Table 4. Methods used for measuring, and/or facilitating consensus among panelists.

First Author	What consensus method was reported?	Which method of consensus was used?	Was consensus level decided apriori?	What was the method or level of agreement set at?	Were dissenting opinions acknowledged and reported?
Herring (2008)	None	Informal - iterative development over written rounds and in- person meeting	No	Unanimous agreement amongst invited panel - assumed <i>not</i> measured	No
<i>Davis</i> (2010)	None	Consensus conference – informal	No	Unclear	No
Powers (2012)	None	Consensus conference – informal	No	Unclear	No
Witvrouw (2014)	None	Consensus conference – informal	No	Unclear	No
McAlindon (2014)	RAND-UCLA & Delphi	RAND-UCLA	Yes	RAND method (Median score of greater than 7 using a 9-point Likert, with less than 1/3 of panelists also not falling in the 1-3 range indicating a large disagreement)	yes - as part of the RAND-UCLA method
Crossley (2016a)	None	Consensus conference – informal	No	Unclear	No
Crossley (2016b)	Unclear	Voting - report "OARSI method" - assessed as	Yes	Had to be rated 'appropriate' (7-9 on a 10-point Likert) on	No

		a modified version of RAND/UCLA		average (median) <i>AND</i> consistent with evidence	
Herring (2016)	None	Informal - iterative development over written rounds and in- person meeting	No	Unanimous agreement amongst invited panel - assumed <i>not</i> measured	No
Powers (2017)	None	Informal - not reported fully	No	Unclear	No
Herring (2018)	None	Informal - iterative development over written rounds and in- person meeting	No	Unanimous agreement amongst invited panel - assumed <i>not</i> measured	No
Van Middlekoop (2018)	Numerical Rating Scale 0-10	Unclear - no report of consensus process NRS 0-10 used for priority setting	Yes	For priority setting part only, consensus was >7.5 out of 10 on numerical rating scale	No
Collins (2018)	10 point Likert scale - median score must be between 7-9	Unclear - median level of agreement but also had to agree with evidence	Yes - level of certainty	median agreement between 7-9	no - outliers were given on bar graphs, not discussed
Huang (2018)	None	n/a	Unclear	Unclear	No
Fox (2018)	RAND-UCLA	RAND-UCLA	Yes	median agreement between 7-9	not explicit but is part of RAND method
Guanghua (2020)	Delphi	Delphi - unclear whether also involved in-person round	Unclear	Unclear	No
Chahla (2020)	Delphi	Modified Delphi*	Yes	over 75% of respondents agreed and fewer than 20%	No

				disagreed in the final voting round	
Kolasinski (2020)	Unclear	Unclear - face to face voting over 2-days reported.	Yes	> 70% agreement	No
Keshmiri (2021)	Delphi	Modified Delphi	No	n/a - did not seek to measure consensus, just reported level of agreement with statements	No
Kunene (2021)	Delphi	Modified - Delphi	Yes	> 70% agreement	No
Barton (2021)	Delphi	Modified Delphi mixed with Priority setting process (see earlier work of the same group)	Yes for stage 3	> 70% agreement	No
Guanghua (2021)	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	No
Vicenzino (2022)	Survey plus in person meeting	Survey plus in person meeting	Yes	> 70% agreement on survey and paper based votes (single round)	No