- Extracts of *Hylotelephium erythrostictum* (Miq.) H. Ohba ameliorate intestinal injury by
   scavenging ROS and inhibiting multiple signaling pathways in *Drosophila*
- 3

4 Hyonil Kim<sup>1,2</sup>, Xinyu Yi<sup>1</sup>, Hongmei Xue<sup>3</sup>, Guanhua Yue<sup>5</sup>, Jiahua Zhu<sup>5</sup>, Tongju Eh<sup>1,2</sup>,

5 Sihong Wang<sup>4\*</sup>, Li Hua Jin<sup>1\*</sup>

6

## 7 Supplemental information

8



9



12 (A-L) Representative images of the midguts of  $esg^{ts}>GFP$ ; sod2 RNAi (A-F) and  $esg^{ts}>GFP$ ; 13 cat RNAi (G-L) transgenic flies at 29 °C for 7 days and stained with anti-GFP (A-C, G-I) and 14 anti-PH3 (D-F, J-L) antibodies. The esg-Gal4/+ flies were used as controls. The numbers of 15  $esg^+$  and PH3<sup>+</sup> cells were significantly greater in the  $esg^{ts}>GFP$ ; sod2 RNAi and  $esg^{ts}>GFP$ ;

*cat RNAi* groups than in the control group. After 4 days of supplementation with HEWE or
HEBE, the numbers of esg<sup>+</sup> and PH3<sup>+</sup> cells decreased significantly. (M-P) Quantification of
esg<sup>+</sup> cells (M, O) in the posterior midgut and PH3<sup>+</sup> cells (N, P) in the whole intestine from AL (n=12-18). Scale bars: 50 µm.











26

Figure S3. Key compounds and targets of HEWE and HEBE for the treatment of IBD.

(A) Venn diagrams of IBD targets from 5 databases. (B) Intersection of identified targets of
HEWE and IBD. (C) Intersection of identified targets of HEBE and IBD. (D, E) Network of
herb-compound-target interactions. The red diamonds are the compounds of HEWE and HEBE,

31 and the green circles around them are the targets.

No	Compound name	PubChem	Class	GI	DL
		CID		absorption	
1	DL-Norvaline	824	Amino acid and	High	Yes
			derivatives		
2	Deethylatrazine	22563	Triazines	High	Yes
3	D-alpha-Aminobutyric acid	439691	Carboxylic acids	High	Yes
			and derivatives		
4	4-Hydroxyphenylacetylglutamic	440731	Glutamic acid and	High	Yes
	acid		derivatives		
5	alpha-Irone	5371002	Prenol lipids	High	Yes
6	8-Methylnonenoate	5365959	Fatty Acyls	High	Yes
7	8-Geranyloxypsoralen	5317564	Coumarins	High	Yes
8	8,9-DiHETrE	3246873	Fatty Acyls	High	Yes
9	Benzocaine	2337	Benzene and	High	Yes
			substituted		
			derivatives		
10	Sarracine	5281746	Alkaloids	High	Yes
11	Piperlonguminine	5320621	Alkaloids	High	Yes
12	Phloretic acid	10394	Phenols	High	Yes
13	p-Octopamine	4581	Phenols	High	Yes
14	Oxymorphone	5284604	Phenanthrenes and	High	Yes
			derivatives		
15	Nandrolone	9904	Steroids and steroid	High	Yes
			derivatives		
16	Lubiprostone	157920	Fatty Acyls	High	Yes
17	L-Phenylalanine	6140	Amino acid and	High	Yes
			derivatives		
18	Kynurenic acid	3845	Alkaloids	High	Yes
19	Isosakuranetin	160481	Flavonoids	High	Yes

## 32 Table S1. Bioactive compounds of HEWE.

No	Compound name	PubChem	Class	GI	DL
		CID		absorption	
1	Homoeriodictyol	73635	Flavonoids	High	Yes
2	Fisetin,	5281614	Flavonoids	High	Yes
3	Delphinidin	68245	Flavonoids	High	Yes
4	D-alpha-Aminobutyric acid	439691	Carboxylic acids and	High	Yes
			derivatives		
5	Benzocaine	2337	Benzene and	High	Yes
			substituted		
			derivatives		
6	Acevaltrate	65717	Iridoids	High	Yes
7	4-Hydroxyphenylacetylglutamic	440731	Glutamic acid and	High	Yes
	acid		derivatives		
8	2',3,5,7-Tetrahydroxyflavon	5281610	Flavonoids	High	Yes
9	Veraguensin	443026	Lignans	High	Yes
10	Tricetin	5281701	Flavonoids	High	Yes
11	Robinetin	5281692	Flavonoids	High	Yes
12	Lubiprostone	157920	Fatty Acyls	High	Yes
13	L-Phenylalanine	6140	Amino acid and	High	Yes
			derivatives		
14	Isosakuranetin	160481	Flavonoids	High	Yes

## **34 Table S2. Bioactive compounds of HEBE**.

35

There are no Gels and Blots images in this study. Therefore, we did not provide the full uncropped Gels and Blots images.