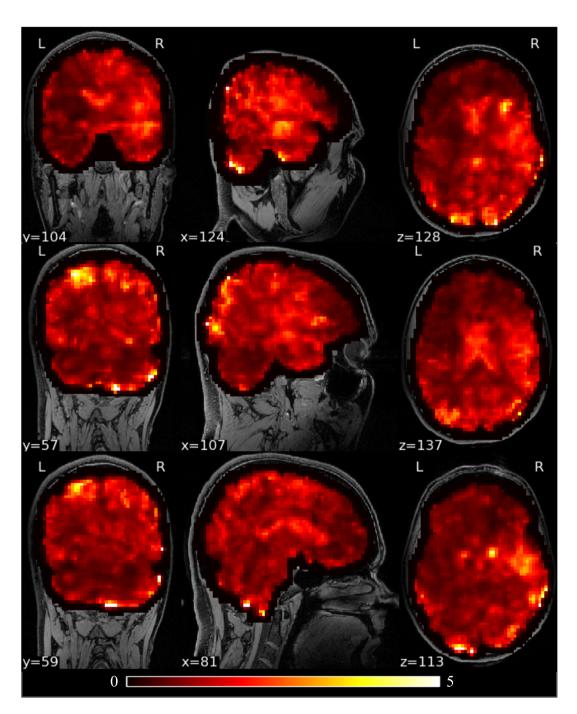
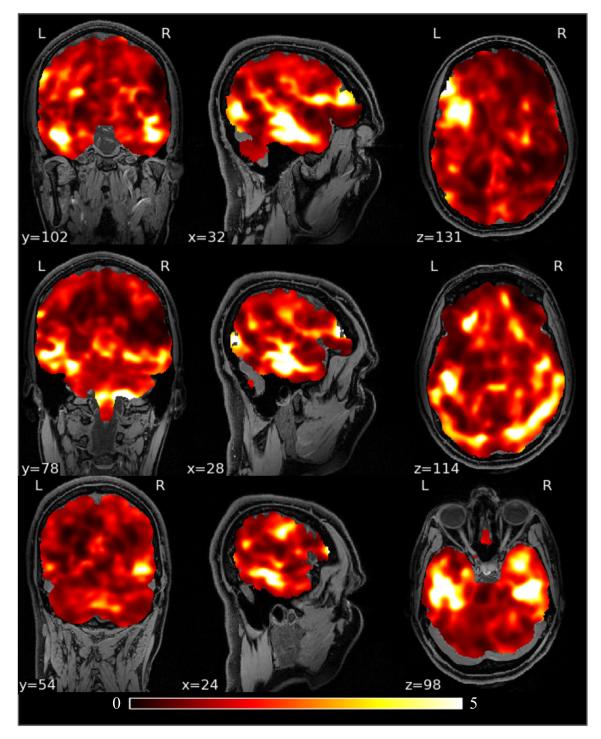
## **Supplemental Material**

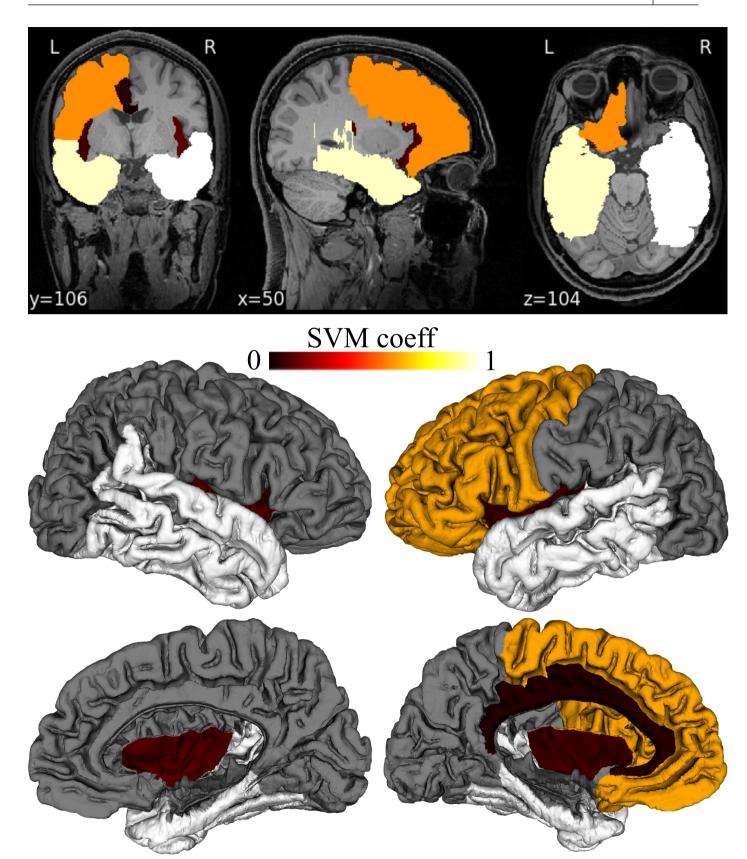


**FIGURE S1** Voxel-based PTE vs. non-PTE group comparison of lesion maps overlaid on the USCBrain atlas. The color code depicts f-values, shown in a region where p-value < 0.05, resulting from the F-test (with permutations). Prominent significant clusters are located in the left temporal lobe, bilateral occipital lobe, cerebellum, and right parietal lobe.

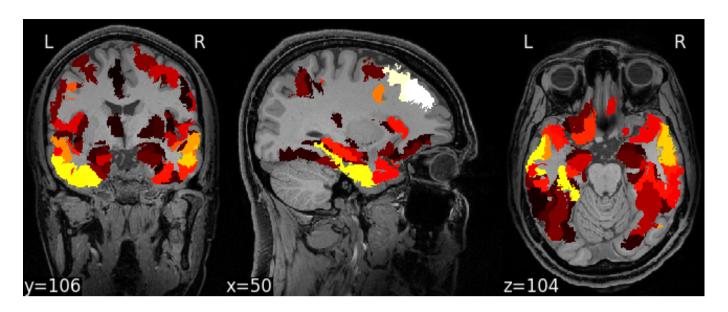
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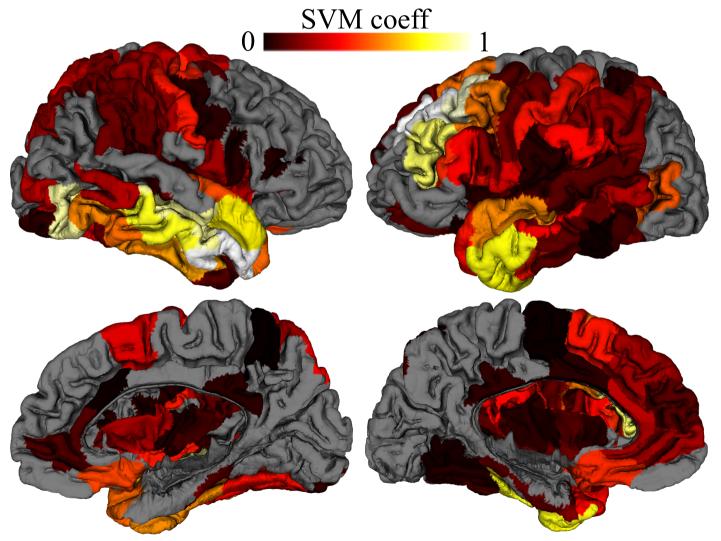


**FIGURE S2** Differences in ALFF between the PTE and non-PTE groups. The results are color-coded f-statistic thresholded by FDR corrected p-values (p < 0.05) derived using a permutation test. Significant clusters are visible in the left temporal lobe, bilateral occipital lobes, cerebellum, and right parietal lobe. The higher F-values in lesion compared to ALFF comparisons show that lesion could be a stronger marker of PTE compared to functional changes at an early stage after TBI.



**FIGURE S3** The feature importance map is shown as color-coded ROIs overlaid on the USCBrain atlas. Both cortical surface and volumetric ROIs are shown.





**FIGURE S4** The feature importance map is shown as color-coded ROIs overlaid on the Brainnetome atlas. Both cortical surface and volumetric ROIs are shown.