nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	all statistical an	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	Confirmed				
	The exact	sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement			
	🗶 A stateme	ent on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
	🗶 A descript	ion of all covariates tested			
	🗶 A descript	ion of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>				
X	For Bayes	ian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings			
×	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
X	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.			
So	ftware an	d code			
Policy information about availability of computer code					
Da	ta collection	All custom code are stored in GitHub(https://github.com/xph9876/RNA-mediated_DSB_repair)			

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Data analysis

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

All custom code are stored in GitHub(https://github.com/xph9876/RNA-mediated_DSB_repair)

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The NGS data generated in this study have been deposited in the NCBI's Sequence Read Archive under accession code BioProject "PRJNA883674".

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with human participants or human data. See also policy information about sex, gender (identity/presentation), and sexual orientation and race, ethnicity and racism.

Reporting on sex and gender

Use the terms sex (biological attribute) and gender (shaped by social and cultural circumstances) carefully in order to avoid confusing both terms. Indicate if findings apply to only one sex or gender; describe whether sex and gender were considered in study design; whether sex and/or gender was determined based on self-reporting or assigned and methods used.

Provide in the source data disaggregated sex and gender data, where this information has been collected, and if consent has been obtained for sharing of individual-level data; provide overall numbers in this Reporting Summary. Please state if this information has not been collected.

Report sex- and gender-based analyses where performed, justify reasons for lack of sex- and gender-based analysis.

Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings

Please specify the socially constructed or socially relevant categorization variable(s) used in your manuscript and explain why they were used. Please note that such variables should not be used as proxies for other socially constructed/relevant variables (for example, race or ethnicity should not be used as a proxy for socioeconomic status).

Provide clear definitions of the relevant terms used, how they were provided (by the participants/respondents, the researchers, or third parties), and the method(s) used to classify people into the different categories (e.g. self-report, census or administrative data, social media data, etc.)

Please provide details about how you controlled for confounding variables in your analyses.

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below	v that is the best fit for your research.	If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
x Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size This study has 249 Next-Generation Sequencing libraries sequenced from cell lines each transfection had been performed. We had 4 repeats of each sample for statistical test (two-tailed Mann-Whitney U test) to calculate p-value.

Data exclusions No data were excluded.

Replication All attempts at replication were successful. The 4 biological replicates of each sample were constructed in different wells following the same protocol written in the methods section.

Randomization This is not relevant to this study. All the works were done with cell lines.

Blinding This is not relevant to this study. All the works were done with cell lines.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experime	ntal systems Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study	
Antibodies	ChIP-seq	
x Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry	
Palaeontology and a	rchaeology MRI-based neuroimaging	
Animals and other o	rganisms	
X Clinical data		
Dual use research or	f concern	
✗ ☐ Plants		
Antibodies		
Antibodies used	RNASEH1 antibody (Proteintech, Cat.# 15606-1-AP), RNASEH2A antibody (Origene Cat.# TA306706)	
Validation	RNASEH1 antibody was validated by Western Blot, Immunoprecipitation and Immunofluorescence. RNASEH2A antibody was validated by Western Blot, Immunocytochemistry and Immunofluorescence.	
Eukaryotic cell lin	es ell lines and Sex and Gender in Research	
Cell line source(s)	Human embryonic kidney T (HEK-293T) RNASEH2A wild-type and knock-out cells were provided by Dr. Pursell's lab at Tulane University.	
	The HEK-293 cell line was obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC Cat.# CRL-1573).	
Authentication	RNASEH2A knock out was authenticated by Western blot, Sanger sequencing and in-vitro cleavage assay.	
Mycoplasma contamination	The cell lines were tested negative for mycoplasmid contamination.	
Commonly misidentified (See ICLAC register)	lines No commonly misidentified cell lines in this study	
Plants		
Seed stocks	Report on the source of all seed stocks or other plant material used. If applicable, state the seed stock centre and catalogue number. If plant specimens were collected from the field, describe the collection location, date and sampling procedures.	
	plant specimens were concered from the field, describe the concentration, date and sumpling procedures.	

Novel plant genotypes

Describe the methods by which all novel plant genotypes were produced. This includes those generated by transgenic approaches, gene editing, chemical/radiation-based mutagenesis and hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor was applied.

Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to

Authentication

Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to assess the effect of a mutation and, where applicable, how potential secondary effects (e.g. second site T-DNA insertions, mosiacism, off-target gene editing) were examined.