OXFORD

Supplementary Table S3. Sensitivity analyses. Effect of frozen-ET and fresh-ET on preterm birth overall (total), through HDP^a (mediated) and independent of HDP^a (direct). Odds ratios (OR) with 95% confidence intervals.

| | Cases of preterm birth/deliveries (%) | Total effect OR^{b} | Direct effect OR^b | Mediated OR ^b | % Mediated ^c |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Natural conception | | | | | |
| Main sample | 219 454/4 426 682 (5.0%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| BMI & smoking sample | 117 705/2 554 102 (4.6%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Diabetes sample | 219 454/4 426 682 (5.0%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Primiparous sample | 136 564/2 265 207 (6.0%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| IVF (≠ ICSI) | 219 454/4 426 682 (5.0%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Partner sperm sample ^d | 157 828/3 228 532 (4.9%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Single embryo transfer | 219 461/4 426 682 (5.0%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Blastocyst transfer | 116 045/1 534 104 (4.7%) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | 1.00 (Ref.) | - |
| Frozen-ET | | · · · | | X Z | |
| Main sample | 1198/18 037 (6.6%) | 1.29 (1.21 to 1.37) | 1.23 (1.16 to 1.30) | 1.045 (1.044 to 1.046) | 20.7 |
| BMI & smoking sample | 901/14 355 (6.3%) | 1.29 ^e (1.20 to 1.38) | 1.24 ^e (1.20 to 1.28) | 1.039 ^e (1.038 to 1.040) | 16.9 |
| Diabetes sample | 1198/18 037 (6.6%) | 1.29 (1.21 to 1.36) | 1.23 (1.19 to 1.27) | 1.046 (1.045 to 1.047) | 19.9 |
| Primiparous sample | 799/10 454 (7.6%) | 1.24 (1.16 to 1.34) | 1.18 (1.13 to 1.22) | 1.058 (1.056 to 1.060) | 28.0 |
| IVF (≠ ICSI) | 667/9846 (6.8%) | 1.29 (1.19 to 1.40) | 1.23 (1.18 to 1.28) | 1.053 (1.052 to 1.054) | 22.3 |
| Partner sperm sample ^d | 703/10 870 (6.5%) | 1.23 (1.14 to 1.33) | 1.19 (1.14 to 1.24) | 1.038 (1.037 to 1.039) | 19.2 |
| Single embryo transfer | 757/11 605 (6.5%) | 1.29 (1.20 to 1.39) | 1.23 (1.18 to 1.27) | 1.053 (1.052 to 1.054) | 22.2 |
| Blastocyst transfer | 264/3729 (7.1%) | 1.41 (1.24 to 1.61) | 1.35 (1.27 to 1.44) | 1.044 (1.042 to 1.045) | 14.3 |
| Fresh-ET | | | | | |
| Main sample | 6351/78 300 (8.1%) | 1.49 (1.45 to 1.53) | 1.48 (1.44 to 1.52) | 1.002 (1.000 to 1.003) | 0.5 |
| BMI & smoking sample | 4068/53 165 (7.7%) | 1.49 ^e (1.44 to 1.54) | 1.50 ^e (1.45 to 1.55) | 0.998 ^e (0.996 to 0.999) | <0 ^f |
| Diabetes sample | 6351/78 300 (8.1%) | 1.47 (1.44 to 1.52) | 1.48 (1.43 to 1.51) | 1.000 (0.999 to 1.002) | 0.2 |
| Primiparous sample | 5002/58 919 (8.5%) | 1.39 (1.34 to 1.43) | 1.38 (1.34 to 1.43) | 1.001 (0.999 to 1.003) | 0.4 |
| IVF (≠ ICSI) | 3912/44 602 (8.8%) | 1.59 (1.54 to 1.65) | 1.60 (1.54 to 1.65) | 0.998 (0.996 to 1.000) | <0 ^e |
| Partner sperm sample ^d | 2836/35 729 (7.9%) | 1.43 (1.38 to 1.49) | 1.43 (1.37 to 1.49) | 1.004 (1.002 to 1.005) | 1.2 |
| Single embryo transfer | 2920/37 082 (7.9%) | 1.49 (1.43 to 1.55) | 1.49 (1.43 to 1.55) | 1.000 (0.998 to 1.002) | <0 ^f |
| Blastocyst transfer | 347/4214 (8.2%) | 1.66 (1.48 to 1.85) | 1.67 (1.49 to 1.87) | 0.993 (0.987 to 0.999) | <0 ^f |

Models are adjusted for year of delivery, maternal age, parity, and country. ^a Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy, i.e. gestational hypertension, preeclampsia, eclampsia, or chronic hypertension with superimposed preeclampsia. ^b The total effect decomposes into the product of the direct effect odds ratio and the mediated effect odds ratio. ^c Proportion mediated=DE×(ME-1)/(DE×ME-1), where DE is direct effect and ME is mediated effect. ^d Data only available in Denmark and Sweden. ^e Also adjusted for BMI as a categorical variable (underweight <18.5 kg/m², normal 18.5-24.9 kg/m², overweight 25-29.9 kg/m², or obese ≥30 kg/m²) and smoking status as a dichotomous variable (yes/no). ^f Note that when all or none of the effect is mediated (i.e. no statistically significant direct or mediated effect, respectively), the proportion mediated may be estimated outside of 0-100% due to random variability.