The ST	ROCSS 2021 Guideline	
Item	Item description	Page
no.		
1	Title	
1	 The word cohort or cross-sectional or case-control is included* Temporal design of study is stated (e.g. retrospective or prospective) The focus of the research study is mentioned (e.g. population, setting, disease, exposure/intervention, outcome etc.) 	1
	*STROCSS 2021 guidelines apply to cohort studies as well as other observational studies (e.g. cross-sectional, case-control etc.)	
ABSTR	ACT	
2a	Introduction – briefly describe:	2
2b	 Methods - briefly describe: Type of study design (e.g. cohort, case-control, cross-sectional etc.) Other key elements of study design (e.g. retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred etc.) Patient populations and/or groups, including control group, if applicable Exposure/interventions (e.g. type, operators, recipients, timeframes etc.) Outcome measures – state primary and secondary outcome(s) 	2
2c	 Results - briefly describe: Summary data with qualitative descriptions and statistical relevance, where appropriate 	2-3
2d	Conclusion - briefly describe: • Key conclusions • Implications for clinical practice • Need for and direction of future research	3
INTRO	DUCTION	
3	 Introduction – comprehensively describe: Relevant background and scientific rationale for study with reference to key literature Research question and hypotheses, where appropriate Aims and objectives 	3,4
METHO		ı
4a	 In accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki*, state the research registration number and where it was registered, with a hyperlink to the registry entry (this can be obtained from ResearchRegistry.com, ClinicalTrials.gov, ISRCTN etc.) All retrospective studies should be registered before submission; it should be stated that the research was retrospectively registered 	5,16
	* "Every research study involving human subjects must be registered in a publicly accessible database before recruitment of the first subject"	
4b	 Reason(s) why ethical approval was needed Name of body giving ethical approval and approval number Where ethical approval wasn't necessary, reason(s) are provided 	5,17

4c	Protocol	
	 Give details of protocol (a priori or otherwise) including how to access it 	5,16
	(e.g. web address, protocol registration number etc.)	-,
	 If published in a journal, cite and provide full reference 	
4d	Patient and public involvement in research	
	 Declare any patient and public involvement in research 	
	 State the stages of the research process where patients and the public 	2,5
	were involved (e.g. patient recruitment, defining research outcomes,	'
	dissemination of results etc.) and describe the extent to which they were	
	involved.	
5a	Study design	
	State type of study design used (e.g. cohort, cross-sectional, case-control	2,5-10
	etc.)	
	 Describe other key elements of study design (e.g. retro-/prospective, 	
	single/multi-centred etc.)	
5b	Setting and timeframe of research – comprehensively describe:	
	Geographical location	2,5
	Nature of institution (e.g. primary/secondary/tertiary care setting, district	2,3
	general hospital/teaching hospital, public/private, low-resource setting	
	etc.)	
-	Dates (e.g. recruitment, exposure, follow-up, data collection etc.) Charles are a second and a second a second and a	
5c	Study groups	
	Total number of participants	2,9
	Number of groups Datail synapsyra/intervention allegated to each group.	
	Detail exposure/intervention allocated to each group Number of particle and in a selection and property.	
۲d	Number of participants in each group Subgroup analysis appropriate describer	
5d	Subgroup analysis – comprehensively describe:	2,9
	Planned subgroup analyses Matheda yeard to avaning subgroups and their interestions.	2,0
6a	 Methods used to examine subgroups and their interactions Participants – comprehensively describe: 	
0a	 Inclusion and exclusion criteria with clear definitions 	
		2,5,9
	 Sources of recruitment (e.g. physician referral, study website, social media, posters etc.) 	
	 Length, frequency and methods of follow-up (e.g. mail, telephone etc.) 	
6b	Recruitment – comprehensively describe:	
OD	Methods of recruitment to each patient group (e.g. all at once, in batches,	
	continuously till desired sample size is reached etc.)	250
	Any monetary incentivisation of patients for recruitment and retention	2,5,9
	should be declared; clarify the nature of any incentives provided	
	Nature of informed consent (e.g. written, verbal etc.)	
	Period of recruitment	
6c	Sample size – comprehensively describe:	
	Analysis to determine optimal sample size for study accounting for	2,5
	population/effect size	2,5
	Power calculations, where appropriate	
	Margin of error calculation	
METH	ODS - INTERVENTION AND CONSIDERATIONS	
7a	Pre-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	
	 Preoperative patient optimisation (e.g. weight loss, smoking cessation, 	
	glycaemic control etc.)	2,5
	 Pre-intervention treatment (e.g. medication review, bowel preparation, 	
	i i o iii o ii i o o iii o ii o o o ii o	
	correcting hypothermia/-volemia/-tension, mitigating bleeding risk, ICU	

7b	Intervention – comprehensively describe:	
	 Type of intervention and reasoning (e.g. pharmacological, surgical, 	
	physiotherapy, psychological etc.)	
	Aim of intervention (preventative/therapeutic)	2,5-9
	 Concurrent treatments (e.g. antibiotics, analgesia, anti-emetics, VTE 	
	prophylaxis etc.)	
	Manufacturer and model details, where applicable	
7c	Intra-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	
	 Details pertaining to administration of intervention (e.g. anaesthetic, 	
	positioning, location, preparation, equipment needed, devices, sutures,	2,5-9
	operative techniques, operative time etc.)	2,0-9
	 Details of pharmacological therapies used, including formulation, 	
	dosages, routes, and durations	
	 Figures and other media are used to illustrate 	
7d	Operator details – comprehensively describe:	
	Requirement for additional training	
	Learning curve for technique	2,5-9
	 Relevant training, specialisation and operator's experience (e.g. average 	
	number of the relevant procedures performed annually)	
7e	Quality control – comprehensively describe:	
	Measures taken to reduce inter-operator variability	0.50
	Measures taken to ensure consistency in other aspects of intervention	2,5-9
	delivery	
	Measures taken to ensure quality in intervention delivery	
7f	Post-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	
	 Post-operative instructions (e.g. avoid heavy lifting) and care 	2,5-9
	Follow-up measures	2,5-9
	Future surveillance requirements (e.g. blood tests, imaging etc.)	
8	Outcomes – comprehensively describe:	
	Primary outcomes, including validation, where applicable	
	Secondary outcomes, where appropriate	2,5-9
	Definition of outcomes	,
	 If any validated outcome measurement tools are used, give full reference 	
	Follow-up period for outcome assessment, divided by group	
9	Statistics – comprehensively describe:	
	Statistical tests and statistical package(s)/software used	
	Confounders and their control, if known	10
	 Analysis approach (e.g. intention to treat/per protocol) 	
	Any sub-group analyses	
	Level of statistical significance	
RESUL	Level of statistical significance .TS	
RESUL 10a	TS	
RESUL 10a	TS Participants – comprehensively describe:	
	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and	10-13
	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate.	10-13
	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic	10-13
	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic features, prognostic features etc.)	10-13
10a	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic features, prognostic features etc.) • Any significant numerical differences should be highlighted	10-13
	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic features, prognostic features etc.) • Any significant numerical differences should be highlighted Participant comparison	
10a	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic features, prognostic features etc.) • Any significant numerical differences should be highlighted Participant comparison • Include table comparing baseline characteristics of cohort groups	10-13
10a	Participants – comprehensively describe: • Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate. • Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic features, prognostic features etc.) • Any significant numerical differences should be highlighted Participant comparison	

	·	1
	Degree of novelty of intervention	40.40
	Learning required for interventions	10-13
	Any changes to interventions, with rationale and diagram, if appropriate	
11a	Outcomes – comprehensively describe:	
	Clinician-assessed and patient-reported outcomes for each group Pales and the terms of the product of the	10-13
	Relevant photographs and imaging are desirable And a series of the starts and attack which are as a divisted.	
11h	Any confounding factors and state which ones are adjusted Telegrapes assemble to be a sixely described.	
11b	Tolerance – comprehensively describe:	
	Assessment of tolerability of exposure/interventionCross-over with explanation	10-13
	Loss to follow-up (fraction and percentage), with reasons	
11c	Complications – comprehensively describe:	
110	Adverse events and classify according to Clavien-Dindo classification*	
	Timing of adverse events	
	Mitigation for adverse events (e.g. blood transfusion, wound care, revision)	10-13
	surgery etc.)	10 10
	*Dindo D, Demartines N, Clavien P-A. Classification of Surgical Complications. A	
	New Proposal with Evaluation in a Cohort of 6336 Patients and Results of a Survey.	
	Ann Surg. 2004; 240(2): 205-213	
12	Key results – comprehensively describe:	
	Key results with relevant raw data	10-13
	Statistical analyses with significance	
	Include table showing research findings and statistical analyses with	
DICCLI	significance	
DISCU 13		
13	Discussion – comprehensively describe:Conclusions and rationale	
	Reference to relevant literature	13-15
	Implications for clinical practice	
	Comparison to current gold standard of care	
	Relevant hypothesis generation	
14	Strengths and limitations – comprehensively describe:	
	Strengths of the study	10 15
	Weaknesses and limitations of the study and potential impact on results	13-15
	and their interpretation	
	Assessment and management of bias	
	Deviations from protocol, with reasons	
15	Relevance and implications – comprehensively describe:	
	 Relevance of findings and potential implications for clinical practice 	13-15
	 Need for and direction of future research, with optimal study designs 	
	mentioned	
	LUSION	
16	Conclusions	0 45 46
	Summarise key conclusions	2,15-16
DEC: 1	Outline key directions for future research PATIONS	
	ARATIONS Conflicts of interest	I
17a	Conflicts of interest	16
17b	Conflicts of interest, if any, are described Funding	
ווט		16
	 Sources of funding (e.g. grant details), if any, are clearly stated Role of funder 	10
		1

17c	Contributorship		
	•	Acknowledge patient and public involvement in research; report the extent of	16,17
		involvement of each contributor	

Table 2: The full revised STROCSS 2021 checklist