nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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FOL	an statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	$oxed{x}$ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🕱 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
×	A description of all covariates tested
	🕱 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
×	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
X	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
x	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.
So:	ftware and code

Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>

Data collection

Zeiss TIRF3 was used to capture fluorescent signals.

The luciferase complementation imaging assay images were acquired using a Night OWL II LB983 imaging apparatus with indiGO software, manufactured by Berthold in Germany.

Data analysis

Statistical analysis of the coleoptile length and root length in ethylene responses were performed by using EXCEL 2021.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- $\hbox{-} Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets \\$
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its supplementary information. Source data are provided with this paper.

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riease select the one below that is the best nt for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.						
x Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf						

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

The sample sizes for all experiments were determined based on the practicality of sample collection. The results have been shown to be reliable and reproducible.

Data exclusions

No data were excluded from our analyses.

Replication The number of replication are indicated in the figure legends.

Randomization Samples were arranged randomly in related experiments.

Blinding The blinding was not applied. Because all the experiments were performed without prior knowledge of the final outcome.

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).

Research sample

State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For

Sampling strategy

Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a

rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and

what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.

participants dropped out/declined participation.

Data collection

Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.

Timing Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.

rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

Non-participation

State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no

Randomization

If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

in studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative

Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

Research sample

Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.

Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.				
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.				
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken				
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.				
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.				
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.				
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.				
Did the study involve field work? Yes No Field work, collection and transport					
Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).				
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).				
Access & import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).				
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.				

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Ma	terials & experimental systems	Me	thods
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
	✗ Antibodies	×	ChIP-seq
X	Eukaryotic cell lines	X	Flow cytometry
x	Palaeontology and archaeology	X	MRI-based neuroimaging
×	Animals and other organisms		
×	Human research participants		
X	Clinical data		
×	Dual use research of concern		

Antibodies

Antibodies used

The primary antibodies used include: anti-OsCTR2 (1:10,000), anti-MHZ3 (1:10,000), anti-GFP (7G9) (1:10,000; M2004, Abmart), anti-BiP (1:20,000; ER marker; AS09 481, Agrisera), anti-UGPase (1:20,000; cytoplasm marker; AS05 086, Agrisera), anti-histone H3 (1:20,000; nuclear marker; AS10710, Agrisera), anti-c-Myc (19C2) (1:10,000; HRP-conjugated, M20019L; Abmart), anti-FLAG (3B9) (1:5000; M20008, Abmart), and anti-Luciferase (clone LUC-1, 1:5,000, L2164-.2ML, Sigma-Aldrich). The anti-OsCTR2 was diluted in Immunoreaction Enhancer Solution I (NKB-201, Toyobo), while other primary antibodies were diluted in 3% (w/v) skim milk powder dissolved in PBS. Secondary goat anti-rabbit or anti-mouse-IgG-horseradish peroxidase (M210011, M210021, Abmart) antibodies were used at 1:10,000 dilutions in PBS containing 3% (w/v) skim milk powder for 1 h at room temperature. The signals were detected by chemiluminescence method using WesternBright ECL Detection Kit (K-12045-D50; Advansta).

Validation

The specificity of antibody in rice against OsCTR2 was verified in previous publication: Zhao et al., 2020b. Plant Cell 32, 1626-1643. The specificity of the rice MHZ3 antibody is verified in the manuscript results.