Supplementary Table I – C	linical and radiological	characteristics by 30-y	vear clinical dia	ignosis in participants
genotyped for rs10191329				

		All genotyped	Participants	l	Diagnosis at 30	years
		participants	tested for rs10191329	CIS	RRMS	SPMS
Number		61	51	12	24	15
Age (years)		60.9 ± 6.5	60.9 ± 6.5	60.6 ± 6.8	60.6 ± 6.4	61.9 ± 6.7
Rs10191329*	AA		3 (6%)	I	2	0
	AC	NA	10 (20%)	I	6	3
	СС		38 (75%)	10	16	12
Female		41 (67%)	34 (67%)	7 (58%)	16 (67%)	II (73%)
Age at Onset	t (years)	30.2 ± 6.4	30.2 ± 6.7	29.5 ± 7.5	29.9 ± 6.8	31.6 ± 6.2
Disease Dura	tion (years)	30.8 ± 0.9	30.9 ± 0.9	30.8 ± 0.9	31.0 ± 0.9	30.8 ± 0.9
CIS Type	Optic Neuritis	31 (51%)	25 (49%)	7 (58%)	10 (42%)	8 (53%)
	Spinal cord	21 (34%)	17 (33%)	4 (33%)	8 (33%)	5 (33%)
	Brainstem	9 (15%)	9 (15%)	I (8%)	6 (25%)	2 (13%)
Baseline	Mean ± SD	2.6 ± 1.3	2.6 ± 1.3	3.3 ± 1.2	2.3 ± 0.9	2.5 ± 1.7
ED22	Median (IQR)	3.0 (2.0-3.125)	3.0 (2.0-3.25)	3.0 (3.0-3.5)	2.0 (2.0-3.0)	3.0 (1.0-3.5)
Time CIS to	RRMS (years)	5.8 ± 6.0	5.4 ± 5.4	NA	6.4 ± 6.3	3.8 ± 2.9
Time CIS to	SPMS (years)	19.6 ± 5.5	19.6 ± 5.5	NA	NA	19.6 ± 5.5
EDSS at 30	Mean ± SD	2.7 ± 2.4	2.9 ± 2.5	1.1 ± 1.1	1.9 ± 1.6	6.2 ± 0.8
years	Median (IQR)	2.0 (1.0-5.5)	2.0 (1.0-6.0)	0.75 (0.0–2.0)	1.5 (1.0-2.0)	6.0 (6.0-6.5)
DMT usage	Yes	9	7	0	2	5
	No	52	44	12	22	10
Baseline WM lesion volume (ml)		1.17 <u>+</u> 2.37	1.31 <u>+</u> 2.54	0.13 <u>+</u> 0.20	0.86 <u>+</u> 0.81	2.46 <u>+</u> 3.94
WM lesion volume at 30 years (ml)		16.49 <u>+</u> 14.23	17.70 <u>+</u> 14.51	5.86 <u>+</u> 9.41	17.85 <u>+</u> 12.26	26.95 <u>+</u> 14.64
Cortical lesio (n)	ons at 30 years	0.7 <u>+</u> 1.3	0.7 <u>+</u> 1.3	0.0 <u>+</u> 0.0	0.1 <u>+</u> 0.2	2.2 <u>+</u> 1.5
GMF at 30 ye	ears (%)	43.4 <u>+</u> 1.3	43.4 <u>+</u> 1.4	43.8 <u>+</u> 1.2	43.7 <u>+</u> 1.0	42.5 <u>+</u> 1.7

CIS – clinically isolated syndrome, RRMS – relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis, SPMS – secondary progressive multiple sclerosis, EDSS – expanded disease severity scale, IQR – interquartile range, DMT – disease modifying therapy, WM – white matter, GMF – grey matter fraction Mean <u>+</u> standard deviations unless stated otherwise

* Minor allele frequency= 0.15 ^a Baseline EDSS was recorded during initial CIS presentation.

Supplementary Table 2 - Genotype distribution of successfully imputed MSBase variants

Variant (minor allele)	Call rate	MAF	Genotype Distribution							
rs7758683 (T)	0.96	0.23	тт	2 (4%)	ТG	19 (37%)	GG	30 (59%)		
rs73091975 (G)	0.96	0.15	GG	0 (0%)	GA	15 (29%)	AA	36 (71%)		
rs7289446 (G)	0.96	0.36	GG	5 (10%)	GA	25 (49%)	AA	21 (41%)		
rs1207401 (A)	0.98	0.35	AA	5 (10%)	AG	25 (48%)	GG	22 (42%)		
rs56194930 (G)	0.96	0.08	GG	0 (0%)	GC	8 (16%)	сс	43 (84%)		
rs295254 (G)	1.00	0.48	GG	12 (23%)	GA	25 (47%)	AA	16 (30%)		
rs11057374 (G)	1.00	0.39	GG	8 (15%)	GA	24 (45%)	AA	21 (40%)		

MAF – minor allele frequency

		All genotyped	Participants		Diagnosis at 30	years
		participants	tested for rs73091975	CIS	RRMS	SPMS
Number		61	51	11	26	14
Age (years)		60.9 ± 6.5	61.1 ± 6.7	61.0 ± 7.6	60.9 ± 6.6	61.5 ± 6.7
Rs73091975	GG		0 (0%)	-	-	-
	GA	NA	15 (29%)	3	10	2
	AA		36 (71%)	8	16	12
Female		41 (67%)	36 (71%)	6 (55%)	18 (69%)	10 (71%)
Age at Onset	t (years)	30.2 ± 6.4	30.2 ± 6.5	30.3 ± 7.4	29.9 ± 6.6	30.8 ± 6.2
Disease Dura	tion (years)	30.8 ± 0.9	30.8 ± 0.9	30.7 ± 1.0	31.0 ± 0.9	30.7 ± 0.9
CIS Туре	Optic Neuritis	31 (51%)	25 (49%)	7 (64%)	11 (42%)	8 (73%)
	Spinal cord	21 (34%)	17 (33%)	4 (36%)	9 (35%)	4 (36%)
	Brainstem	9 (15%)	9 (15%)	0	6 (23%)	2 (18%)
Baseline	Mean ± SD	2.6 ± 1.3	2.6 ± 1.3	3.2 ± 1.3	2.3 ± 1.0	2.6 ± 1.7
ED SS ª	Median (IQR)	3.0 (2.0-3.125)	3.0 (2.0-3.25)	3.0 (3.0-3.5)	2.0 (2.0-3.0)	3.0 (1.0-3.5)
Time CIS to	RRMS (years)	5.8 ± 6.0	5.8 ± 5.8	NA	6.7 ± 6.7	3.9 ± 3.0
Time CIS to	SPMS (years)	19.6 ± 5.5	19.4 ± 5.7	NA	NA	19.4 ± 5.7
EDSS at 30	Mean ± SD	2.7 ± 2.4	2.9 ± 2.5	1.2 ± 1.2	1.8 ± 1.5	6.2 ± 0.8
years	Median (IQR)	2.0 (1.0-5.5)	2.0 (1.0-5.5)	1.5 (0.0–2.0)	1.5 (1.0-2.0)	6.0 (5.875-6.625)
DMT usage	Yes	9	6	0	2	4
	No	52	45	11	24	10
Baseline WM (ml)	lesion volume	1.17 <u>+</u> 2.37	1.38 <u>+</u> 2.61	0.15 <u>+</u> 0.21	0.86 <u>+</u> 0.81	2.66 <u>+</u> 4.07
WM lesion volume at 30 years (ml)		16.49 <u>+</u> 14.23	17.81 <u>+</u> 14.44	5.83 <u>+</u> 9.87	17.53 <u>+</u> 11.80	27.71 <u>+</u> 14.89
Cortical lesio (n)	ons at 30 years	0.7 <u>+</u> 1.3	0.7 <u>+</u> 1.3	0.0 <u>+</u> 0.0	0.0 <u>+</u> 0.2	2.3 <u>+</u> 1.5
GMF at 30 ye	ears (%)	43.4 <u>+</u> 1.3	43.4 <u>+</u> 1.4	43.9 <u>+</u> 1.2	43.7 <u>+</u> 0.9	42.5 <u>+</u> 1.7

Supplementary Table 3 – Clinical and radiological characteristics by 30-year clinical diagnosis in participants genotyped for rs73091975

CIS – clinically isolated syndrome, RRMS – relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis, SPMS – secondary progressive multiple sclerosis, EDSS – expanded disease severity scale, IQR – interquartile range, DMT – disease modifying therapy, WM – white matter, GMF – grey matter fraction

Mean <u>+</u> standard deviations unless stated otherwise

^aBaseline EDSS was recorded during initial CIS presentation.

A - rs10191329 and Time to EDSS 4.0

B - rs10191329 and Time to EDSS 6.0



EDSS – Expanded Disability Status Scale

(A-D) Graphs of the scaled Schoenfeld residuals against time for the four Cox proportional hazards models assessing the association of rs10191329 and rs73091975 with time to disability outcomes. Each datapoint represents the scaled Schoenfeld residual for each individual experiencing an event. The proportional hazards assumption for Cox regression models was tested and supported by assessment of the Schoenfeld residuals with time for each model (global test) and for each covariate within the model (individual test), which showed no significant relationship between residuals and time (p > 0.05).

Supplementary	Table 4 – Associations	of rs10191329	with disease	severity	measures	by follow-up	assuming a
dominant model							

		Whole gro	oup (n=51)		MS only (<i>n</i> =39)					
Follow-up	ED	SS	ARMSS		ED	SS	ARMSS			
	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value		
0	-0.2 (0.4)	0.67	-0.1 (0.7)	0.93	-0.1 (0.5)	0.86	0.1 (0.9)	0.91		
5	0.4 (0.4)	0.30	0.5 (0.8)	0.51	0.3 (0.5)	0.52	-0.0 (0.9)	0.96		
10	0.4 (0.5)	0.41	0.3 (0.9)	0.75	0.2 (0.5)	0.65	-0.9 (1.0)	0.38		
14	0.9 (0.5)	0.10	1.5 (0.9)	0.12	0.9 (0.6)	0.15	0.6 (1.1)	0.58		
20	0.9 (0.7)	0.20	0.9 (0.8)	0.29	0.8 (0.8)	0.34	0.8 (0.9)	0.38		
30	0.4 (0.8)	0.66	0.6 (0.9)	0.51	0.1 (1.0)	0.91	0.4 (1.1)	0.73		

MS – multiple sclerosis; EDSS – Expanded Disability Status Scale; ARMSS – age-related MS severity, Beta-coefficients (β) with standard error (SE) and p-values obtained from linear regression models assessing associations of rs10191329 assuming a dominant model (AA/AC vs CC) with EDSS and ARMSS at each timepoint adjusted for age, sex, disease-modifying therapy use and smoking history.

	Whole group (n=51)									MS only (n=39)						
Follow-up	EC)SSª	ED	SS⁵	ARI	MSSª	ARI	MSS⁵	ED	SSª	ED	SS⁵	ARI	MSSª	AR	1SS⁵
	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value
0	-0.2 (0.3)	0.59	-0.2 (0.3)	0.57	-0.1 (0.6)	0.92	-0.1 90.6)	0.89	-0.1 (0.4)	0.72	-0.2 (0.4)	0.66	0.0 (0.7)	0.97	-0.1 (0.7)	0.93
5	0.2 (0.3)	0.47	0.2 (0.3)	0.47	0.2 (0.6)	0.68	0.3 (0.6)	0.64	-0.0 (0.4)	0.99	-0.0 (0.4)	0.99	-0.6 (0.7)	0.41	-0.5 (0.7)	0.51
10	0.3 (0.4)	0.39	0.3 (0.4)	0.45	0.3 (0.6)	0.59	0.3 (0.6)	0.61	0.1 (0.4)	0.81	0.0 (0.4)	0.91	-0.6 (0.7)	0.44	-0.6 (0.7)	0.43
14	0.9 (0.4)	0.03*	0.9 (0.4)	0.04*	1.2 (0.6)	0.07	1.1 (0.6)	0.10	0.9 (0.5)	0.08	0.9 (0.5)	0.09	0.6 (0.8)	0.44	0.5 (0.8)	0.52
20	0.9 (0.5)	0.08	0.8 (0.5)	0.12	0.9 (0.6)	0.14	0.8 (0.6)	0.21	0.8 (0.6)	0.19	0.7 (0.6)	0.25	0.8 (0.7)	0.25	0.7 (0.7)	0.34
30	0.4 (0.6)	0.48	0.3 (0.7)	0.62	0.7 (0.7)	0.35	0.5 (0.7)	0.46	0.2 (0.8)	0.78	0.0 (0.8)	0.96	0.5 (0.9)	0.59	0.3 (0.9)	0.74

aupprentential y rapid y = Associations of rst vr/rsz/ with disease severity incasures by follow-up including conder bias testing

MS – multiple sclerosis; EDSS – Expanded Disability Status Scale; ARMSS – age-related MS severity,

Beta-coefficients (β) with standard error (SE) and p-values obtained from linear regression models assessing associations of rs10191329^A dosage with EDSS and ARMSS at each timepoint

^a - adjusted for age, sex, disease-modifying therapy use and smoking history.

^b - collider bias tested by adjusting for age, sex, and smoking history but not disease-modifying therapy use.

* p < 0.05

NB: Bonferroni correction for number of timepoints and outcomes $(0.05/12) = p < 4.2 \times 10^{-3}$

	Whole group (n=51)									MS only (n=40)						
Follow-up	EC)SSª	ED	SS₽	ARI	∕ISSª	ARI	MSS⁵	ED	SSª	ED	SS₽	ARI	MSSª	ARI	MSS⁵
	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value	β (SE)	p-value
0	0.3 (0.4)	0.94	0.0 (0.4)	0.92	-0.3 (0.7)	0.69	-0.3 (0.7)	0.72	-0.3 (0.5)	0.53	-0.3 (0.5)	0.56	-0.6 (0.8)	0.46	-0.6 (0.8)	0.50
5	-0.3 (0.4)	0.37	-0.3 (0.4)	0.36	-0.9 (0.8)	0.26	-0.9 (0.7)	0.24	-0.5 (0.4)	0.24	-0.5 (0.4)	0.23	-0.9 (0.8)	0.27	-1.0 (0.8)	0.24
10	-0.0 (0.4)	0.97	-0.0 (0.4)	0.99	-0.7 (0.8)	0.40	-0.6 (0.8)	0.40	-0.3 (0.5)	0.61	-0.2 (0.5)	0.61	-0.9 (0.8)	0.30	-0.9 (0.8)	0.29
14	-0.5 (0.5)	0.31	-0.5 (0.5)	0.33	-2.1 (0.8)	0.01*	-2.1 (0.8)	0.01*	-0.9 (0.6)	0.17	-0.9 (0.6)	0.17	-2.7 (0.8)	3.9 x 10 ⁻³ *	-2.7 (0.9)	4.5 x 10 ⁻³ *
20	-0.6 (0.6)	0.32	-0.6 (0.7)	0.35	-0.6 (0.8)	0.42	-0.6 (0.8)	0.47	-1.1 (0.7)	0.15	-1.1 (0.7)	0.16	-1.0 (0.9)	0.26	-1.0 (0.9)	0.30
30	-1.1 (0.7)	0.13	-1.1 (0.8)	0.16	-1.0 (0.8)	0.25	-0.9 (0.9)	0.29	-1.7 (0.9)	0.05	-1.7 (0.9)	0.06	-1.4 (1.0)	0.17	-1.4 (1.0)	0.19

MS – multiple sclerosis; EDSS – Expanded Disability Status Scale; ARMSS – age-related MS severity,

Beta-coefficients (β) with standard error (SE) and p-values obtained from linear regression models assessing associations of rs10191329^A dosage with EDSS and ARMSS at each timepoint

^a - adjusted for age, sex, disease-modifying therapy use and smoking history.

^b - collider bias tested by adjusting for age, sex, and smoking history but not disease-modifying therapy use.

* p < 0.05

NB: Bonferroni correction for number of timepoints and outcomes $(0.05/12) = p < 4.2 \times 10^{-3}$

Supplementary Table 7 – Associations from survival analyses of rs10191329 and rs73091975 with time to disability milestones

		Hazard of reaching disability milestone											
	EDSS	5 4.0ª	EDSS	5 4.0 ^b	EDS	5 6.0ª	EDSS	5 6.0 [⊳]					
Variant	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value					
rs10191329 n = 39	I.70 (0.50-5.72)	0.39	1.56 (0.48-5.04)	0.46	1.59 (0.42–6.01)	0.50	1.31 (0.38-4.56)	0.67					
rs73091975 n = 40	0.26 (0.06-1.18)	0.08	0.29 (0.06-1.33)	0.11	0.45 (0.10-2.11)	0.31	0.50 (0.11-2.39)	0.39					

EDSS – Expanded Disease Severity Scale, HR - hazard ratio, CI – confidence interval

Hazard ratios obtained from Cox proportional hazards models assessing association of genetic variant (assuming dominant genetic models) with time to disability milestone in participants who developed multiple sclerosis

^a - adjusted for age, sex, disease-modifying therapy use and smoking history.

^b - collider bias tested by adjusting for age, sex, and smoking history but not disease-modifying therapy use.

Supplementary Table 8 - Associations of rs10191329^A with radiological measures at 30 years

	Whole gr	oup (n=51)	MS only (<i>n</i> =39)			
Outcome measure	β-est (95% CI)	p-value	β-est (95% CI)	p-value		
Early predictors of 30-year SPMS	5 status					
Baseline infratentorial lesion count, ≥ 1 vs 0 (odds ratio)	1.07 (0.22 to 5.25)	0.93	1.04 (0.19 to 5.68)	0.68		
I-year deep white matter lesion count, ≥ I vs 0 (odds ratio)	0.69 (0.23 to 2.05)	0.50	0.30 (0.06 to 1.51)	0.14		
Radiological outcomes at 30-yea	r follow up					
Cortical lesions, <i>n</i>	0.04 (-0.65 to 0.74)	0.91	-0.08 (-1.03 to 0.87)	0.86		
Grey matter fraction, %	-0.05 (-0.65 to 0.54)	0.86	-0.06 (-0.87 to 0.75)	0.88		
White matter lesion volume, <i>ml</i>	-0.19 (-7.47 to 7.10)	0.96	-1.60 (-10.47 to 7.28)	0.72		
Clinical outcomes at 30-year foll	ow up					
Progression to SPMS, (odds ratio)	0.56 (0.13 to 2.36)	0.43	0.43 (0.09 to 1.96)	0.27		

MS – multiple sclerosis; SPMS – secondary progressive multiple sclerosis, CI – confidence interval

Beta-coefficients (β) and *p*-values obtained from linear and logistic regression models assessing associations of rs10191329^A dosage with outcome measures adjusted for age, sex, disease-modifying therapy use and smoking history.