1 S Appendix

Category	Feature
	Average activity level during the whole day.
	Number of kilocalories one spent in a day based on
	the amount of physical activity
	The total number of kilocalories one consumed in a
	day
A	Every 5 minutes a character is shown to indicate the
Activity	level of intensity of an activity.
	How many minutes of high intensity activity was
	performed in a day.
	Number of minutes where one is not doing anything
	in a day.
	Number of minutes where one is doing low intensity
	activity in a day.
	Number of minutes where one is doing medium in-
	tensity activity in a day.
	The average amount of energy it costs to complete
	a task for each minute of the span of one activity
	period.
	Total number of minutes of when the user was not
	wearing the ring during the day
	Total number of minutes spent sleeping during a day.
	Number of steps taken during the day
	the amount of time spent awake during your sleep
	period
	average beats per minute
	percentage of sleep period spent asleep
	heart rate at 5 minutes each sleep period
	average heart rate during the sleep period
Sleep Features	lowest heart rate during sleep period (resting heart
	rate)
	The time it takes a person to fall asleep after turning
	the lights out
	Percentage of sleep time when the user was moving
	Measure of the beat-to-beat differences in heart rate
	Measures the beat-to-beat differences in heart rate
	in the first five minutes of the sleep period
	The measure of the change in your body temperature
	while you sleep
	The difference between your body's core temperature
	and the temperature of your sleeping environment
	Represents the amount of time a person spends asleep
	during a given period of time

Table S 1. List of features extracted from smart ring

ID	Feature
HRV_MeanNN	The mean of the RR intervals.
HRV_SDNN	The standard deviation of the RR intervals.
HRV_SDANN1	The standard deviation of average RR intervals extracted
	from 1-minute segments of time series data
HRV_SDNNI1	The mean of the standard deviations of RR intervals ex-
	tracted from 1-minute segments of time series data
HRV_RMSSD	The square root of the mean of the squared successive
	differences between adjacent RR intervals.
HRV_SDSD	The standard deviation of the successive differences between
	RR intervals.
HRV_CVNN	The standard deviation of the RR intervals (SDNN) divided
	by the mean of the RR intervals (MeanNN).
HRV_CVSD	The root mean square of successive differences (RMSSD)
	divided by the mean of the RR intervals (MeanNN).
HRV_MedianN	NThe median of the RR intervals.
HRV_MadNN	The median absolute deviation of the RR intervals.
HRV_MCVNN	The median absolute deviation of the RR intervals (MadNN)
	divided by the median of the RR intervals (MedianNN).
HRV_IQRNN	The interquartile range (IQR) of the RR intervals.
HRV_PNN50	The proportion of RR intervals greater than 50ms, out of
	the total number of RR intervals.
HRV_PNN20	The proportion of RR intervals greater than 20ms, out of
	the total number of RR intervals.
HRV_HTT	The HRV triangular index, measuring the total number
	of RR intervals divided by the height of the RR intervals
IIDV TINN	nistogram. The baseling width of the DD intervals distribution obtained
	by triangular interpolation, where the error of least squares
	determines the triangle. It is an approximation of the BB
	interval distribution
HBV LF	The spectral power of low frequencies $(0.04 \text{ to } 0.15 \text{ Hz})$
HRV HF	The spectral power of high frequencies $(0.01 \text{ to } 0.10 \text{ Hz})$.
HRV VHF	The spectral power of very high frequencies $(0.4 \text{ to } 5 \text{ Hz})$
HRV LEHE	The ratio obtained by dividing the low frequency power by
	the high frequency power.
HBV LEn	The normalized low frequency obtained by dividing the low
	frequency power by the total power.
HBV HFn	The normalized high frequency, obtained by dividing the
	low frequency power by the total power.
HRV_LnHF	The log transformed HF.
HRV_SD1	Standard deviation perpendicular to the line of identity. It
	is an index of short-term RR interval fluctuation
HRV_SD2	Standard deviation along the identity line. Index of long-
	term HRV changes.
HRV_SD1SD2	Ratio of SD1 to SD2. Describes the ratio of short term to
	long term variations in HRV.
HRV_S	Area of ellipse described by SD1 and SD2 (pi * SD1 * SD2)
HR	Heart rate

Table S 2. List of features extracted from smart watch

Category	Feature
Call	Outgoing call duration
	Income call counts
	Outgoing call counts
	Missedcall counts
	Voicemail counts
	Number of notifications from applications type: Pro-
	ductivity
	Number of notifications from applications type: Pho-
	tography
Notification	Number of notifications from applications type: Com-
	munication
	Number of notifications from applications type:
	Lifestyle
	Number of notifications from applications type: So-
	cial
	Number of notifications from applications type: Shop-
	ping
	Number of notifications from applications type:
	Health & Fitness
	Number of notifications from applications type: En-
	tertainment
	Number of notifications from applications type: Mu-
	sic & Audio
	Number of received messages
Messages	Number of sent messagess
	Number of screen off
G	Number of screen on
Screen	Number of screen locks
	Number of screen unlocks
	Variance of latitude
	Variance of speed
	Mean of speed
	Number of places
	Home duration
Location (GPS)	Outdoor duration
	Mean of outdoor duration
	Standard deviation of outdoor duration
	Type of the place with longest duration other than
	home
	Total travel distance
Battery	Number of battery charger plugins

Table S 3. List of features extracted from smartphone