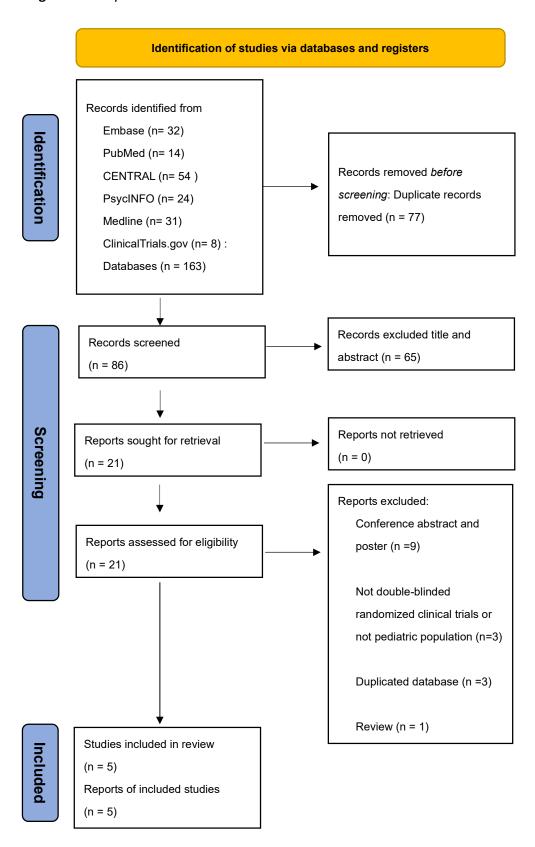
Supplemental Online Content

Yu C, Kao Y, Thompson T, et al. Response trajectories and temporal trends of viloxazine treatment for young people with ADHD: a meta-analysis. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2024;7(11):e2445885. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2024.45885

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- **eFigure 14.** Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Headache
- eFigure 15. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Poor Appetite
- eFigure 16. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Nausea
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eFigure 17. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Somnolence
This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eFigure 1. Study Flowchart



From: Page MJ, McKenzie JE, Bossuyt PM, Boutron I, Hoffmann TC, Mulrow CD, et al. The PRISMA 2020 statement: an updated guideline for reporting systematic reviews. BMJ 2021;372:n71. doi: 10.1136/bmj.n71 © 2024 Yu C et al. JAMA Network Open.

Database

PubMed search strategy

- #1 "viloxazin"[All Fields] OR "viloxazine"[MeSH Terms] OR "viloxazine"[All Fields] (408)
- #2 "attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity"[MeSH Terms] OR ("attention"[All Fields] AND "deficit"[All Fields] AND "disorder"[All Fields] AND "hyperactivity"[All Fields]) OR "attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity"[All Fields] OR "adhd"[All Fields] (51,100)
- #3 #1 AND #2 (68)
- #4 #3 AND (randomizedcontrolledtrial[Filter]) (14)

Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials (CENTRAL) search strategy

- #1 MeSH descriptor: [Viloxazine] explode all trees (69)
- #2 (viloxazine):ti,ab,kw (Word variations have been searched) (158)
- #3 MeSH descriptor: [Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity] explode all trees (3,836)
- #4 ADHD (6,146)
- #5 ("Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity"):ti,ab,kw (3,868)
- #6 #1 OR #2 (158)
- #7 #3 OR #4 OR #5 (6,890)
- #8 #6 AND #7 (54)

Embase search strategy

#1. 'viloxazine'/exp OR viloxazine

- (1,646)
- #2. 'attention deficit hyperactivity disorder'/exp OR 'attention deficit hyperactivity disorder' OR 'adhd'/exp OR adhd (89,423)
- #3. #1 AND #2 (147)
- #4. #3 AND 'randomized controlled trial'/de (32)

PsycInfo search strategy

S1 Viloxazine AND ((attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity or adhd)) (24)

Medline search strategy

- 1 Viloxazine/ or Viloxazine.mp. (395)
- 2 Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity/ or Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity.mp. or ADHD.mp. (44,956)
- 3 randomized controlled trial.pt. (613,775)
- 4 controlled clinical trial.pt. (95,538)
- 5 randomized.ab. (638,049)
- 6 placebo.ab. (246,320)
- 7 clinical trials as topic.sh. (202,458)

- 8 randomly.ab. (429,890)
- 9 trial.ti. (305,586)
- 10 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7 or 8 or 9 (1,586,859)
- 11 exp animals/ not humans.sh. (5,225,418)
- 12 10 not 11 (1,460,560)
- 13 1 and 2 and 12 (31)

ClinicalTrials.gov (https://clinicaltrials.gov/)

Attention Deficit Disorder With Hyperactivity | Viloxazine (8)

CENTRAL: Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials

Not DBRCT, not pediatric population (n=3)

- 1. A Phase IV, Open-Label, Flexible-Dose Safety Trial Evaluating SPN-812 Administered With Psychostimulants in Children and Adolescents (6 to 17 Years of Age) With Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) [Internet]. 2021. Available from: https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04786990.
- 2. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chaturvedi SA, Liranso T, Odebo O, Kosheleff AR, et al. A Phase III, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Trial Assessing the Efficacy and Safety of Viloxazine Extended-Release Capsules in Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. CNS drugs. 2022;36(8):897-915.
- 3. Nct. Evaluation of SPN-812 (Viloxazine Extended-release Capsule) in Adults With ADHD. https://clinicaltrialsgov/show/NCT04016779. 2019.

Duplicated data (n=3)

- 1. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chowdhry FA, Adewole T, Liranso T, Marcus R. Phase 3, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies evaluating efficacy and safety of extended-release viloxazine (SPN-812) for pediatric ADHD: update on the second adolescent study (p304). Neurotherapeutics. 2019;16(3):915.
- 2. Nct. Efficacy and Safety of SPN-812 (Viloxazine Extended-release Capsule) in Children With ADHD. https://clinicaltrialsgov/show/NCT02633527. 2015.
- 3. Nasser A, Hull JT, Liranso T, Busse GD, Melyan Z, Childress AC, et al. The effect of viloxazine extended-release capsules on functional impairments associated with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in children and adolescents in four phase 3 placebo-controlled trials. Neuropsychiatric disease and treatment. 2021;17:1751-62.

Conference abstract or Poster (n=9)

- 1. Findling RL, Newcorn JH, Cutler AJ, Childress AC, Hull JT, Qin P, et al. 5.13 Evaluation of the Efficacy of Viloxazine ER in ADHD Inattentive and Combined Presentations. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry. 2023;62(10):S262-S3.
- 2. Johnson JK, Saylor K, Brittain ST, Tulloch G, Liranso T. A double-blind, placebo-controlled, dose-ranging study of extended-release viloxazine (SPN-812 ER) in children with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry. 2017;56(10):S283-S4.
- 3. Nasser A, Busse GD, Hull J, Chowdhry F, Adewole T, Liranso T, et al. 1.70 A PHASE 3, RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED STUDY (P301) ASSESSING THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF SPN-812 (EXTENDED-RELEASE VILOXAZINE) 100 AND 200MG FOR THE TREATMENT OF ADHD IN CHILDREN. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry. 2019;58(10):S169-S70.
- 4. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chaturvedi S, Adewole T, Liranso T, Busse G, et al. 5.31 THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF SPN-812 (VILOXAZINE EXTENDED-RELEASE) FOR THE TREATMENT OF ADHD IN CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry. 2020;59(10):S159.
- 5. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chowdhry FA, Adewole T, Liranso T, Marcus R. Extended-release viloxazine (SPN-812) for the treatment of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in adolescents: topline results of a phase 3, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study (p302). Neurotherapeutics. 2019;16(3):914-5.

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- 6. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chowdhry FA, Adewole T, Liranso T, Schwabe S. 112 A Phase 3, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study (P302): efficacy and Safety of Extended-Release Viloxazine in Adolescents with ADHD. CNS spectrums. 2020;25(2):272-3.
- 7. Nasser A, Hull JT, Chowdhry FA, Adewole T, Liranso T, Schwabe S. 113 Phase 3, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study (P303) Assessing Efficacy and Safety of Extended-Release Viloxazine in Children with ADHD. CNS spectrums. 2020;25(2):273-4.
- 8. Nasser A, Johnson JK, Adewole T, Liranso T, Marcus R. Phase 3 randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies evaluating efficacy and safety of extended-release viloxazine for pediatric ADHD. CNS spectrums. 2019;24(1):177-8.
- 9. Nasser A, Kosheleff AR, Hull JT, Liranso T, Qin P, Busse GD, et al. Evaluating the likelihood to be helped or harmed after treatment with viloxazine extended-release in children and adolescents with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. International Journal of Clinical Practice. 2021;75(8).

Review (n=1)

1. Raible H, D'Souza MS. Extended-Release Viloxazine for the Treatment of Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder in School-Age Children and Adolescents. Annals of pharmacotherapy. 2023;57(12):1436-48.

eFigure 2. Risk of Bias Plot of the Included Studies

Risk of bias domains D1 D2 D3 D4 D₅ Overall Johnson 2020 Nasser 2020 Nasser 2021a Nasser 2021b Nasser 2021c

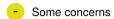
Domains:

D1: Bias arising from the randomization process.
D2: Bias due to deviations from intended intervention.

D3: Bias due to missing outcome data. D4: Bias in measurement of the outcome.

D5: Bias in selection of the reported result.

Judgement





eTable 1. Model Fitting for the Dose-Response Association Between the Dose of Viloxazine and the Outcome

Outcome	Dose-response association	Best model fitting (linear vs quadratic vs	R ² (Goodness-of-fit)	
		spline) ^a		
All ADHD symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.948	
Inattention symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.924	
Hyperactivity symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.923	
Response rate*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.923	
Response trajectory of 100	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.978	
mg/d*				
Response trajectory of 200	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.945	
mg/d*				
Response trajectory of 400	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.927	
mg/d*				
Dropout	p=0.05	Linear, p=0.05	0.194	
Dropout due to adverse effect	p=0.182	Linear, p=0.18	0.156	
Nausea*	p<0.001	Spline, p=0.01	0.642	
Headache*	p=0.040	Linear, p=0.04	0.269	
Somnolence*	p=0.029	Spline, p=0.03	0.709	
Poor appetite*	p=0.037	Linear, p=0.04	0.662	
Abdominal pain	p=0.916	Linear, p=0.92	0.110	
Fatigue	p=0.050	Linear, p=0.05	0.585	

^a spline is restricted cubic spline with three knots (0.1, 0.5, 0.9)

Abbreviations: ADHD=attention deficit/hyperactivity

^{*:} statistically significant dose-response association between the dose of viloxazine and the outcome

eTable 2. Model Fitting for the Dose-Response (mg/kg) Association Between the Dose of Viloxazine and the Outcome

Outcome	Dose-response	Best model fitting	R ² (Goodness-of-fit)
	association	(linear vs quadratic vs	
		spline) ^a	
All ADHD symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.930
Inattention symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.901
Hyperactivity symptoms*	p<0.001	Spline, p<0.001	0.893
Response rate*	p<0.001	Spline, p=0.004	0.846

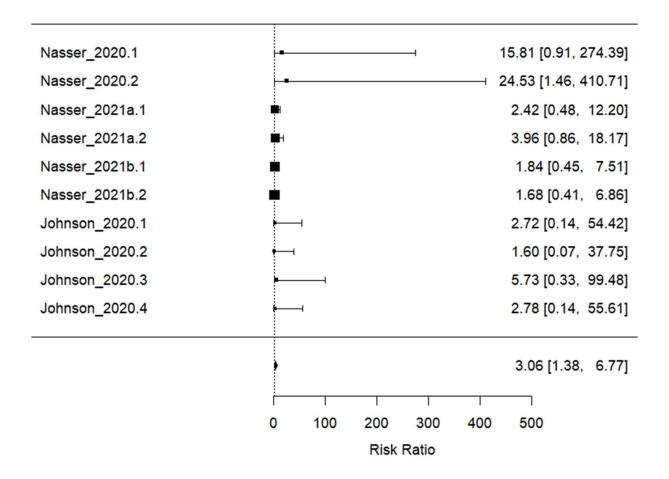
^a spline is restricted cubic spline with three knots (0.1, 0.5, 0.9)

Abbreviations: ADHD=attention deficit/hyperactivity

^{*:} statistically significant dose-response association between the dose of viloxazine and the outcome

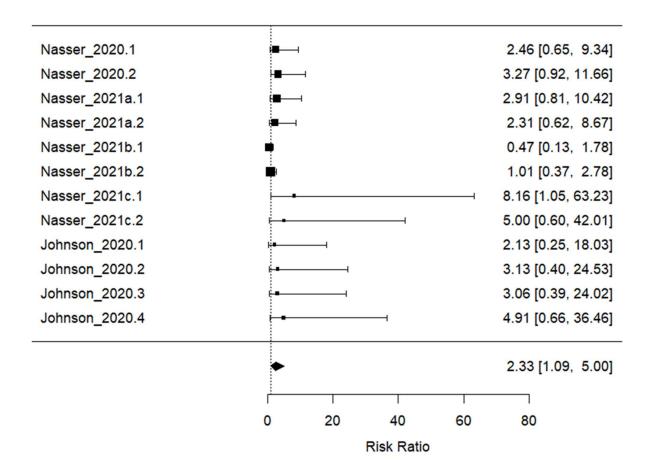
eFigure 3. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Nausea

Nausea (I²=5.8%)



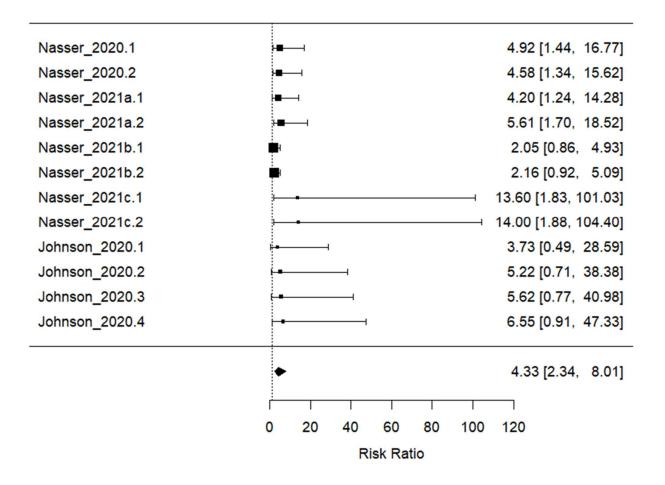
eFigure 4. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Headache

Headache (I^2 =35.81%)



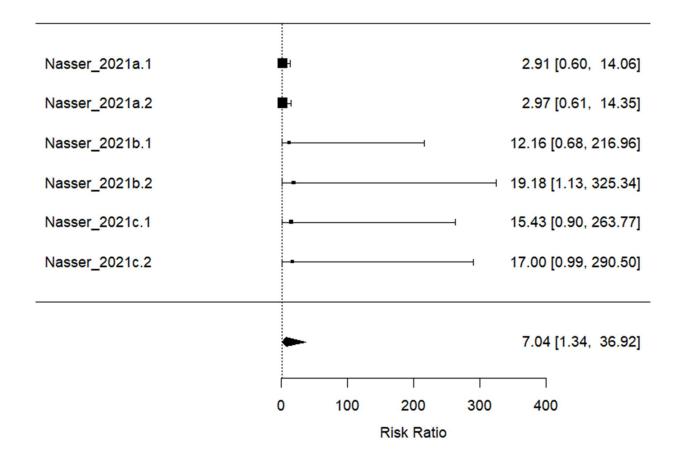
eFigure 5. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Somnolence

Somnolence (I²=26.91%)



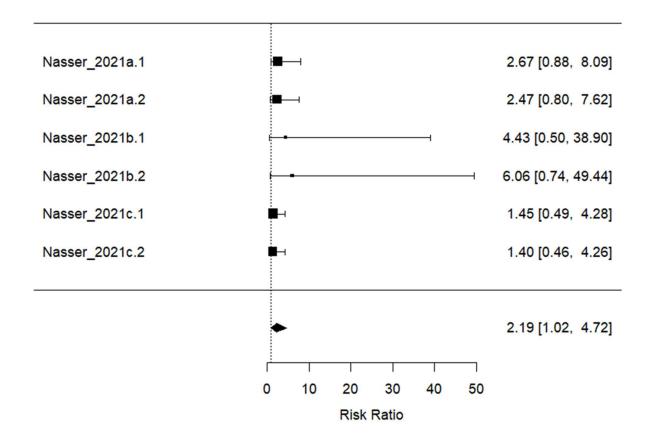
eFigure 6. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Poor Appetite

Poor appetite ($I^2=26.49\%$)



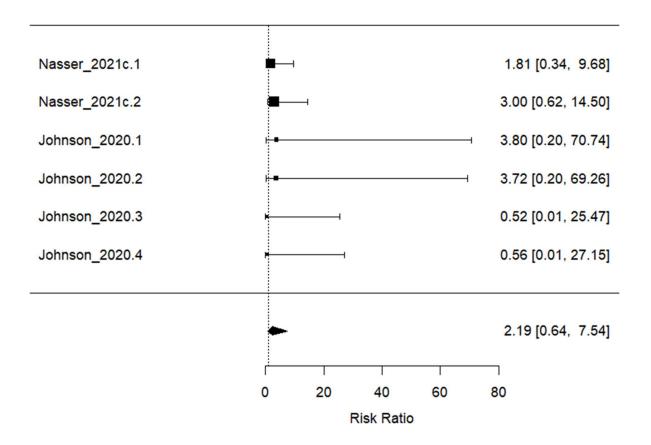
eFigure 7. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Fatigue

Fatigue (I²=9.64%)



eFigure 8. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Abdominal Pain

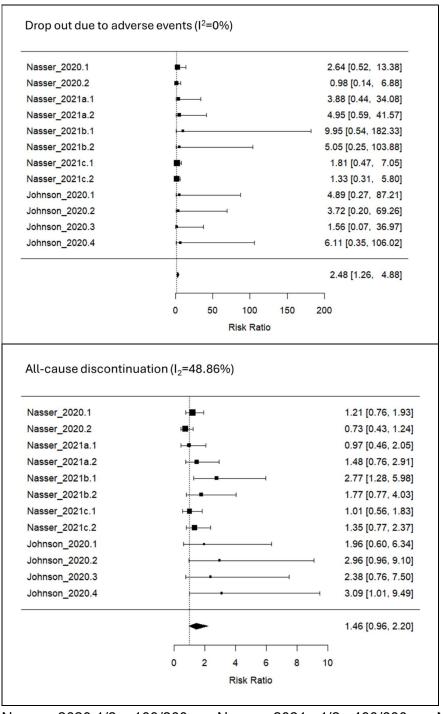
Abdominal pain (I²=0%)



eTable 3. Raw Incidence of Adverse Effects

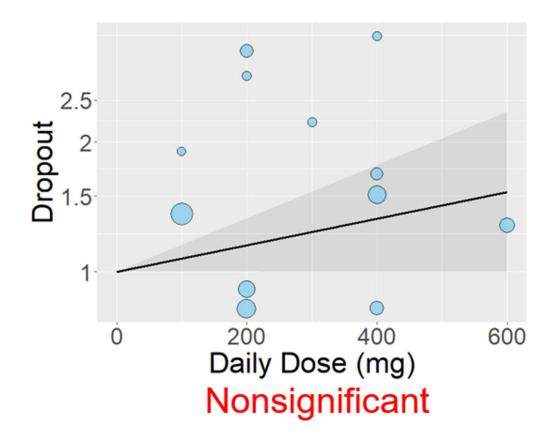
Study	Intervention arms	sample size	Drop out	Drop out due to AE	Decreased appetite	Abdominal pain	Nausea	Headache	Somnolence	Fatigue
Nasser 2020	Viloxazine 100mg	147	31	5			7	7	14	
	Viloxazine 200mg	158	20	2			12	10	14	
	Placebo	155	27	2			0	3	3	
Nasser 2021a	Viloxazine 400mg	99	12	4	6		5	9	13	11
	Viloxazine 600mg	97	18	5	6		8	7	17	10
	Placebo	96	12	1	2		2	3	3	4
Nasser 2021b	Viloxazine 200mg	94	20	4	5		5	3	13	4
	Viloxazine 400mg	103	14	2	9		5	7	15	6
	Placebo	104	8	0	0		3	7	7	1
Nasser 2021c	Viloxazine 200mg	107	19	6	8	4		9	15	8
	Viloxazine 400mg	97	23	4	8	6		5	14	7
	Placebo	97	17	3	0	2		1	1	5
Johnson 2020	Viloxazine 100mg	45	11	4		3	2	4	7	2
	Viloxazine 200mg	46	17	3		3	1	6	10	2
	Viloxazine 300mg	47	14	1		0	5	6	11	1
	Viloxazine 400mg	44	17	5		0	2	9	12	5
	Placebo	24	3	0		0	0	1	1	0

eFigure 9. Pairwise Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Dropout Due to Adverse Events and All-Cause Discontinuation

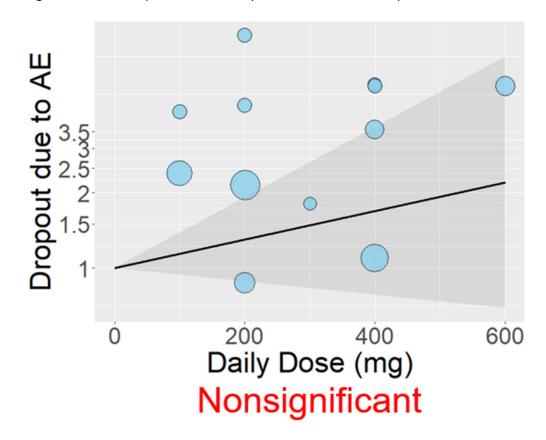


Nasser_2020.1/2 = 100/200mg; Nasser_2021a.1/2 =400/600mg; Nasser_2021b. 1/2= 200/400mg; Nasser_2021c. 1/2= 200/400mg; Johnson_2020.1/2/3/4= 100/200/300/400mg.

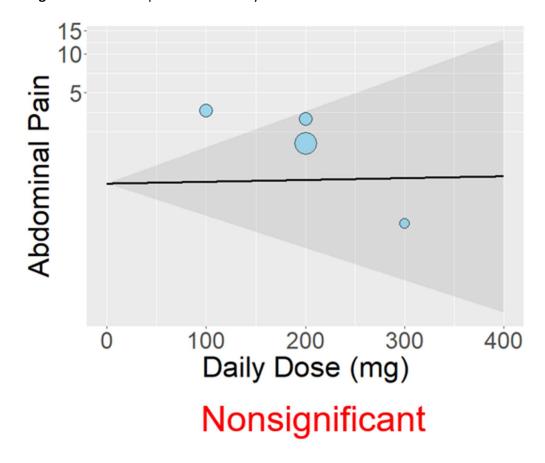
eFigure 10. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of All-Cause Discontinuation



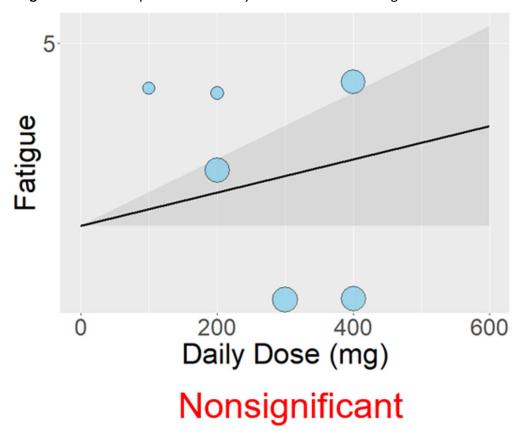
eFigure 11. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Dropout Due to Adverse Events



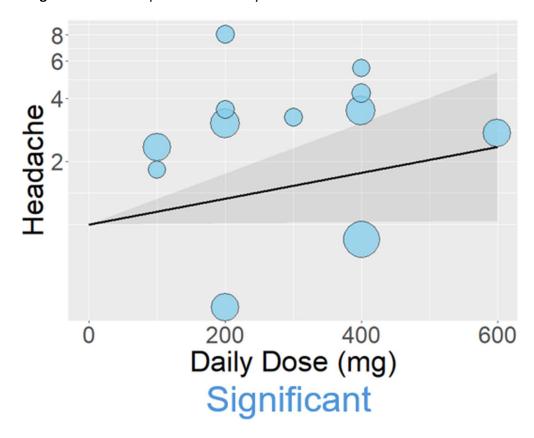
eFigure 12. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Abdominal Pain



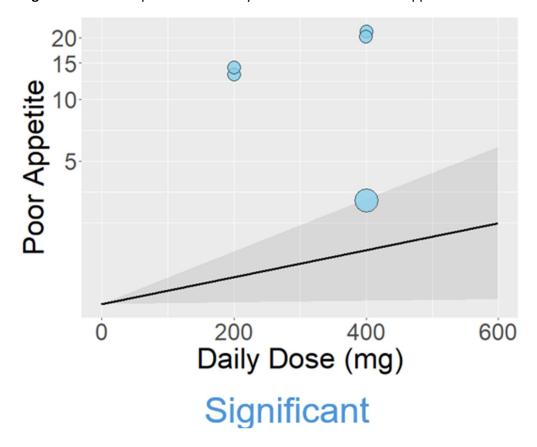
eFigure 13. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Fatigue



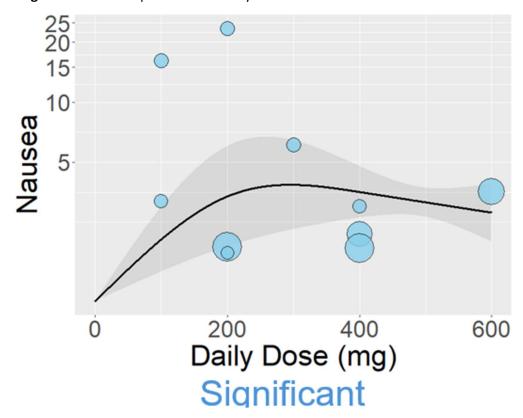
eFigure 14. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Headache



eFigure 15. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Poor Appetite



eFigure 16. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Nausea



eFigure 17. Dose Response Meta-Analysis for Risk Ratio of Somnolence

