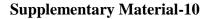
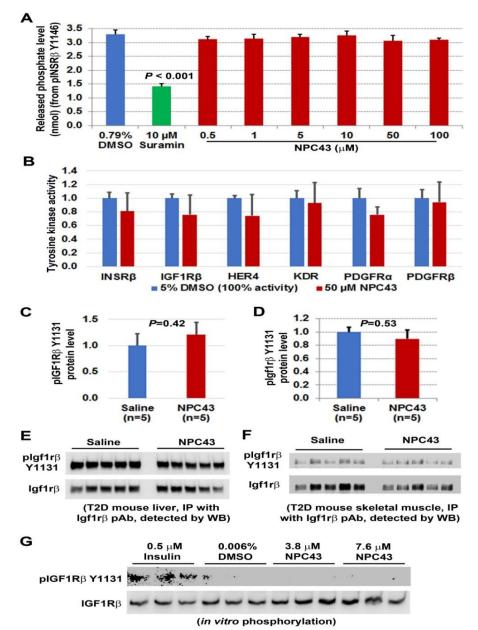
Title: Non-peptidyl small molecule, adenosine, 5'-Se-methyl-5'-seleno-, 2',3'-diacetate, activates insulin receptor and attenuates hyperglycemia in type 2 diabetic *Lepr*^{db/db} mice Journal: Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences

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Effects of NPC43 on (A-B) the activities of intracellular PTP1B and several major tyrosine kinases in vitro, (C-E) the activation of endogenous Igf1r in liver and skeletal muscle of *Lepr*^{*db*/*db*} mice, and (G) the activation of IGF1R protein in a cell-free *in vitro* phosphorylation system. (A) No effects of NPC43 on the PTP1B activity in vitro. Recombinant PTP1B (2.5 ng) and its substrate (75 μM, INSRβ amino acid residues 1142-1153, pY-1146) were incubated with 0.79% (v/v) DMSO (the NPC43 solvent), suramin (a positive inhibitor, 10 µM) or 1-100 µM NPC43 and subjected to in vitro PTP1B assays to determine the released phosphate levels. Mean \pm SD of triplicates per group. *P* values (vs 0.79%DMSO group) in all NPC43-treated groups was higher than 0.05 (*Student's t-test*). (B) No enhanced tyrosine kinase activity of INSR β , IGF1R β , HER4, KDR, PDGFRα or PDGFRβ in vitro after NPC43 treatment, as determined by in vitro receptor tyrosine kinase assays. The NPC43 solvent [5% (v/v) DMSO in PBS buffer) was included as a positive control (referred to 100% kinase activity). Data are presented as mean \pm SD of triplicates per group. P values in all NPC43-treated groups were higher than 0.05 (vs. the 5% DMSO group, *Student's t-test*). (C-F) No significant increase in protein levels of pIgf1rβ at Y1131 in the (C, E) liver and (D, F) gastrocnemius of $Lepr^{db/db}$ mice after chronic i.p. treatment with NPC43, as determined by (C-D) ELISA and (E-F) co-immunoprecipitation analysis. Male *Lepr*^{*db/db*} mice at postnatal day 38 were i.p. injected daily with 0.2% (v/v) DMSO/physiological saline (referred to as the saline group) or NPC43 (0.136 mg/kg BW) for 52 days. Liver protein extracts (50 µg protein) or skeletal muscle protein extracts (150 µg protein) from five saline- or NPC43-treated mice were subjected to (C-D) ELISA analysis of pIgf1rβY1131. Data in C-D are presented as mean \pm SEM, and P values between saline control and NPC43-treated groups were determined by performing *Student's t-test*. In (E-F), liver or skeletal muscle protein extracts (600 µg) from five saline- or NPC43-treated mice were immunoprecipitated with a specific Igf1r antibody followed by Western blot analysis of pIgf1rß at Y1131 and total Igf1rß in these immunoprecipitated samples. (G) No activation of IGF1R protein by NPC43 in the cell-free in vitro phosphorylation system. Equal amounts of purified IGF1R protein (400 ng, triplicates per group) were incubated with 0.5 µM insulin, 0.006% (v/v) DMSO or NPC43 (3.8 or 7.6 µM) and subjected to *in vitro* phosphorylation analysis. Activated IGF1R (i.e. IGF1R_β Y1131) and total IGF1Rβ protein in the *in vitro* phosphorylation reactions were detected by Western blot analysis. Experiments were repeated three times. Note the activation of IGF1R by insulin, but not by NPC43 at the tested doses.