

Figure S1. Chronic degeneration is reversed by muscarinic agonism, related to Figure 1. **A-C.** Immunofluorescent imaging (upper panel) and 3D reconstruction (IMARIS, lower panel) of the acinar (AQP5)-nerve (GFR α 2)-capillary (CD31) interactions in SGs of different treatment groups at 93 days post-IR (treatment at 30-90 days post-IR). Quantification of acinar-nerve interactions (B) and large nerve fibers (E). **D-E.** Immunofluorescent imaging (D) and quantification (E) of blood vessels within the SGs of the different experimental groups at 93 days post-IR (treatment at 30-90 days post-IR). **F.** Protein expression and quantification of NRG1 and actin in SG samples at 93 days post-IR. AU, arbitrary units, normalized to actin. **G.** Images of MUC10 $^+$ AQP5 $^+$ acinar cells of SGs treated 60-120 days post-IR with 3 mM pilocarpine (IR+ P, 3 mM). Tissue was analyzed at 123 days post-IR. Scale bar in A upper panel and G are 20 μm , A lower panel is 5 μm and D is 15 μm . Mean \pm SD. *, $P < 0.05$. ***, $P < 0.001$.

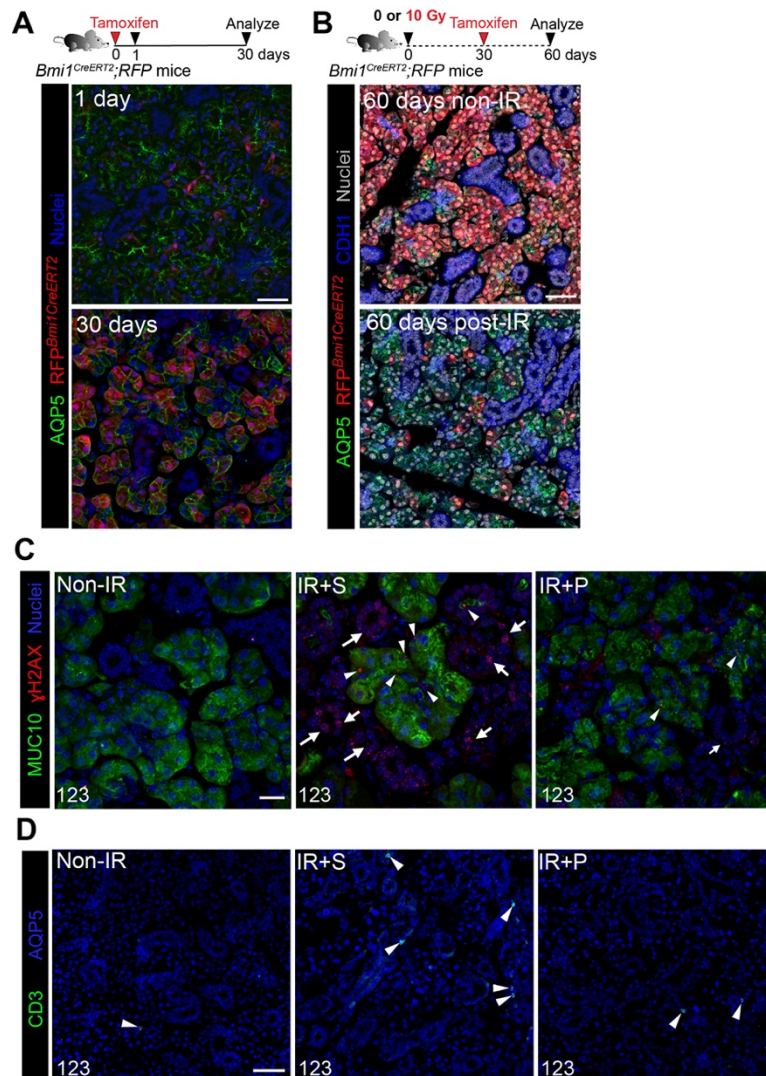


Figure S2. Reversal of chronic SG degeneration is sustained after treatment termination, related to Figure 2. **A.** Lineage tracing of *Bmi1^{CreERT2};Rosa26^{RFP}* mice for 1 and 30 days after Cre activation. Mice were injected with tamoxifen at day 0 and immunostained for AQP5 at day 30. **B.** *Bmi1^{CreERT2};Rosa26^{RFP}* mice were treated with 0 or 10 Gy, injected with tamoxifen at 30 days post-IR and immunostained for AQP5 and CDH1 at day 60. **C.** Immunostaining of DNA damage (γ H2AX, C) in non-IR, IR+S and IR+P (3 mM, 30-90 days post-IR) at 123-days post-IR (30 days after treatment termination). MUC10 labels acinar cells. Arrowheads mark γ H2AX⁺ acinar cells. Arrows mark γ H2AX⁺ ducts. **D.** Immunostaining for CD3⁺ T cells in the 3 groups at 123 days post-IR. Arrowheads mark CD3⁺ cells. Scale bars, 20 μ m (A-B), 15 μ m (C) and 50 μ m (D).

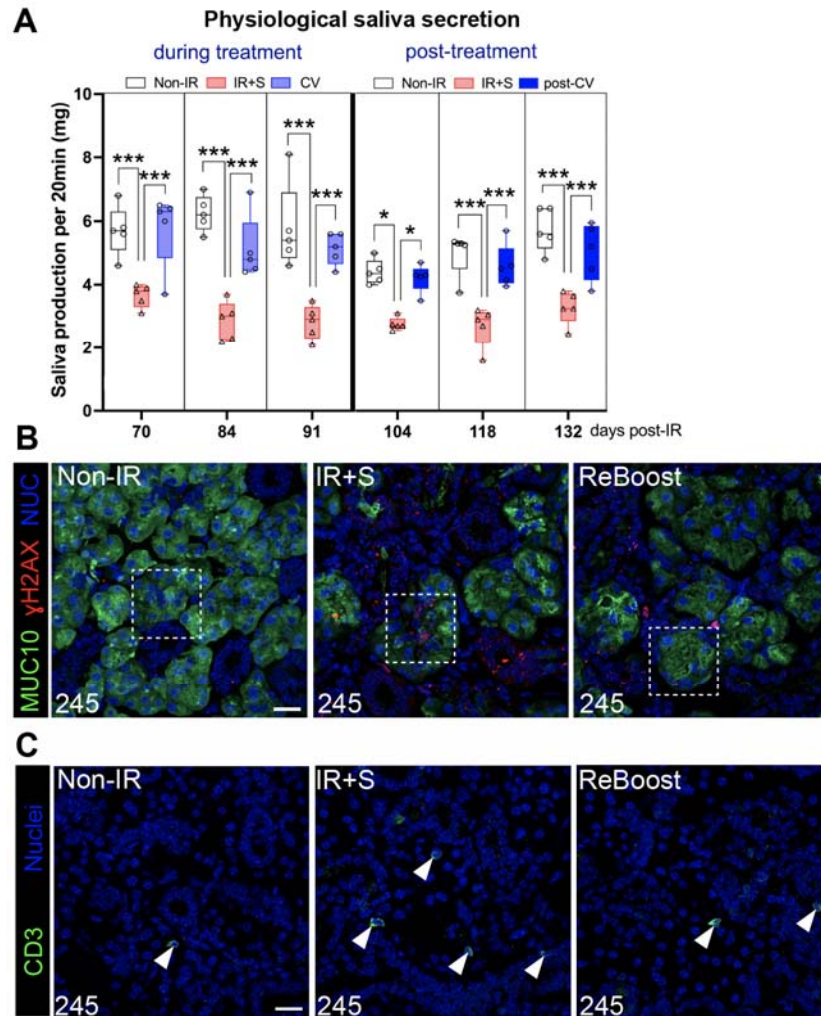


Figure S3. IR SGs remain highly responsive to an additional round of muscarinic treatment delivered months after radiation exposure, related to Figure 3. **A.** Physiological saliva secretion was measured during treatment (left) and after treatment termination at 90 days post-IR (right). **B.** Detection of DNA damage (γ H2AX) foci in acinar cells across the 3 treatment groups (non-IR, IR+S, and IR+ReBoost with CV). Inset shown in Figure 5H. **C.** Immunostaining of CD3+ T cells (arrowheads) in SGs across the groups. Mean \pm SD. *, $P<0.05$. **, $P<0.01$. ***, $P<0.001$. Scale bars are 20 μ m.

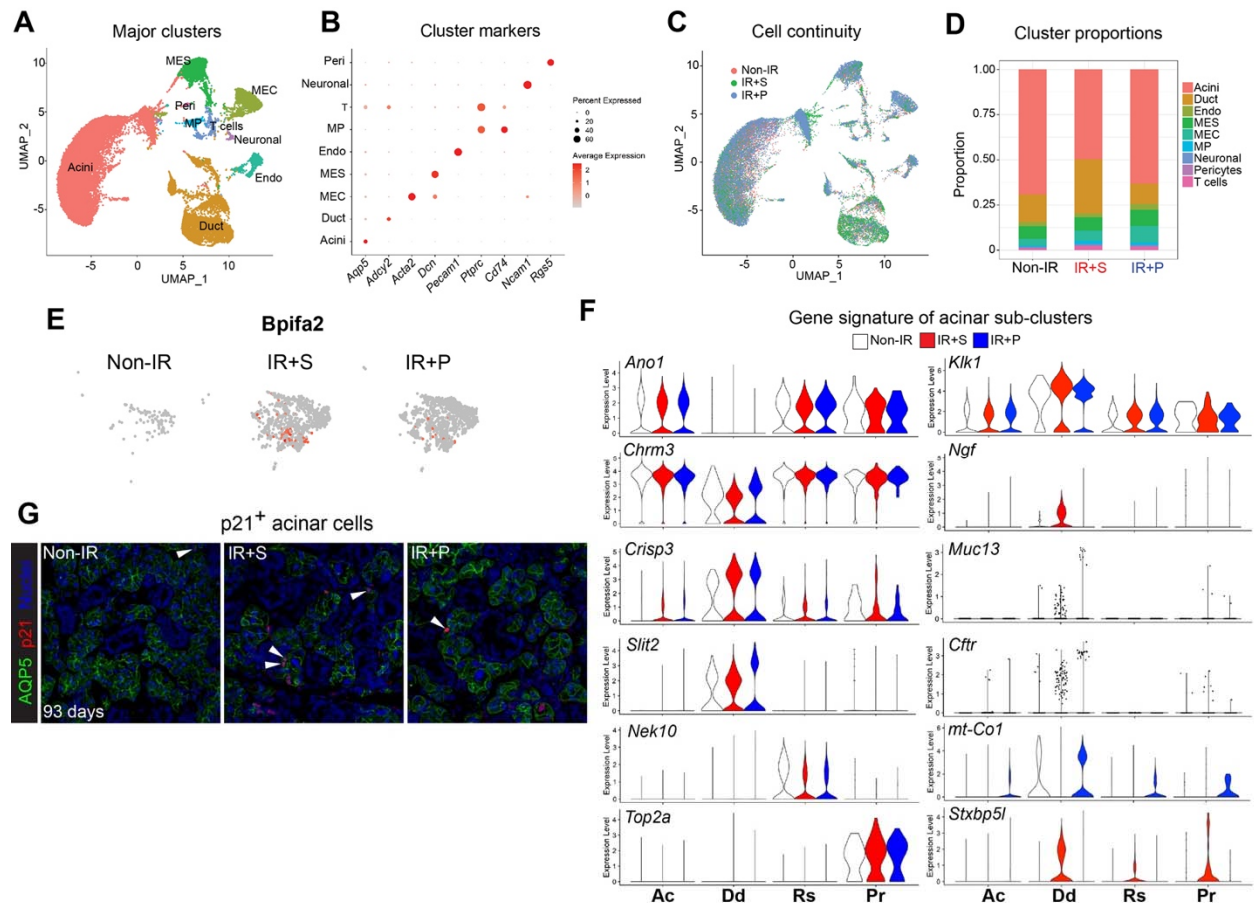


Figure S4. De-differentiated acinar cells are greatly expanded in chronically degenerating SGs, an outcome reversed by muscarinic agonism, related to Figure 4. **A.** Unbiased cluster analysis. MEC, myoepithelial cell. Peri, pericytes. MES, mesenchymal cell. Endo, endothelial. MP, macrophage. T, T cell. **B.** Integrated dot plot presents a specific marker gene for each of the 9 major clusters identified. **C.** UMAP plot of the integrated single nuclei from the 3 treatment groups, non-IR, IR+Saline (S), and IR+Pilocarpine (P, 3 mM) at 93 days post-IR. **D.** Bar plot showing the percentage of each cell type in each of the 3 treatment groups. **E.** *Bpifa2* is relatively enriched in de-differentiated (Dd) acini in the IR+S group, as compared to the non-IR and IR+P group. **F.** Violin plots showing gene expression signature in the 4 acinar sub-clusters across the 3 treatment groups. Ac, active. Dd, de-differentiated. RS, resting. Pr, proliferating. **G.** Immunostaining and confocal imaging of acini in cell cycle arrest, as marked by p21. Scale bar, 20 μ m. Arrows point to p21⁺AQP5⁺ acini.

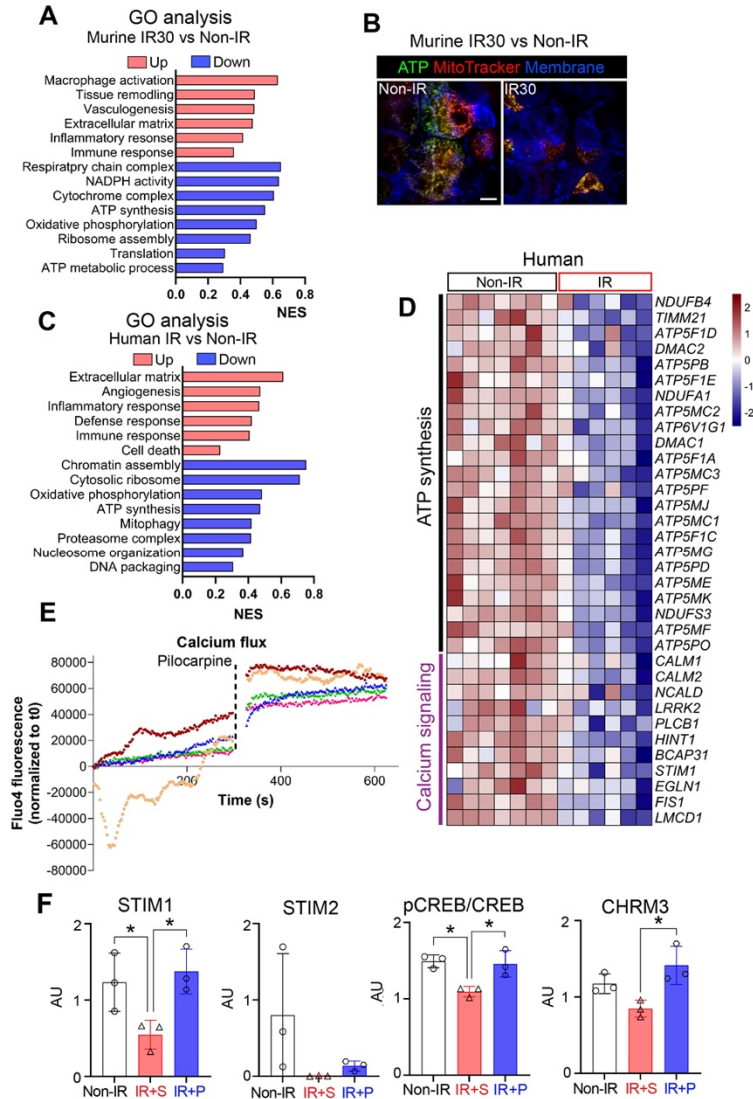


Figure S5. Chronic degeneration is reversed through the restoration of mitochondrial metabolism and calcium signaling, related to Figure 5. **A.** Gene Ontology (GO) analyses of murine non-IR versus 30 days post-IR SGs bulk RNA-seq datasets. **B.** Live imaging of ATP synthesis and active mitochondria (MitoTracker) in non-IR and 30 days post-IR murine SGs, cultured ex vivo for 24 hours. **C.** GO analysis of human non-IR versus IR SGs (>2 yrs post-radiation, GSE206878²⁶) bulk RNA-seq datasets. **D.** Heatmap of ATP synthase and calcium signaling-related gene expression levels in human salivary glands, irradiated (IR) versus healthy (Non-IR). **E.** Calcium signaling levels, with or without muscarinic stimulation, measured by live imaging of Fluo-4 AM uptake by freshly harvested SGs. Each color represents a biological replicate **F.** Quantification of STIM1, STIM2, pCREB and CHRM3 protein levels in each condition determined by western blot (Figure 5F). Groups were normalized to actin. Mean±SD. *, $P < 0.05$.

Table S1: List of antibodies used.

Antibody	Raised in	Dilution	Use	Source	Catalog #
E-cadherin	Rat	1:400	IF	Life Technologies	13-1900
Aquaporin 5	Rabbit	1:200	IF	Millipore	AB3559
MUC10	Goat	1:200	IF	Abcore	AC21-2394
AChE	Mouse	1:200	IF	Thermofisher	MA3-042
Parotid Secretory Protein (PSP)	Guinea			Gift from Stefan Ruhl	
	Pig	1:500	IF		N/A
CD3	Rabbit	1:200	IF	Abcam	Ab5690
GFRa2	Goat	1:100	IF	R&D Systems	AF429
CD31	Rat	1:300	IF	R&D Systems	AF3628
SMA	Mouse	1:300	IF	Sigma-Aldrich	C6198
DCT	Rabbit	1:200	IF	abcam	ab221144
TH	Rabbit	1:200	IF	Sigma-Aldrich	AB152
γH2AX	Rabbit	1:500	IF	Cell Signaling Technology	9718S
p21	Rat	1:200	IF	abcam	ab107099
TUBB3	Mouse	1:200	IF	Biologend	801202
ATP5A1	Rabbit	1:200	IF	ProteinTech	14676-1-AP
NKCC1	Goat	1:400	IF	Santa Cruz	sc-21545
STIM1	Rabbit	1:1000	WB	ProteinTech	11565-1-AP
STIM2	Mouse	1:1000	WB	Millipore	ABF218
Phospho-CREB (Ser133)	Rabbit	1:1000	WB	Cell Signaling Technology	9198S
CREB1	Rabbit	1:1000	WB	Millipore	Ab3006