

Supplemental information

**Clonal hematopoiesis driven by mutated DNMT3A
promotes inflammatory bone loss**

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SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES (S1 – S3)**Table S1. Prevalence of CHIP mutations according to variant allele frequency (VAF) among the Dental ARIC participants (*n*=4,946) – Related to Table 1**

Participants with CHIP	>2% VAF carriers	>10% VAF carriers
	<i>n</i> (column %)	<i>n</i> (column %)
All	191 (100); 3.9% of sample	108 (100); 2.2% of sample
<i>DNMT3A</i> mutation carriers	118 (61.8)	72 (66.7)
<i>TET2</i> mutation carriers	24 (12.6)	8 (7.4)
<i>ASXL1</i> mutation carriers	17 (8.9)	16 (14.8)
<i>JAK2</i> mutation carriers	2 (1.1)	1 (0.9)
Other (<i>PPM1D, SF3B1, SRSF2, TP53</i>)	30 (15.7)	11 (10.2)

Table S2. Descriptive information of Dental ARIC study participants with clinical and CHIP data (n=4,946) – Related to Table 1

	CHIP carriers	CHIP non-carriers	DNMT3A mutation carriers	DNMT3A mutation non-carriers
	n (row %)	n (row %)	n (row %)	n (row %)
CHIP: Any	191 (3.9)	4,755 (96.1)	118 (2.4)	4,828 (97.6)
Age: years, mean [SD]	64.5 [5.4]	62.3 [5.6]	64.1 [5.6]	62.3 [5.6]
Sex				
male	86 (3.9)	2,143 (96.1)	65 (2.4)	2,652 (97.6)
female	105 (3.9)	2,612 (96.1)	53 (2.4)	2,176 (97.6)
Race				
European American	138 (3.6)	3,736 (96.4)	79 (2.0)	3,795 (98.0)
African American	53 (4.9)	1,019 (95.1)	39 (3.6)	1,033 (96.4)
Education level				
Basic	30 (4.4)	648 (95.6)	19 (2.8)	659 (97.2)
Intermediate	70 (3.3)	2,029 (96.7)	40 (1.9)	2,059 (98.1)
Advanced	90 (4.2)	2,075 (95.8)	59 (2.7)	2,106 (97.3)
Current smoker				
no	154 (3.6)	4,155 (96.4)	92 (2.1)	4,217 (97.9)
yes	35 (5.7)	582 (94.3)	25 (4.1)	592 (95.9)
Diabetic				
no	166 (3.9)	4,065 (96.1)	103 (2.4)	4,128 (97.6)
yes	23 (3.4)	656 (96.6)	14 (2.1)	665 (97.9)
Body mass index (BMI)				
<25.0 kg/m ²	58 (4.6)	1,191 (95.4)	38 (3.0)	1,211 (97.0)
25.0-29.9 kg/m ²	74 (3.7)	1,938 (96.3)	43 (2.1)	1,969 (97.9)
≥30.0 kg/m ²	59 (3.5)	1,615 (96.5)	37 (2.2)	1,637 (97.8)
Episodic dental care				
no	131 (3.7)	3,410 (96.3)	15 (0.4)	3,526 (99.6)
yes	59 (4.3)	1,320 (95.7)	9 (0.7)	1,370 (99.3)

Table S3. Associations between periodontal disease diagnoses, clinical measures of periodontal disease according to DNMT3A mutation carrier status obtained from marginal effects estimation* - Related to Table 1

	crude model	sex adjusted	sex + age adjusted
	p.p. (95% CI)	p.p. (95% CI)	p.p. (95% CI)
Periodontitis diagnosis (reference: Stages I and II)			
Stage IV	13.0 (2.3, 23.7)	12.8 (2.1, 23.5)	10.8 (0.0, 21.5)
Clinical attachment loss			
(% of sites with CAL \geq 3 mm)	5.4 (1.0, 9.8)	5.4 (1.1, 9.7)	4.9 (0.6, 9.2)
Gingival inflammation			
(% of sites with gingiva index \geq 1)	8.8 (1.0, 16.5)	8.7 (1.0, 16.4)	9.2 (1.5, 17.0)

*Crude, sex-, and sex- and age-adjusted logistic and linear regression models and average marginal effects (percentage points, p.p.) and associated 95 confidence intervals (CI).