Description of Additional Supplementary Files

File Name: Supplementary Movie 1

Description: Calvarial bone regeneration with associated microvessels. Related to Figure 2a. Intravital multiphoton microscopy showing newly formed calvarial bone matrix with closely associated Flk1-GFP+ microvessels at PLD14. 3D representation of the injured SHG+ (white) calvarial bone edge (upper left) and the newly formed SHG+ bone adjacent in the lesion with closely associated Flk1-GFP+ (green) microvessels. Dimensions: 400x400x100 µm.

File Name: Supplementary Movie 2

Description: Expanding bone matrix at the regenerating bone front. Related to Supplementary Figure 2d.

Intravital multiphoton microscopy showing the SHG+ crisscrossing fiber network of the newly expanding calvarial bone matrix with closely associated Flk1-GFP+ microvessels at PLD14. 3D stack with single planes showing the edge of the injured SHG+ (white) calvarial bone (top left) and adjacent newly formed SHG+ bone with closely associated Flk1-GFP+ (green) microvessels. Dimensions: $80x80x50 \ \mu m$.

File Name: Supplementary Movie 3

Description: Blood flow dynamics in sprouting vessels of the early vascular plexus after calvarial bone injury. Related to Figure 3a.

Blood flow through sprouting Flk1-GFP+ (green) microvessels and the early Flk1-GFP+ vascular plexus at the outer edge of the calvarial lesion at PLD7 visualized by intravital multiphoton imaging after intravenous injection of TexasRed-dextran (red). Note that the non-perfused luminal spaces of the vascular sprouts contain numerous blood cells that are stationary; but passively moved by the nearby blood circulation. Dimensions: 60x50 µm.

File Name: Supplementary Movie 4

Description: Blood flow dynamics in the early vascular plexus after calvarial bone injury. Related to Figure 3a.

Blood flow through the early Flk1-GFP+ vascular plexus at the outer edge of the calvarial lesion at PLD7 visualized by intravital multiphoton imaging after intravenous injection of TexasReddextran (red). Note the highly heterogeneous blood flow dynamics in the different vessel segments. Dimensions: 60x50 µm.