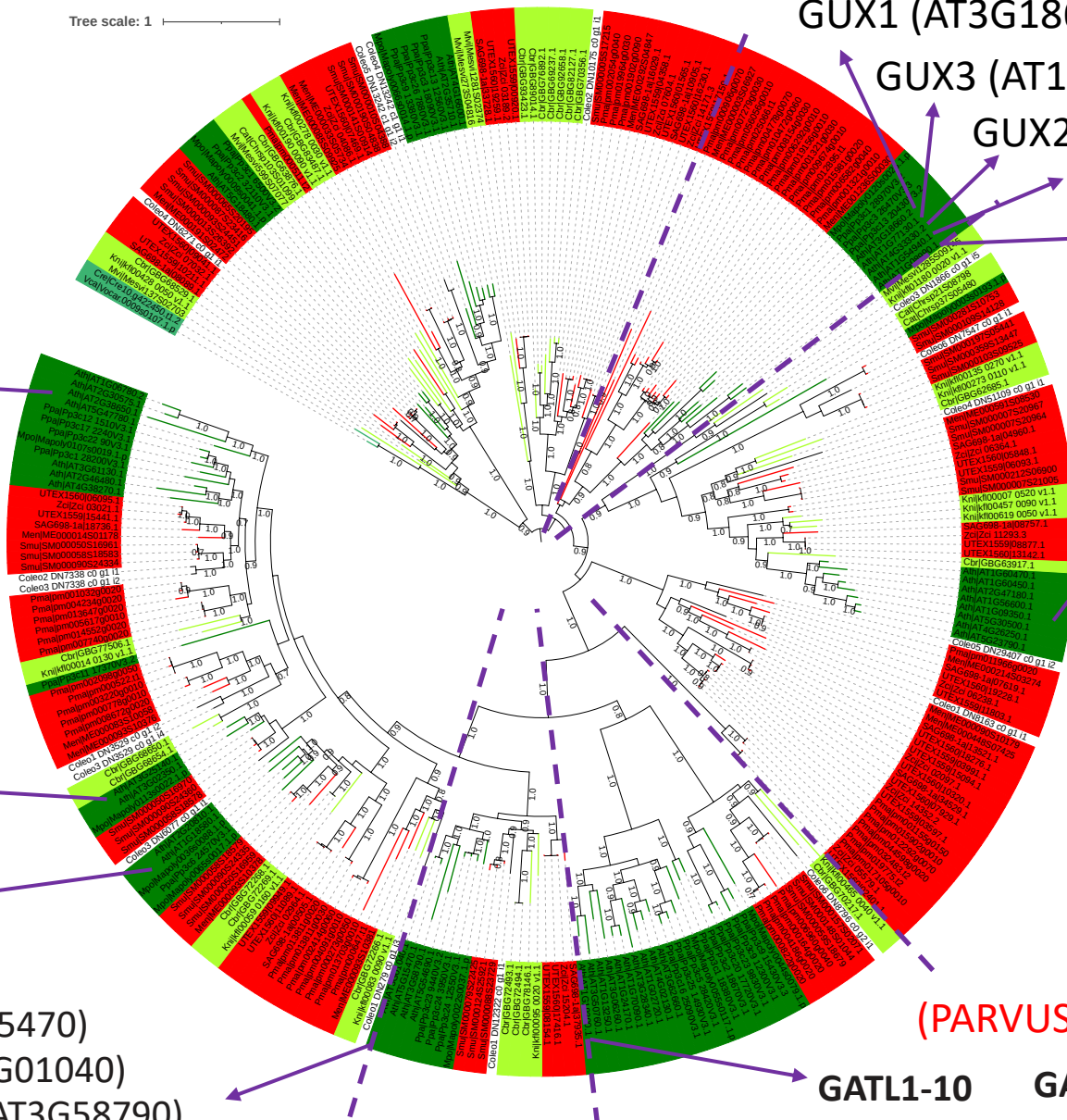
- GUX1 (AT3G18660)
- GUX3 (AT1G77130)
- GUX2 (AT4G33330)
- GUX4 (AT1G54940)
- GUX5 (AT1G08990)

Rennie EA, Hansen SF, Baidoo EEK, Hadi MZ, Keasling JD, Scheller HV. 2012. Three members of the Arabidopsis glycosyltransferase family 8 are xylan glucuronosyltransferases. *Plant Physiology* 159: 1408–1417.

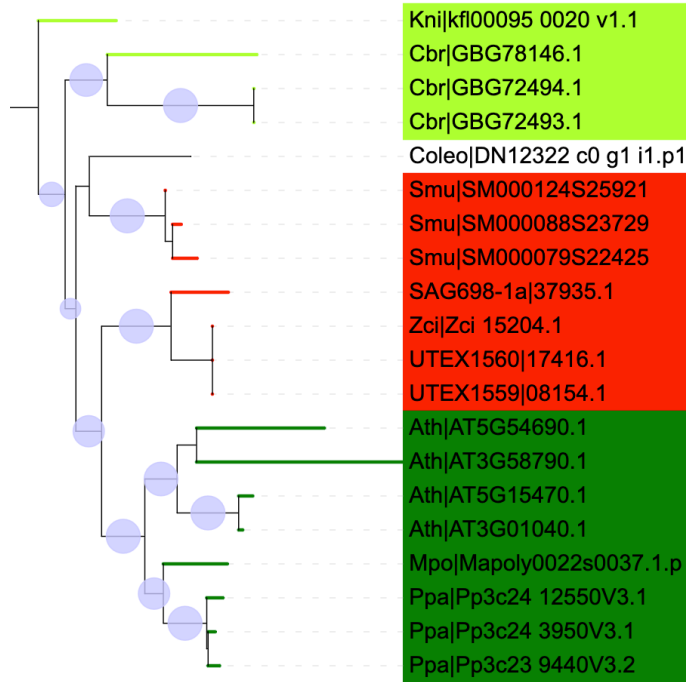
GOLS

(**PARVUS_GATL: Xylan**)

- GATL1-10
- GATL1 (AT1G19300)
- galacturonosyltransferase-like

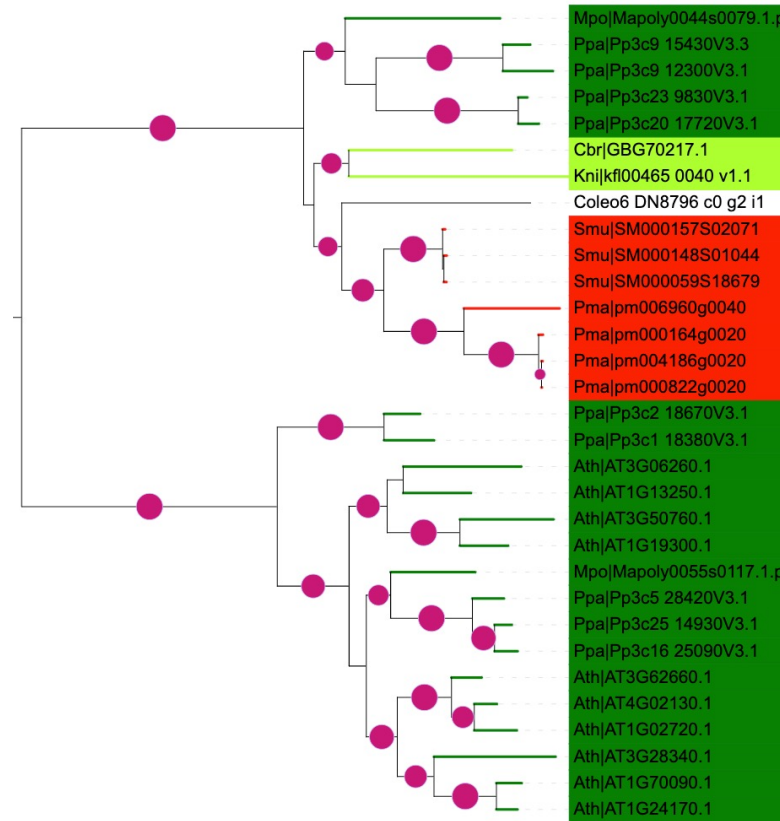


GAUT12 (AT5G54690) (IRX8: Xylan)

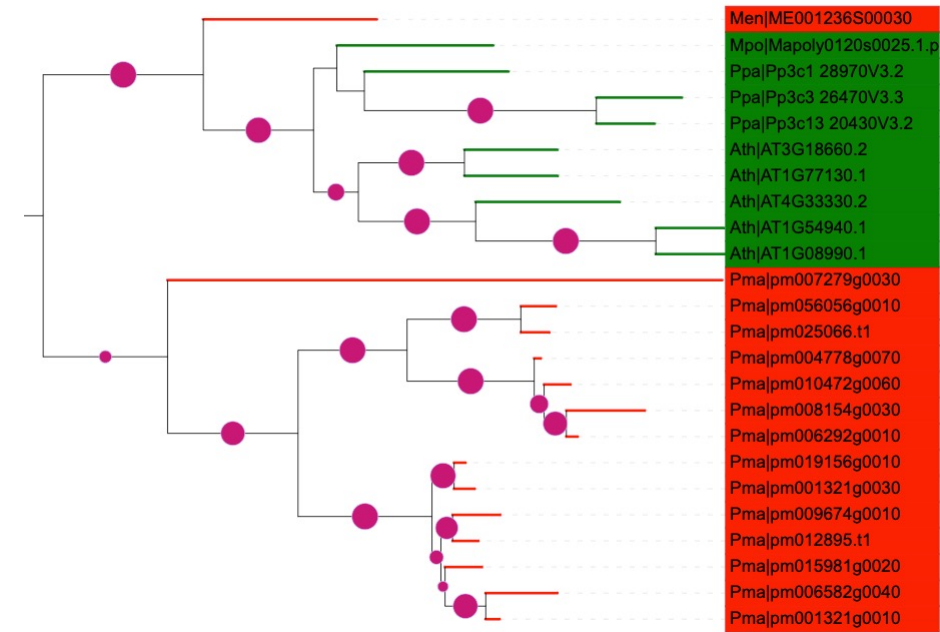


(PARVUS_GATL: Xylan)

GATL1 (AT1G19300)



GUX1 (AT3G18660)



Data S1-39b

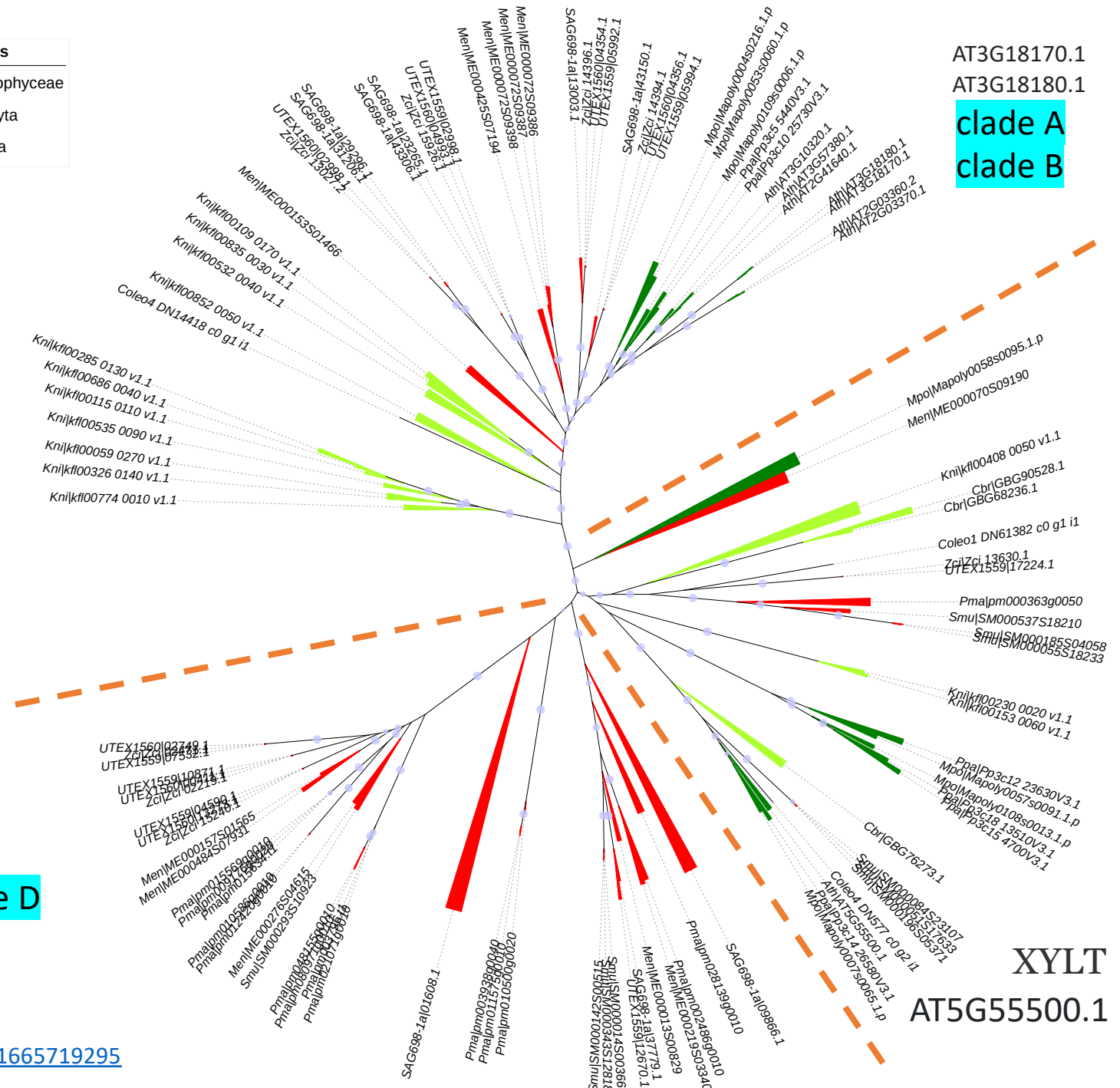
Tree scale: 1

Colored ranges

- Zygnematophyceae
- Embryophyta
- Charophyta

bootstrap

- 0.7
- 0.77
- 0.85
- 0.93
- 1



AT3G18170.1
AT3G18180.1
clade A
clade B

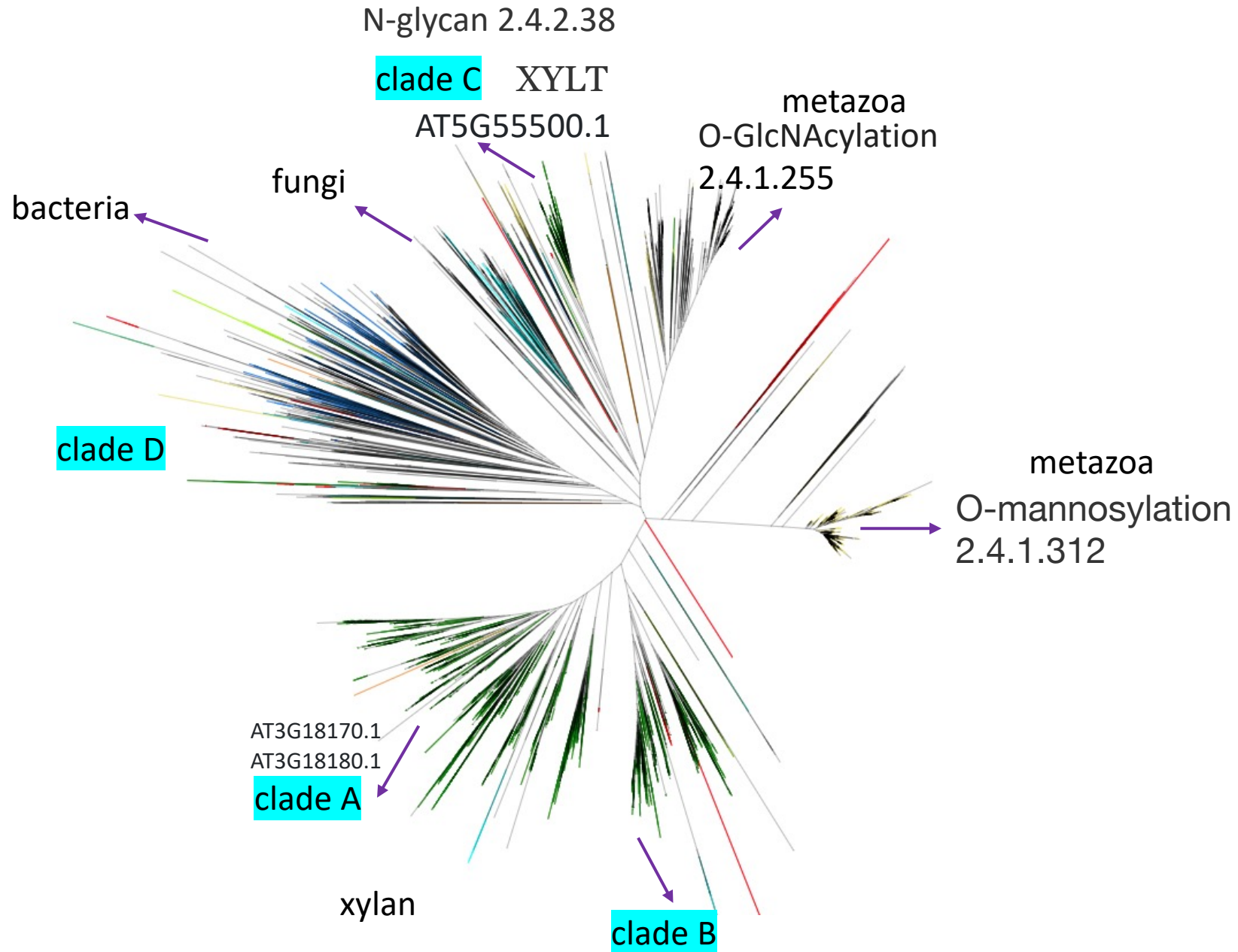
xylan

clade D

N-glycan

XYLT
AT5G55500.1

clade C

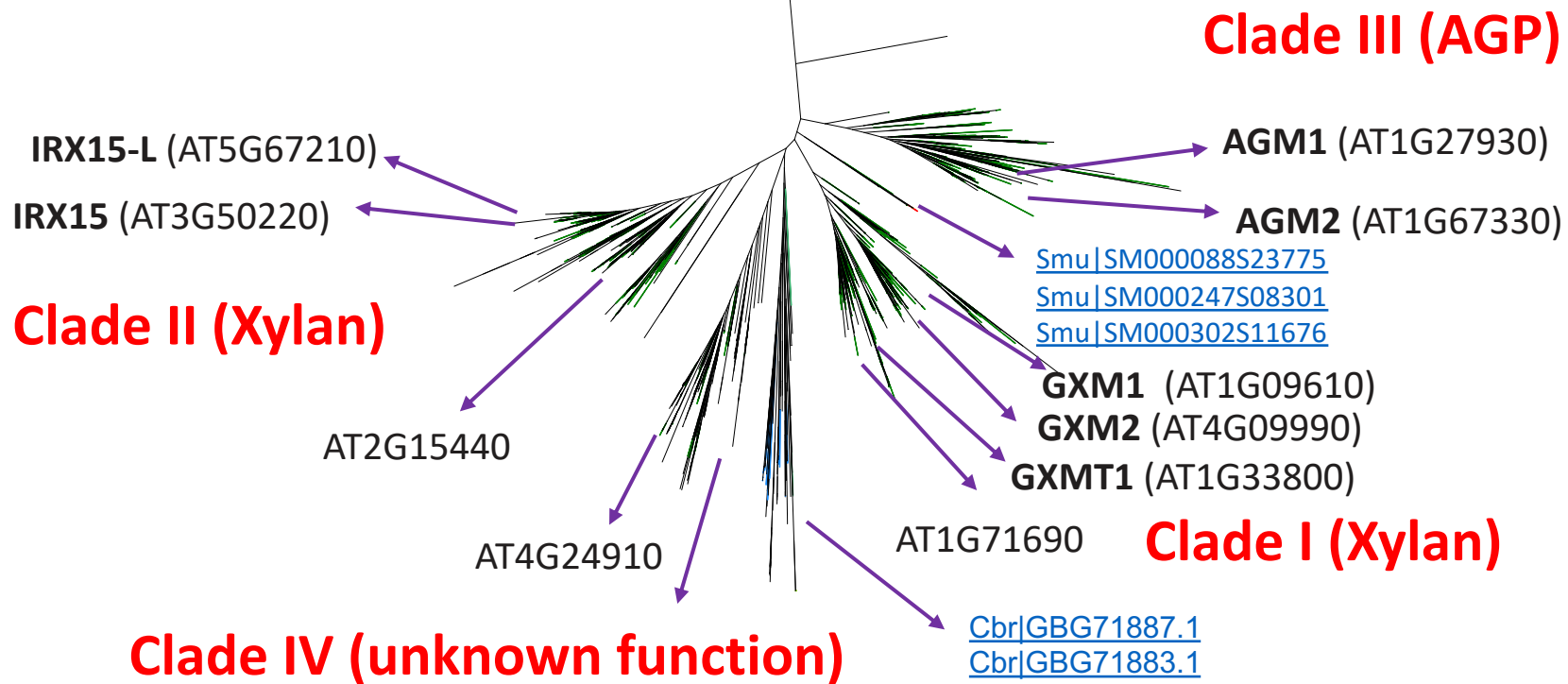


Tree scale: 1

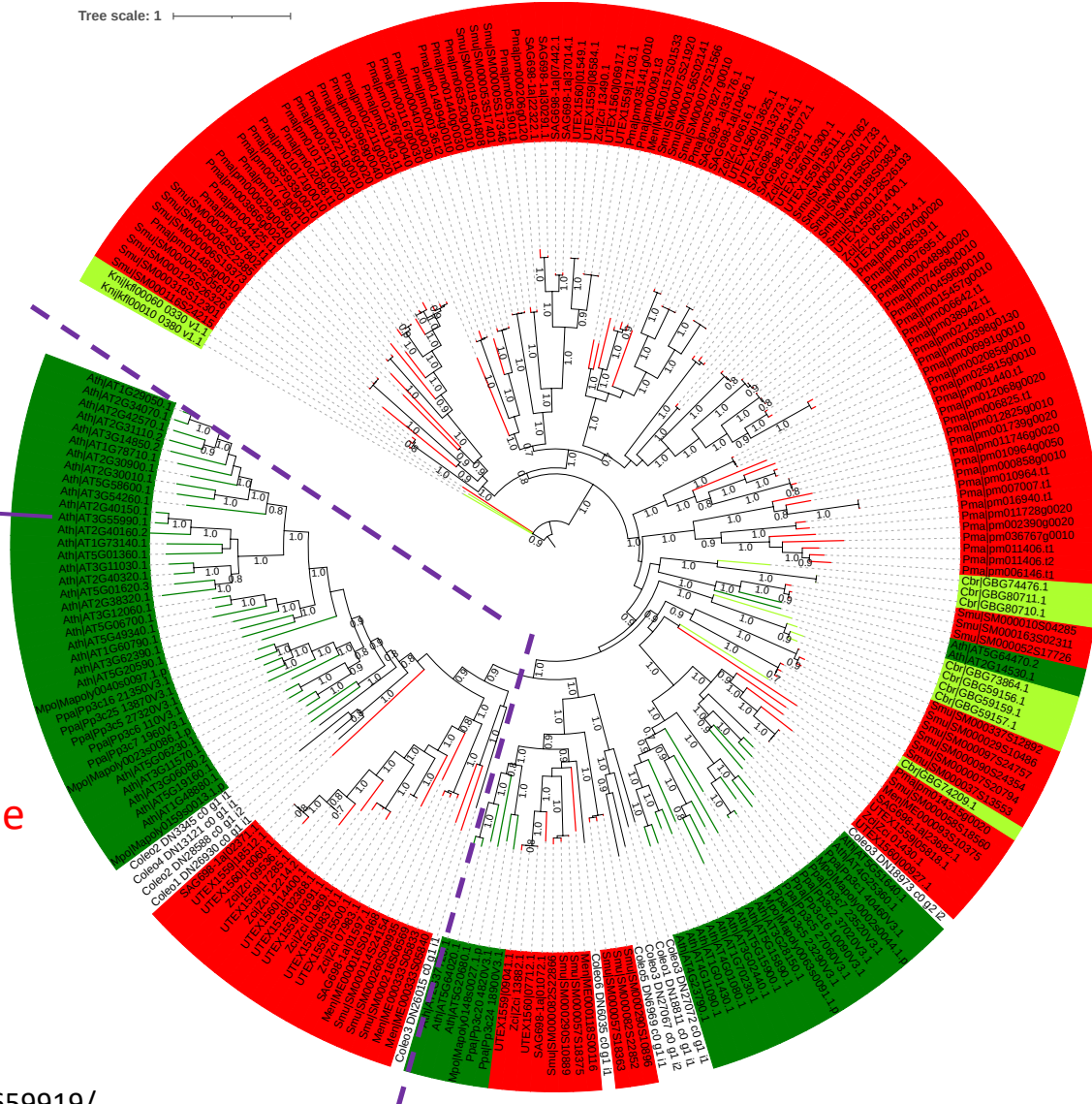
GXMT1 + nr

DUF579
PF04669

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812770255334321666122408>



Tree scale: 1



ESK1 (AT3G55990) ←

LCA of Zygnematophyceae and land plants likely already contained Xylan O-acetyltransferases

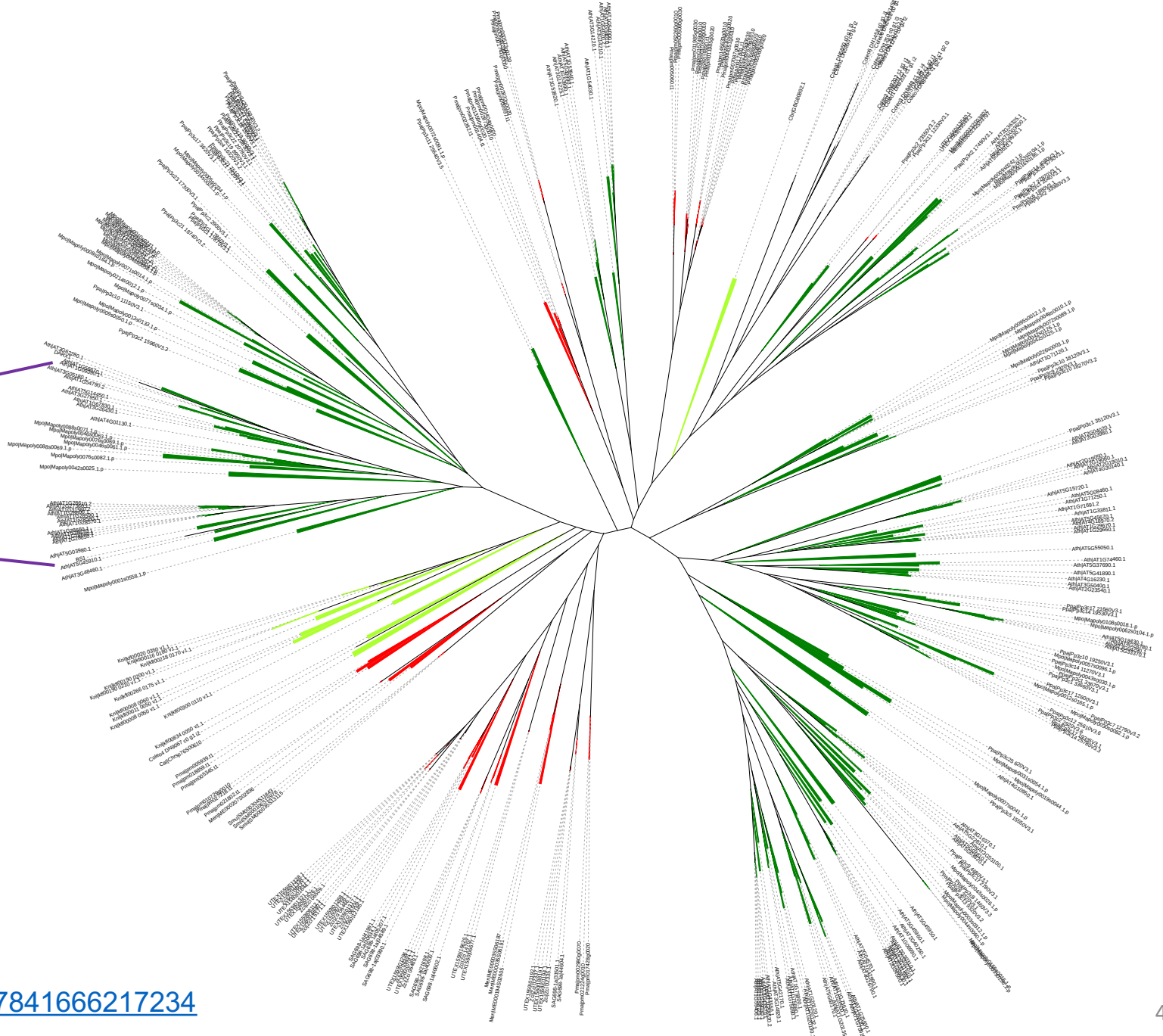
References

- <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23659919/>
- <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25141999/>

BS1 + DARX1

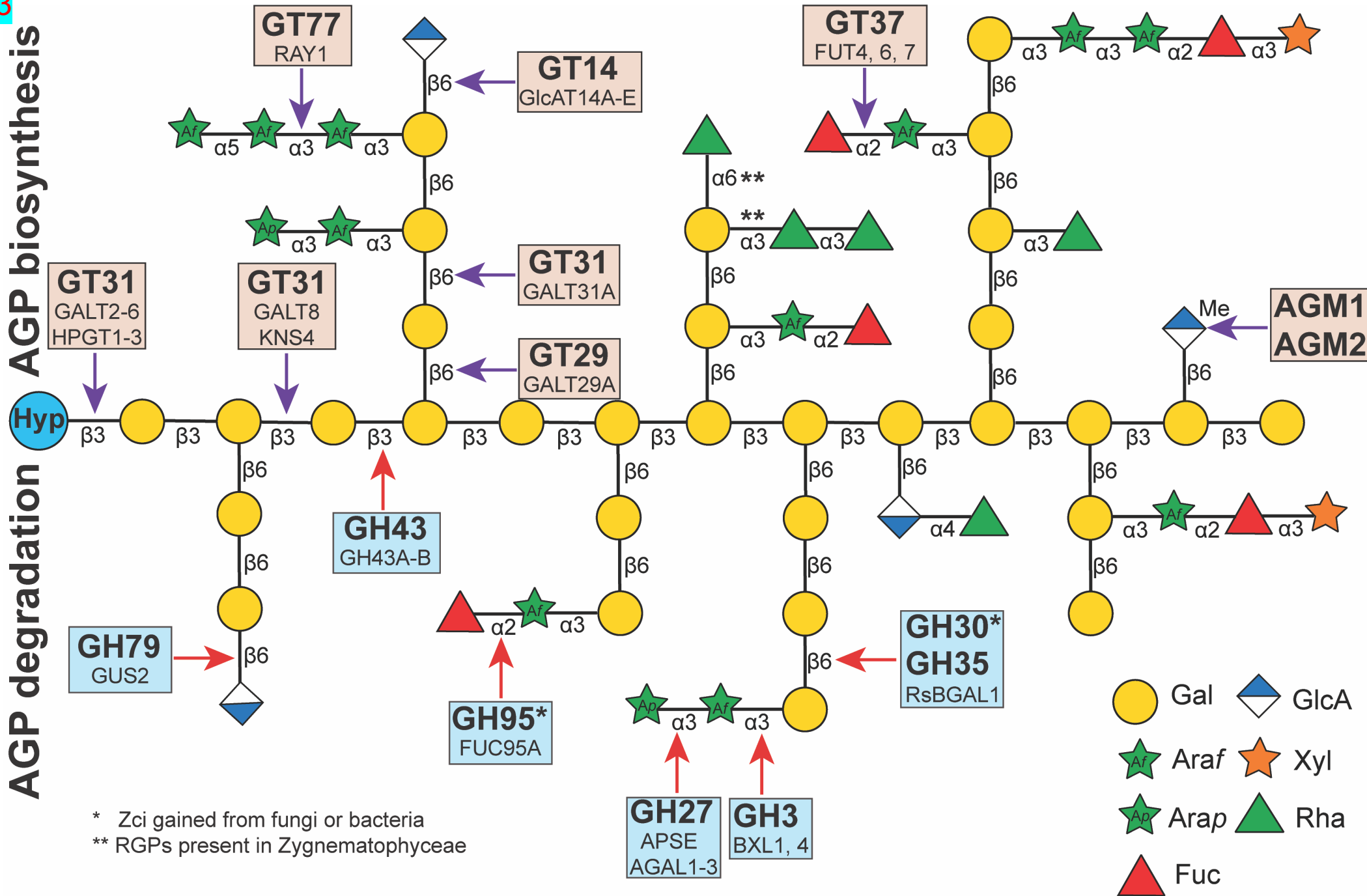
DARX1 (AT1G09390)

BS1 (AT5G45910)



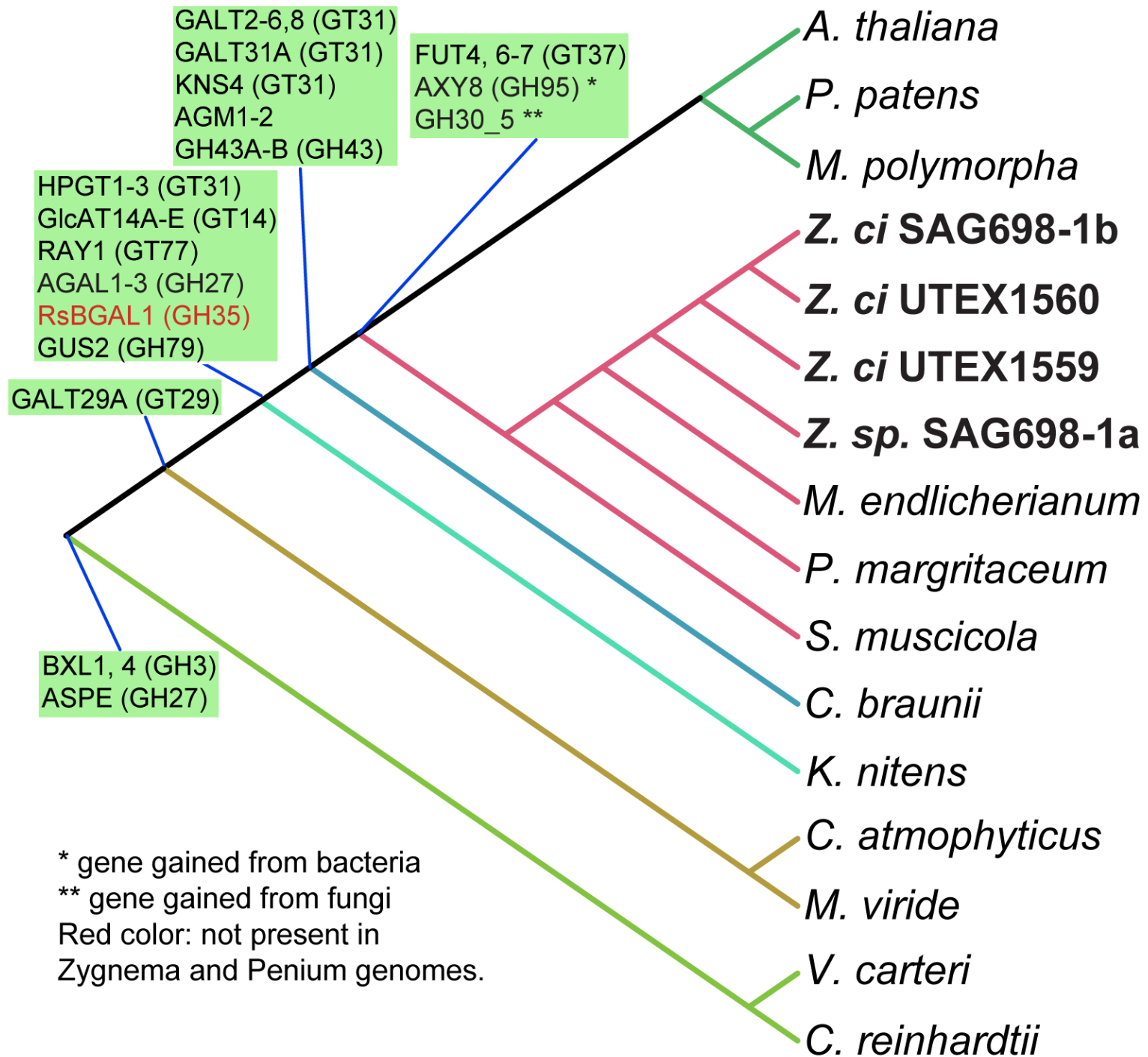
AGP biosynthesis

AGP degradation



* Zci gained from fungi or bacteria
 ** RGP's present in Zygnematophyceae

AGP



* gene gained from bacteria
 ** gene gained from fungi
 Red color: not present in Zygnema and Penium genomes.

Data S1-44

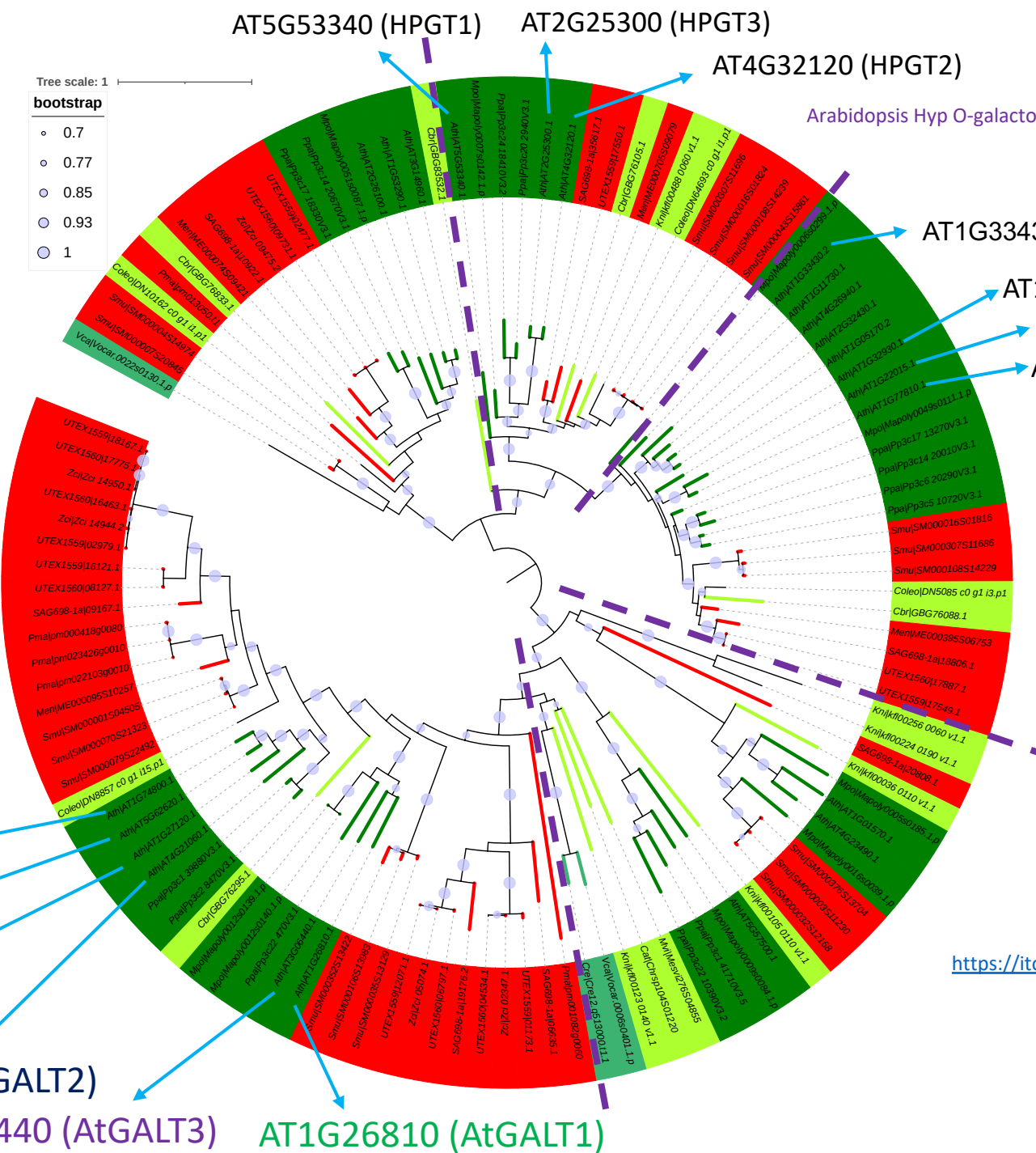
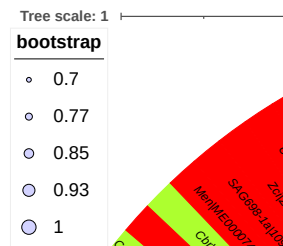
GT31

Basu, D., Liang, Y., Liu, X., Himmeldirk, K., Faik, A., Kieliszewski, M., et al. (2013). Functional identification of a hydroxyproline-o-galactosyltransferase specific for arabinogalactan protein biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. J. Biol. Chem. 288, 10132–10143. doi: 10.1074/jbc.M112.432609

Basu D, Wang W, Ma S, DeBrosse T, Poirier E, Emch K, Soukup E, Tian L, Showalter AM. Two Hydroxyproline Galactosyltransferases, GALT5 and GALT2, Function in Arabinogalactan-Protein Glycosylation, Growth and Development in Arabidopsis. PLoS One. 2015 May 14;10(5):e0125624. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0125624.

Basu D, Tian L, Wang W, Bobbs S, Herock H, Travers A, Showalter AM. A small multigene hydroxyproline-O-galactosyltransferase family functions in arabinogalactan-protein glycosylation, growth and development in Arabidopsis. BMC Plant Biol. 2015 Dec 21;15:295. doi: 10.1186/s12870-015-0670-7.

Strasser R, Bondili JS, Vavra U, Schoberer J, Svoboda B, Glössl J, Léonard R, Stadlmann J, Altmann F, Steinkellner H, Mach L. A unique beta1,3-galactosyltransferase is indispensable for the biosynthesis of N-glycans containing Lewis a structures in Arabidopsis thaliana. Plant Cell. 2007 Jul;19(7):2278-92. doi: 10.1105/tpc.107.052985.



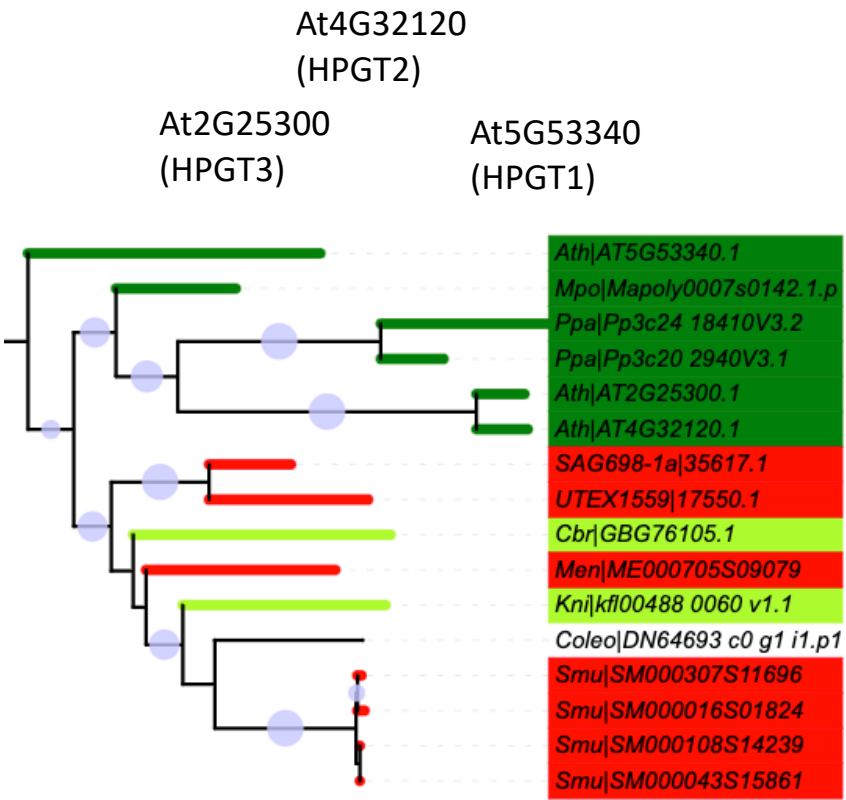
Arabidopsis Hyp O-galactosyltransferases: HPGT1, HPGT2 and HPGT3

Ogawa-Ohnishi M, Matsubayashi Y. Identification of three potent hydroxyproline O-galactosyltransferases in Arabidopsis. Plant J. 2015 Mar;81(5):736-46. doi: 10.1111/tjp.12764.

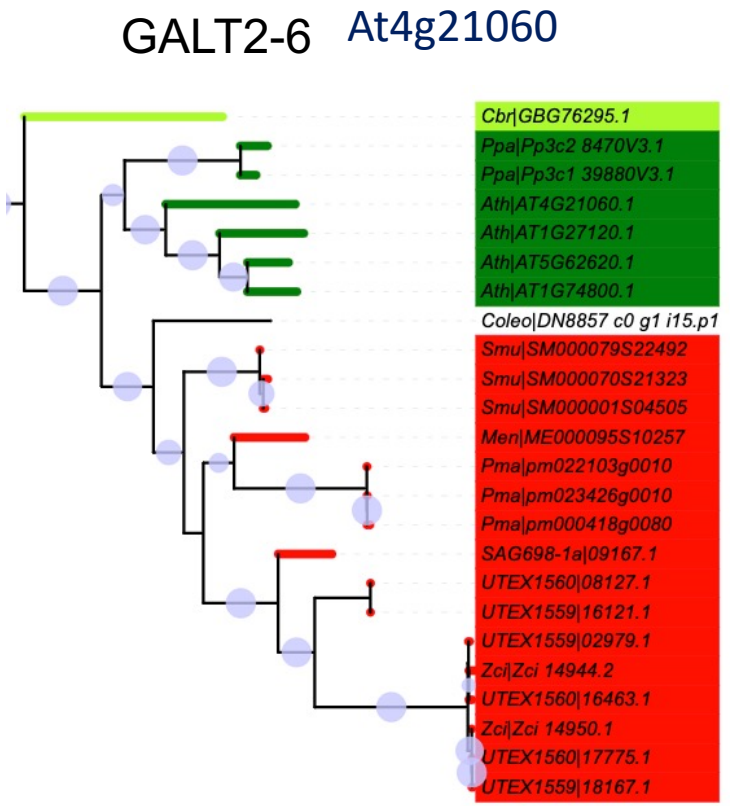
Geshi, N., Johansen, J. N., Dilokpimol, A., Rolland, A., Belcram, K., Verger, S., et al. (2013). A galactosyltransferase acting on arabinogalactan protein glycans is essential for embryo development in Arabidopsis. Plant J. 76, 128–137. doi: 10.1111/tjp.12281

Narciso JO, Zeng W, Ford K, Lampugnani ER, Humphries J, Astarheim I, van de Meene A, Bacic A, Doblin MS. Biochemical and Functional Characterization of GALT8, an Arabidopsis GT31 β-(1,3)-Galactosyltransferase That Influences Seedling Development. Front Plant Sci. 2021 May 25;12:678564. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.678564.

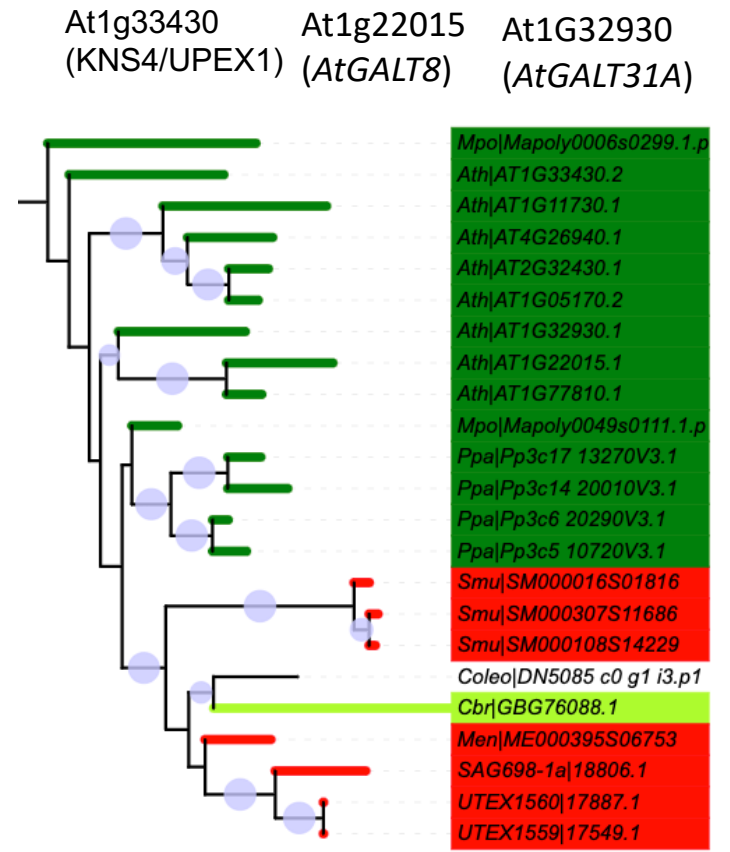
<https://itol.embl.de/tree/208127240222157721668394053>



β -1,3-galactan (backbone) initiate



β -1,3-galactan initiate



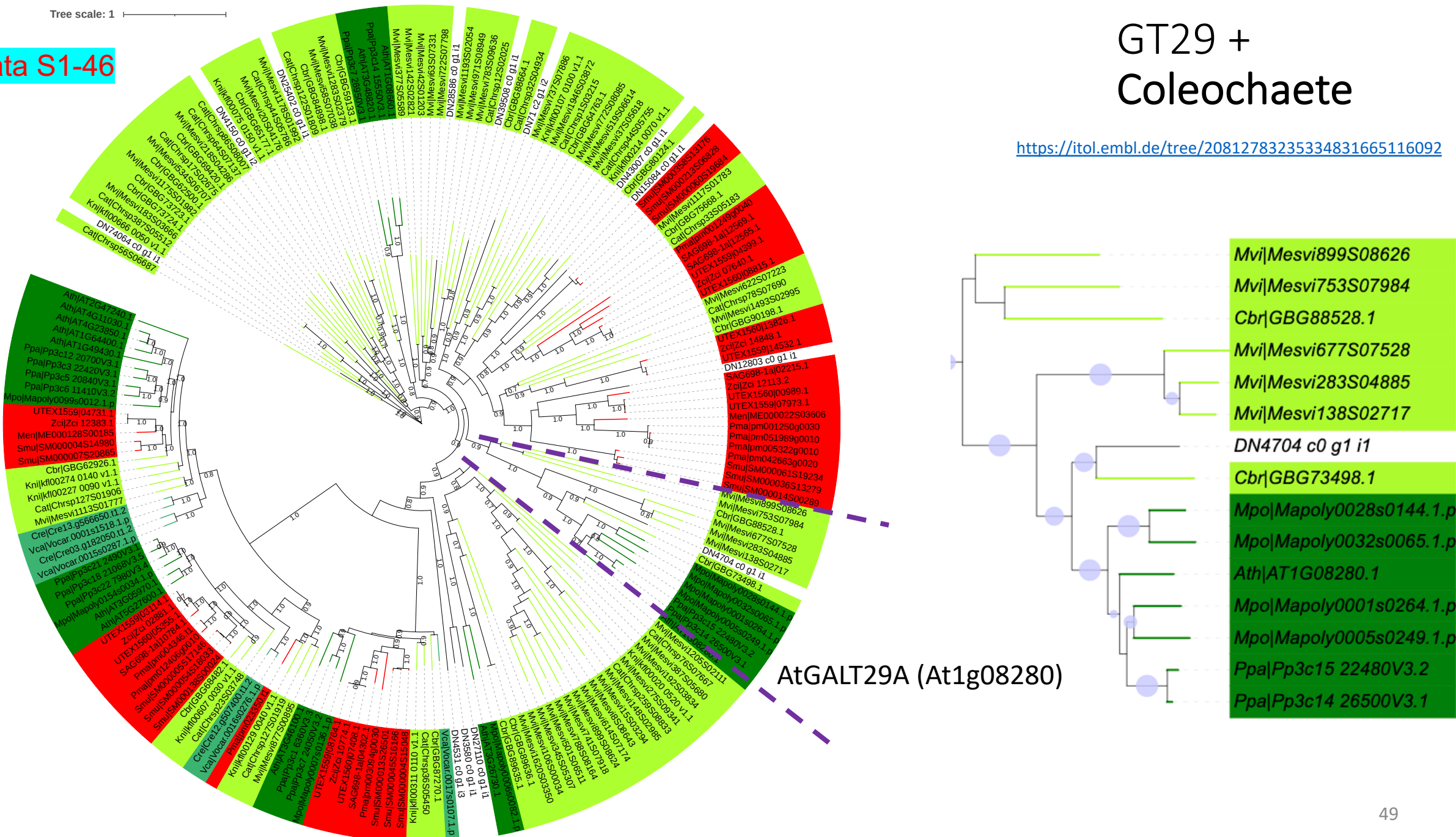
β -1,3-galactan
 β -1,6-galactan (sidechain) elongate

Tree scale: 1

GT29 + Coleochaete

Data S1-46

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812783235334831665116092>



- Mvi|Mesvi899S08626*
- Mvi|Mesvi753S07984*
- Cbr|GBG88528.1*
- Mvi|Mesvi677S07528*
- Mvi|Mesvi283S04885*
- Mvi|Mesvi138S02717*
- DN4704 c0 g1 i1*
- Cbr|GBG73498.1*
- Mpo|Mapoly0028s0144.1.p*
- Mpo|Mapoly0032s0065.1.p*
- Ath|AT1G08280.1*
- Mpo|Mapoly0001s0264.1.p*
- Mpo|Mapoly0005s0249.1.p*
- Ppa|Pp3c15 22480V3.2*
- Ppa|Pp3c14 26500V3.1*

Tree scale: 1

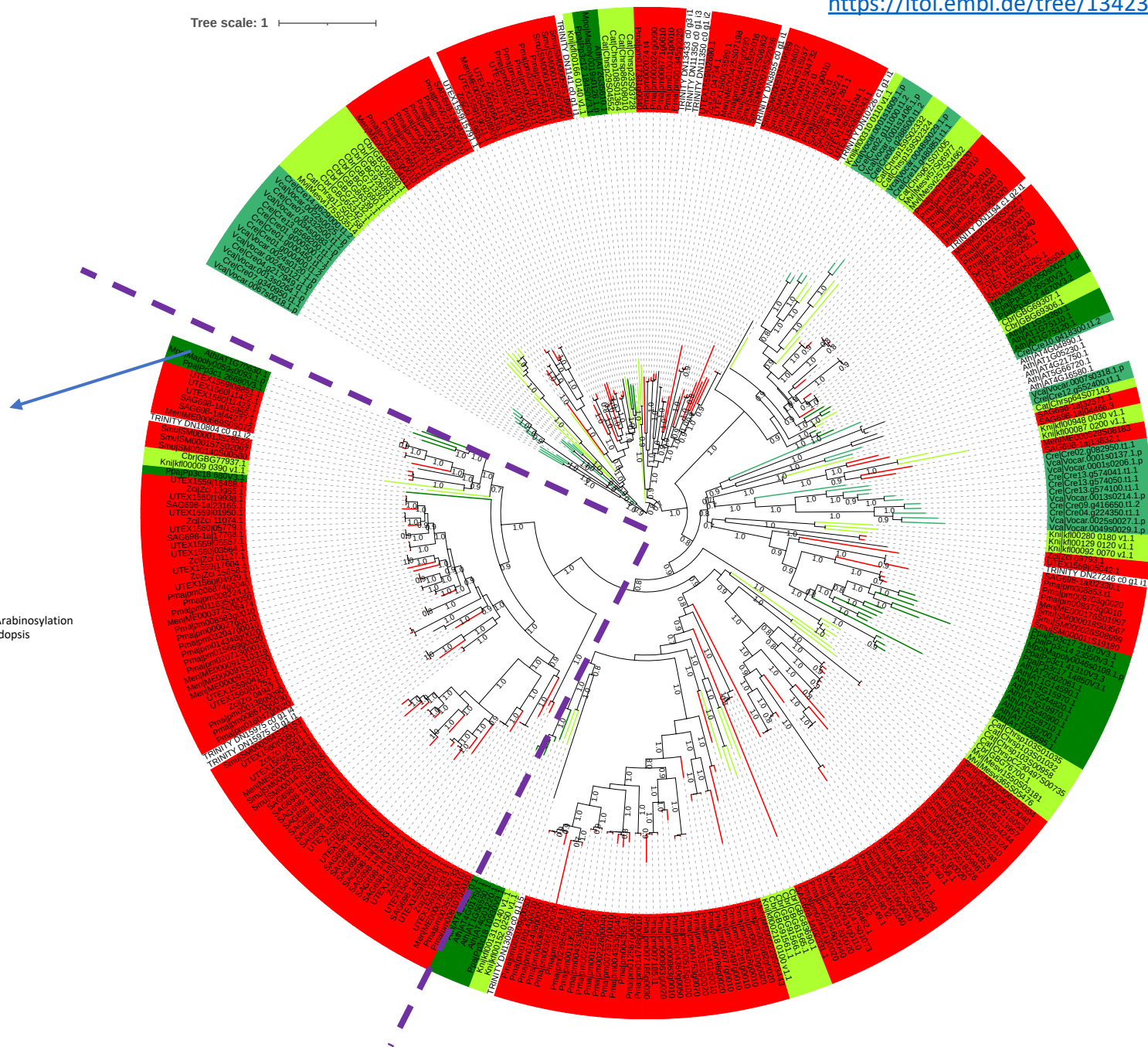
AGP

At1g70630
(REDUCED
ARABINOSE
YARIV1, RAY1)

a putative arabinofuranosyltransferase

Gille, S., Sharma, V., Baidoo, E. E. K., Keasling, J. D., Scheller, H. V., and Pauly, M. (2013). Arabinosylation of a yariv-precipitable cell wall polymer impacts plant growth as exemplified by the arabidopsis glycosyltransferase mutant ray1. *Mol. Plant* 6, 1369–1372. doi: 10.1093/mp/sst029

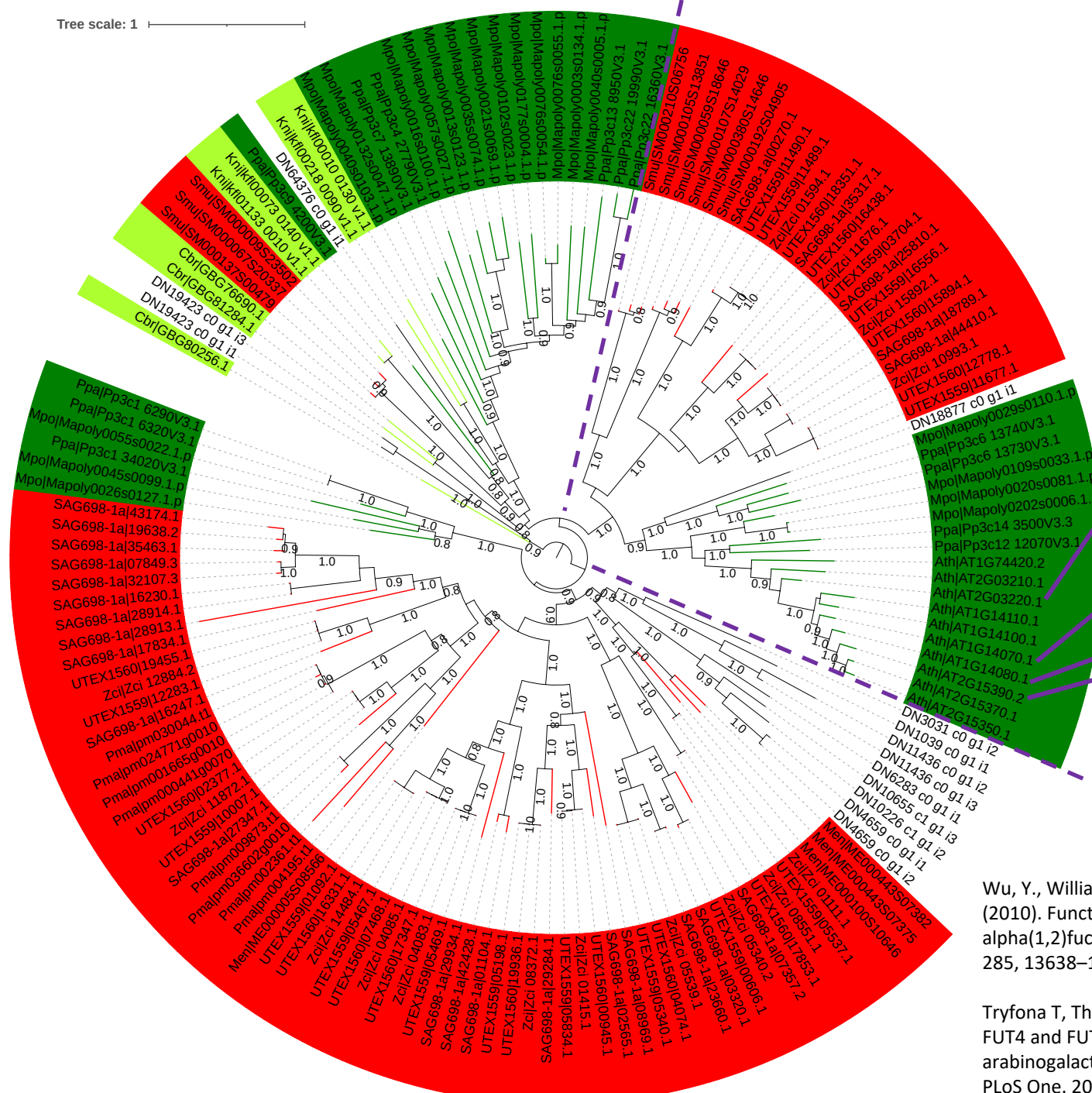
GT77 +
Coleochaete



Data S1-49

GT37

Tree scale: 1



Vanzin GF, Madson M, Carpita NC, Raikhel NV, Keegstra K, Reiter WD. The mur2 mutant of *Arabidopsis thaliana* lacks fucosylated xyloglucan because of a lesion in fucosyltransferase AtFUT1. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 2002 Mar 5;99(5):3340-5. doi: 10.1073/pnas.052450699.

AtFUT1 (*At2g03220*)

AtFUT7 (*At1g14070*)

AtFUT6 (*At1g14080*)

AtFUT4 (*At2g15390*)

Two AtGT37 are α -1,2-fucosyltransferases
Link to biosynthesis of AGP glycans

Wu, Y., Williams, M., Bernard, S., Driouch, A., Showalter, A. M., and Faik, A. (2010). Functional identification of two nonredundant *Arabidopsis* alpha(1,2)fucosyltransferases specific to arabinogalactan proteins. *J. Biol. Chem.* 285, 13638–13645. doi: 10.1074/jbc.M110.102715

Tryfona T, Theys TE, Wagner T, Stott K, Keegstra K, Dupree P. Characterisation of FUT4 and FUT6 α -(1 \rightarrow 2)-fucosyltransferases reveals that absence of root arabinogalactan fucosylation increases *Arabidopsis* root growth salt sensitivity. *PLoS One*. 2014 Mar 25;9(3):e93291. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0093291.

Data S1-50

hmmsearch
PF04669

Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT1G09610.1	282	3.8e-70	1	190	79	263	0.994736842105263	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT1G27930.1	289	1.8e-74	1	190	83	270	0.994736842105263	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT1G33800.1	297	1.5e-71	2	190	93	275	0.989473684210526	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT1G67330.1	291	2.5e-75	1	190	86	274	0.994736842105263	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT1G71690.1	295	2.4e-77	2	190	92	278	0.989473684210526	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT2G15440.1	329	3e-71	2	190	99	287	0.989473684210526	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT3G50220.1	322	8.9e-74	2	189	109	296	0.984210526315789	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT4G09990.1	290	7.5e-70	2	190	85	268	0.989473684210526	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT4G24910.1	315	7.2e-65	2	190	105	295	0.989473684210526	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Ath AT5G67210.1	317	1.2e-73	2	189	102	289	0.984210526315789	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Cbr GBG71883.1	344	2.2e-16	17	176	165	316	0.836842105263158	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Cbr GBG71887.1	339	9.2e-14	17	175	152	302	0.831578947368421	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Smu SM000088S23775	194	8.5e-21	2	106	84	193	0.547368421052632	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Smu SM000247S08301	194	5.5e-21	2	106	84	193	0.547368421052632	
Polysacc_synt_4	190	Smu SM000302S11676	194	3.4e-21	2	106	84	193	0.547368421052632	

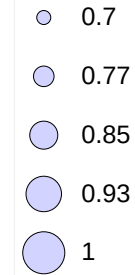
AGM1 & AGM2

Ath AT2G15440.1	AGM2	36.604	265	150	8	51	303	33	291	5.73e-55	169
Ath AT2G15440.1	AGM1	38.034	234	133	7	76	303	62	289	1.30e-54	168
Ath AT1G67330.1	AGM2	100.000	291	0	0	1	291	1	291	0.0	611
Ath AT1G67330.1	AGM1	68.905	283	81	5	15	291	8	289	2.32e-142	390
Ath AT1G71690.1	AGM1	51.174	213	102	2	70	281	62	273	2.63e-80	233
Ath AT1G71690.1	AGM2	45.385	260	136	5	38	294	35	291	1.42e-78	229
Ath AT1G33800.1	AGM2	49.784	231	107	4	67	289	62	291	9.91e-81	234
Ath AT1G33800.1	AGM1	52.511	219	99	4	70	284	62	279	5.86e-78	227
Ath AT1G09610.1	AGM2	51.786	224	103	5	62	281	69	291	7.58e-81	234
Ath AT1G09610.1	AGM1	52.133	211	92	3	62	266	66	273	5.14e-80	232
Ath AT4G24910.1	AGM2	29.831	295	187	5	26	307	4	291	1.80e-42	136
Ath AT4G24910.1	AGM1	35.238	210	125	5	105	307	84	289	1.04e-40	132
Ath AT3G50220.1	AGM2	34.768	302	165	12	21	310	10	291	6.03e-48	151
Ath AT3G50220.1	AGM1	37.229	231	130	7	89	310	65	289	7.55e-48	150
Ath AT1G27930.1	AGM1	100.000	289	0	0	1	289	1	289	0.0	600
Ath AT1G27930.1	AGM2	69.258	283	80	5	8	289	15	291	1.44e-145	399
Ath AT4G09990.1	AGM2	44.706	255	129	2	22	272	32	278	3.71e-79	230
Ath AT4G09990.1	AGM1	51.887	212	99	3	68	276	67	278	1.19e-75	221
Ath AT5G67210.1	AGM2	34.932	292	172	9	20	303	10	291	8.08e-52	161
Ath AT5G67210.1	AGM1	36.199	221	134	5	82	300	65	280	3.68e-48	151
Cbr GBG71883.1	AGM2	31.395	172	82	5	166	315	102	259	4.28e-23	85.1
Cbr GBG71883.1	AGM1	30.994	171	83	5	166	315	99	255	6.38e-21	79.0
Cbr GBG71887.1	AGM1	29.825	171	85	4	153	302	99	255	4.98e-21	79.0
Cbr GBG71887.1	AGM2	30.058	173	83	6	153	302	102	259	3.13e-19	73.9
Smu SM000088S23775	AGM2	38.830	188	98	5	10	193	19	193	1.07e-35	115
Smu SM000088S23775	AGM1	43.846	130	65	3	66	193	66	189	2.05e-30	101
Smu SM000247S08301	AGM2	38.830	188	98	5	10	193	19	193	1.61e-35	114
Smu SM000247S08301	AGM1	42.308	130	67	3	66	193	66	189	3.04e-29	98.2
Smu SM000302S11676	AGM2	38.298	188	99	5	10	193	19	193	6.69e-35	112
Smu SM000302S11676	AGM1	43.077	130	66	3	66	193	66	189	1.43e-29	99.0

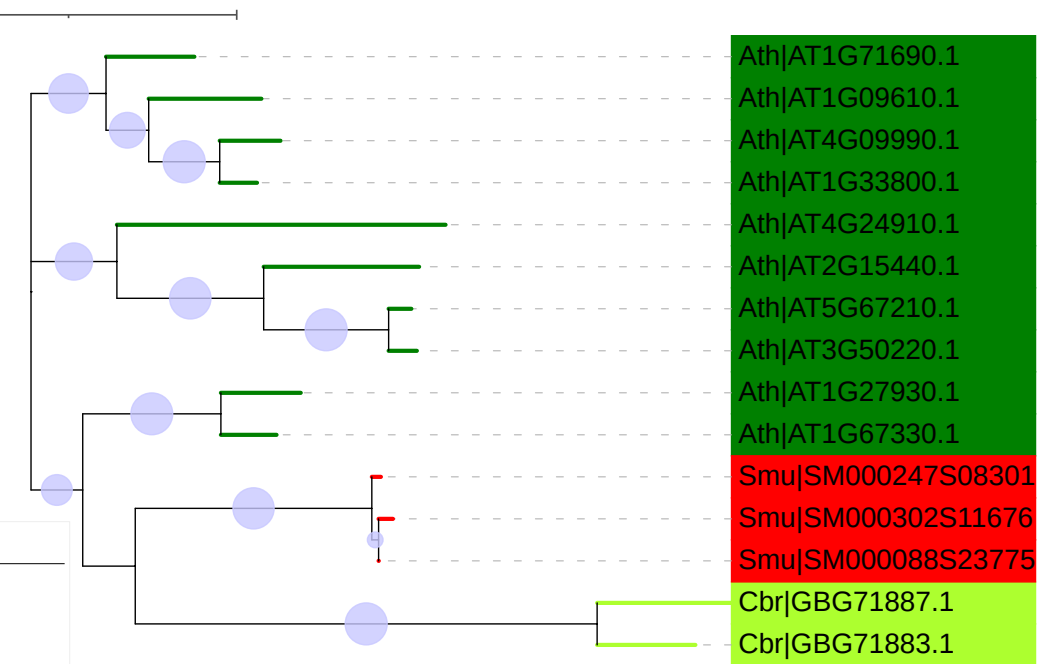
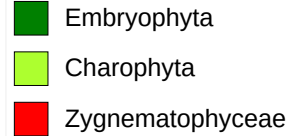
blastp

Tree scale: 1

bootstrap

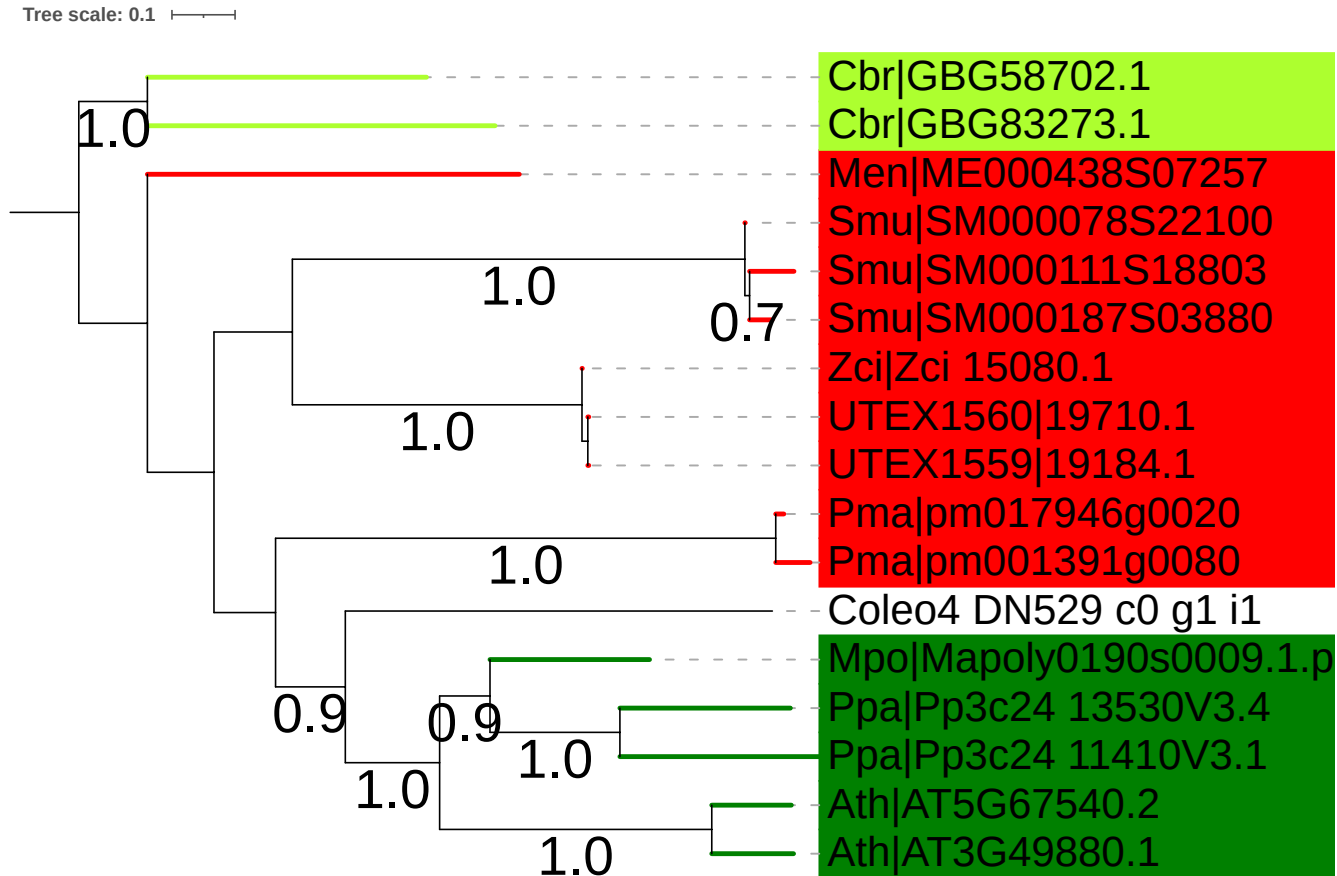


Colored ranges



<https://itol.embl.de/tree/134238191141230141690854677>

See the NR phylogeny in Data S1-40



GH43_24 + Coleochaete

GH43A (AT5G67540)

GH43B (AT3G49880)

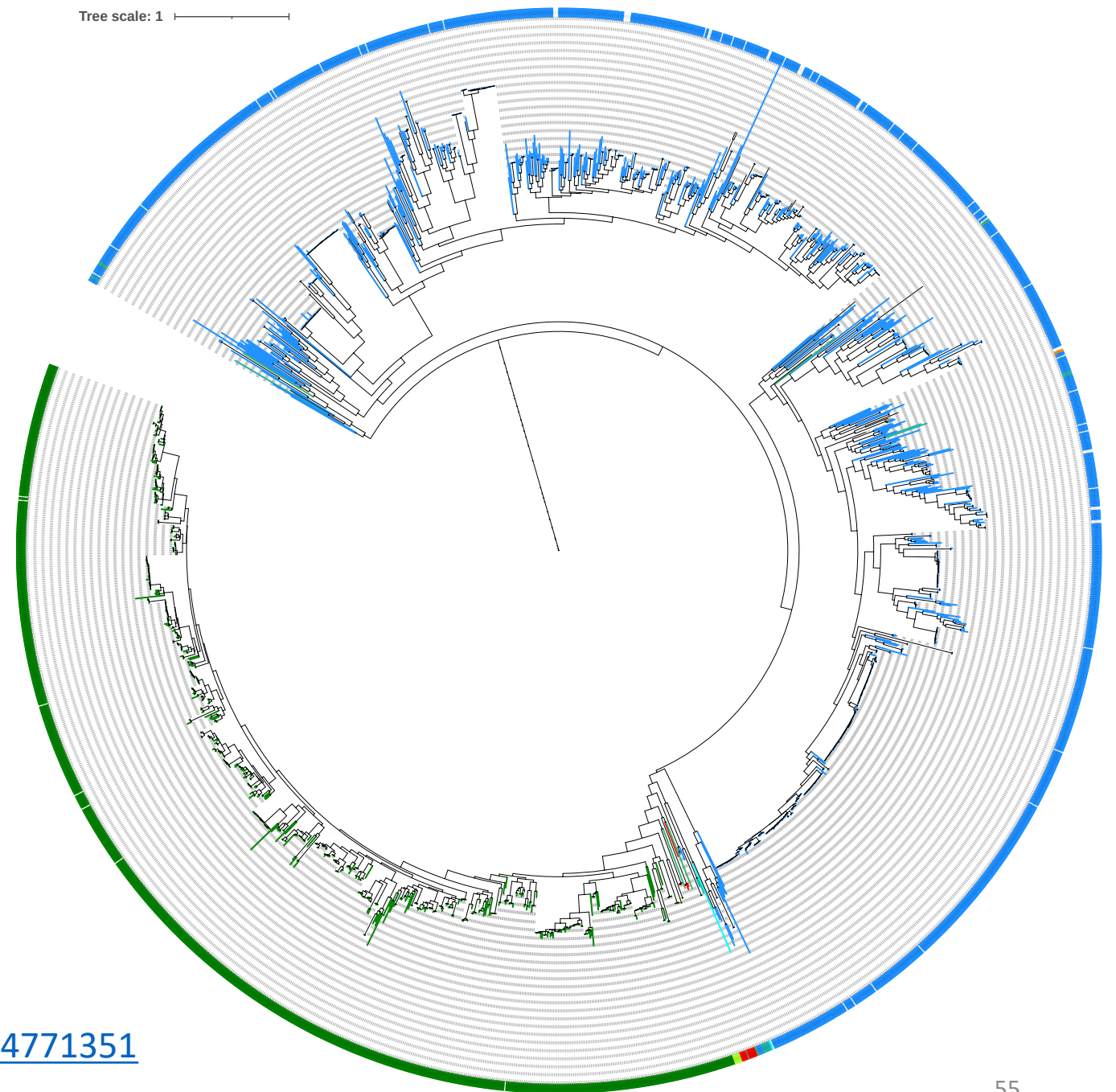
exo- β -1,3-galactosidase activity of GH43 enzymes:
hampered by β -1,6 branches on β -1,3-galactans.

Nibbering P, Petersen BL, Motawia MS, Jørgensen B, Ulvskov P, Niittyä T. Golgi-localized exo- β 1,3-galactosidases involved in cell expansion and root growth in Arabidopsis. J Biol Chem. 2020 Jul 31;295(31):10581-10592. doi: 10.1074/jbc.RA120.013878.

GH43_24 nr

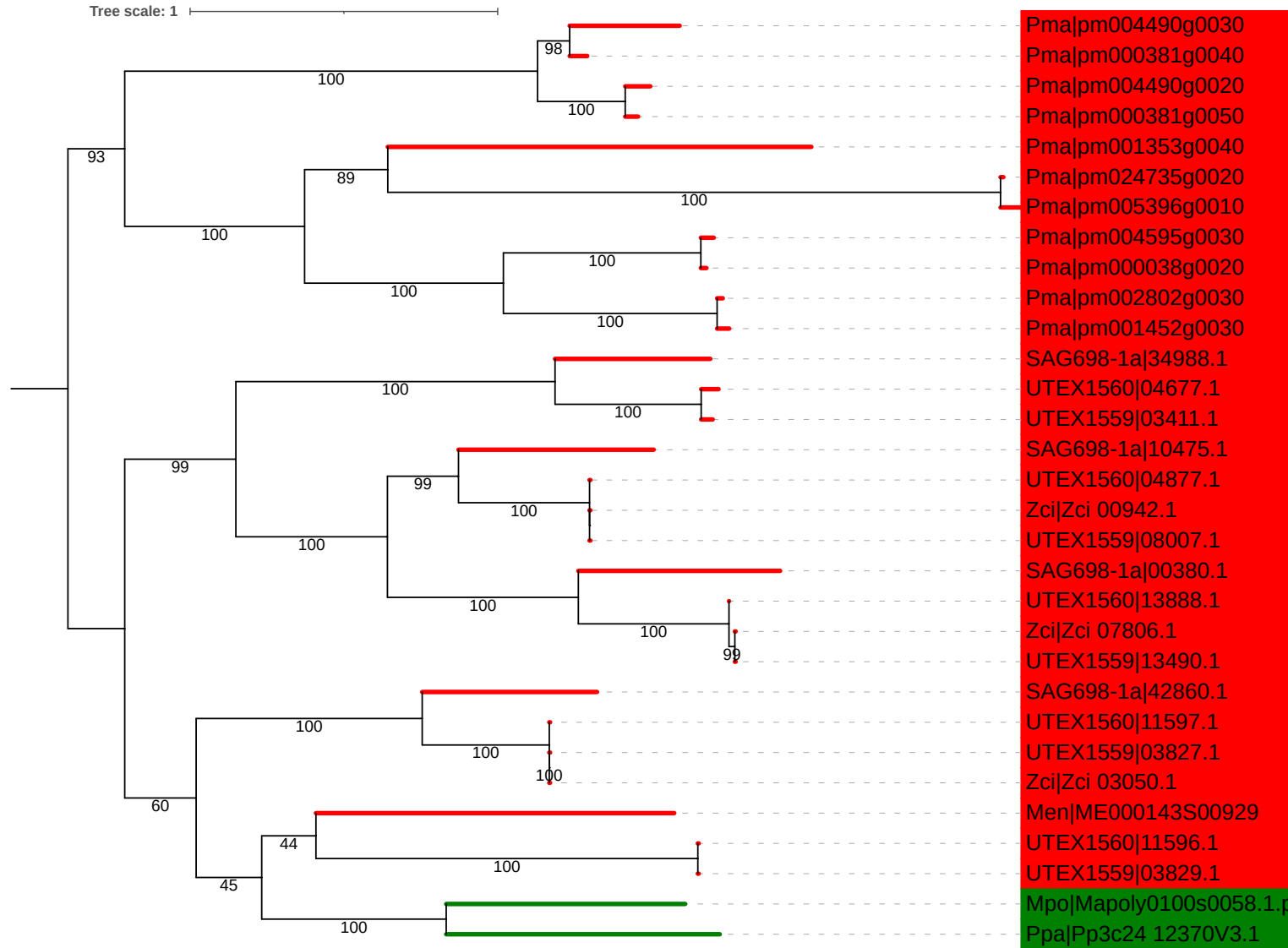
Arabidopsis GH43_24:
involved in AGP backbone
degradation

**GH43_24: exo-b-1,3-galactanase (EC
3.2.1.145),** might be HGT from
bacteria.



<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812770255164771664771351>

GH30_5



endo-b-1,6-galactanase (EC 3.2.1.164); galactan exo-1,6-b-galactobiohydrolase (non-reducing end) (EC 3.2.1.213)

No Coleochaete

Data S1-54

GH30_5

Tree scale: 1

- Embryophyta
- Zygnematophyceae
- Fungi
- Bacteria

Zygnematophyceae

Z. circumcarinatum
M. endlicherianum
P. margaritaceum

Bacteria

Firmicutes

Glomeromycota

Gigaspora rosea

Embryophyta

M. polymorpha
P. patens

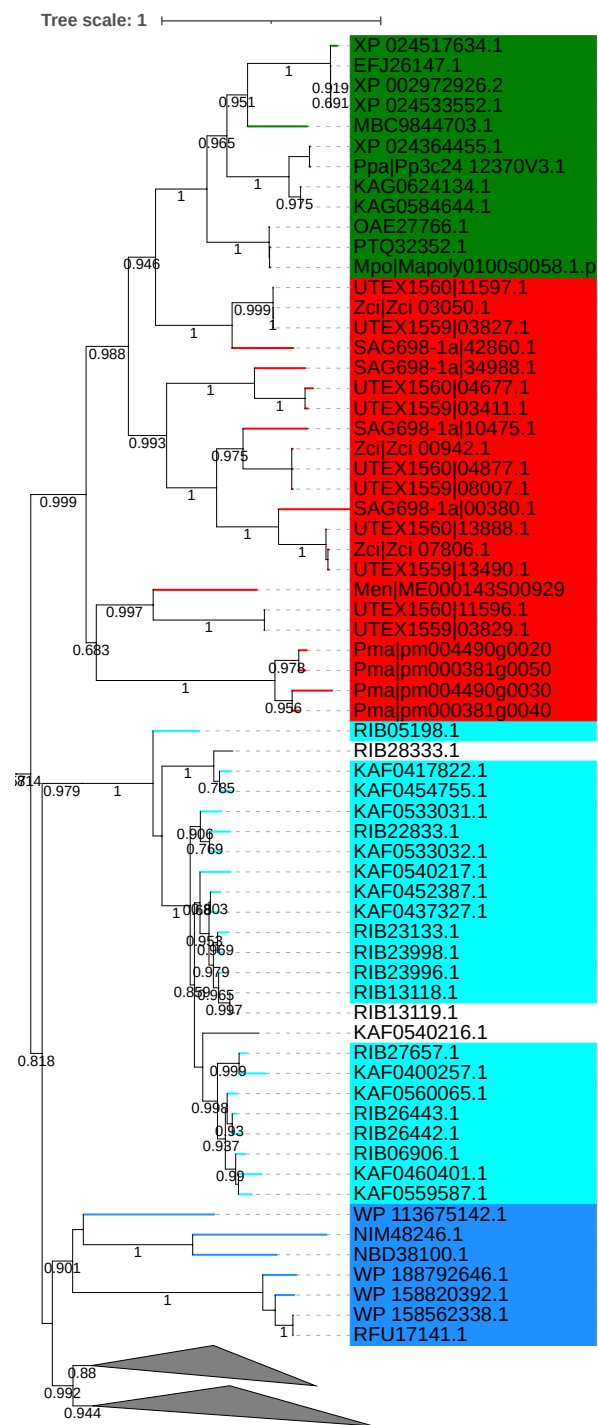
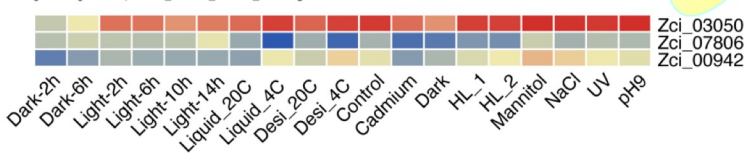
Bacteria

Fibrobacteres
 Firmicutes
 Proteobacteria

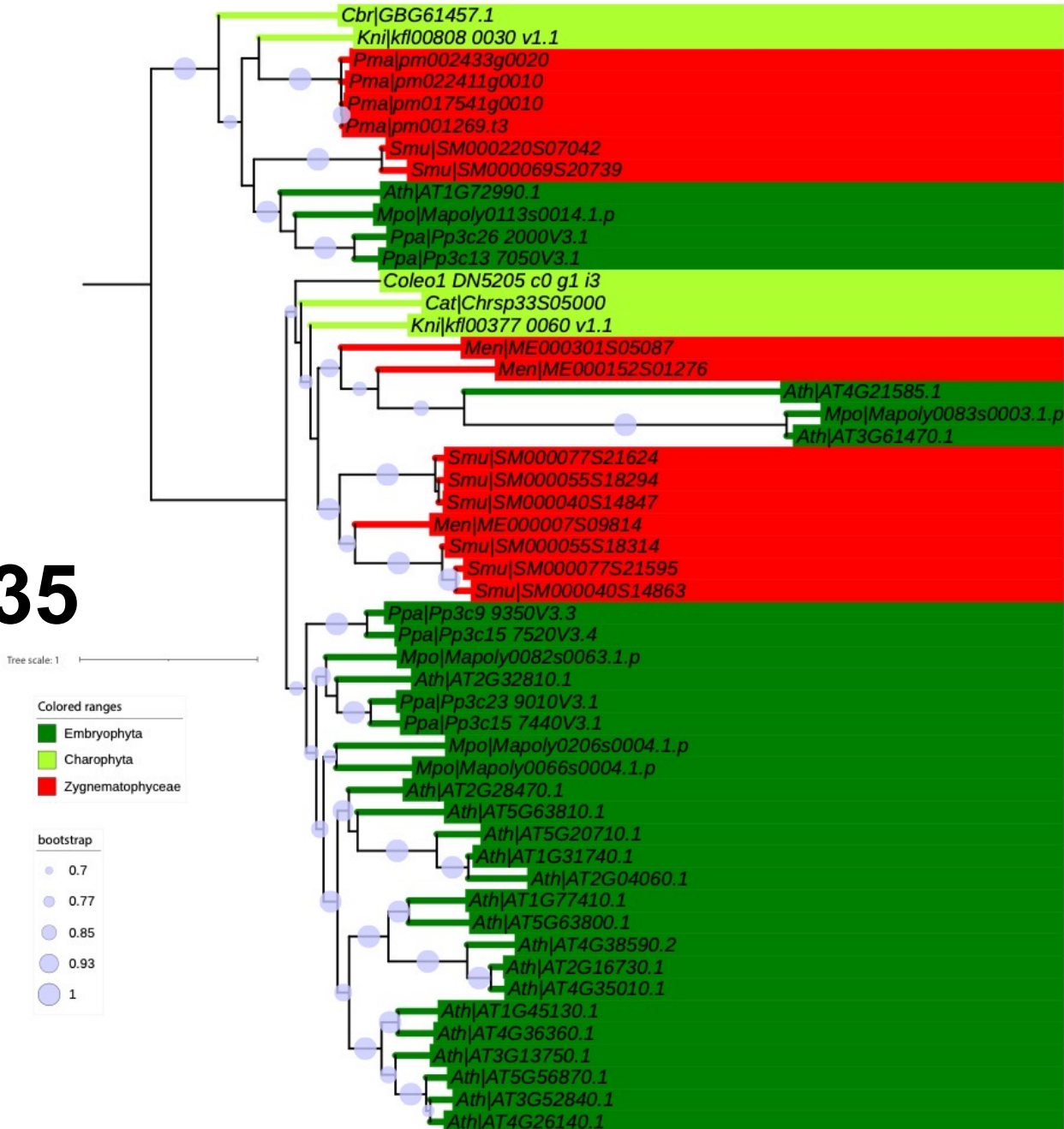
Bacteria

Bacteroidetes

Zci gene expression: log10



GH35



AT3G61470 (LHCA2): photosystem I light harvesting complex gene 2

AT4G21585 (ENDO4): Endonuclease 4

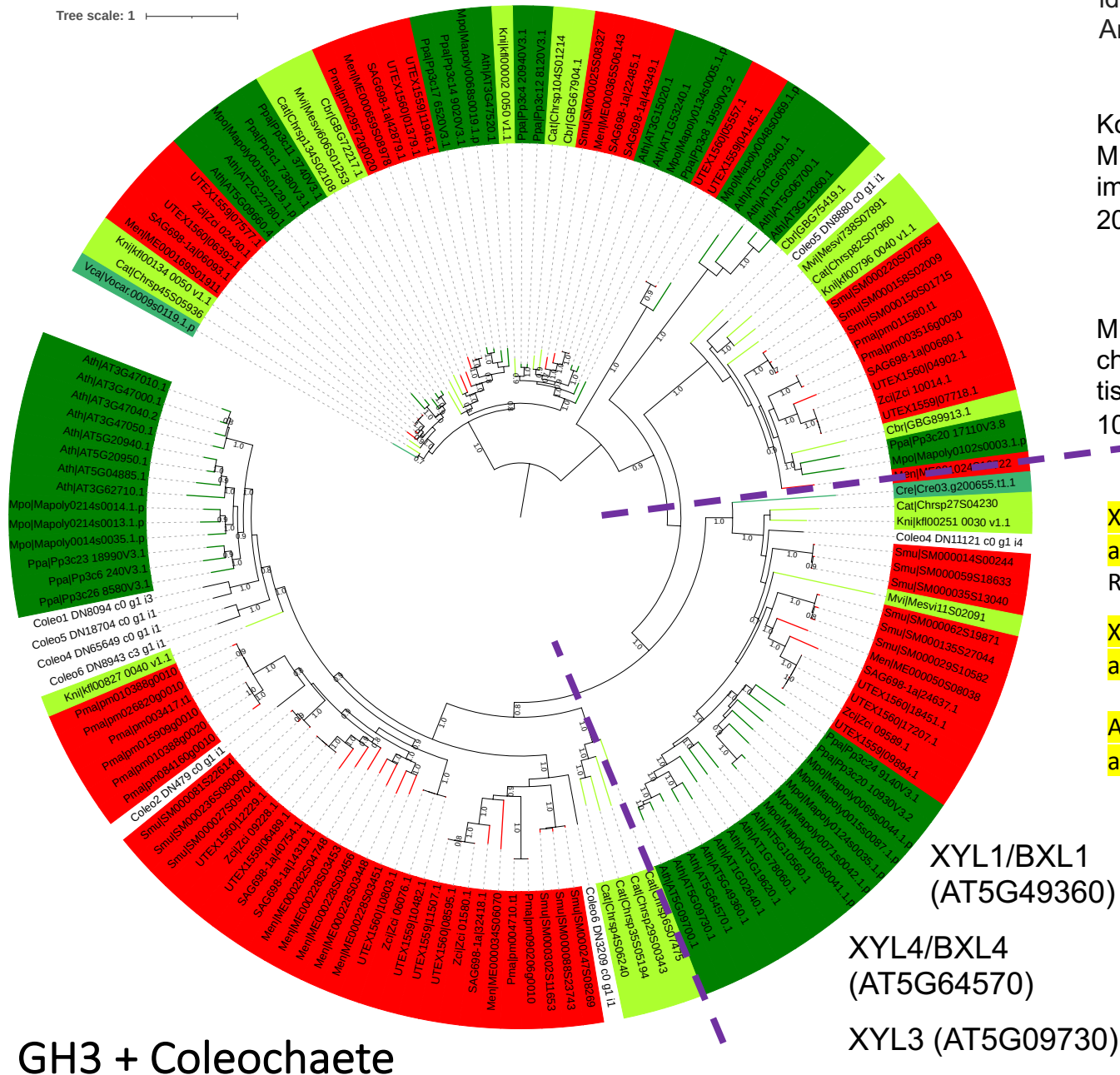
BGAL8 (AT3G28470)

BGAL10 (AT5g63810)

Kotake T, Dina S, Konishi T, Kaneko S, Igarashi K, Samejima M, Watanabe Y, Kimura K, Tsumuraya Y. Molecular cloning of a {beta}-galactosidase from radish that specifically hydrolyzes {beta}-(1->3)- and {beta}-(1->6)-galactosyl residues of **Arabinogalactan** protein. *Plant Physiol.* 2005 Jul;138(3):1563-76. doi: 10.1104/pp.105.062562.

Sampedro et al. AtBGAL10 is the main **xyloglucan** β -galactosidase in Arabidopsis, and its absence results in unusual xyloglucan subunits and growth defects. *Plant Physiol.* 2012 Mar;158(3):1146-57. doi: 10.1104/pp.111.192195.

Data S1-56



Minic et al. Purification, functional characterization, cloning, and identification of mutants of a seed-specific arabinan hydrolase in *Arabidopsis*. *J Exp Bot.* 2006;57(10):2339-51. doi: 10.1093/jxb/erj205.

Kotake T, Tsuchiya K, Aohara T, Konishi T, Kaneko S, Igarashi K, Samejima M, Tsumuraya Y. An alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase/beta-D-xylosidase from immature seeds of radish (*Raphanus sativus* L.). *J Exp Bot.* 2006;57(10):2353-62. doi: 10.1093/jxb/erj206.

Minic Z, Rihouey C, Do CT, Lerouge P, Jouanin L. Purification and characterization of enzymes exhibiting beta-D-xylosidase activities in stem tissues of *Arabidopsis*. *Plant Physiol.* 2004 Jun;135(2):867-78. doi: 10.1104/pp.104.041269.

XYL3: releases L-arabinose from (1-->5)-alpha-L-arabinofuranobiose, arabinoxylan, sugar beet arabinan, and debranched arabinan. RG-I side chain degradation

XYL4: mainly D-Xyl from oat spelt xylan, rye arabinoxylan, wheat arabinoxylan, and oligoarabinoxylans.

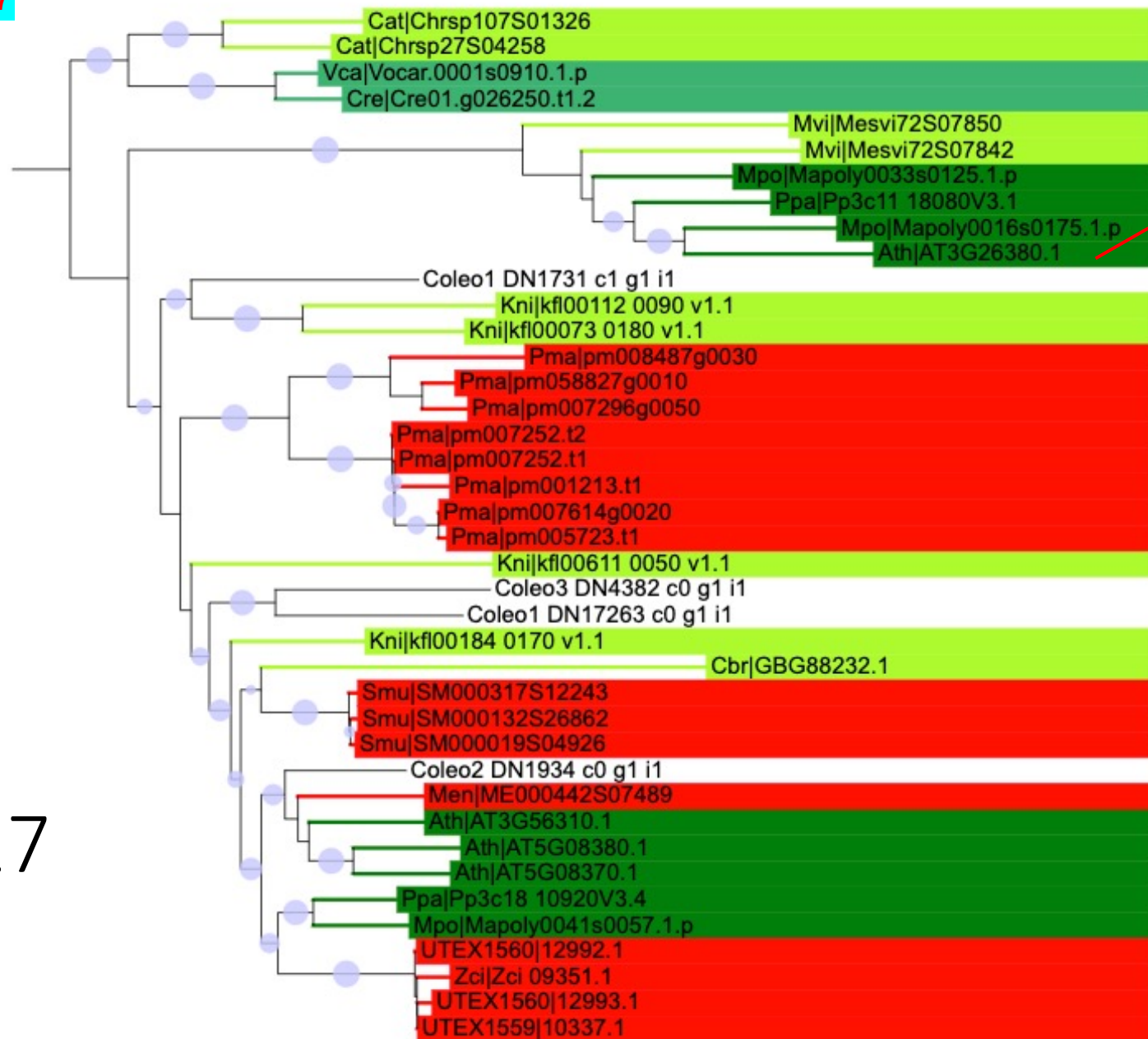
ARAF and XYL1: also release D-Xyl; can further release L-Ara from arabinoxylans and arabinan

AtBXL1: putative bifunctional beta-d-xylosidase/alpha-l-arabinofuranosidase; implicated as a beta-d-xylosidase in vascular development.

GH3: hydrolytic activity on AGPs, pectic alpha-1,5-arabinan and arabinoxylan.

RsAraf1 from *R. sativus* immature seeds encodes an alpha-arabinofuranosidase in the GH3 family. When expressed in *Arabidopsis*, **RsAraf1** hydrolyzed alpha-arabinofuranosyl residues of AGPs (Kotake et al., 2006)

Data S1-57



APSE
(AT3G26380)

APSE and AGALs: contributions in hydrolysis of β -l-Arap residues of pectic α -1,3:1,5-arabinan & type I AG.

In Arabidopsis AGPs: β -l-Arap residues are hydrolysed mainly by APSE and partially by AGALs.

Imaizumi et al. Heterologous expression and characterization of an Arabidopsis β -l-arabinopyranosidase and α -d-galactosidases acting on β -l-arabinopyranosyl residues. J Exp Bot. 2017 Jul 20;68(16):4651-4661. doi: 10.1093/jxb/erx279.

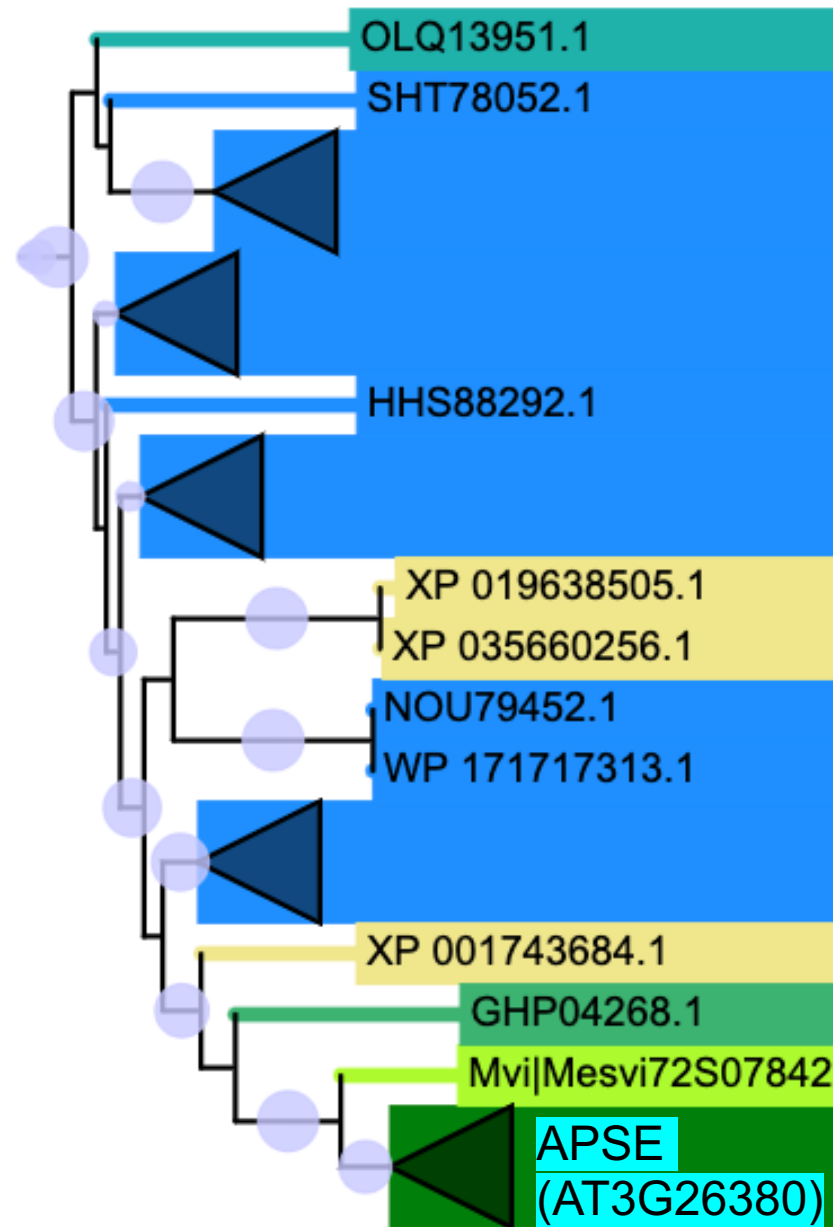
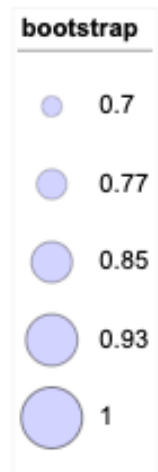
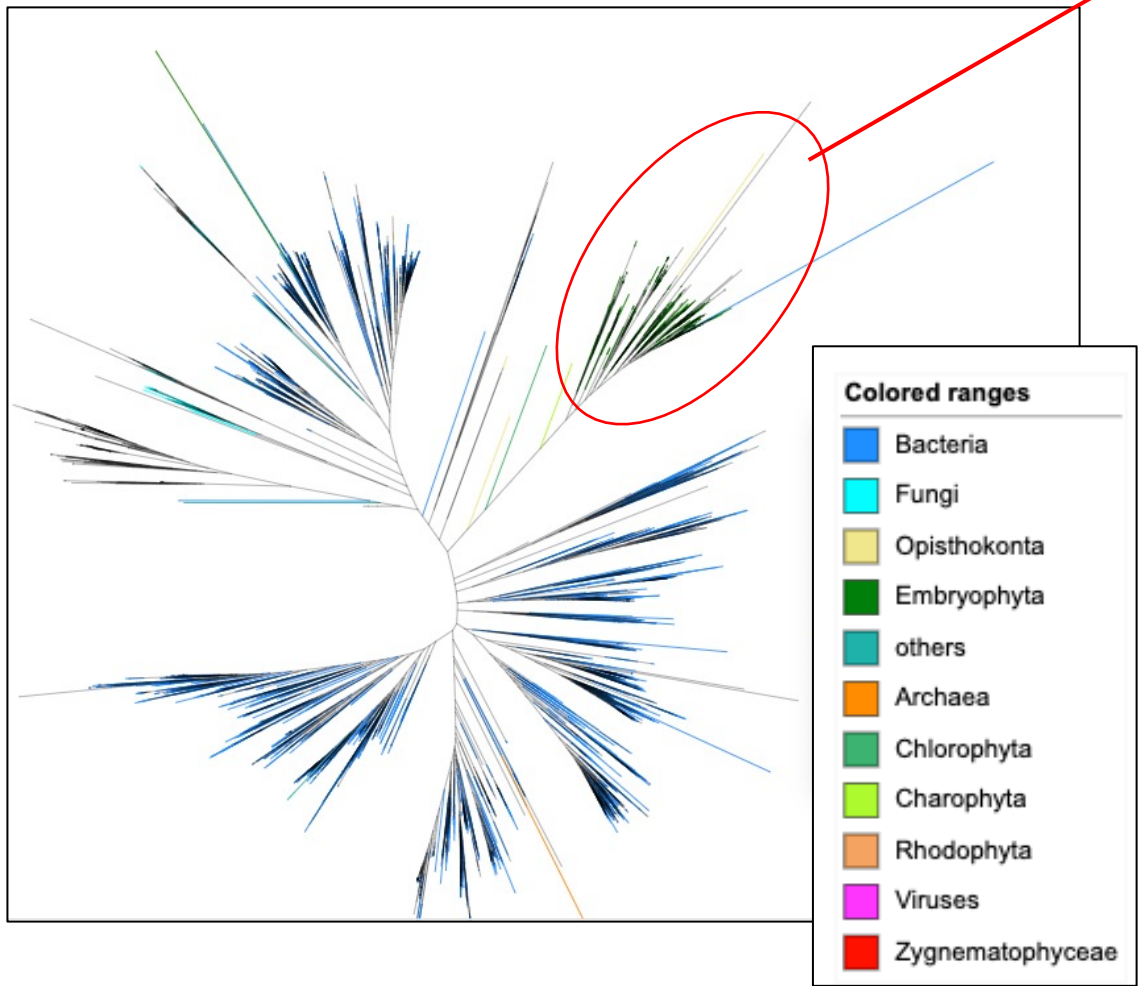
AGAL1 (AT5G08380)
AGAL2 (AT5G08370)
AGAL3 (AT3G56310)

GH27

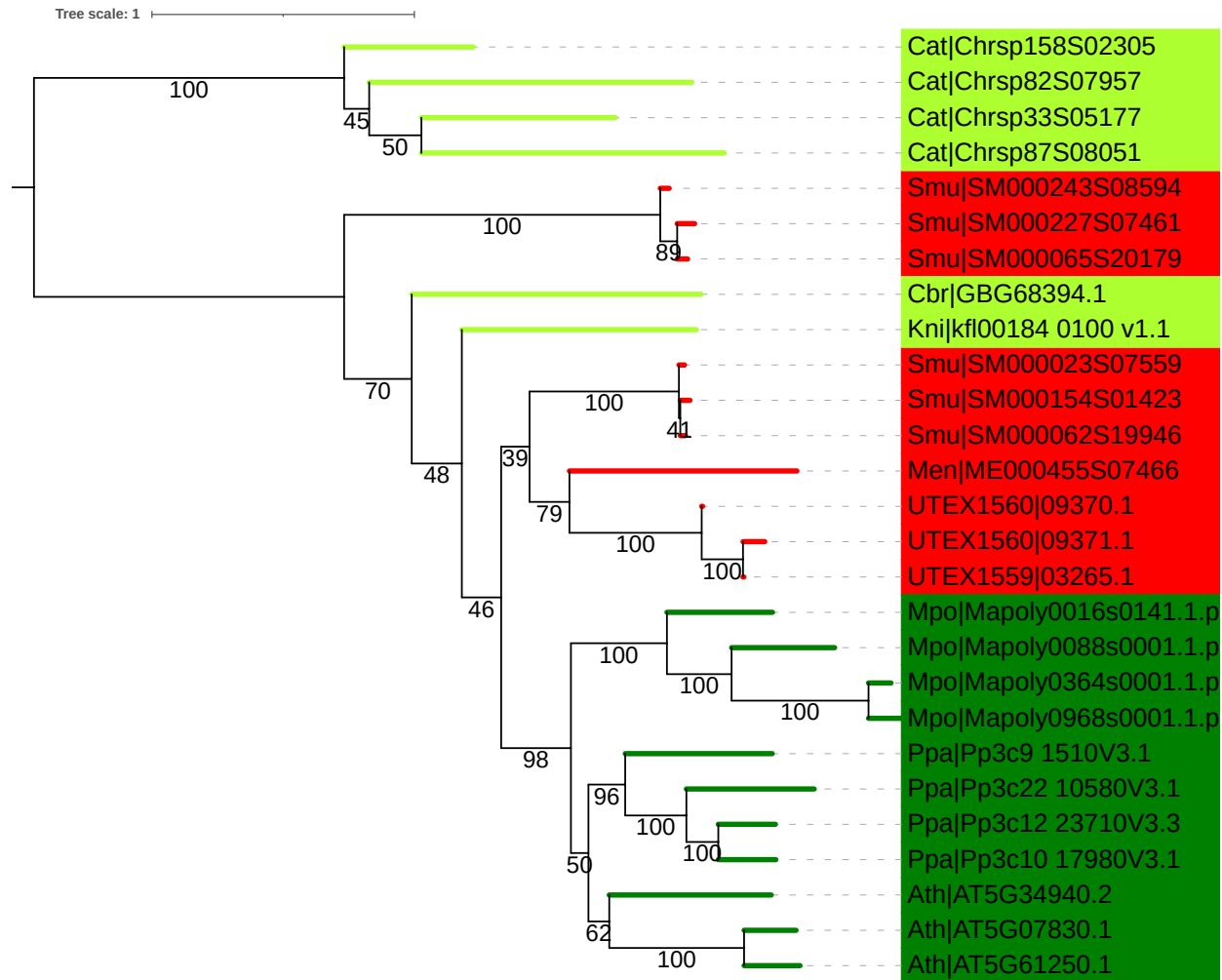
<https://itol.embl.de/tree/208127240222424791665201864>

APSE: HGT from bacteria

GH27 nr



Data S1-59



GH79

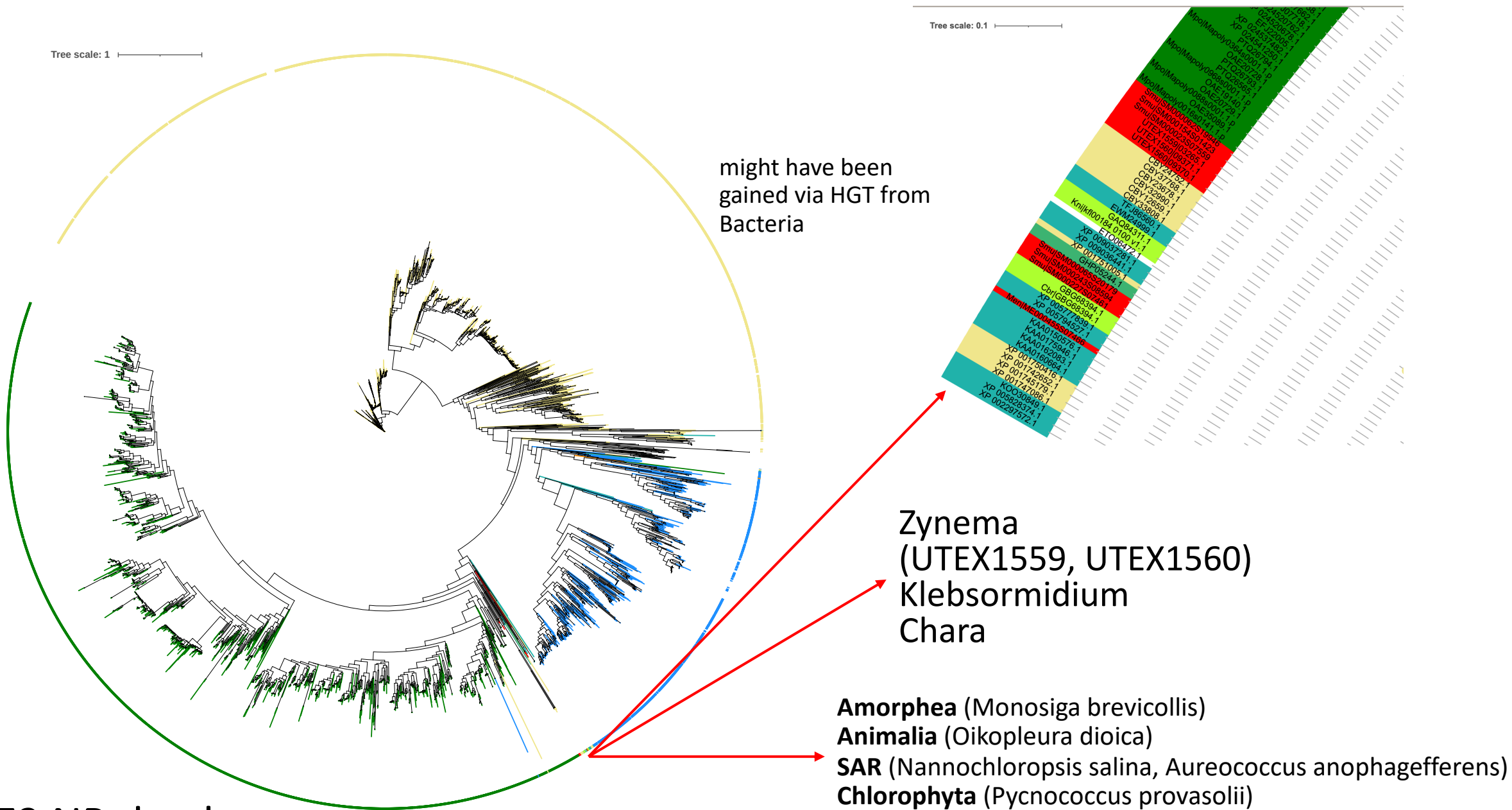
Eudes, A., Mouille, G., Thévenin, J., Goyallon, A., Minic, Z., and Jouanin, L. (2008). Purification, cloning and functional characterization of an endogenous beta-glucuronidase in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *Plant Cell Physiol.* 49, 1331–1341. doi: 10.1093/pcp/pcn108

AtGUS1 (AT5G61250)

AtGUS2 (AT5G07830)

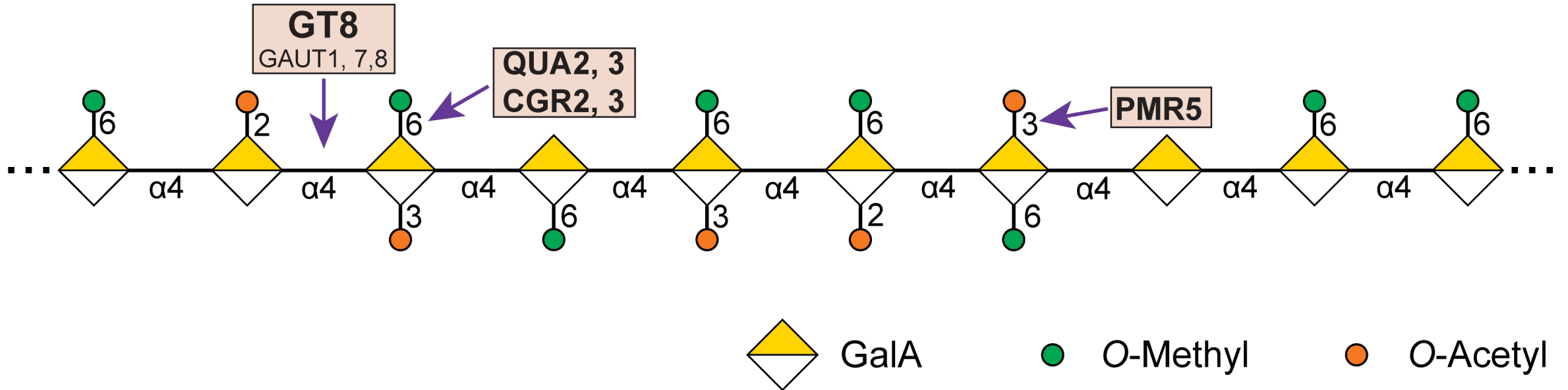
AtGUS3 (AT5G34940)

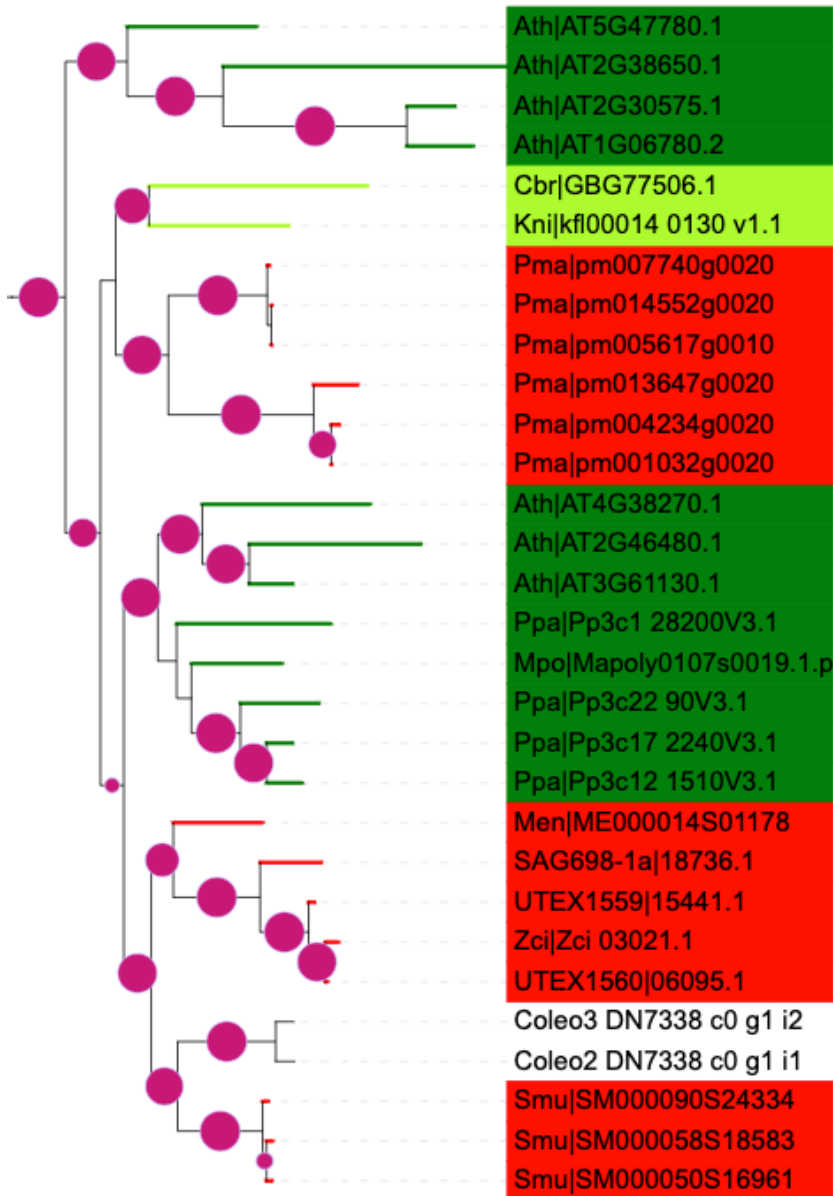
No GH79 was found in the Coleochaete transcriptome sequences.



Homogalacturonan (HG)

HG

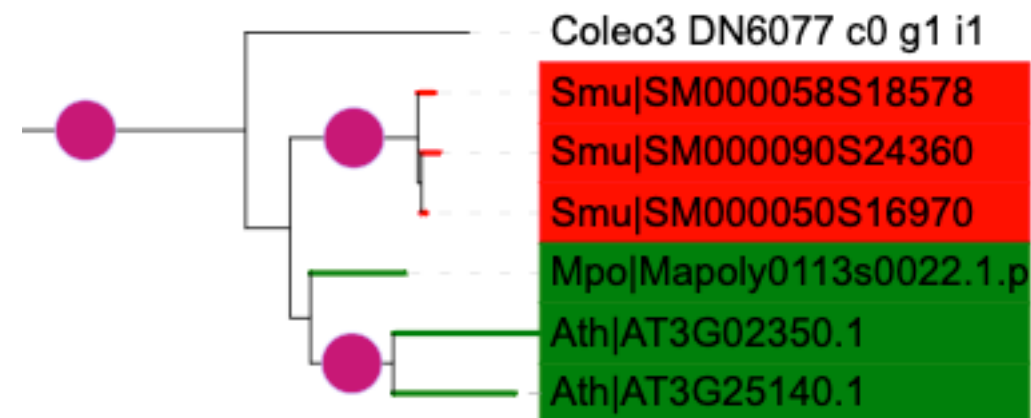


**GAUT6** (AT1G06780)**GAUT5** (AT2G30575)**GAUT7** (AT2G38650)**GAUT4** (AT5G47780)**GAUT1** (AT3G61130)**GAUT2** (AT2G46480)**GAUT3** (AT4G38270)

Atmodjo et al. Galacturonosyltransferase (GAUT)1 and GAUT7 are the core of a plant cell wall pectin biosynthetic homogalacturonan:galacturonosyltransferase complex. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 2011 Dec 13;108(50):20225-30. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1112816108.

Sterling et al. Functional identification of an Arabidopsis pectin biosynthetic homogalacturonan galacturonosyltransferase. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 2006 Mar 28;103(13):5236-41. doi: 10.1073/pnas.0600120103.

Bouton et al. QUASIMODO1 encodes a putative membrane-bound glycosyltransferase required for normal pectin synthesis and cell adhesion in Arabidopsis. *Plant Cell.* 2002 Oct;14(10):2577-90. doi: 10.1105/tpc.004259.

GAUT8 (QUA1, AT3G25140)

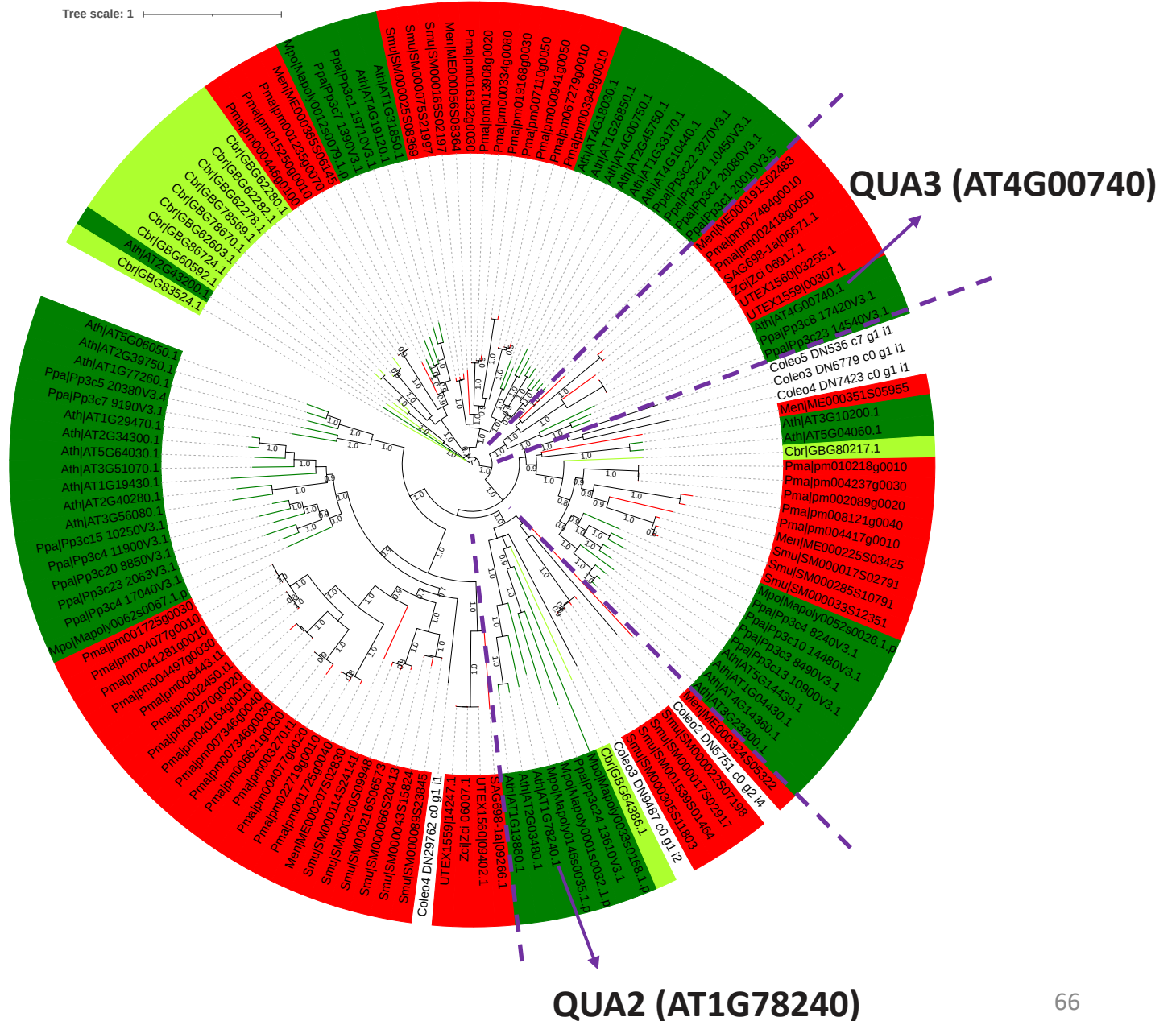
QUA2 (AT1G78240)

Blast with 16genome + Coleochaete

HG: methylesterified by QUA2, QUA3 and GGR3

QUA2 might have been present in the LCA of Phragmoplastophyta

QUA3 (AT4G00740) might have first emerged in the LCA of Zygnematophyceae and Embryophyta



Kim SJ, Held MA, Zemelis S, Wilkerson C, Brandizzi F. CGR2 and CGR3 have critical overlapping roles in pectin methylesterification and plant growth in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *Plant J.* 2015 Apr;82(2):208-20. doi: 10.1111/tpj.12802.

CGR2/3 homologs (evalue<1e-15)

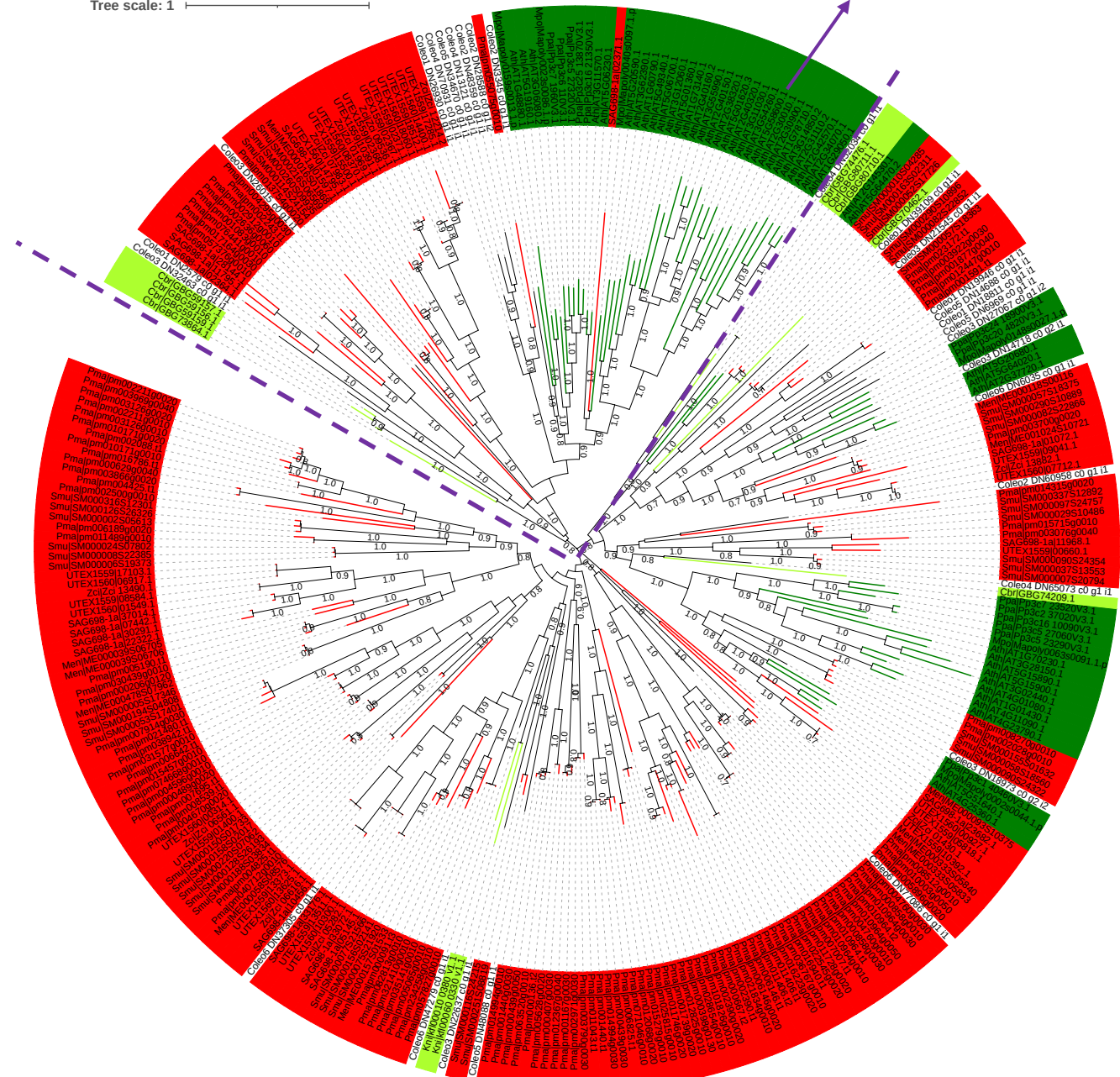
Ath AT5G65810.1	CGR2 AT3G49720	86.590	261	32	1	1	258	1	261	1.59e-174	469
Ath AT3G49720.1	CGR2 AT3G49720	100.000	261	0	0	1	261	1	261	0.0	534
Cbr GBG71667.1	CGR2 AT3G49720	30.075	133	91	2	60	190	94	226	2.26e-15	64.7
Mpo Mapoly0082s0061.1.p	CGR2 AT3G49720	34.201	269	167	6	40	306	1	261	6.71e-49	151
Mvi Mesvi21S04311	CGR2 AT3G49720	27.174	184	119	8	70	243	48	226	1.58e-15	61.6
Ppa Pp3c12_13990V3.1	CGR2 AT3G49720	36.397	272	128	6	31	298	27	257	1.54e-55	168
Coleo1_DN62522_c0_g1_i1	CGR2 AT3G49720	29.487	78	55	0	12	89	149	226	1.55e-13	50.4

Ath AT5G65810.1	GGR3 AT5G65810	100.000	258	0	0	1	258	1	258	0.0	529
Ath AT3G49720.1	GGR3 AT5G65810	86.590	261	32	1	1	261	1	258	6.63e-174	469
Cbr GBG71667.1	GGR3 AT5G65810	29.927	137	94	2	56	190	87	223	2.20e-14	63.5
Mpo Mapoly0082s0061.1.p	GGR3 AT5G65810	35.124	242	148	4	67	306	24	258	3.60e-49	153
Mvi Mesvi21S04311	GGR3 AT5G65810	30.827	133	89	3	114	243	91	223	1.86e-13	57.0
Ppa Pp3c12_13990V3.1	GGR3 AT5G65810	36.765	272	127	6	31	298	24	254	1.59e-59	180
Coleo1_DN62522_c0_g1_i1	GGR3 AT5G65810	29.487	78	55	0	12	89	146	223	8.25e-12	47.4

Tree scale: 1

PMR5 (AT5G58600) BLAST with 16 genomes + Coleochaete

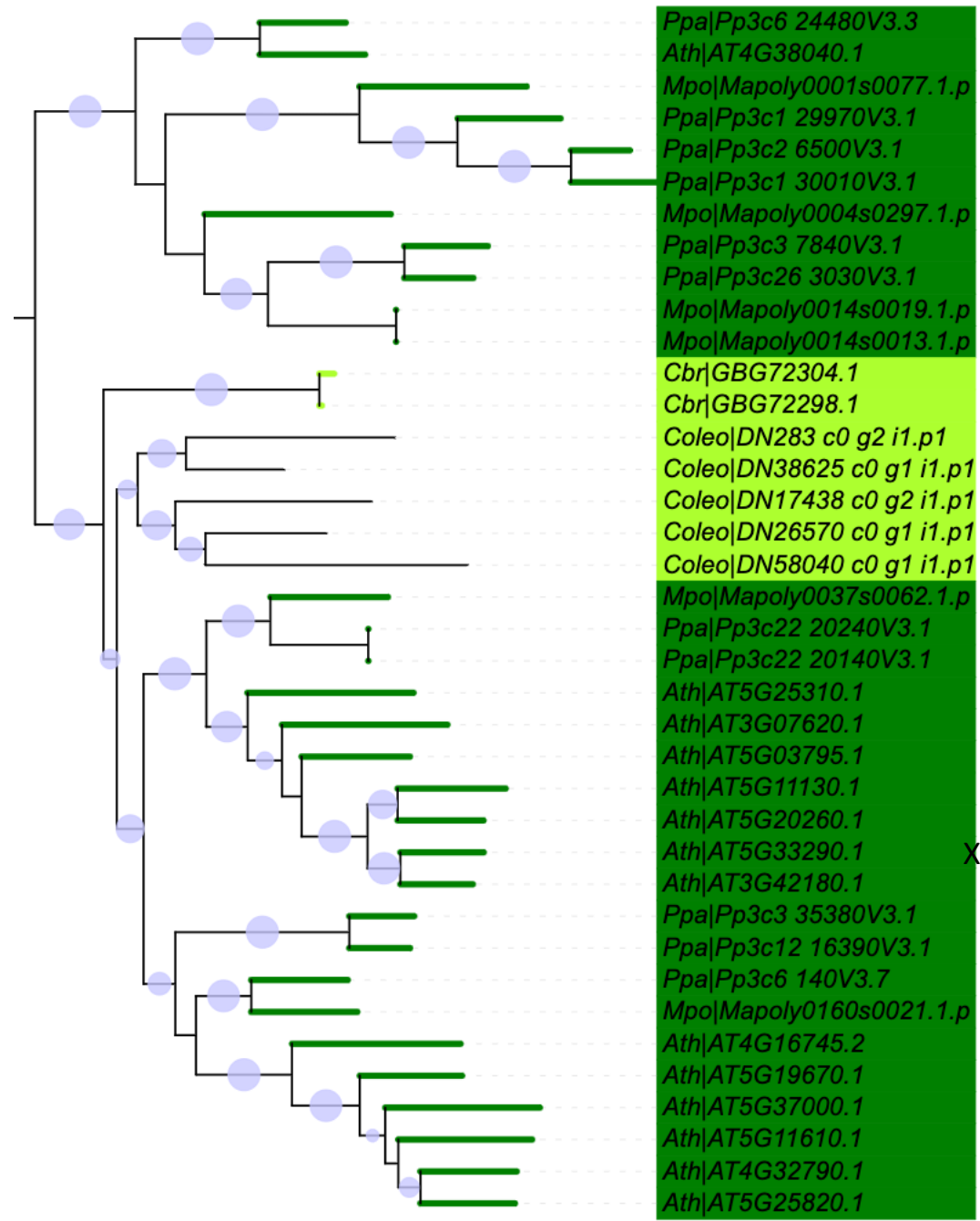
PMR5 (AT5G58600) might have been present in the LCA of Phragmoplastophyta



Chiniquy D, Underwood W, Corwin J, Ryan A, Szemenyei H, Lim CC, Stonebloom SH, Birdseye DS, Vogel J, Kliebenstein D, Scheller HV, Somerville S. PMR5, an acetylation protein at the intersection of pectin biosynthesis and defense against fungal pathogens. *Plant J.* 2019 Dec;100(5):1022-1035. doi: 10.1111/tjp.14497.

Data S1-66

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/13423816812456541668314644>



GT47 (Data S1-33)

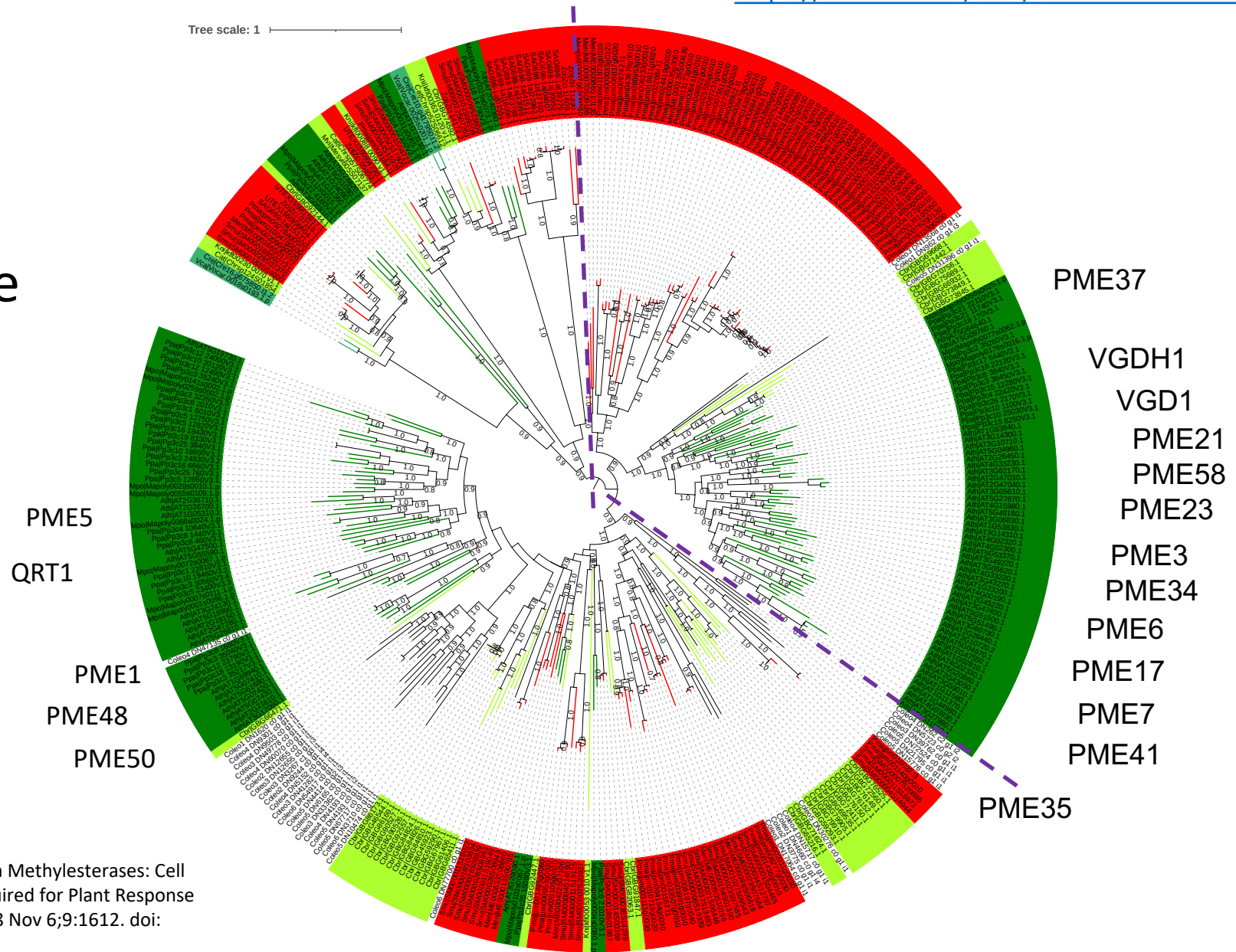
Jensen et al. Identification of a xylogalacturonan xylosyltransferase involved in pectin biosynthesis in Arabidopsis. Plant Cell. 2008 May;20(5):1289-302. doi: 10.1105/tpc.107.050906

XGA

XGD1 (AT5G33290)

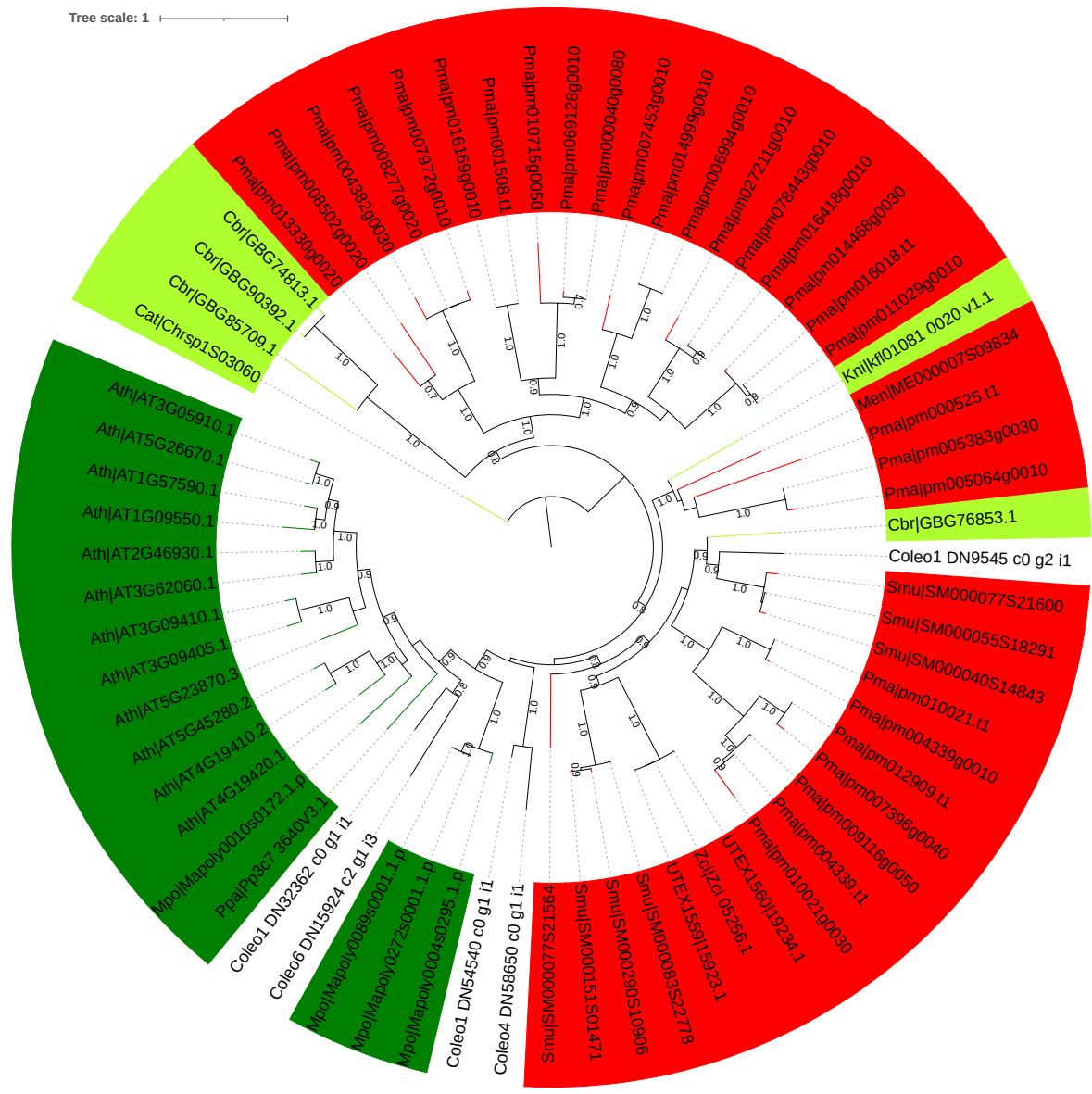
Tree scale: 1

CE8: pectin methylesterase



Wu HC, Bulgakov VP, Jinn TL. Pectin Methylesterases: Cell Wall Remodeling Proteins Are Required for Plant Response to Heat Stress. *Front Plant Sci.* 2018 Nov 6;9:1612. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2018.01612.

CE13: pectin acetylerase



Philippe F, Pelloux J, Rayon C. Plant pectin acetylerase structure and function: new insights from bioinformatic analysis. BMC Genomics. 2017 Jun 8;18(1):456. doi: 10.1186/s12864-017-3833-0.

Data S1-69

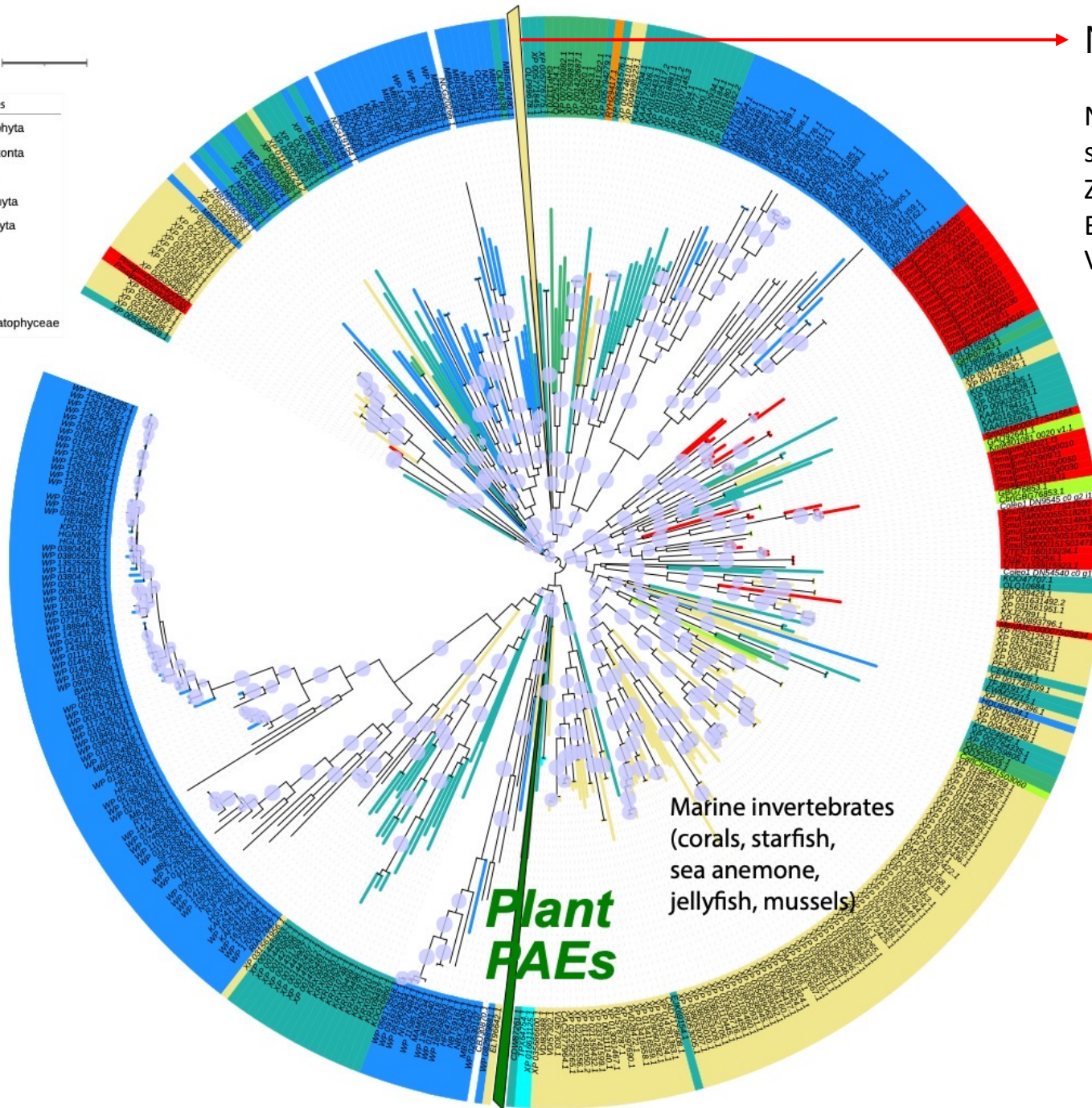
Tree scale: 0.5

Colored ranges

- Embryophyta
- Opisthokonta
- Bacteria
- Chlorophyta
- Charophyta
- others
- Fungi
- Archaea
- Zygnematophyceae

bootstrap

- 0.7
- 0.77
- 0.85
- 0.93
- 1



Notum from animals

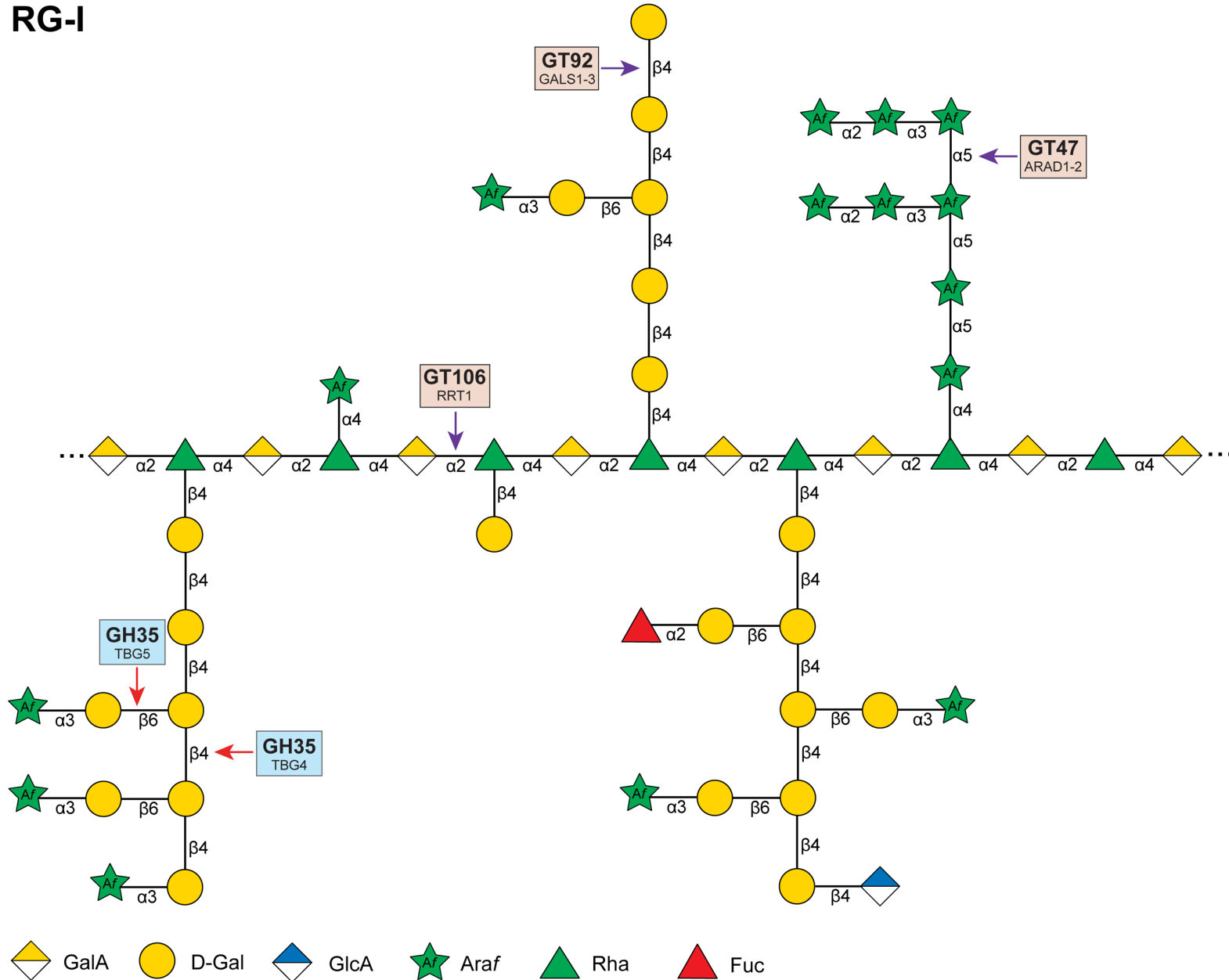
Notum deacylates Wnt proteins to suppress signalling activity. Kakugawa S, Langton PF, Zebisch M, Howell SA, Chang TH, Liu Y, Feizi T, Bineva G, O'Reilly N, Snijders AP, Jones EY, Vincent JP. Nature 519, 187-92, (2015).

CE13 nr

Marine invertebrates
(corals, starfish,
sea anemone,
jellyfish, mussels)

**Plant
RAEs**

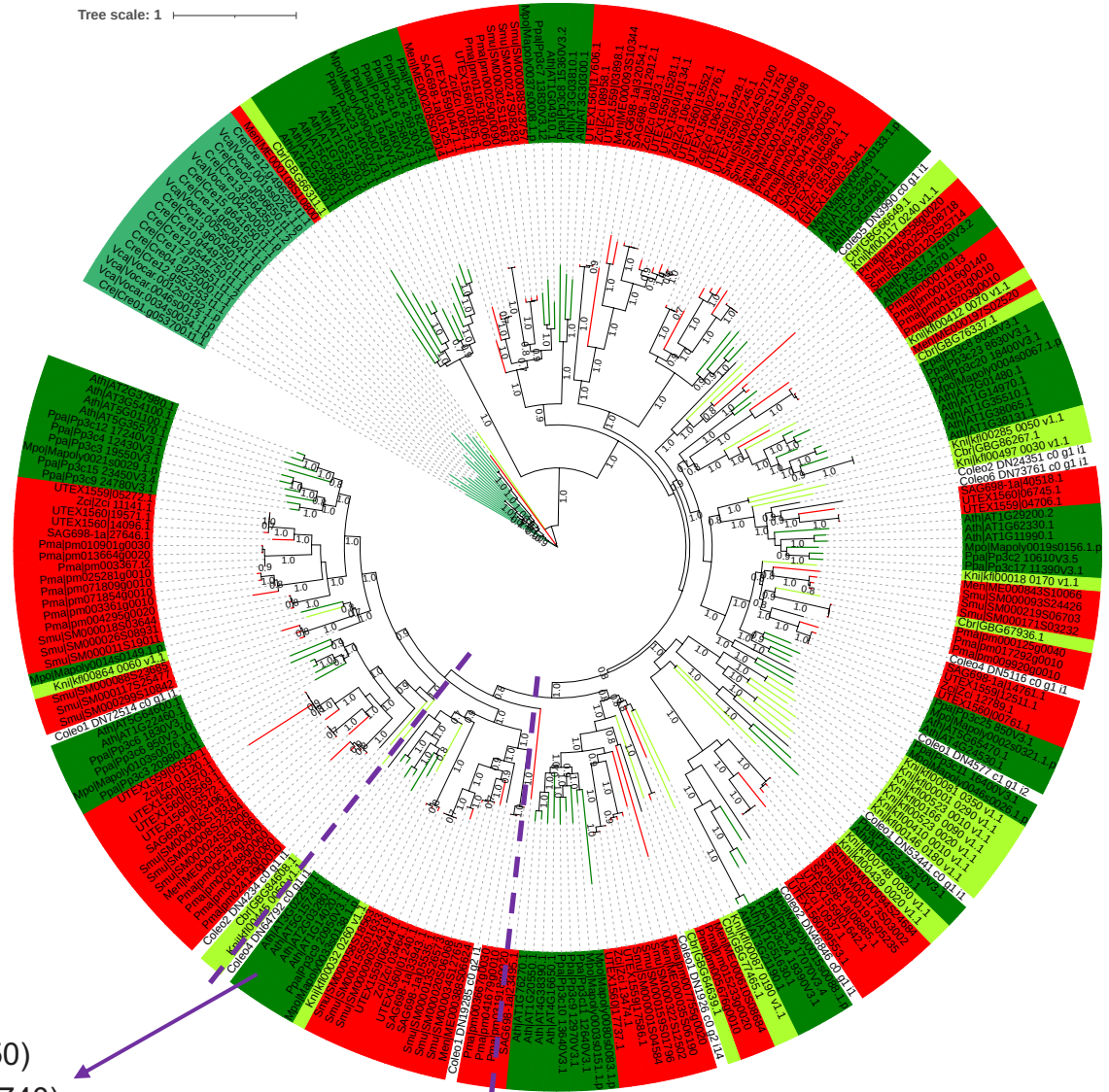
RG-I



Rhamnogalacturonan I (RG-I)

- **RG-I: 20–35% pectin**
- **GALACTAN SYNTHASE 1 (GALS1) of GT92: a β -1,4-galactan: β -1,4-GalT**
- **ARABINAN DEFICIENT 1 (ARAD1) & ARAD2: pectin arabinan biosynthesis**

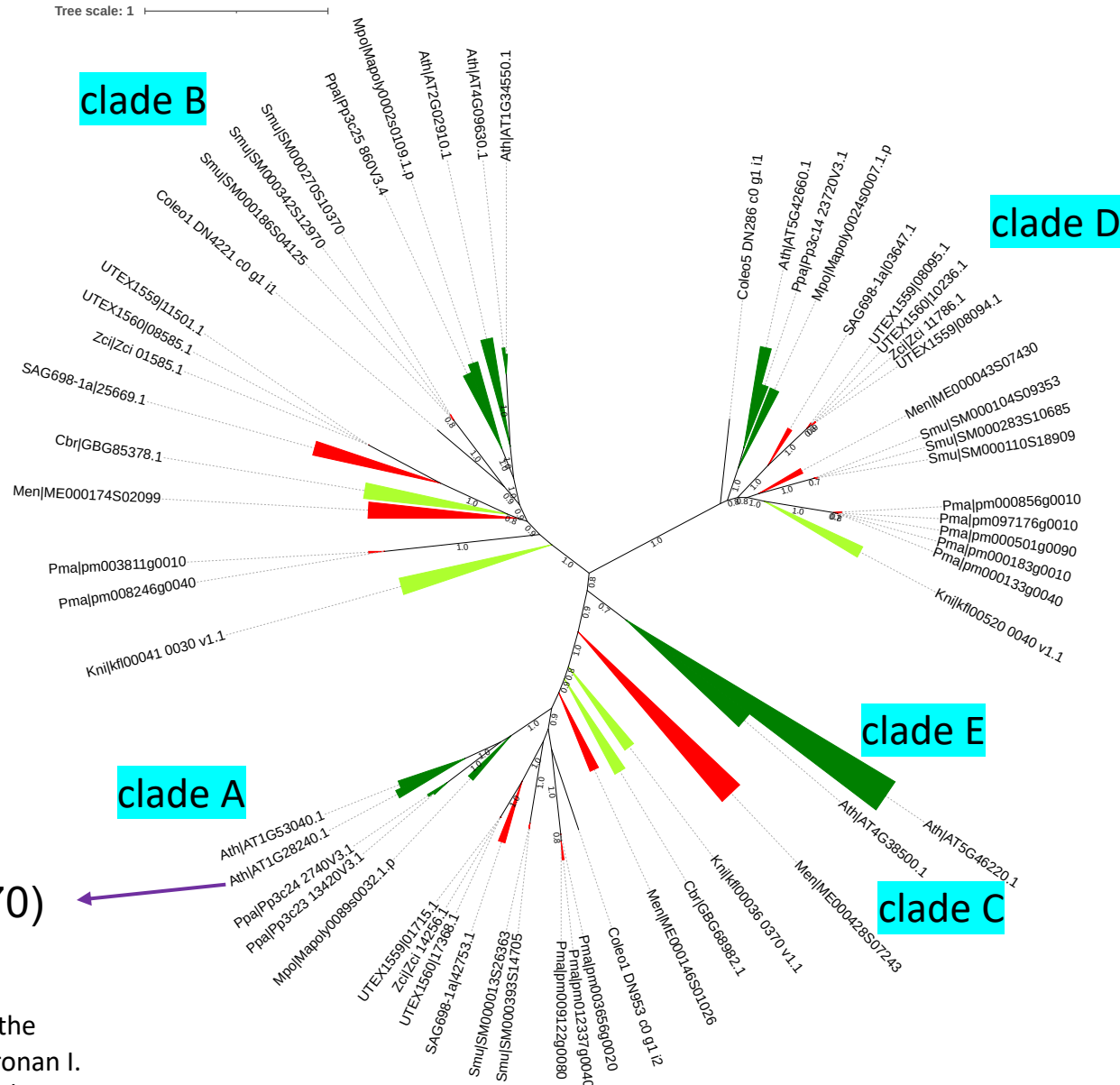
GT106 + Coleochaete



RRT2 (AT3G02250)
 RRT1 (AT5G15740)
 RRT3 (AT2G03280)
 RRT4 (AT1G14020)

Takenaka Y, Kato K, Ogawa-Ohnishi M, Tsuruhama K, Kajiura H, Yagyu K, Takeda A, Takeda Y, Kunieda T, Hara-Nishimura I, Kuroha T, Nishitani K, Matsubayashi Y, Ishimizu T. Pectin **RG-I rhamnosyltransferases** represent a novel plant-specific glycosyltransferase family. Nat Plants. 2018 Sep;4(9):669-676. doi: 10.1038/s41477-018-0217-7.

RG-I: GAT1 (GT116/DUF616) Galuronosyltransferase

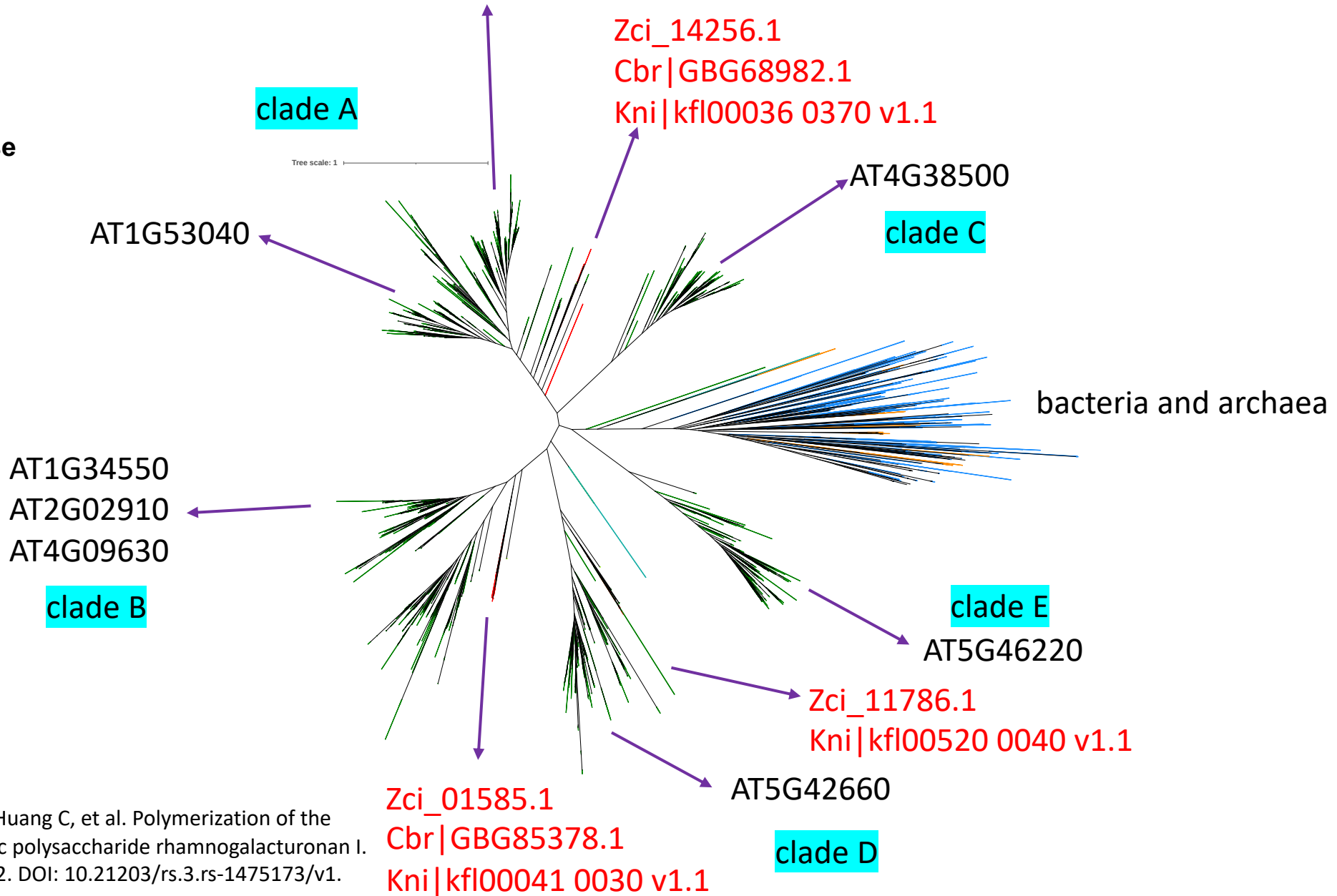


RGGAT1(AT1G28240/MUCI70)

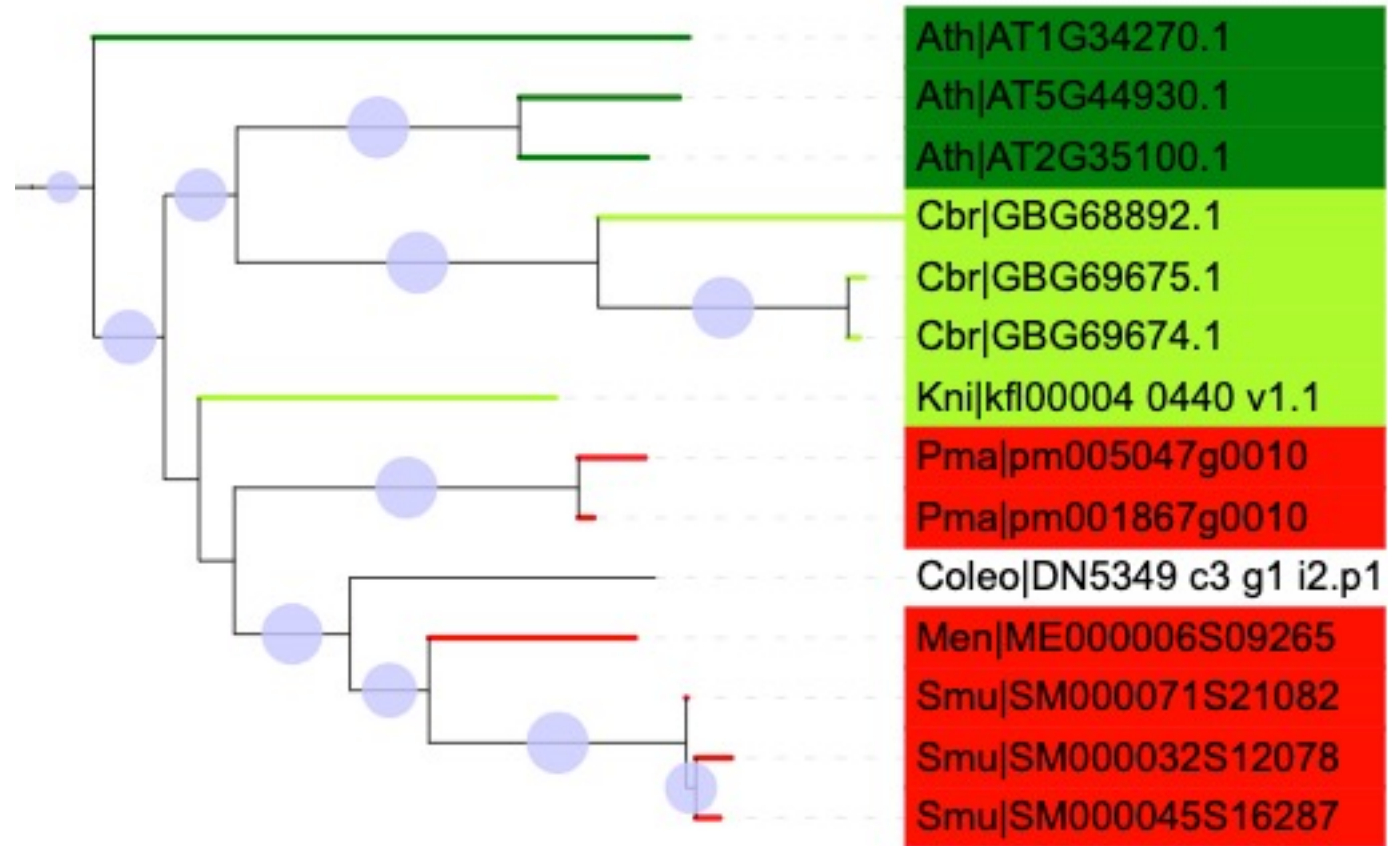
Amos R, Atmodjo M, Huang C, et al. Polymerization of the backbone of the pectic polysaccharide rhamnagalacturonan I. Research Square; 2022. DOI: 10.21203/rs.3.rs-1475173/v1.

GAT1(AT1G28240/MUCI70)

RG-I: GAT1 (DUF616)
Galaturonosyltransferase



Amos R, Atmodjo M, Huang C, et al. Polymerization of the backbone of the pectic polysaccharide rhamnogalacturonan I. Research Square; 2022. DOI: 10.21203/rs.3.rs-1475173/v1.



ARAD2 (AT5G44930)
ARAD1 (AT2G35100)

RG-I

Harholt et al. ARABINAN DEFICIENT 1 is a putative arabinosyltransferase involved in biosynthesis of pectic arabinan in Arabidopsis. Plant Physiol. 2006 Jan;140(1):49-58. doi: 10.1104/pp.105.072744.

GT47

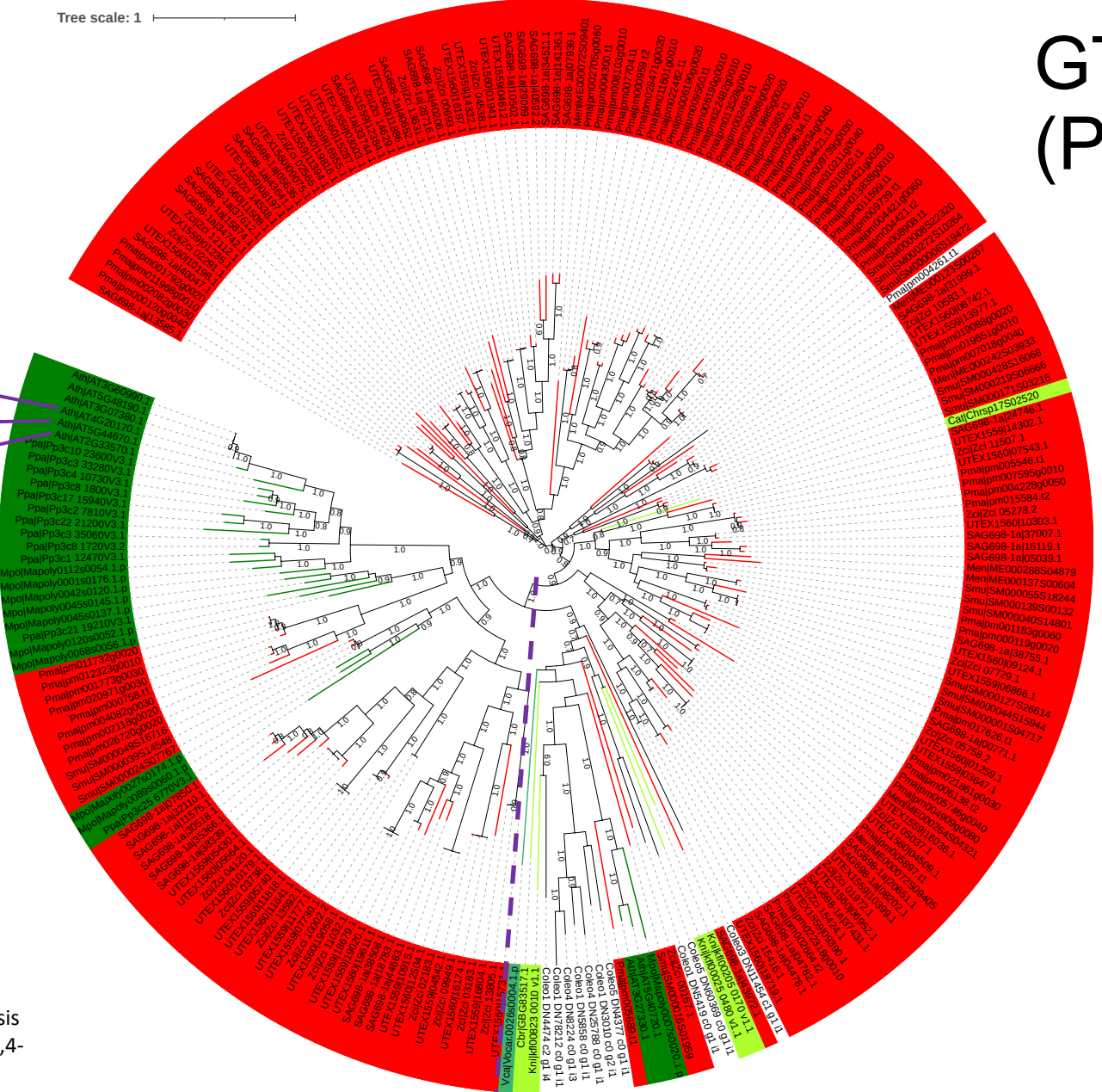
Tree scale: 1

GT92 (PF01697)

e-value: e-10

GALS3 (AT4G20170) ←
 GALS2 (AT5G44670) ←
 GALS1 (AT2G33570) ←

Gene number:
 SAG 698-1b: 9
 SAG 698-1a: 9
 UTEX1559: 9
 UTEX1560: 9

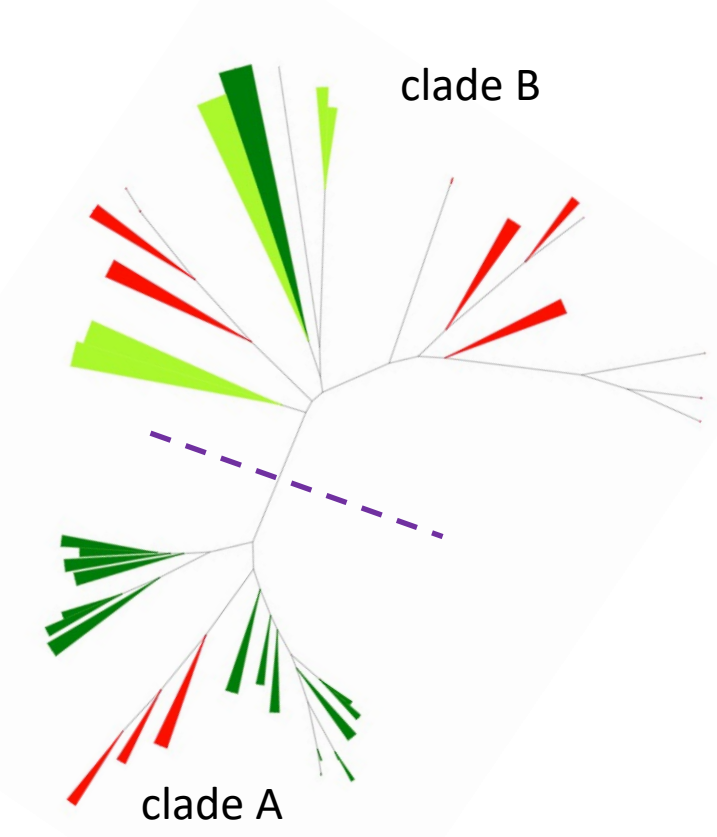
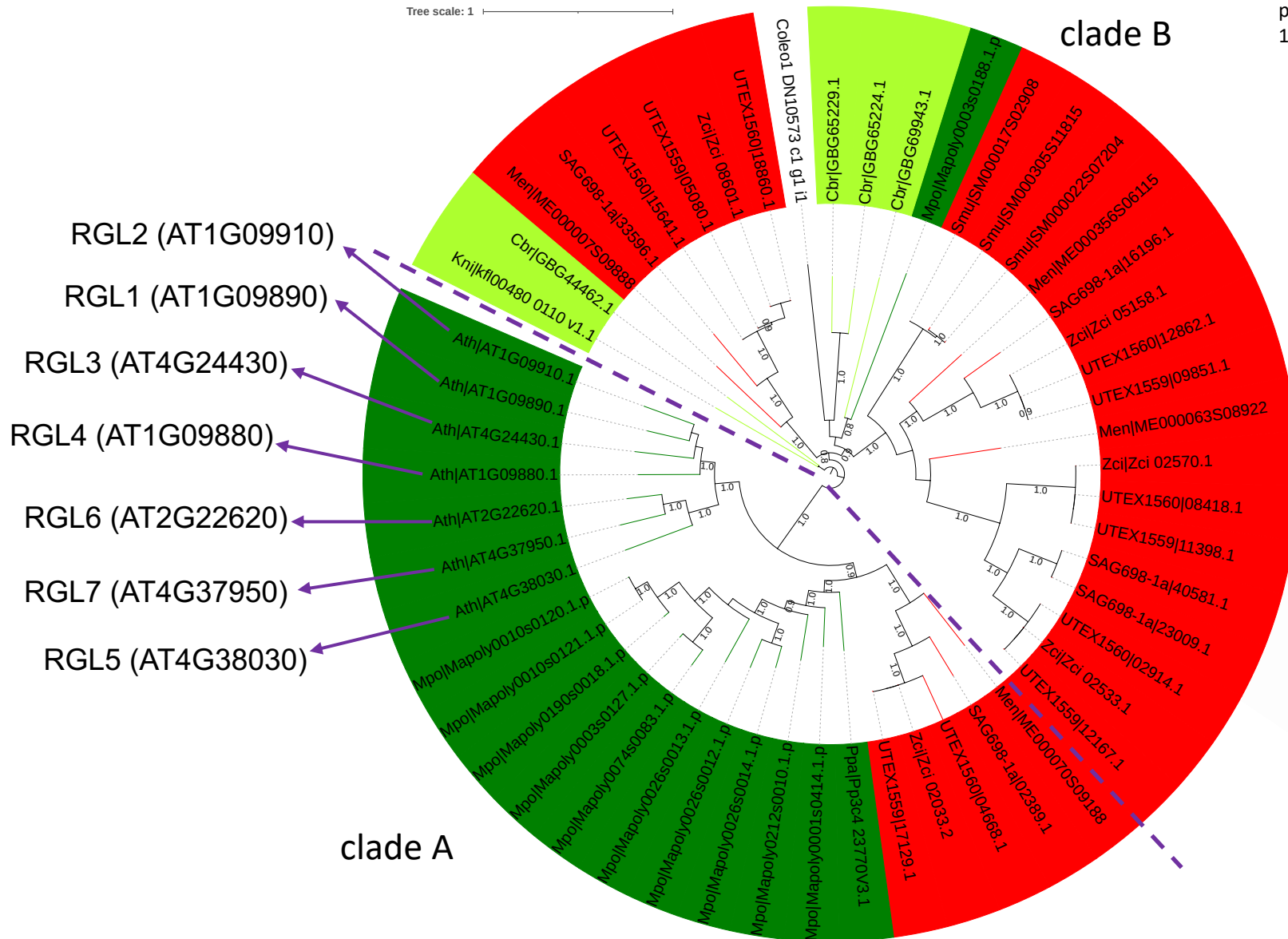


Liwanag et al. Pectin biosynthesis: GALS1 in Arabidopsis thaliana is a β-1,4-galactan β-1,4-galactosyltransferase. Plant Cell. 2012 Dec;24(12):5024-36. doi: 10.1105/tpc.112.106625.

Ebert et al. The Three Members of the Arabidopsis Glycosyltransferase Family 92 are Functional β-1,4-Galactan Synthases. Plant Cell Physiol. 2018 Dec 1;59(12):2624-2636. doi: 10.1093/pcp/pcy180.

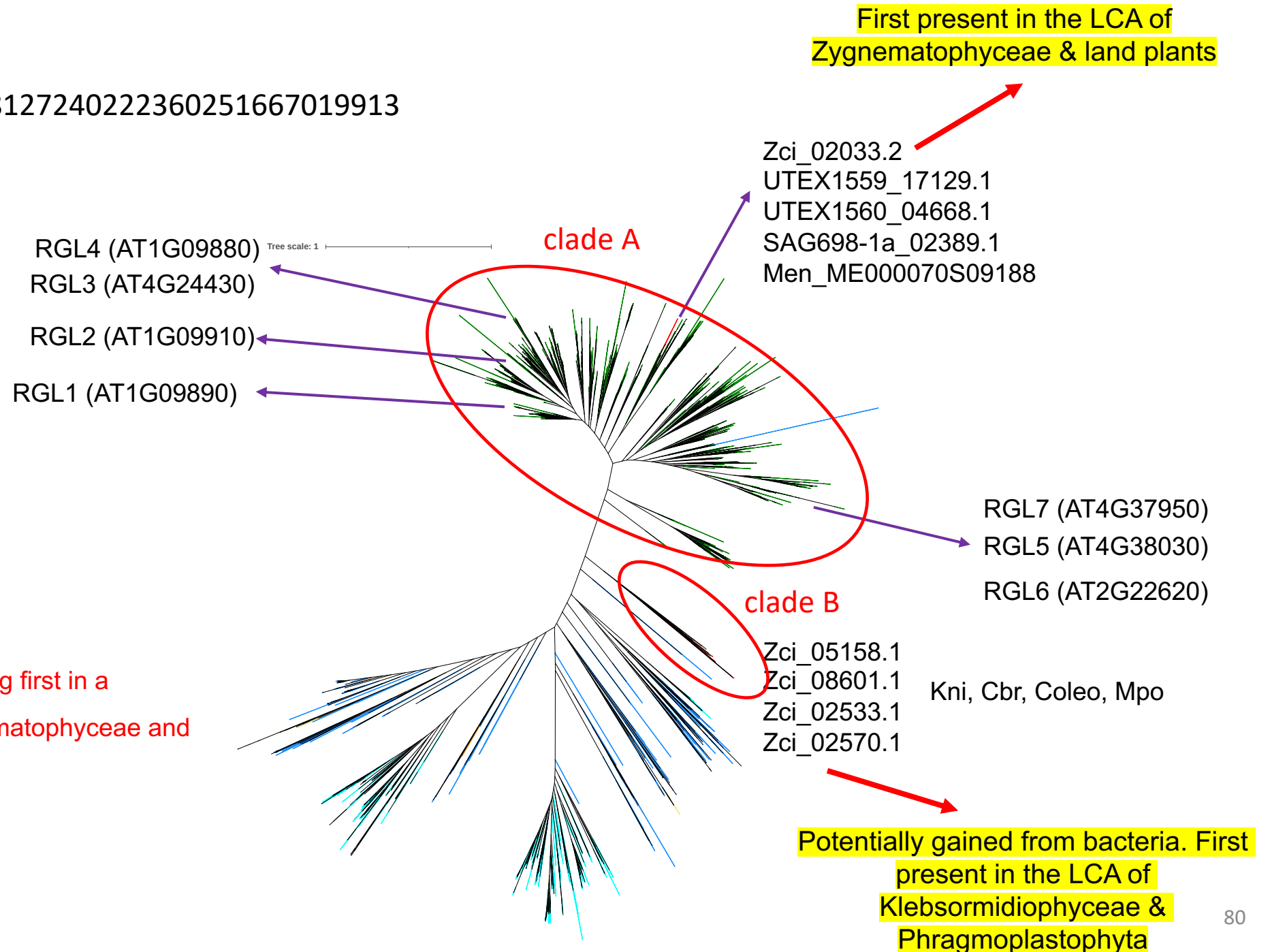
**Polysaccharide Lyase Family 4 / Subf 2
rhamnogalacturonan endolyase (EC 4.2.2.23)**

Mokshina N, Makshakova O, Nazipova A, Gorshkov O, Gorshkova T. Flax rhamnogalacturonan lyases: phylogeny, differential expression and modeling of protein structure. *Physiol Plant*. 2019 Oct;167(2):173-187. doi: 10.1111/ppl.12880.



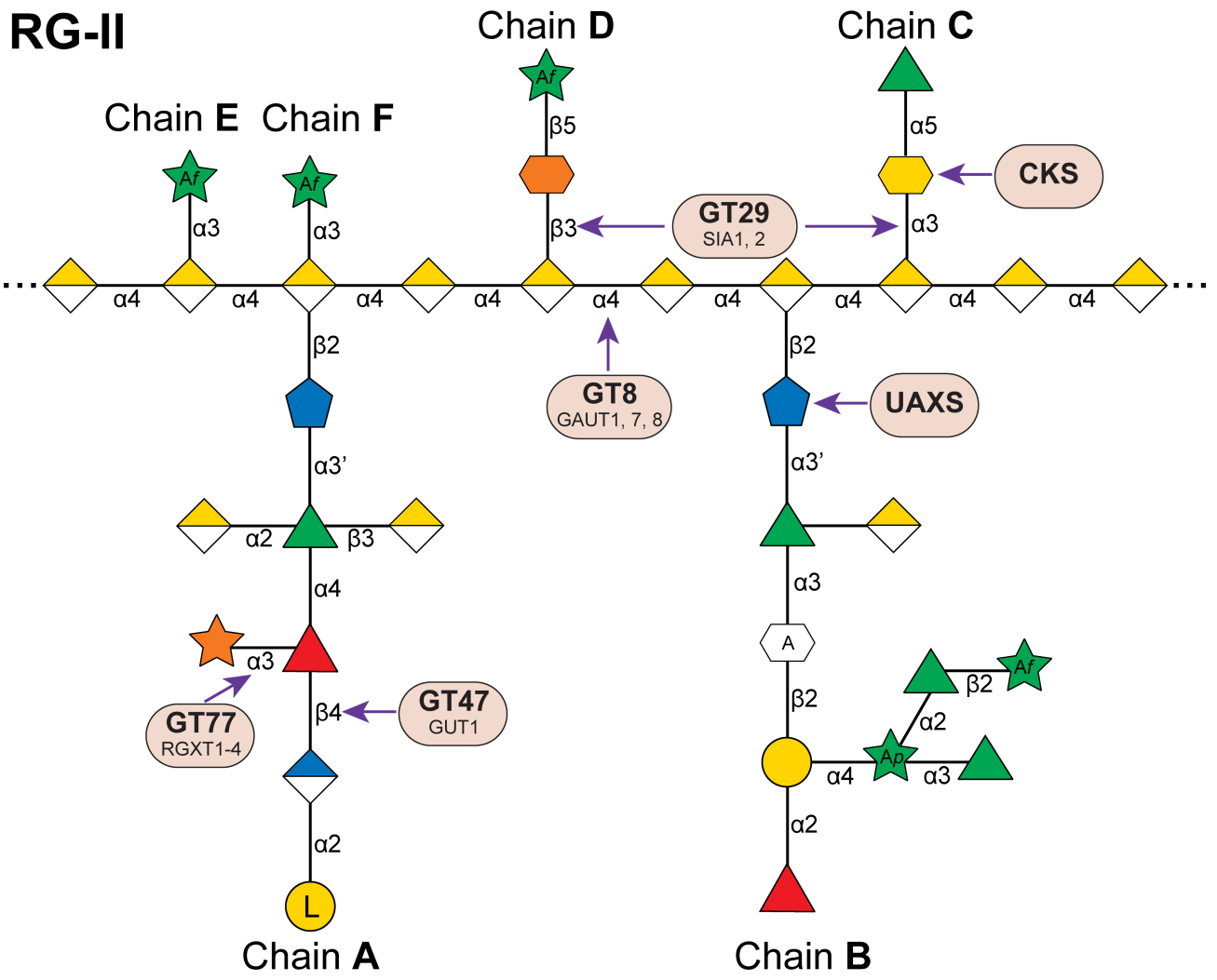
Data S1-77

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/208127240222360251667019913>



RGLs:

- clade B is the older clade
- clade A is younger, appearing first in a common ancestor of Zygnematophyceae and land plants



Rhamnogalacturonan II (RG-II)

- **R**HAMNO**G**ALACTURONAN **X**YLOSYL-**T**RANSFERASES (RGXTs): RG- II: α -1,3-xylosyltransferase activity

	GalA		D-Gal		Kdo		Xyl		Araf		Rha		GlcA
	Apiose		GalA		Aceric acid		Dha		Arap		Fuc		

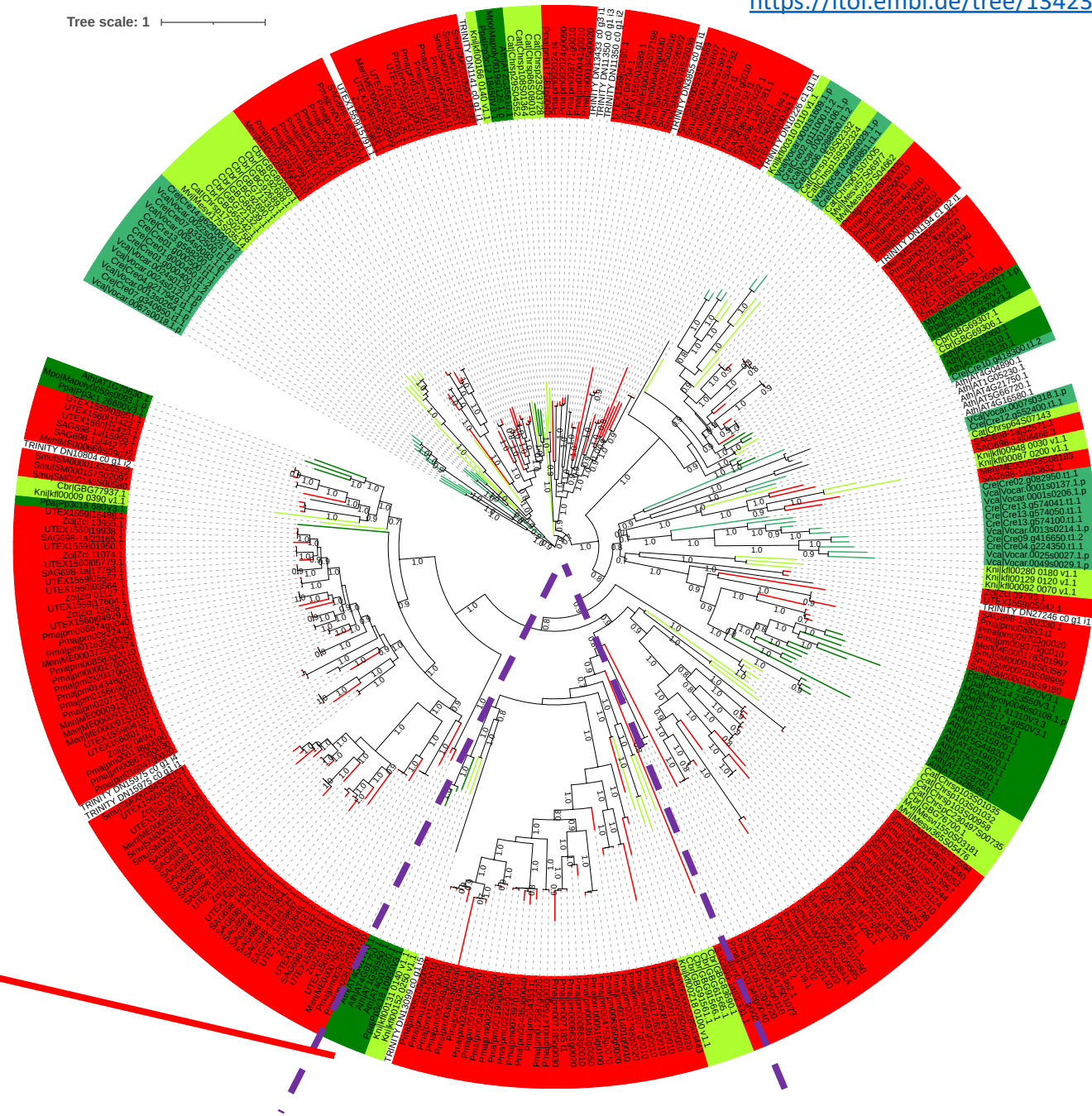
Tree scale: 1

GT77 + Coleochaete

α -1,3-xylosyltransferases pectic rhamnogalacturonan-II

Egelund et al. Arabidopsis thaliana RGXT1 and RGXT2 encode Golgi-localized (1,3)- α -D-xylosyltransferases involved in the synthesis of pectic rhamnogalacturonan-II. Plant Cell. 2006 Oct;18(10):2593-607. doi: 10.1105/tpc.105.036566.

- RGXT3 (At1g56550)
- RGXT4/MGP4 (At4g01220)
- RGXT2 (At4g01750)
- RGXT1 (At4g01770)



Data S1-80

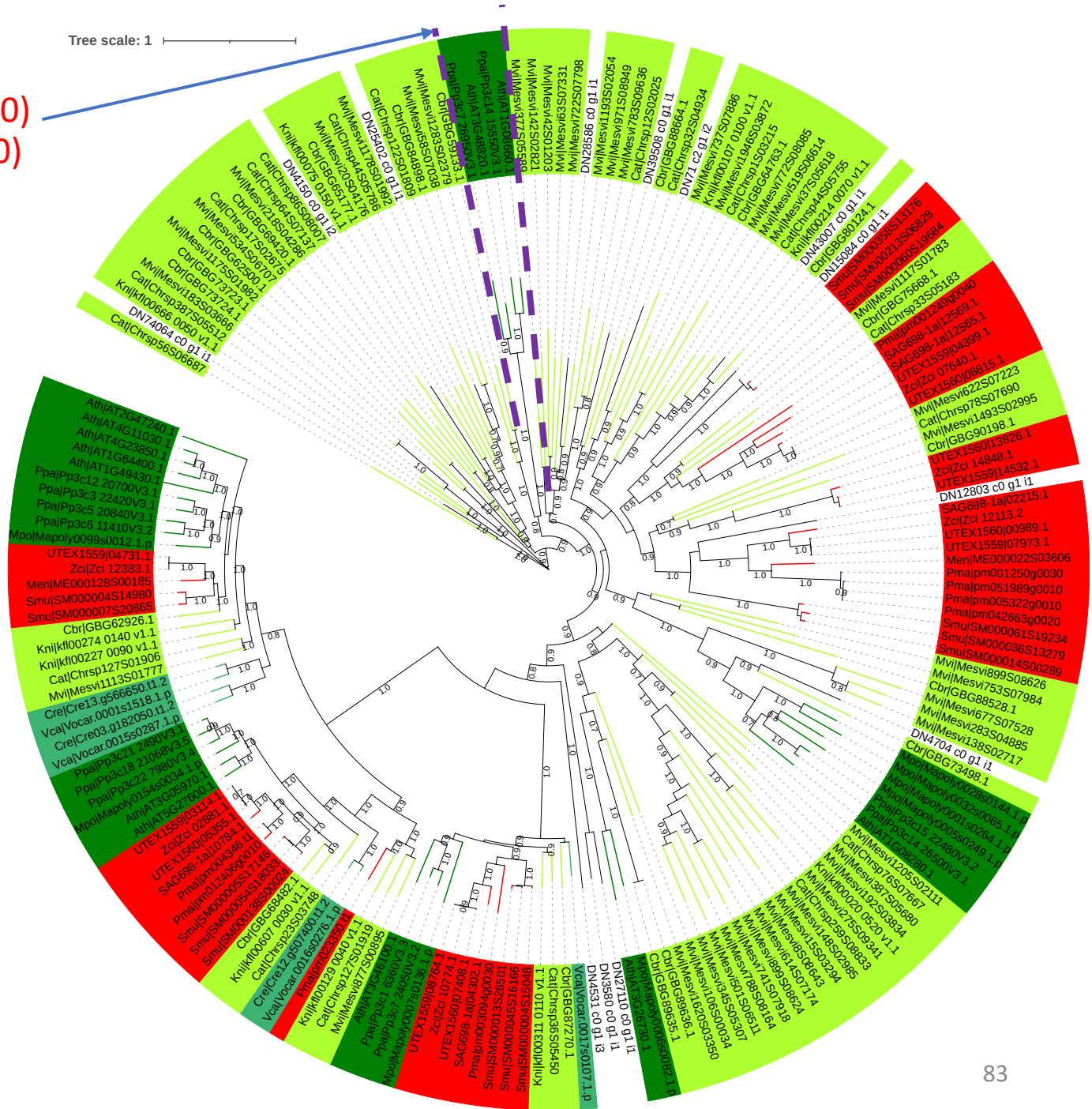
SIA2 (At3g48820)
SIA1 (At1g08660)

Dumont M, Lehner A, Bouton S, Kiefer-Meyer MC, Voxeur A, Pelloux J, Lerouge P, Mollet JC. The cell wall pectic polymer **ramnogalacturonan-II** is required for proper pollen tube elongation: implications of a **putative sialyltransferase-like protein**. Ann Bot. 2014 Oct;114(6):1177-88. doi: 10.1093/aob/mcu093.

GT29 +
Coleochaete

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812783235334831665116092>

Tree scale: 1



Data S1-81

GH28

GH28.hmm (dbcan) from 16 genomes and Coleochaete with e-value < 1e-10

Rodríguez-Gacio Mdel C, Nicolás C, Matilla AJ. Cloning and analysis of a cDNA encoding an endo-polygalacturonase expressed during the desiccation period of the silique-valves of turnip-tops (*Brassica rapa* L. cv. Rapa). *J Plant Physiol.* 2004 Feb;161(2):219-27. doi: 10.1078/0176-1617-01153.

Gallego-Giraldo, L., Liu, C., Pose-Albacete, S., Pattathil, S., Peralta, A.G., Young, J. et al. (2020) ARABIDOPSIS DEHISCENCE ZONE POLYGALACTURONASE1 (ADPG1) releases latent defense signals in stems with reduced lignin content. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 117, 3281–3290

ADPG1 (At3g57510)

Torki, M., Mandaron, P., Mache, R., and Falconet, D. (2000). Characterization of a ubiquitous expressed gene family encoding polygalacturonase in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *Gene* 242, 427–436. doi: 10.1016/S0378-1119(99)00497-7

PGF8 (Pectin lyase-like superfamily protein, AT3G57790)

[AT19170\(PGF1\)](#)
[AT3G42950\(PGF6\)](#)

E-V

clade E Zci_09024

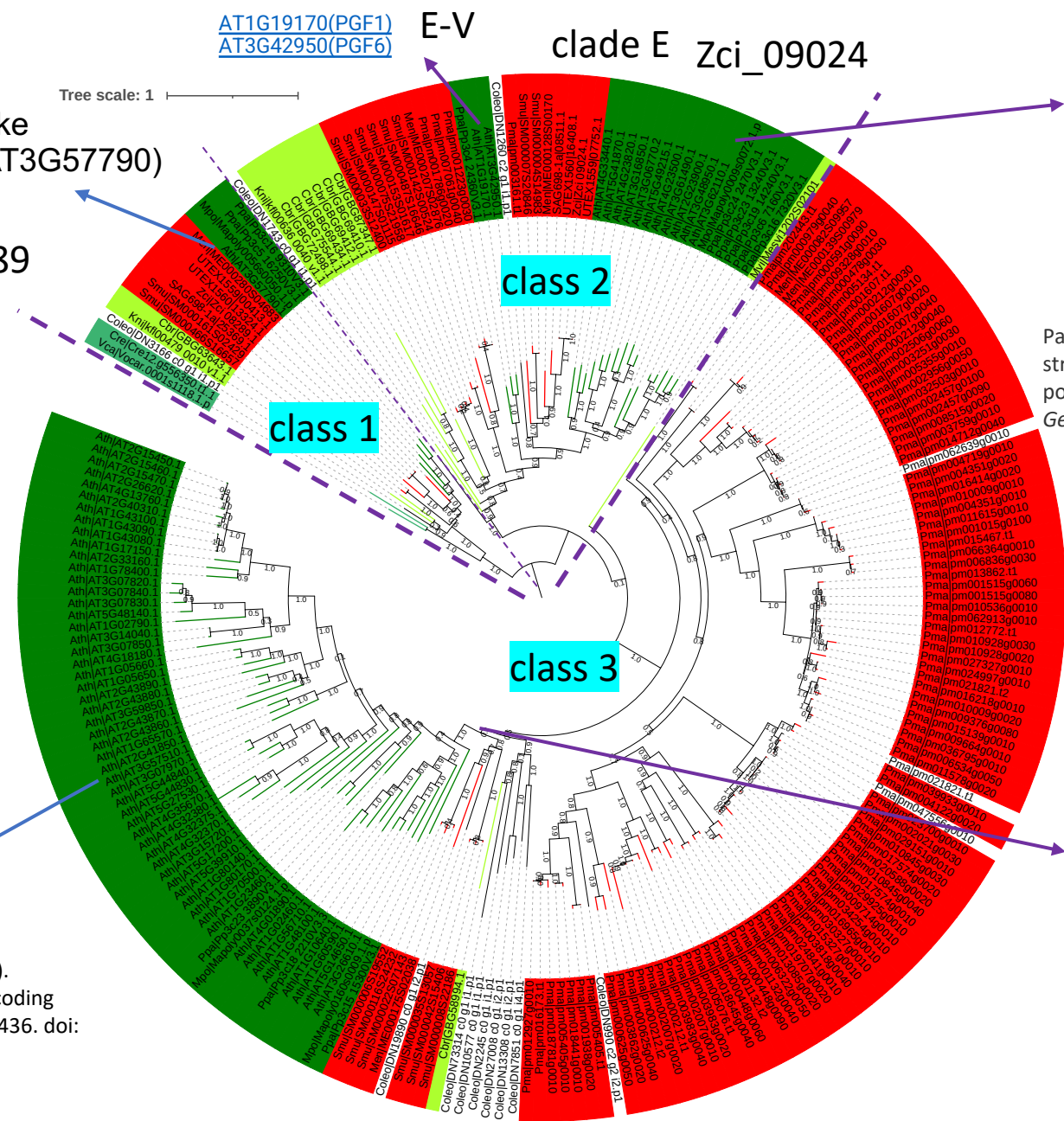
[AT4G33440\(PGF14\)](#) [AT5G41870\(PGF15\)](#)
[AT4G23820\(PGF13\)](#)
[AT3G16850\(PGF5\)](#)
[AT3G06770\(PGF4\)](#)
[AT5G49215\(PGF16\)](#)
[AT4G23500\(PGF12\)](#)
[AT3G61490\(PGF9\)](#)
[AT2G23900\(PGF3\)](#)
[AT3G48950\(PGF7\)](#)
[AT3G62110\(PGF10\)](#)

PMID: [30154820](#)

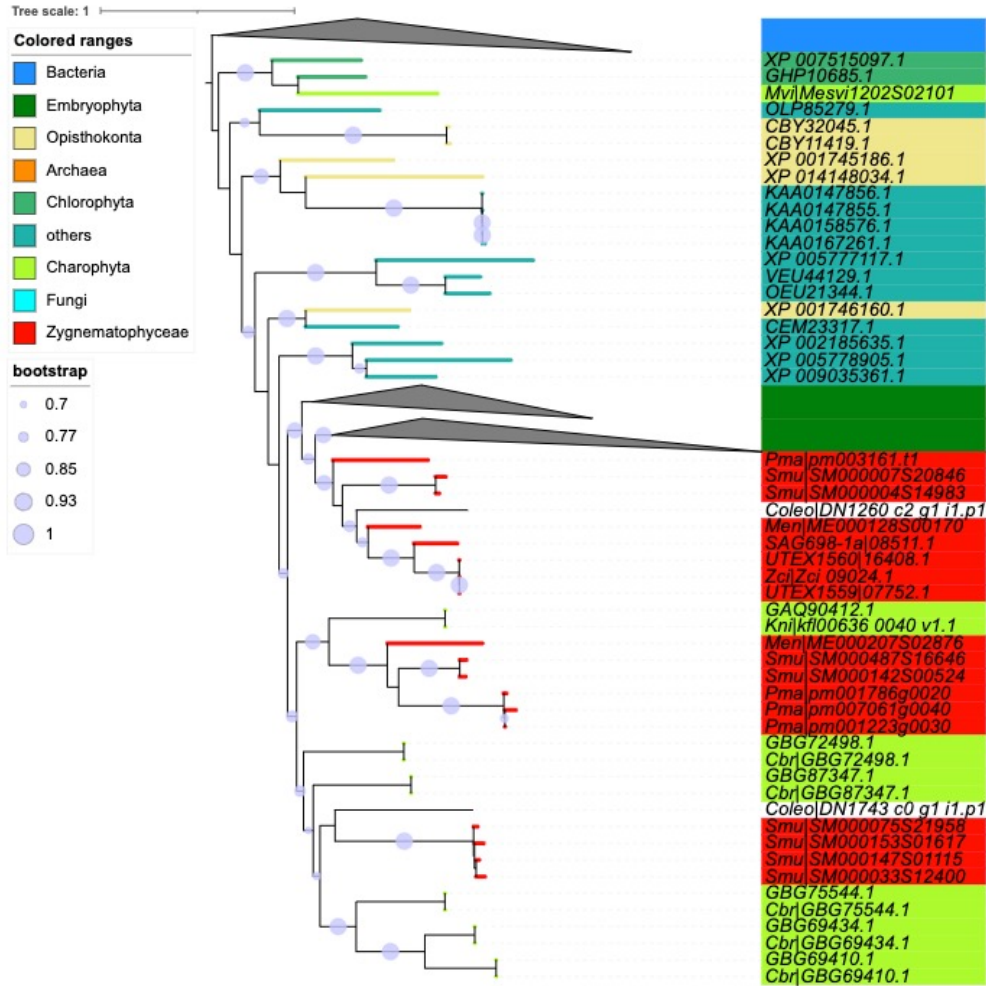
Park, KC., Kwon, SJ. & Kim, NS. Intron loss mediated structural dynamics and functional differentiation of the polygalacturonase gene family in land plants. *Genes Genom* 32, 570–577 (2010).

67 Ath IDs

AT4G01890
AT1G02460
[AT1G56710\(PGL1\)](#)
[AT1G48100\(PGX3\)](#)
AT1G10640
AT1G60590
[AT5G14650\(PGLR\)](#)
[AT3G26610\(PGX1\)](#)
AT1G23460
AT1G70500
AT1G80170
AT1G80140
AT5G39910
AT5G17200
AT3G15720
AT4G32370

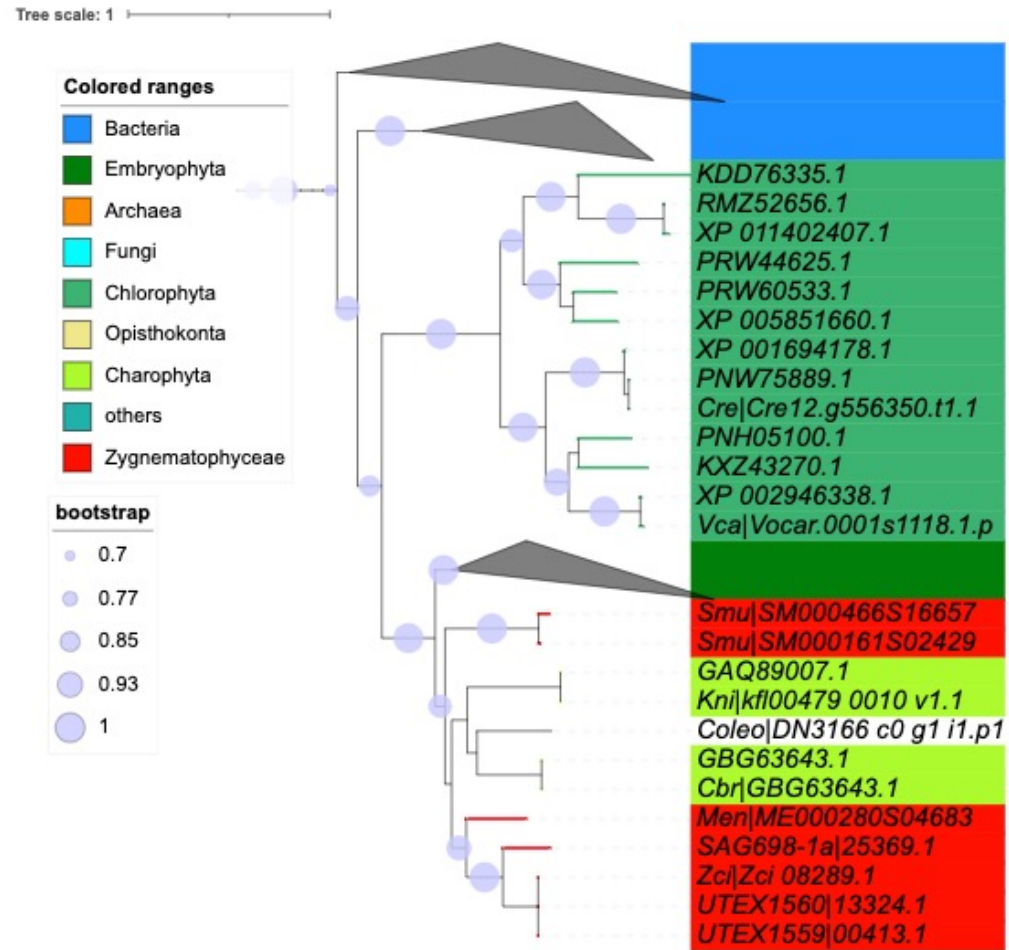


Data S1-82a



class 2

Zci_09024



class 1

Zci_08289

Data S1-82b

<https://itol.embl.de/tree/20812770255475741673199623>

Tree scale: 1

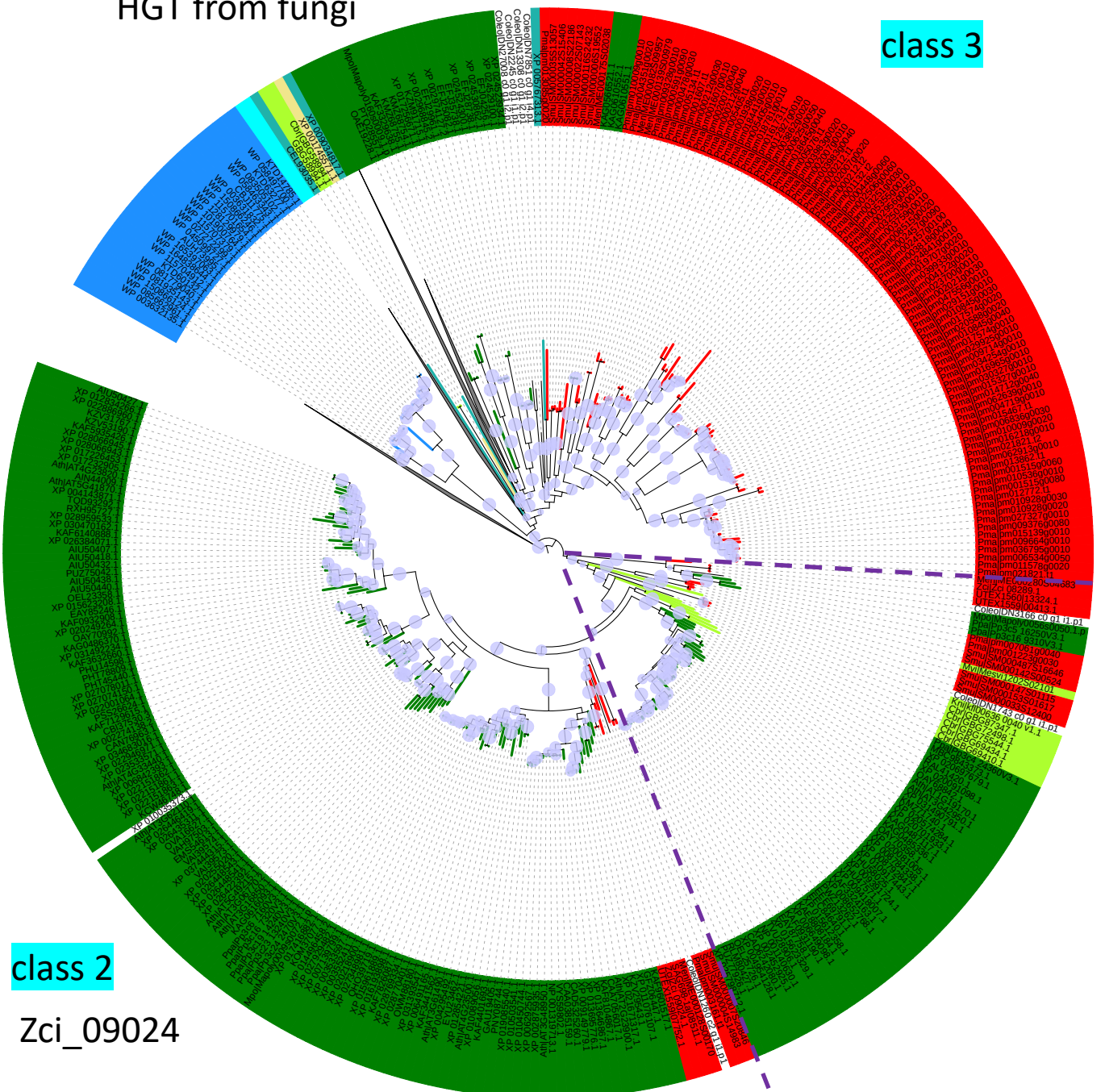
HGT from fungi

Colored ranges

- Embryophyta
- Fungi
- Bacteria
- Opisthokonta
- others
- Archaea
- Charophyta
- Zygnematophyceae

bootstrap

- 0.7
- 0.77
- 0.85
- 0.93
- 1



class 3

class 1

Zci_08289

class 2

Zci_09024

<http://www.cazy.org/e1.html>

http://www.cazy.org/PL1_12_characterized.html

At1g04680	PL1	AAB80622.1
At1g11920	PL1	AAC17625.1
At1g14420	PL1	AAF43942.1
At1g30350	PL1	AAG51103.1
At1g67750	PL1	AAL58893.1
At2g02720	PL1	AAC05350.1
At3g01270	PL1	AAF03499.1
At3g07010	PL1	AAF27005.1
At3g09540	PL1_12	AAF23285.1
At3g55140	PL1_12	CAB75748.1
At3g24230	PL1	BAB01365.1
At3g24670	PL1	BAB01216.1
At3g27400	PL1	NP_189376.1
At3g53190	PL1	BAD95042.1
At3g54920 (PMR6)	PL1	AAM97687.1
At4g13210	PL1	CAB41931.1
At4g13710	PL1	AAL11586.1
At4g22080	PL1	CAA18111.1
At4g22090	PL1	CAA18112.1
At4g24780 (A10)	PL1	AAK25850.1
At5g04310	PL1	NP_196051.2
At5g09280 (fragment)	PL1	CAC05454.1
At5g15110	PL1	CAC01830.1
At5g48900	PL1	AAK92730.1
At5g55720	PL1	BAB09239.1
At5g63180	PL1	AAL25610.1

Tree scale: 1

Data S1-83b

PL1

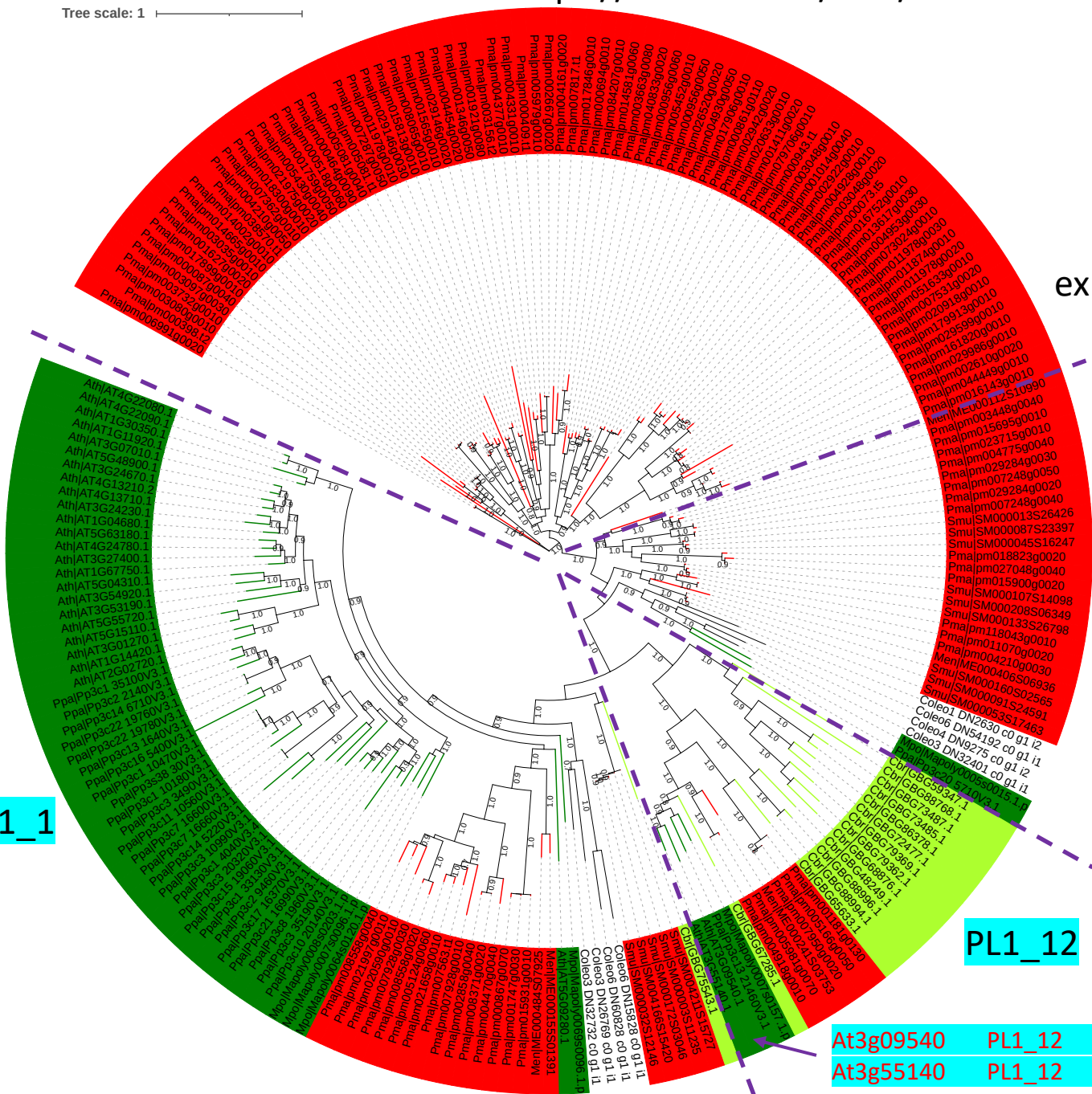
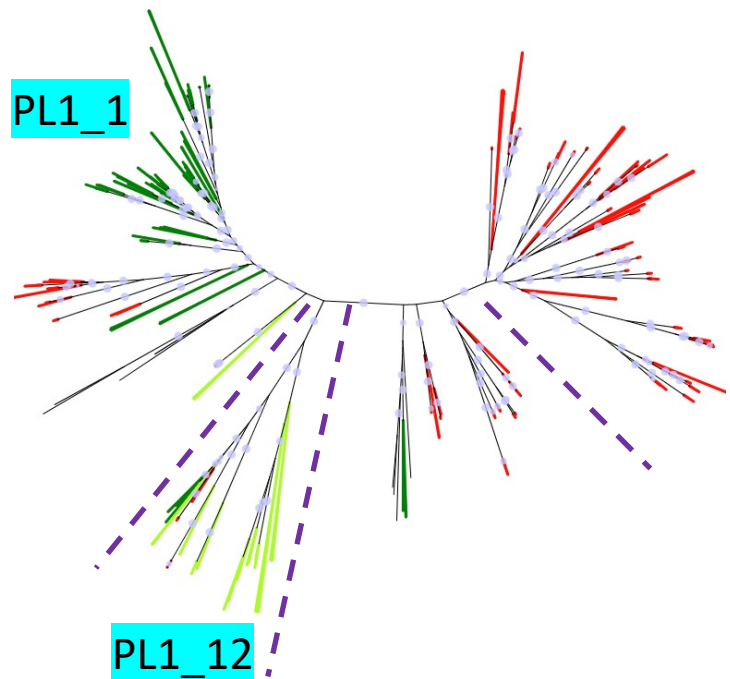
PL1_1

PL1_12

PL1_1

PL1_12

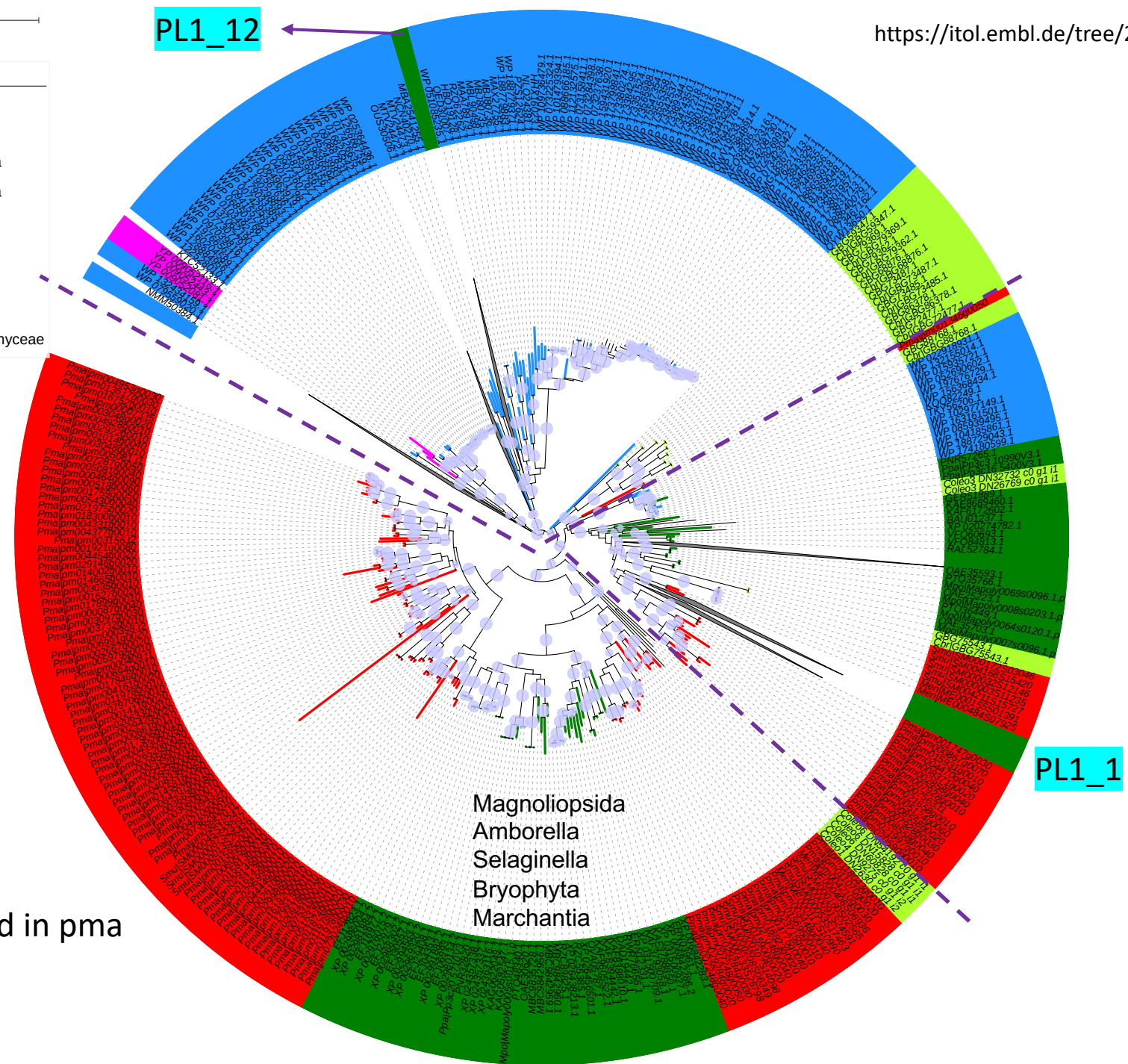
expanded in pma



At3g09540 PL1_12 AAF23285.1
 At3g55140 PL1_12 CAB75748.1

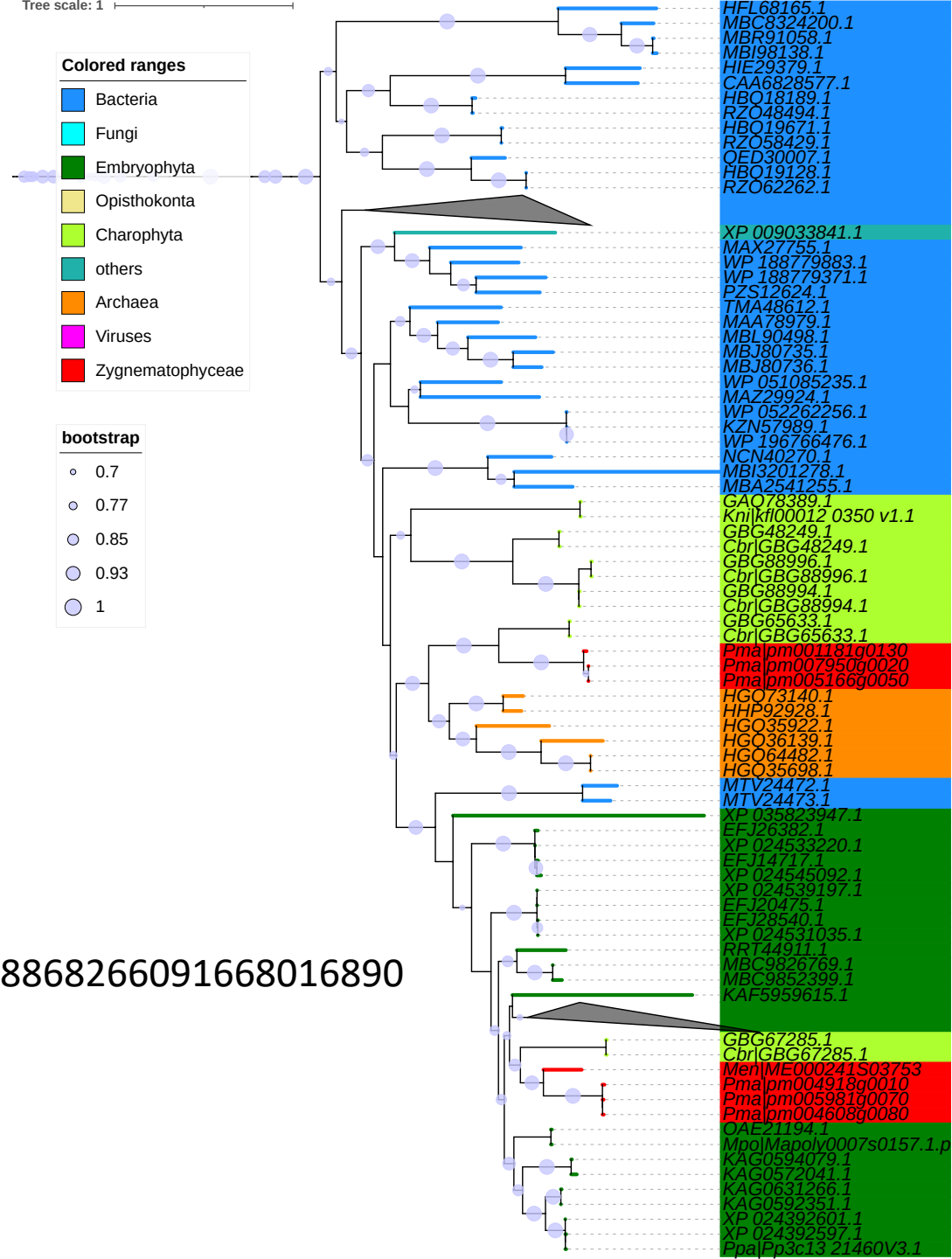
- Colored ranges**
- Bacteria
 - Fungi
 - Embryophyta
 - Opisthokonta
 - Charophyta
 - others
 - Archaea
 - Viruses
 - Zygnematochyceae

- bootstrap**
- 0.7
 - 0.77
 - 0.85
 - 0.93
 - 1



expanded in pma

Data S1-84b



<https://itol.embl.de/tree/2081278868266091668016890>

At3g09540 PL1_12 AAF23285.1
At3g55140 PL1_12 CAB75748.1