

Figure S1 - Bar-plots shows number of OCRs within 5 different categories, that were analysis across traits (A) and across cell types (B).

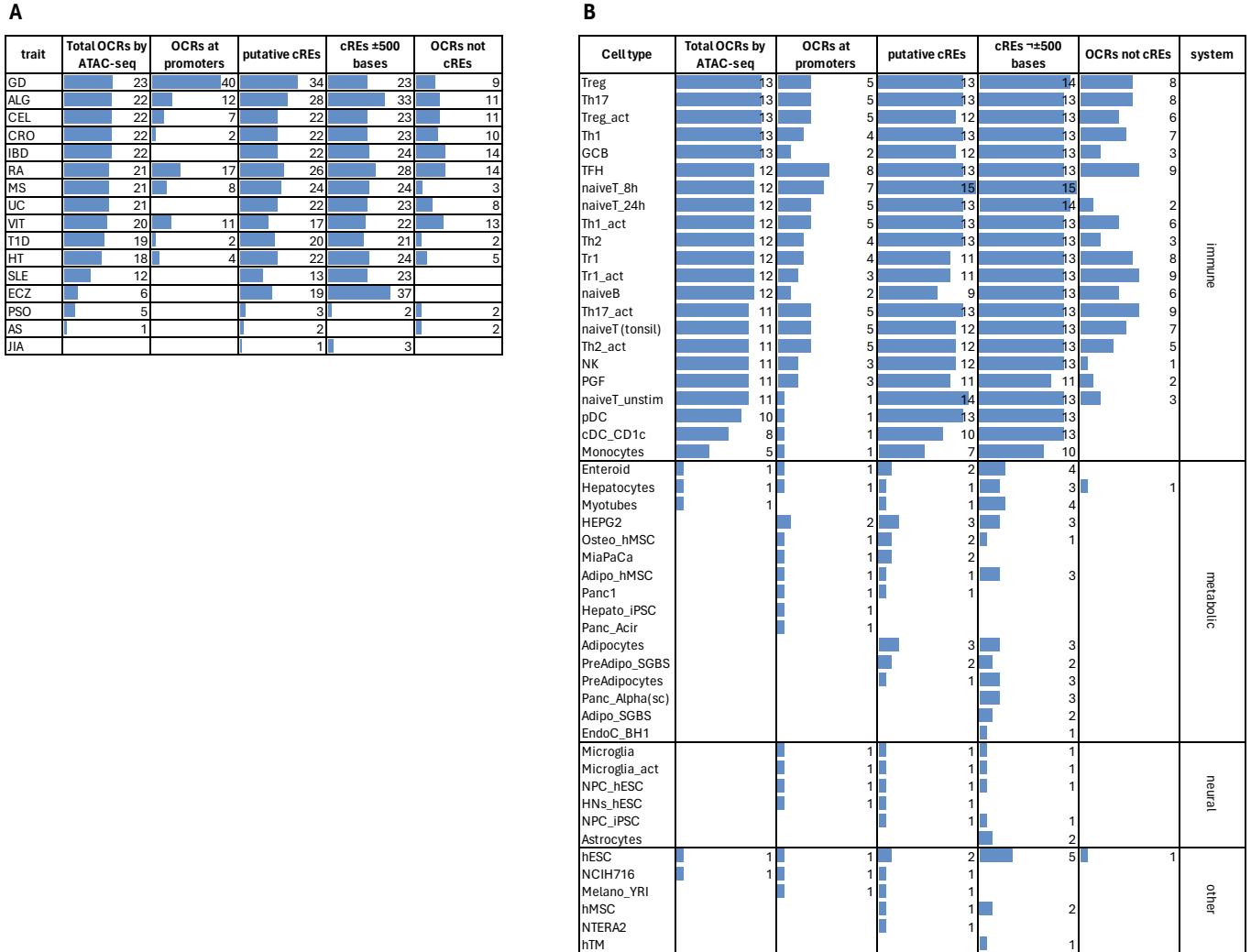


Figure S2 - A. Upset-plot showing intersections of V2G SNPs implicated across 16 immune traits. **B.** Box-plot depicting numbers of genes contacted by variants for each trait in each cell type category.

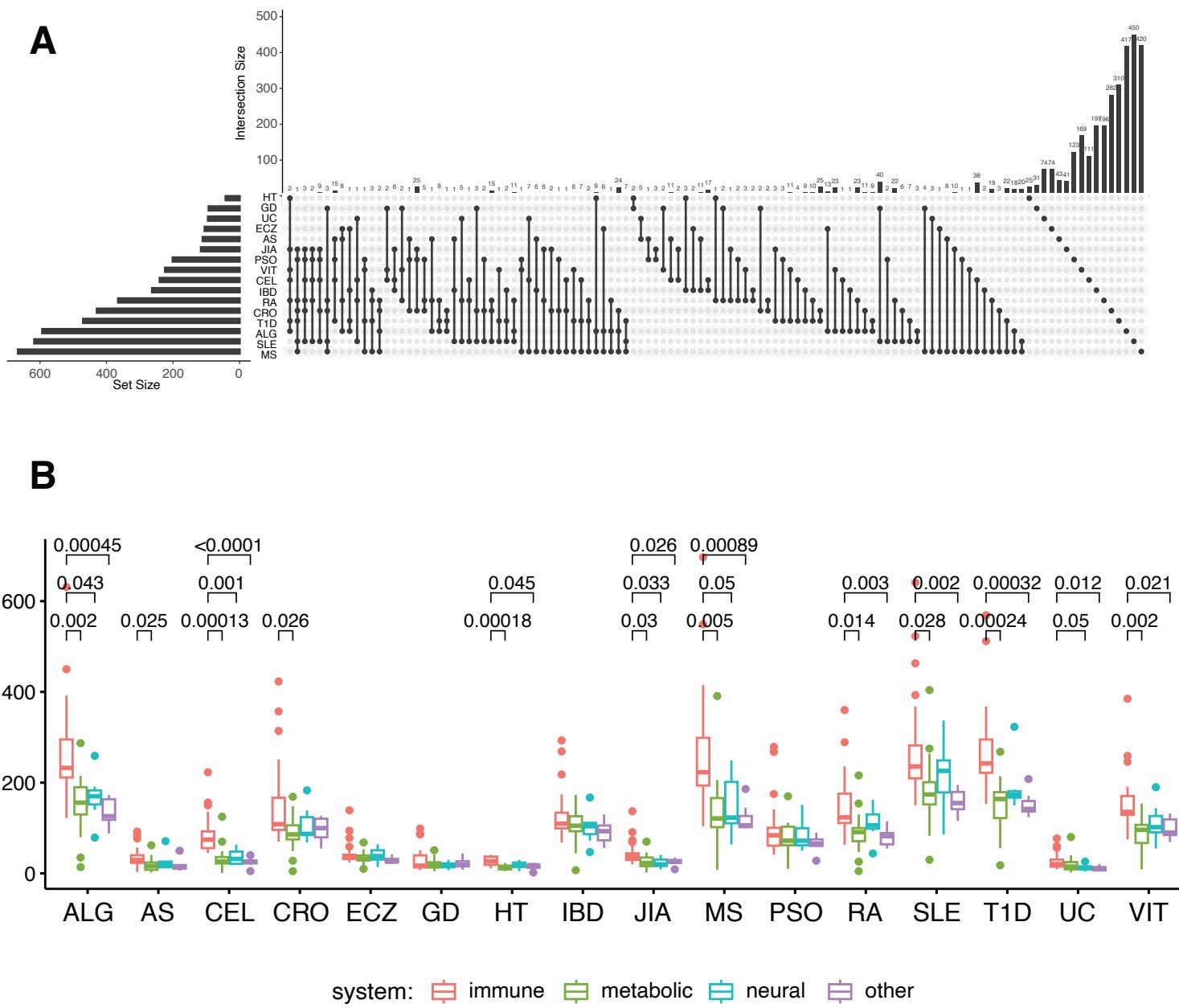


Figure S3 - A. Upset-plot showing intersections of V2G genes implicated in any cell type across 16 immune traits.
B. Upset-plot depicting intersections of V2G genes for any trait across the cell types listed.

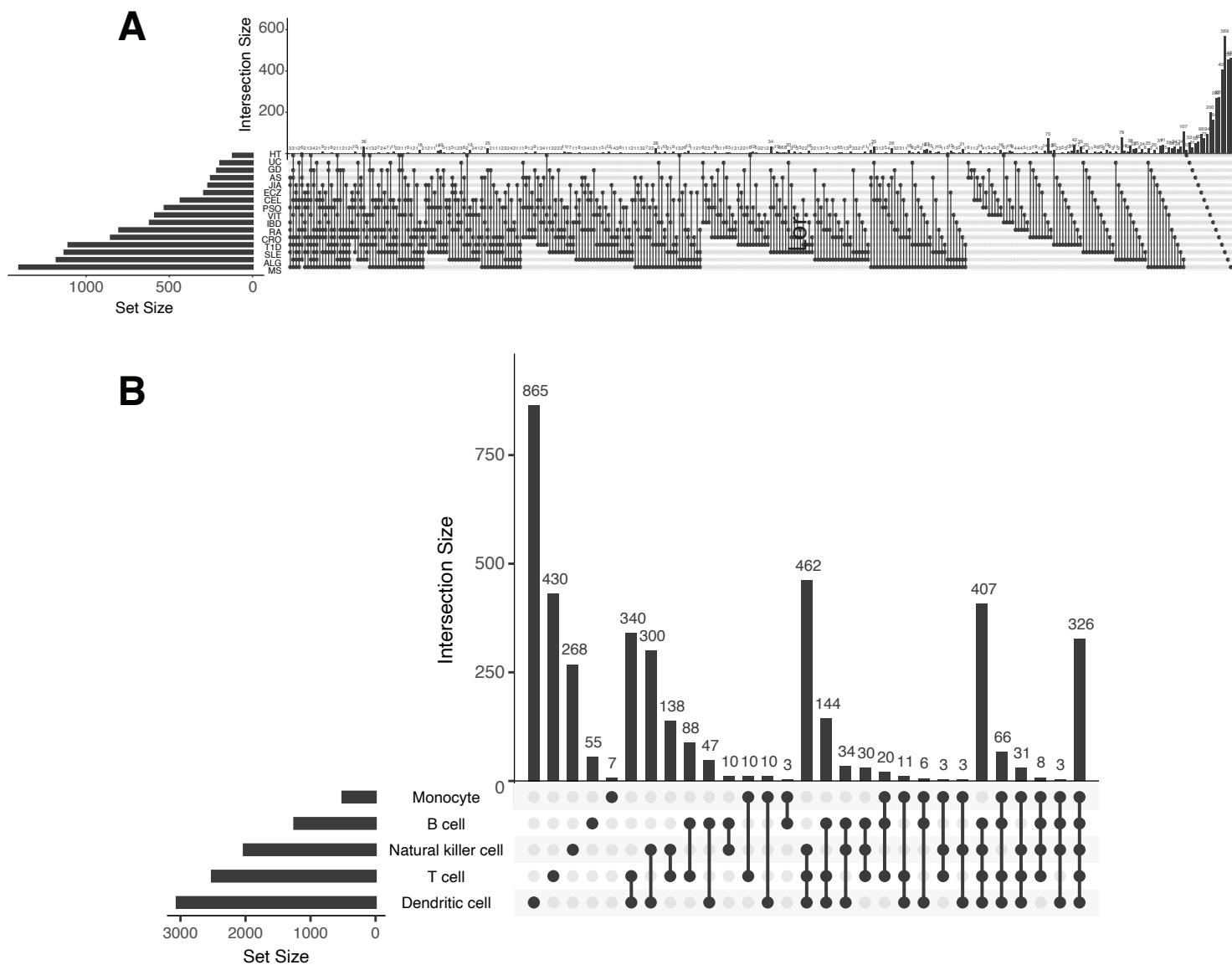


Figure S4 - Degree of overlap of implicated variants (**A**) and target genes (**B**) across cell types.

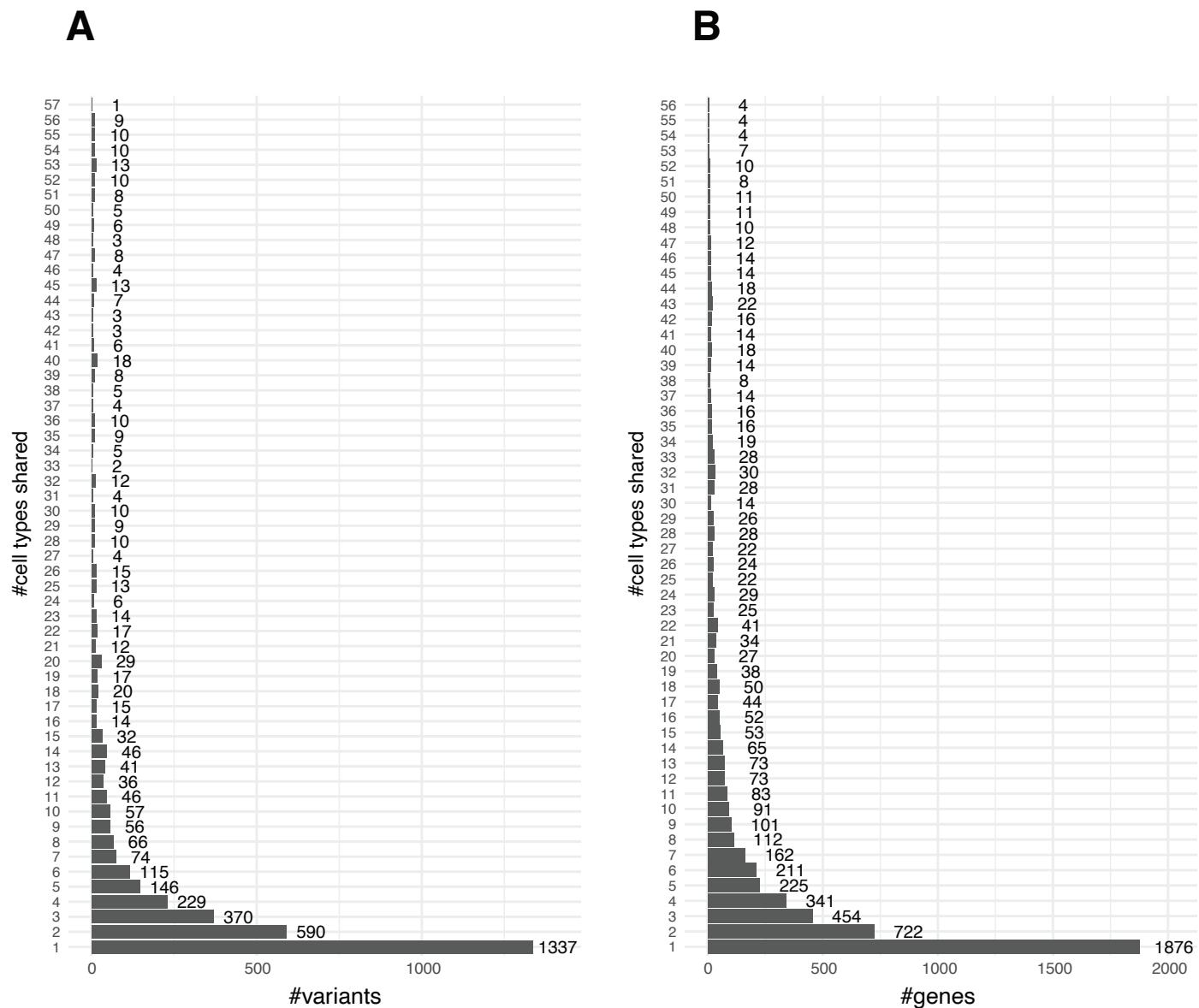
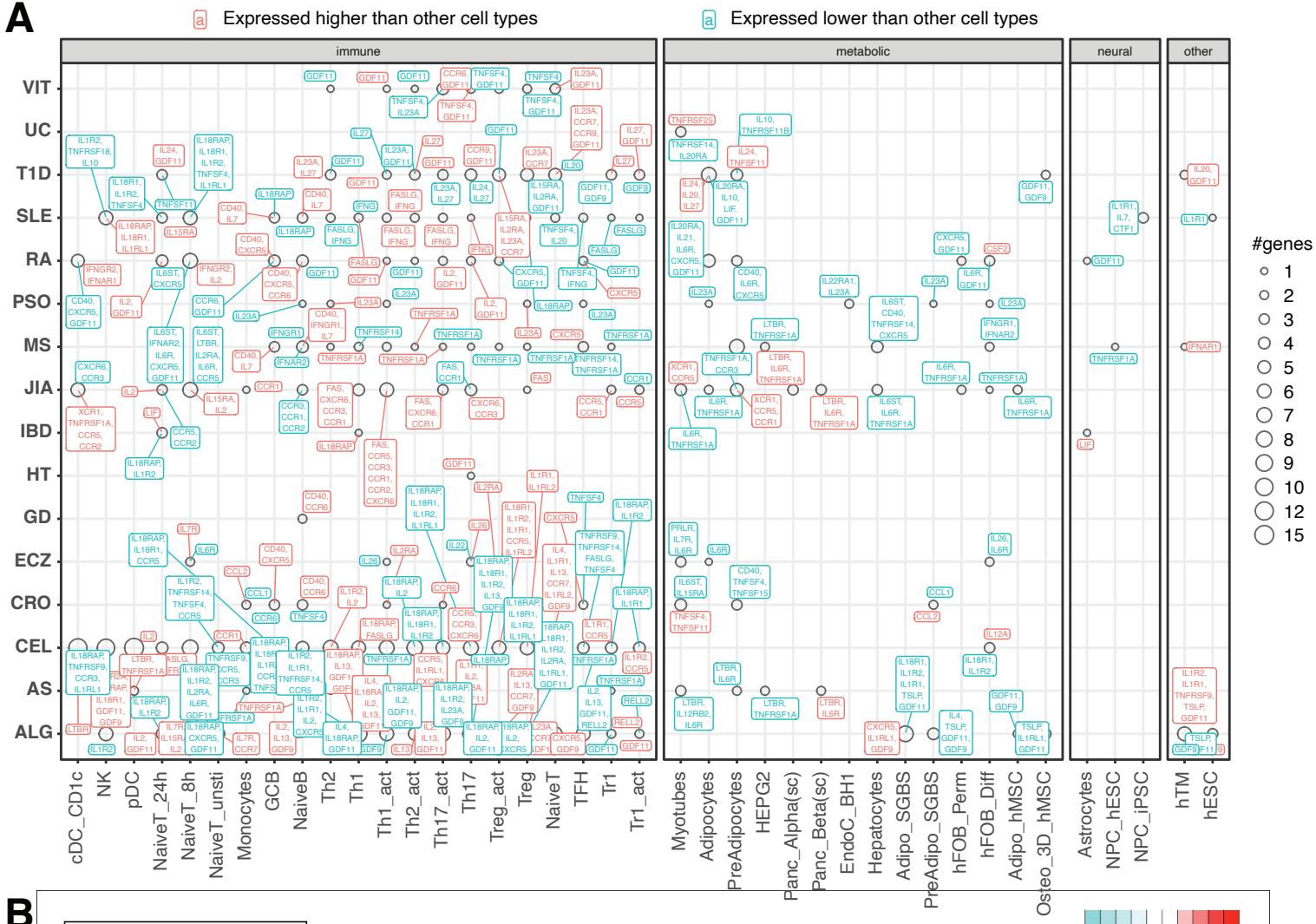


Figure S5 - Cytokine/receptor gene enrichment across trait and cell type (**A**) and in KEGG pathway (**B**).

A



B

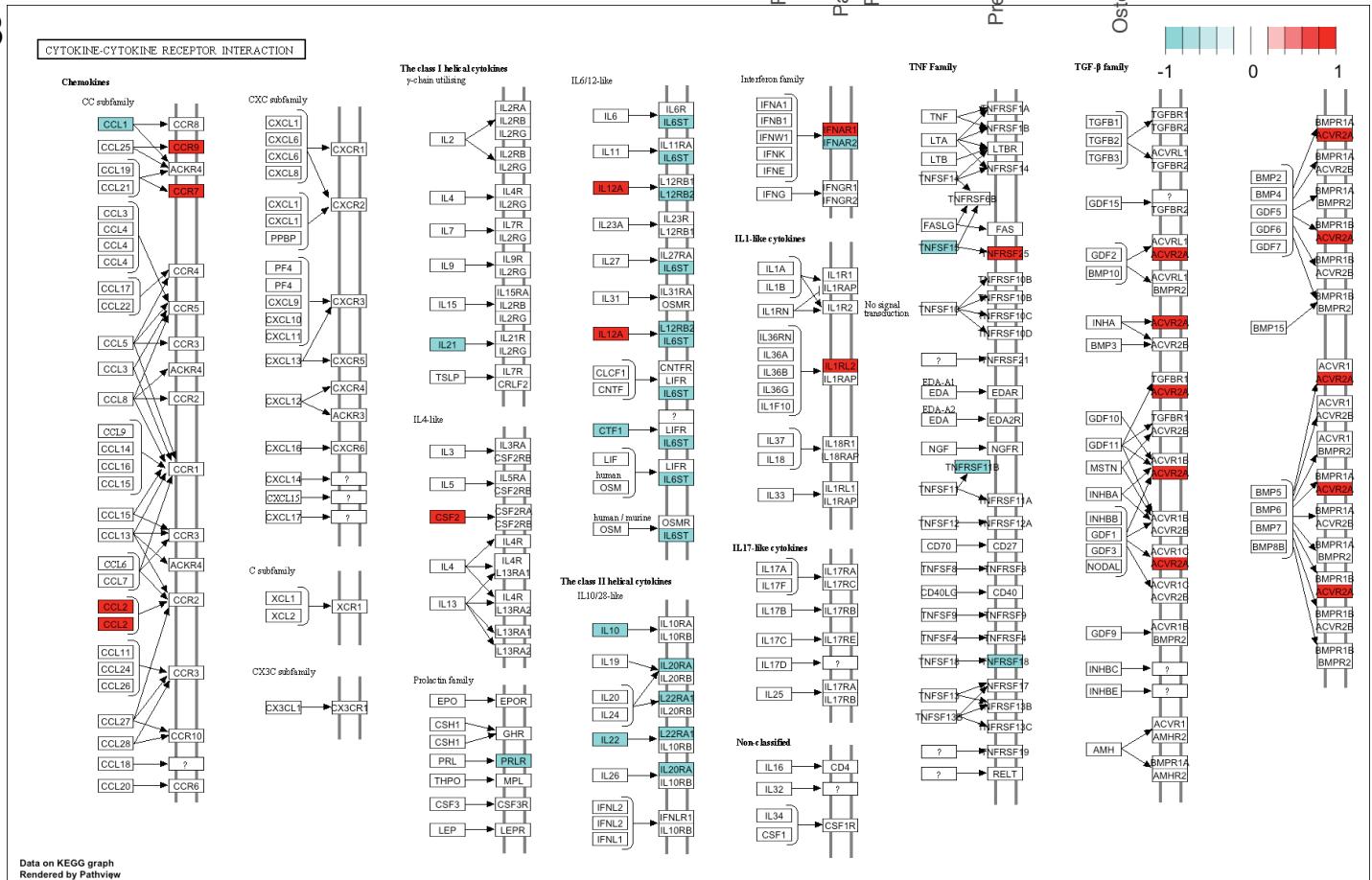


Figure S6 - Salmonella infection gene enrichment across trait and cell type (**A**) and in KEGG pathway (**B**).

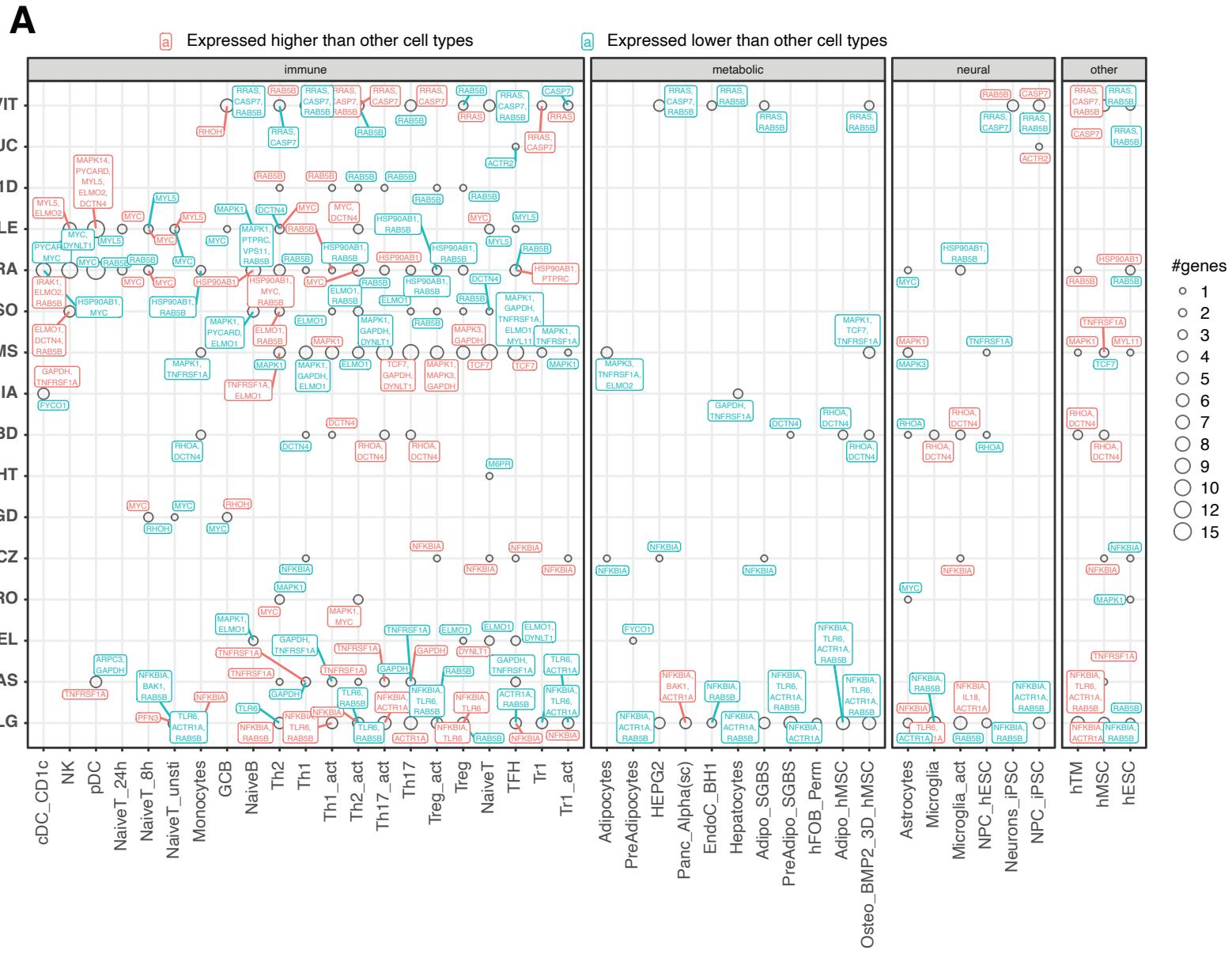


Figure S6 - Salmonella infection gene enrichment across trait and cell type (**A**) and in KEGG pathway (**B**).

B

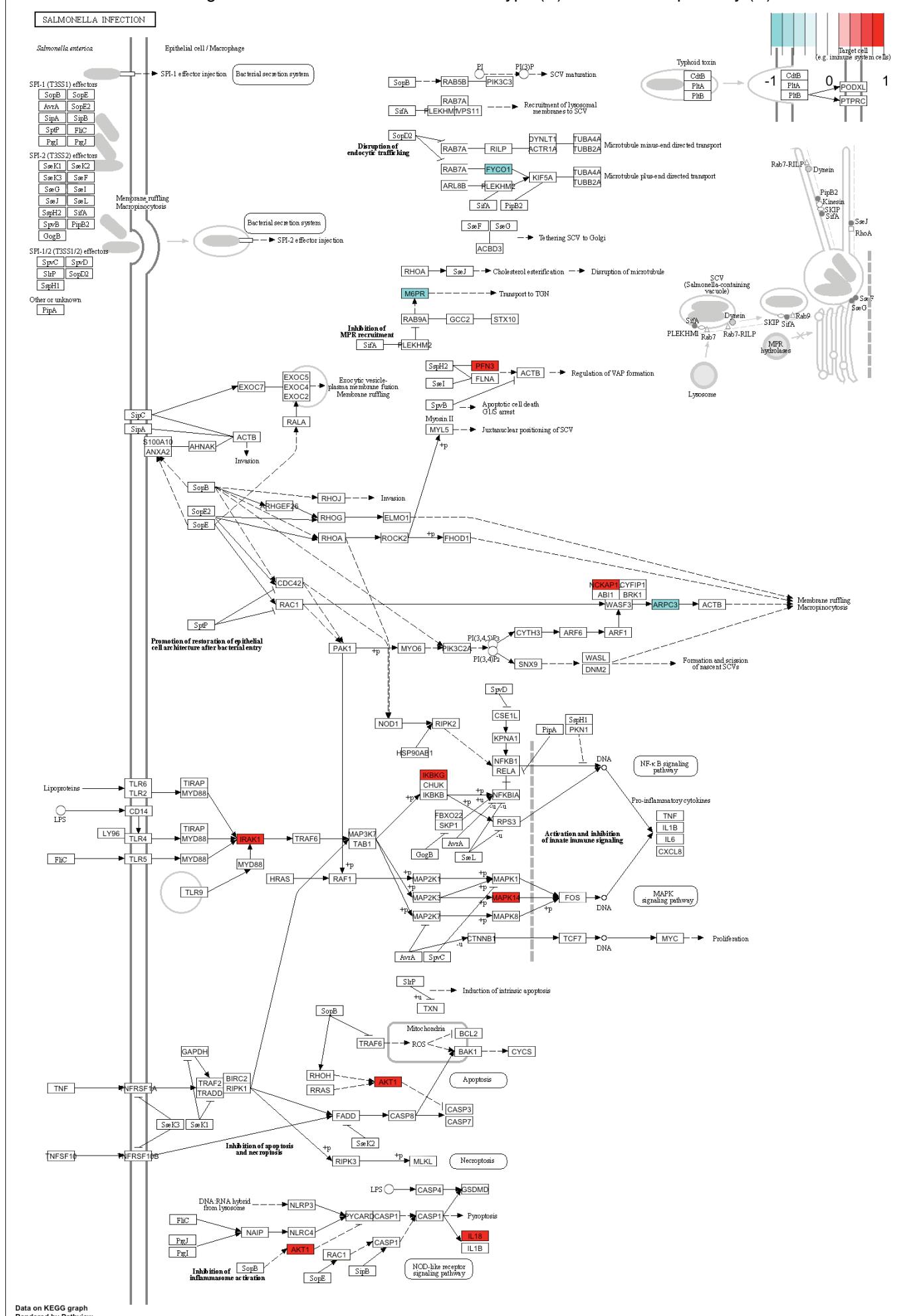


Figure S7 - Sharing of V2G genes in enteroids across UC, CRO, and IBD (A). Gene ontology (B) and pathway enrichment (C) across each trait are shown.

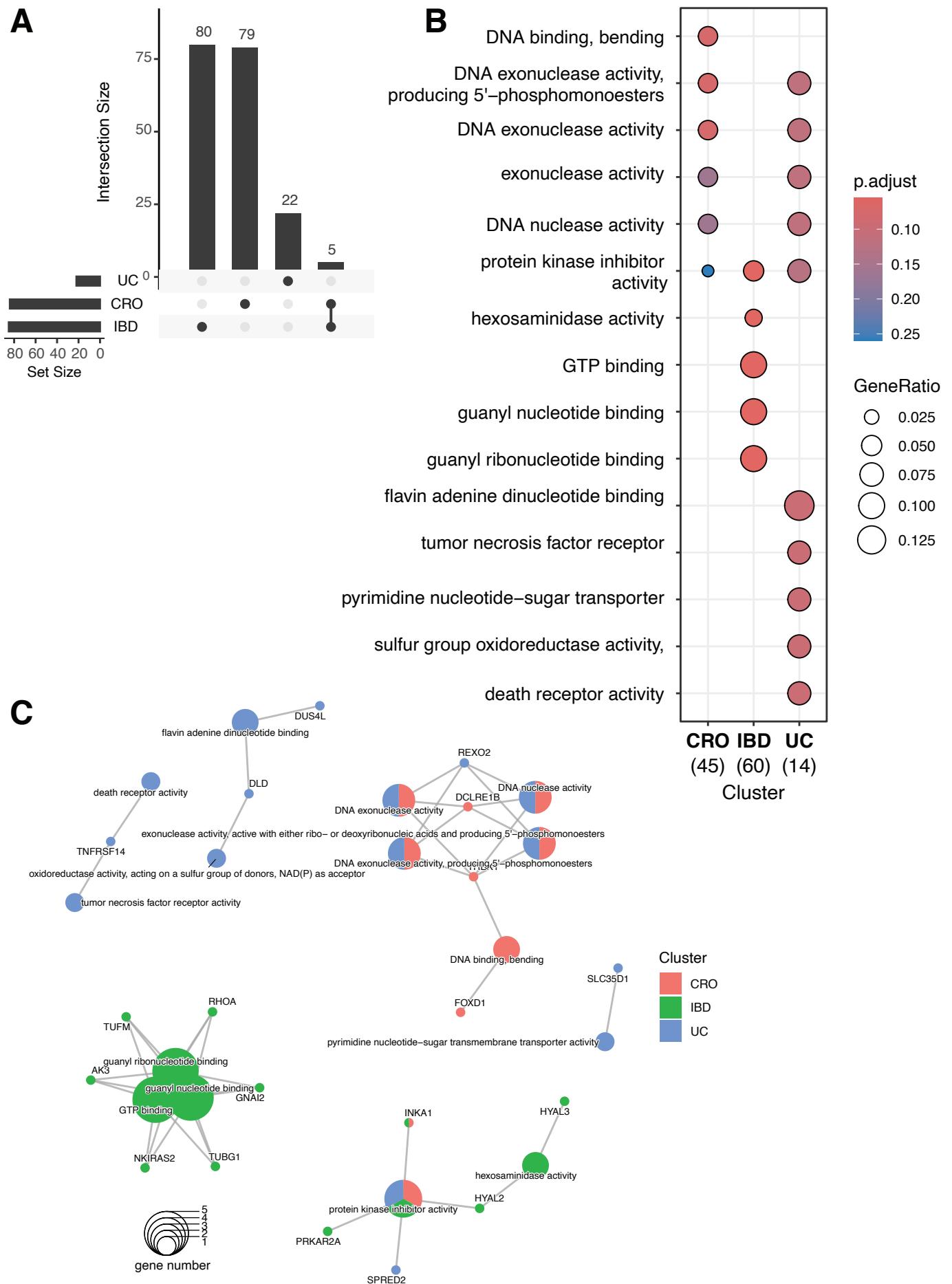


Figure S8 - Gene ontology enrichment of cell type-specific V2G genes across cell type.

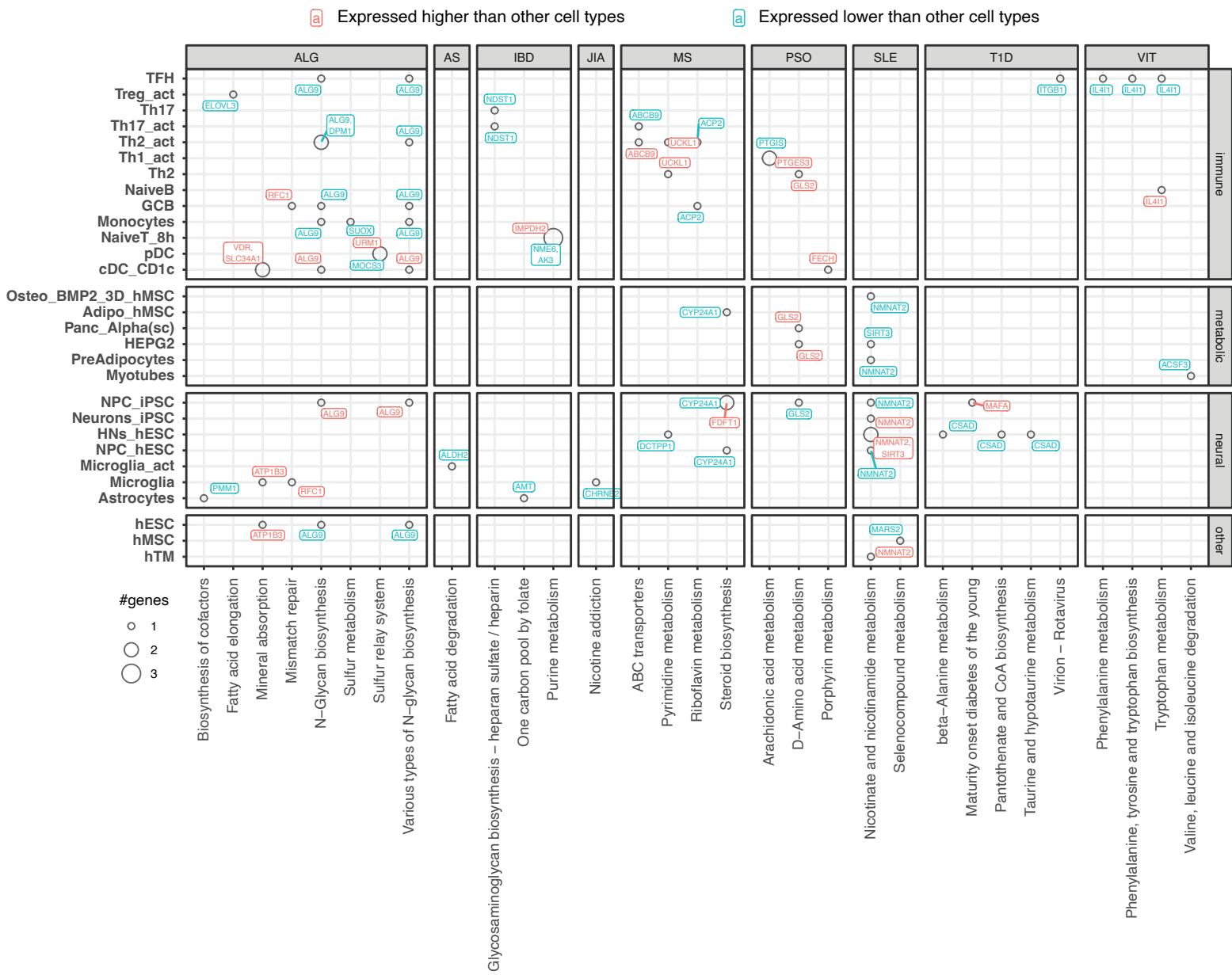


Figure S9 - Expression of *BLK* in sorted immune cells from RA patients, SLE patients, and healthy subjects measured by bulk RNA-seq⁶⁶. Statistically significant differential expression compared to healthy subjects is denoted by p values.

