| Model | Principle Paper | Related Papers | Iteration of Conditional Model |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Consti | tutive Haploinsuf | ficient Mouse Models of SCN2A | |
| | | Planells-Cases et al., 2000 | |
| | | Mishra et al., 2017 | |
| | | Middleton et al., 2018 | - |
| | | Ogiwara et al., 2018 | |
| | | Lena and Mantegazza 2019 | |
| | Dianalla Casaa | Spratt et al., 2019 Tatsukawa et al., 2019 | |
| Scn2a +/- | Planells-Cases et al., 2000 | Miyamoto et al., 2019 | |
| | , | Spratt et al., 2021 | - |
| | | Indumathy et al., 2021 | |
| | | Tamura et al., 2022 | |
| | | Schamiloglu et al., 2023 | |
| | | Wang et al., 2024 | |
| | | Marcantonio et al.,2023 | |
| Scn2a+/; Kcna1-/- | Mishra et al., | Mishra et al., 2008 | - |
| | 2017 | Indumathy et al., 2021 | |
| Scn2a+/; Kcna1+/- | | dumathy et al., 2021 | |
| NaV1.2 adult | | Gazina et al., 2015 | |
| Scn2a fl/+ | Tamuna at al | Shin et al., 2019 | |
| Scn2a +/KI | Tamura et al., 2022 | Tamura et al., 2022 | |
| | - | Stop Codon Models | |
| Scn2a R102X/+ | | giwara et al., 2018 | |
| | | lels of Scn2a Haploinsufficiency | |
| | | | PV-Cre |
| Ei14::Scn2a+/- | | Spratt et al., 2019 | SOM-Cre |
| | Spratt et al., | | CaMKIIα-Cre |
| | 2019 | | EF1α-Cre (Scn2a |
| Scn2a +/fl | | Spratt et al., 2021 | +/fl and Scn2a fl/fl) |
| | | Wang et al., 2024 | Alpha6-Cre |
| | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | PDGFRA - Cre |
| SCN2A f/f | G | ould and Kim 2021 | Actin- Cre |
| | Ya | magata et al., 2017 | Vgat-Venus |
| | | | Emx1-Cre |
| | | Ogiwara et al., 2018 | Vgat-Cre |
| Scn2a fl/+ | | | Vgat-Venus |
| | | Tatsukawa et al., 2019 | Emx1-Cre |
| | Ogiwara et al., | | Vgat-Cre |
| | 2018 | Miyamoto et al., 2019 | Emx1-Cre Vgat-Cre |
| | | | Trpc-Cre |
| | | Miyamoto et al., 2019 | Ntsr-Cre |
| Scn2a fl/fl | | | mPFC-Cre |
| | | Suzuki et al., 2023 | VTA-Cre |
| Scn2a +/KI | - | Tamura et al., 2022 | EF1α-Cre |
| Scn2a fl/fl | | Ma et al., 2022 | SCN-Cre |
| A | dditional Mouse I | Nodels of Scn2a Reduction | |
| Scn2a :OB GC - shRNA | Nu | nes and Kuner, 2018 | |
| Scn2a∆1898/+ | | Wang et al., 2021 | |
| 00112021000 | | Eaton et al., 2021 | |
| Scn2a gtKO/gtKO | Eaton et al., | Ma et al., 2022 | |
| | 2021 | Wu et al., 2024 | |
| Scn2a ASO | | Li et al., 2023 | |
| | SCN2A Gain of | Function Mouse Models | |
| | | Kearney et al., 2001 | |
| | | MacDonald et al., 2004 | |
| | | Bergren et al., 2005 | |
| | | Bergren et al., 2009 | |
| Scn2a Q54 | Kearney et al., 2001 | Kile et al., 2008 | |
| | 2001 | Anderson et al., 2014 Kim et al., 2016 | |
| | | Calhoun et al., 2016 | |
| | | Hawkins & Kearney, 2016 | |
| | | Thompson et al., 2017 | |
| Scn2a A263v /+ | Sc | chattling et al., 2019 | |
| Scn2a Q/+ | | Li et al, 2021 | |
| | Other SCN | I2A Mouse Models | |
| | Echovoria | Echeveria- Cooper et al., 2022 | |
| Scn2a E/+ | Echeveria- Cooper et al., | Echeveria- Cooper et al., 2023 | |
| | 2022 | Echeveria- Cooper and Keanrey, | |
| | | 2023 | |

| Paper | Model | Iteration of Conditional Model | Mice Age | Social | Learning/Memory | Motor | Repetitive Behaviors | Anxiety/Hyperactivity | Olfaction | Seizures | Other | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | | | | | 1 | Planells-Cases | Scn2a +/- Mouse Mo | odel | 1 | | | |
| Mishra et al., 2017 | | 2 | - 3 months | | | | | | | -ND in seizure threshold or epiliptiform activity - tency to myoclonic jerk -ND in latency to GTC seizures | -ND in cardiac activity with EEG-ECG recordings -ND in brain-heart association | RED = Decrese BLUE= Increase/altered ND= No Difference |
| Middleton et al., 2018 (males only) | | 4 | - 6 months | | -Delayed learning in spatial working memory task Slower learning in Barnes maze | | | | | | -Decrease in the peak firing rate of rramidal cells during SPW-R events -Lower strength of assembly uring SPW-Rs -Truncated hippocampal replay sequences | OFT = Open Field Test EFM = Eleveted Plus Maze FST = Forced Swim Test TST = Tail Supersion Test USV = Ultrasonic Vocalization PPI = Prepulse Inhibition mPFC = Medial Prefrontal Cotex ECoG = Electrocorticogram PTZ = Pentylenetetrazol FSI = fast-spiking interneurons EFPSCs = excitatory postsynaptic currents VOR = Vestbial Coclar Reflex |
| Ogiwara et al., 2018 | | 6- | - 11 weeks | | | | | | | -ND in susceptibility to is induced seizures -Frequently abnormal ECoG recordings with absence- with SWDs -Higher maximum amplitude and spike numbers during a v/D episode -Shorter latency to have absence seizure-like immobility when injected with PTZ | -Higher prevalence and incidence of epileptiform discharges in mPFC -Impaired excitatory neural activity | |
| Lena and | | vuL | renile: P22 - P44 i | -Decreased amount and length of USVs produced -Decreased social interaction in the first two minutes of reciprocal social interaction test | -Slight decrease of spontaneous alternations in Y maze - Decreased preference for novel object in NOR task | -Increased acquired motor learning on rotarod | ncreased grooming -Increased marble burying | -Reduced anxiety in EPM - Reduced anxiety in OFT - ND in locomotion in OFT | -ND in odor discrimination task | | -Decreased immobility in TST | |
| Mantegazza, 2019 (males only) | | Ad | dult: P60 - P95 | -Decreased amount and length of USVs produced -ND in reciprocal social interaction test | -ND in number of visits or spontaneous alternations in Y maze - ND in preference for novel object in NOR task - Slightly slower acquisition latency in Barnes maze test | -ND in motor learning in rotarod | -ND in grooming - ND in marble burying | -ND in anxiety in EPM - ND in anxiety in OFT - ND in locomotion in OFT | -ND in odor discrimination task | | -Slight decrease in immobility in minutes four to six of TST | |
| Spratt et al., 2019 | | | Age not reported | -Females showed no preference for novel stimuli in two-chamber social task | -Males had slightly impaired reversal learning water T-maze -ND in spontaneous alternation assay | -ND in rotarod - ND in balance beam | -ND in grooming - ND in nesting assay | -Females had reduced kiety in EPM -ND in OFT | | | | |
| Tatsuwaka et al., 2019 (males only) | Scn2a +/- (Planells-Cases model) | *8 | for USV - 31 weeks for other assays | Increased sociability in e-chamber assay Slight dominant behavior 1 tube test -Deficit in social approach toward stranger mice in resident-intruder test VD in social communication in USV | -Enhanced fear ditioning retention -Impaired exctinction of fear-related memory | -Deficient motor coordination in rotarod | -Increased rearing in OFT | duced anxiety in EPM tivity in EPM duced anxiety in OFT activity in OFT -Increased anxiety in light/dark assay | | | -Higher immobility in FST 'immobility in TST -AD in PPI -Increased activity in the gamma band in the mPFC | |
| Miyamoto et al., 2019 | | > | > 8 weeks | | | | | | _ | -Have SWDs during behavioral guiescence | -Slight decrease in EPSCs in FSIs | |
| Indumathy et al., 2021 | | 28 | 8 - 34 days | -ND in sociability in three- chamber assay - Decreased preference for novel stranger mice in social novelty assay | | | -Reduced marble burying - Increased grooming | | | | -ND in nestlet shredding | |
| Schamiloglu et al., 2023 | | Ρ | 254 - P119 | | ND in learning the standard dynamic foraging task or variations of the assay where mice are head-fixed, the block length varies, there is reward optimization, or the ise vary Silight increase in frequency to pick higher reward side in gassay -Males had inflexible choice behavior during mid-block performance in the unpredictable paraging as thy One intertial interval in ND in intertial interval in dynamic foraging assay | | | | | -Spontaneous behavioral seizuros in four of twenty five mice at the end of a day's training and one of the four mice died | Consistently elevated VOP environment | |
| Wang et al., 2024 | | P | P60 - P90 | | | | | | | | -Consistently elevated VOR gain in different rotation frequencies -Decreased Purkinje cell firing rate | |
| | | vut. | venile: P21 - P44 | -Higher sociability in ree-chamber assay -ND in social novelty in three-chamber assay | -ND in preference for displaced object in novel gnition task -Lower entries into the of the Y maze -Increased decision- making latency in Y maze | -Higher latency to fall on day one of rotarod | -ND in grooming - ND in marble burying | -ND in EPM locomotion - Reduced anxiety in EPM - ND in anxiety in OFT - ND in OFT locomotion | -ND in odor discrimination task | | -Decreased Purkinje cell ming rate -ND in latency of reaction to stimuli in hotplate assay ND in latency before withdrawal in coldplate assay | |

| Paper | Model | Iteration of Conditional | Mice Age | Social | Learning/Memory | Motor | Repetitive Behaviors | Anxiety/Hyperactivity | Olfaction | Seizures | Other | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Marcantonio et al., 2023 (females only) | | Model | Adult: >P60 | -Higher sociability in ree-chamber assay -Altered interaction with novel mouse in three- chamber assay | -ND in preference for ct in NOR task -Lower entries into the three arms of Y maze - Increased decision-making tency in Y maze -Reduced percent of spontaneous alternations in Y maze | -ND in latency to fall in rotarod | -ND in grooming - ND in marble burying | -ND in EPM locomotion - ced anxiety in EPM -ND in anxiety in OFT - ND in OFT locomotion | -ND in odor discrimination task | | -ND in latency of reaction to stimuli in objete assay -Decreased latency before withdrawal in coldplate | |
| Other Constitutive Haploinsufficient Mouse Models Behavior | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mishra et al., 2017 | Scn2a+/- | | 2-3 months | | | | | | | Scn2a+/- decreases spontaneous seizure | Nav1.2 reduction does not ameliorate cardiac phentoypes in Kcna1-/- mice. | |
| Indumathy et al., 2021 | Scn2a+/: | | 28-34 days | -ND in sociaialbility - Reduced social novelty sniffing | _ | | -Reduced nestlet shredding and marble burying -ND in grooming and nestlest | _ | | duration in Kcna1–/– mice | | |
| | Kcna1+/- | | | ND in socialbility or social novelty | | | hredding -Reduced marble burying | | | | | |
| Gazina et al., 2015 (males only) | NaV1.2 adult | | 53 days >= | -ND in social interaction -16x more likely to jump out of social interaction box | ND in memory and spatial learning on Y-maze and Morris water maze | ND on rotarod, locomotion or in grip strength | | -ND in OFT or Light-Dark box Reduced anxiety in EPM | | ontaneous seizures - More susceptible to PTZ- induced seizures | ND in thermal pain response, acoustic startle, PPI, or weight | |
| Shin et al., 2019 (males only) | Scn2a f/+ | | 2-4 months | -ND social approach and communication - Increased direct social interation | -Reduced Spatial learning and memory on Morris ater maze -Increased Fear memory | D on Rotarod -ND in locatmotion in novel enviroments -Decreased locomotion in familar enviroments | ND in grooming and rearing behaviors | -ND in anxiety for OFT, EPM and Light-Dark box - Mild light induced hypoactivity | | ontaneous seizures -ND in suscptibility to PTZ- induced seziures | ND for novel object recognition | |
| (males only) | | | 4 days - 3 weeks | -ND in number and duration of USVs -Slight increase direct social interaction | | Decreased locomotion OFT | ND in grooming | ND OFT | | | ND in mother attachment behaviors | |
| | | | | Maloe displayed | | Hypomorphic Scr | 2a Mouse Model Beh | avior | | | | |
| Wang et al., 2021 | Scn2a ∆1898/+ | | >= 30 to 44 days | -Males displayed increased social interacton with novel mouse in 3-chamber - After repeat exposure to the same mouse, males, still displayed increased social interaction | | ND in general locomotion | ND in time spent grooming | y in OFT - Roduced anxiety-like behaviors on EPM | | | | |
| Eaton et al., 2021 | Scn2a gtKO/gtKO (AKA Scn2a Trap) | | 3 to 5 months | | -Decreased novel object -Increased fixed-pattern of exploration in novel object -Decreased number of entries to, duration in, and prefrence for the novel arm of Y-maze | -ND activity, tail posture, limb grasping, extension, ghting reliex, -Decreased grip ability n SHIPRA -Females traveled longer -Decrease in distance traveld in OFT perfromed with increased birightness | -Decreased overall nest building - Decreased quality of nests built - Increased grooming - fmarble burying -Slightly increased induced ng | -Increased anxiety-like behavior in low and bright pht OFT -ND freezing behavior in low FT -Increased freezing in OFT perfromed with high intensity lumnesience | -ND overall odor discrimination - Increased in time for discrimination | | seed water and food intake of fecal boil in males -Lower body position rating, less trunk curl and posituril reflex when held by SHIPRA -Decresed tolerance for heat and cold temperatures on themeralicoid say -ND for dynamic hot plate Increased -Decreased startle response in PPI | |
| Ma et al., 2022 | | | > 6 weeks | | | Impairment of wheel- running activity in light- dark conditions | | | | | Abnormal sleep patterns | |
| Wu et al., 2024 | | | 3 to 4 months | | Impaired learning and memory on Borris water maze and Y-maze | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Conditio | nal and other Mou | use Models of Scn2a | Insufficiency | | | | |
| Wang et al., 2024 | Scn2a +/fl | Alpha6-Cre | 60 to 90 days | | | | | -Increased time in center of | | | Altered VOR | |
| Tatsukawa et al., 2019 | | Emx1-Cre Vgat-Cre | 8 to 9 weeks (Male Only) | | | Increased rearing in OFT ND in locomotion or rearing | | -Increased units in center of T -Trend of entering open arms of EPM more -ND OFT - Reduced anxiety-like behaviors on EPM | - | | | |
| Miyamoto et al., 2019 | Scn2a fl/+ | Emx1-Cre | >= 8 weeks | | | | | Denaviors on EPM | | -SWDs present during phavioral quiescence -Inactivation of the CPu or thalamus by muscimol injection suppresses SWDs | | |
| | | Vgat-Cre | | | | | | | | No spontaneous SWDs Spontaneous SWDs | | |
| | Scn2a fl/fl | Trpc-Cre Ntsr-Cre | | | | | | | | Spontaneous SWDs No spontaneous SWDs | | |
| Ma et al., 2022 | Scn2afl/fl | SCN-Cre | 3-5 months | | | -Less distance traveld in | | | | | Sleep Disturbances | |
| Suzuki et al., 2023 | Scn2a fl/fl | mPFC-Cre | 18 to 19 weeks | approach | | -Less distance traveld in hamber social assay -Less distance travelled and fewer rearing events in OFT | | Increased anxiety in OFT | | | Reduced PPI | |
| Non- | 0000 | VTA-Cre | II- IS WEEKS | ND socialbility in 3 chamber social approach | | Reduced rearing in OFT | | ND OFT | Pedroved as 11 | | Increased percentage of PPI of startle response to 120 dB sound with 74 or 78 dB prepulse | |
| Nunes and Kuner, 2018 | Scn2a :OB GC - shRNA | | 49 to 63 days | | | | | | Reduced speed in odor discrimination | | | |

| Paper | Model | Iteration of Conditional Model | Mice Age | Social | Learning/Memory | Motor | Repetitive Behaviors | Anxiety/Hyperactivity | Olfaction | Seizures | Other |
|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------|---|-------|
| Li et al., 2023 | Scn2a ASO | | 2-3 months | -Impaied social approcah say - Increased social avoidiance in 3-chamber assay | | Increased locomotion in OFT | Impaired nest building behavior | -Decreased aniexty and ability to assess risk in in EPM Increased anxiety-like behaviros in OFT | | -No spontaneous seziures or detecable ictal features - Augmented seziure response to PTZ treatment | |