Annexure-I

Demographic Variables

Note: Please encircle the appropriate option

Note. Flease encircle the appropriate option					
Age in years	:				
	a) 17-21	b) 22 and older			
Gender:					
	a) Female	b) Male			
Year of Stud	ly:				
	a) 3 rd year	b) 4 th year			
Family Struc	cture:				
	a) Nuclear	b) Extended			
Educational	level of Mother:				
	a) Illiterate	b) Primary School			
	c) Secondary School	d) High School			
Educational level of Father:					
	a) Illiterate	b)Primary School			
	c) Secondary School	d) High School			
No. of Siblin	gs:				
	a) 2 siblings or less	b) 03 siblings			
	c) 04 siblings or more				
Monthly inc	ome:				
	a) Expenses more than incom	e b) Equal Income and Expenses			
	c) Income more than Expenses				
Attitude of F	Parent				
	a) Authoritative	b) Democratic			
	c) Unconcerned				

Annexure-II

Connor-Davidson Resilience Scale 25 (CD-RISC-25) ©

For each item, please mark an "x" in the box below that best indicates how much you agree with the following statements as they apply to you over the last <u>month</u>. If a particular situation has not occurred recently, answer according to how you think you would have felt.

1.	I am able to adapt when changes occur.	not true at all (0)	rarely true (1)	sometimes true (2)	often true (3)	true nearly all the time (4)	
2.	I have at least one close and secure relationship that						
3.	helps me when I am stressed. When there are no clear solutions to my problems,						
4.	sometimes fate or God can help. I can deal with whatever comes my way.						
5.	Past successes give me confidence in dealing with						
6.	new challenges and difficulties. I try to see the humorous side of things when I am						
7.	faced with problems. Having to cope with stress can make me stronger.						
8.	I tend to bounce back after illness, injury, or other						
9.	hardships. Good or bad, I believe that most things happen for a						
10.	reason. I give my best effort no matter what the outcome may be.						
11.	be. I believe I can achieve my goals, even if there are obstacles.						
12.	Even when things look hopeless, I don't give up.						
13.	During times of stress/crisis, I know where to turn for help.						
14.	Under pressure, I stay focused and think clearly.						
15.	I prefer to take the lead in solving problems rather than letting others make all the decisions.						
16.	I am not easily discouraged by failure.						
17.	I think of myself as a strong person when dealing with life's challenges and difficulties.						
18.	I can make unpopular or difficult decisions that affect other people, if it is necessary.						
19.	I am able to handle unpleasant or painful feelings like sadness, fear, and anger.						
20.	In dealing with life's problems, sometimes you have to act on a hunch without knowing why.						
21.	I have a strong sense of purpose in life.						
22.	I feel in control of my life.						
23.	l like challenges.						
24.	I work to attain my goals no matter what roadblocks I encounter along the way.						
25.	I take pride in my achievements.						
Add	up your score for each column	0 -		+	+	+	
Add each of the column totals to obtain CD-RISC score =							

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Annexure-III

Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social Support

Instructions: We are interested in how you feel about the following statements. Read each statement carefully. Indicate how you feel about each statement.

Circle the "1" if you Very Strongly Disagree
Circle the "2" if you Strongly Disagree
Circle the "3" if you Mildly Disagree
Circle the "4" if you are Neutral
Circle the "5" if you Mildly Agree
Circle the "6" if you Strongly Agree
Circle the "7" if you Very Strongly Agree

Strongly Agree
7
7
7
7
7
7
7
7
7
7
7
7

Scale Reference:

Zimet GD, Dahlem NW, Zimet SG, Farley GK. The Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social Support. Journal of Personality Assessment 1988;52:30-41.

Scoring Information:

To calculate mean scores:

Significant Other Subscale: Sum across items 1, 2, 5, & 10, then divide by 4.

Family Subscale: Sum across items 3, 4, 8, & 11, then divide by 4.

Friends Subscale: Sum across items 6, 7, 9, & 12, then divide by 4.

Total Scale: Sum across all 12 items, then divide by 12.

More information at:

http://qzimet.wix.com/mspss

Other MSPSS Scoring Options:

There are no established population norms on the MSPSS. Also, norms would likely vary on the basis of culture and nationality, as well as age and gender. I have typically looked at how social support differs between groups (e.g., married compared to unmarried individuals) or is associated with other measures (e.g., depression or anxiety). With these approaches you can use the mean scale scores.

If you want to divide your respondents into groups on the basis of MSPSS scores there are at least two ways you can approach this process:

- 1. You can divide your respondents into 3 equal groups on the basis of their scores (trichotomize) and designate the lowest group as low perceived support, the middle group as medium support, and the high group as high support. This approach ensures that you have about the same number of respondents in each group. But, if the distribution of scores is skewed, your low support group, for example, may include respondents who report moderate or even relatively high levels of support.
- 2. Alternatively, you can use the scale response descriptors as a guide. In this approach any mean scale score ranging from 1 to 2.9 could be considered low support; a score of 3 to 5 could be considered moderate support; a score from 5.1 to 7 could be considered high support. This approach would seem to have more validity, but if you have very few respondents in any of the groups, it could be problematic.

Annexure-IV

has answered 0 to 1 to any of the five items. A score below 13 indicates poor wellbeing and is an indication for testing for depression under ICD-10.

It is recommended to administer the Major Depression (ICD-10) Inventory if the raw score is below 13 or if the patient

Monitoring change:

Interpretation:

In order to monitor possible changes in wellbeing, the percentage score is used. A 10% difference indicates a significant change (ref. John Ware, 1995).



WHO (Five) Well-Being Index (1998 version)

Please indicate for each of the five statements which is closest to how you have been feeling over the last two weeks. Notice that higher numbers mean better well-being.

Example: If you have felt cheerful and in good spirits more than half of the time during the last two weeks, put a tick in the box with the number 3 in the upper right corner.

	Over the last two weeks	All of the time	Most of the time	More than half of the time	Less than half of the time	Some of the time	At no time
1	I have felt cheerful and in good spirits	5	4	3	2	1	0
2	I have felt calm and relaxed	5	4	3	2	1	0
3	I have felt active and vigorous	5	4	3	2	1	0
4	I woke up feeling fresh and rested	5	4	3	2	1	0
5	My daily life has been filled with things that interest me	5	4	3	2		0

Scoring:

The raw score is calculated by totalling the figures of the five answers. The raw score ranges from 0 to 25, 0 representing worst possible and 25 representing best possible quality of life.

To obtain a percentage score ranging from 0 to 100, the raw score is multiplied by 4. A percentage score of 0 represents worst possible, whereas a score of 100 represents best possible quality of life.