

A REVISED MAP OF THE EIGHT LINKAGE GROUPS OF *ASPERGILLUS NIDULANS*¹

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THE homothallic ascomycete *Aspergillus nidulans* has become an important organism for genetic studies as a consequence of the basic research of PROFESSOR G. PONTECORVO and his associates. A preliminary linkage map was constructed nine years ago by KÄFER (1958). A revised genetic map is presented in the present paper, which complements the listing of *Aspergillus* stocks published by BARRATT, JOHNSON and OGATA (1965).

In 1966, *Aspergillus* workers were requested to send pertinent linkage data to this laboratory. Tables 1, 2 and 3 and Figure 1 were compiled from this information and that published in the literature; they are intended to serve as a reference for individuals who wish to use *A. nidulans* for research or teaching.

Recommendations: Hopefully, this paper will encourage the isolation and mapping of new genetic markers; a representative mutant of each new locus should be deposited in the Fungal Genetics Stock Center². Furthermore, it is recommended that the system of genetic nomenclature for bacteria (DEMEREK, ADELBURG, CLARK and HARTMAN 1966) be employed in the assignment of symbols to new *Aspergillus* mutants. Recently, it has been shown (KÄFER 1965) that several of the genetic strains of *Aspergillus nidulans* contain one or more translocations. In crosses such strains produce a high frequency of inviable ascospores and give spurious linkage relations. In order to prevent the introduction of additional translocations into the stock strains, new mutants should so far as is possible be tested by mitotic analysis (PONTECORVO and KÄFER 1958; McCULLY and FORBES 1965) with translocation-free tester strains (available at the Fungal Genetics Stock Center [see Table 5 of BARRATT *et al* 1965]).

Over 140 different loci are listed in Table 1, which includes the genetic symbol, name and description of each mutant, together with the linkage group, list of allelic mutants, availability from the Fungal Genetics Stock Center, and origin of each mutant. The reference cited for each mutant does not necessarily refer to the person who isolated it; in several instances more than one investigator was involved in the isolation, characterization and mapping of a given mutant. For proper credit to the originator refer to the cited reference. The probable location of the centromeres is indicated in Figure 1 by a solid circle (●). Mutants placed

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to the right of a linkage group indicate that they have been assigned to that group by mitotic analysis but have not been further mapped.

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SUMMARY

One hundred forty-four mutant loci of *Aspergillus nidulans* are described, and a revised genetic map is presented.

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TABLE 1

Located mutants of Aspergillus nidulans

Symbol	Designation	Phenotype	Linkage Group	Allelic Mutants†	Available From FGSC‡	Origin of Mutant		
						Strain	Mode	References
<u>VISIBLE</u>								
<u>b11</u>	blue 1	blue ascospores	II	2,3,4	yes	<u>y</u> ; <u>m2</u> ; <u>s12</u>	nitrous acid	Apirion, 1963
<u>cha</u>	chartreuse	yellowish green conidia	VIII R	-	yes	-	spontaneous	Kafer, 1961
<u>c14</u>	colorless 4	colorless ascospores	IV	-	no	<u>y</u> ; <u>m2</u> ; <u>s12</u>	nitrous acid	Apirion, 1963
<u>c16</u>	colorless 6	colorless ascospores	I L	1,3,5	no	<u>y</u> ; <u>m2</u> ; <u>s12</u>	nitrous acid	
<u>co</u>	compact	compact colony	VIII R	-	yes	<u>paba1</u> <u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	Pontecorvo et al, 1953
<u>dil*</u>	dilute	dilute conidial color	III	-	yes	-	U.V.	G. Jansen, unpublished
<u>fw</u>	fawn	yellowish brown conidia	VIII L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	Clutterbuck, 1965
<u>mo96*</u>	compact 96	compact colony with grooves	III	-	yes	<u>y</u> ; <u>ad3</u> ; <u>s1</u>	β -propia-lactone	Bainbridge, 1963
<u>p1*</u>	pale 1	light grayish green conidia	V	-	no	<u>an1</u> <u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	Van Arkel, 1962
<u>sl*</u>	slow	reduced growth rate	III	-	yes	<u>ad14</u> <u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	" Kafer, 1965
<u>sm</u>	small	colony compact	III L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>lys5</u>	spontaneous	Bainbridge, unpublished
<u>ve</u>	velvet	fluffy appearance	VIII L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	" Kafer, 1958
<u>w1</u>	white 1	colorless conidia, II L epistatic to <u>y</u>		-	no	wild type	spontaneous	Kafer, 1965
<u>y</u>	yellow	yellow conidia	I R	-	yes	<u>y</u>	x-rays	Pontecorvo et al, 1953
<u>yr*</u>	yellow-green	yellow conidia and green conidia on complete; yellow conidia on minimal	II R	-	yes	<u>paba1</u> <u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	
				2	yes	<u>y</u>	x-rays	
				3	yes	wild type	x-rays	
						<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	Dorn & Rivera, unpublished
<u>RESISTANT</u>								
<u>Resistant to</u>								
<u>Acr1</u>	Acriflavine 1	Acriflavine/malachite green dominant	II L	-	yes	<u>paba1</u> <u>y</u> ; <u>co</u>	Spontaneous	Roper & Kafer, 1957
<u>acr2</u>	acriflavine 2	acriflavine/malachite green	II R	-	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>ad1</u> ; <u>s12</u> ; <u>pyro4</u>	Spontaneous	
<u>acr2</u>	acriflavine 2	acriflavine/malachite green	II R	-	no	<u>ad15</u> ; <u>paba1</u> ; <u>y</u>	Spontaneous	
<u>Act1*</u>	Actidione 1	Actidione, dominant	III L	-	yes	<u>ribol</u> <u>y</u> ; <u>nic8</u>	U.V.	Warr & Roper, 1965
<u>facA</u>	fluoroacetate A	fluoroacetate; acetate non-utilizer	V	303	yes	<u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	Apirion, 1965
<u>facB</u>	fluoroacetate B	fluoroacetate; acetate non-utilizer	VIII R	101, 2,3,4, 305,306, 302,308, 309	no	<u>bi1</u>	spontaneous	
					yes	-	spontaneous	
						-	spontaneous	
							spontaneous	

TABLE 1—Continued

Symbol	Designation	Phenotype	Linkage Group	Allelic Mutants†	Available From FGSC‡	Strain	Origin of Mutant	
							Mode	Reference
<u>RESISTANT</u> <u>Resistant to</u>								
<u>facC</u>	fluoroacetate C	fluoroacetate; acetate non-utilizer	VIII R	102	yes	w3; pyre4	spontaneous	
<u>fanA</u>	fluoroacetate A	fluoroacetate	V	1,3,4,10, 11,12,14,16	no	-	spontaneous	
<u>fanB</u>	fluoroacetate B	fluoroacetate	VII	52,54,60	no	-	spontaneous	
<u>fanC</u>	fluoroacetate C	fluoroacetate	VI	101	no	-	spontaneous	
<u>fanD</u>	fluoroacetate D	fluoroacetate	VIII	151	no	-	spontaneous	
<u>fanE</u>	fluoroacetate E	fluoroacetate	VI	5,7	no	-	spontaneous	
<u>fpA</u>	fluorophenyl-alanine A	fluorophenyl-alanine	I L	1	yes	bi1	spontaneous	
<u>fpB</u>	fluorophenyl-alanine B	fluorophenyl-alanine	I	37	yes	ribol bi1	spontaneous	
<u>fpC</u>	fluorophenyl-alanine C	fluorophenyl-alanine	VIII	43	no	ribol bi1	spontaneous	MCCULLY, unpublished
<u>fpD</u>	Fluorophenyl-alanine D	Fluorophenyl-alanine, dominant	III	11	yes	ribol bi1	Spontaneous	
<u>Iod1*</u>	Iodoacetate 1	Iodoacetate, dominant	II L	-	yes	-	Spontaneous	Warr & Roper, 1965
<u>Sul1*</u>	Sulfanilamide 1	Sulfanilamide, dominant	I L	-	yes	-	U.V.	G. Jansen, unpublished
<u>te6*</u>	tequil 6	tequil	III	-	no	-	spontaneous	Warr & Roper, 1965
<u>NUTRITIONAL</u> <u>Growth response to</u>								
<u>adA*</u>	adenine A	adenine	I L	AM74, AM3	yes	wild type	U.V.	
<u>adB*</u>	adenine B	adenine	VIII R	AM57	yes	wild type	U.V.	
<u>ad1</u>	adenine 1	adenine/hypoxanthine	II R	-	yes	y	x-rays	
<u>ad3</u>	adenine 3	adenine/hypoxanthine	II R	-	yes	y; thi1	x-rays	Pontecorvo et al, 1953 & Foley et al, 1965
<u>ad8</u>	adenine 8	adenine/hypoxanthine	I R	10,11,12, 16,19,20,21, 22	yes	bi1	U.V.	Pritchard, 1955 & Foley et al, 1965
<u>ad9</u>	adenine 9	adenine/hypoxanthine	I R	13,17 15 32	no yes no	bi1 bi1 bi1; w3	U.V. U.V. U.V.	Pritchard, unpublished, Calef, 1957 & Foley et al, 1965
<u>ad14</u>	adenine 14	adenine/hypoxanthine	I L	- 18	yes no	bi1 bi1	U.V. U.V.	Pontecorvo & Kafer, 1958 & Foley et al, 1965
<u>ad23</u>	adenine 23	adenine/hypoxanthine	II L	-	yes	bi1	U.V.	Kafer, 1958 & Foley et al, 1965
<u>ad50*</u>	adenine 50	adenine/hypoxanthine	III L	-	no	bi1	U.V.	Dorn & Rivera, 1965
<u>sax*</u>	allantoic acid X	urea/ammonium	VI	1	yes	bi1	diethyl sulfate	Darlington & Scazzocchio, unpublished
<u>ab1</u>	aminobutyric acid 1	aminobutyric acid	II R	-	yes	bi1	U.V.	Forbes, 1959
<u>an1</u>	aneurin 1	thiamine (aneurin)	I L	-	yes	bi1	U.V.	Pontecorvo & Kafer, 1958
<u>an2</u>	aneurin 2	thiamine (aneurin)	II R	-	yes	bi1; Acr1 w3	U.V.	Pontecorvo & Kafer, unpublished

TABLE 1—Continued
Located mutants of Aspergillus nidulans

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Designation</u>	<u>Phenotype</u>	<u>Linkage</u>	<u>Allelic</u>	<u>Available</u>	<u>Origin of Mutant</u>		
			<u>Group</u>	<u>Mutants†</u>	<u>From FGSC‡</u>	<u>Strain</u>	<u>Mode</u>	<u>References</u>
<u>NUTRITIONAL</u>								
<u>arg1*</u>	arginine 1 (argino-succinase)	arginine	VI	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	x-rays	Bainbridge, Dalton & Walpole, 1966
<u>arg2</u>	arginine 2	arginine	III L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Forbes, 1959
<u>arg3</u>	arginine 3	arginine	VIII R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>bi1</u>	biotin 1	biotin	I R	-	yes	wild type	x-rays	{ Roper, 1950
				2,3	no	<u>Yi: fil1</u>	x-rays	
<u>cho</u>	choline	choline	VII	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Kafer, 1958
<u>hisA*</u>	histidine A	histidine	IV R	10	yes	-	-	
<u>hisB*</u>	histidine B (IGP dehydrase)	histidine	I	-	no	-	-	{
<u>hisC*</u>	histidine C (IAP transaminase)	histidine	VIII R	38	yes	-	-	
<u>hisD*</u>	histidine D (histidine dehydrogenase)	histidine	VIII R	-	no	-	-	{
<u>hisE*</u>	histidine E (PR-ATP pyrophosphorylase)	histidine	VIII R	-	no	-	-	
<u>hisF*</u>	histidine F	histidine	VII	-	no	-	-	{
<u>hisG*</u>	histidine G (PR-ATP pyrophosphorylase)	histidine	II	-	no	-	-	
<u>hisH*</u>	histidine H	histidine	VIII	13	yes	-	-	{
<u>hisI*</u>	histidine I	histidine	VIII R	-	no	-	-	
<u>his122*</u>	histidine 122	histidine	VII	-	no	-	U.V.	{ Pees, 1966
<u>hxA*</u>	hypoxanthine A	uric acid/allantoin/ allantoate/urea/ ammonium	V	1	yes	<u>bi1</u>	diethyl sulfate	
<u>hxB*</u>	hypoxanthine B	uric acid/allantoin/ allantoate/urea/ ammonium	VII	13	no	<u>bi1</u>	diethyl sulfate	{ Darlington & Scazzocchio, unpublished
<u>ile1*</u>	isoleucine 1	isoleucine	VII	-	no	-	U.V.	
<u>lu</u>	leucine	leucine	I L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Forbes, 1959
<u>lys1</u>	lysine 1	lysine	VI	2	yes	<u>w1</u>	x-rays	Pontecorvo et al., 1953
				8	no	-	U.V.	{ Pees, 1966
<u>lys5</u>	lysine 5	lysine	V	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
				16	no	-	U.V.	{ Kafer, 1958
<u>lys7*</u>	lysine 7	lysine	VII	6	no	-	U.V.	
<u>lys10*</u>	lysine 10	lysine	V	-	no	-	U.V.	{ Pees, 1966 & 1965
<u>lys51*</u>	lysine 51	lysine	I R	-	no	-	U.V.	
<u>meth1</u>	methionine 1	methionine	IV L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Kafer, 1958
<u>meth2</u>	methionine 2	methionine	III L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Forbes, 1959
<u>meth3</u>	methionine 3	methionine	V	-	yes	<u>y: pyro4</u>	U.V.	Roberts, unpublished
<u>ni3</u>	nitrite 3	nitrite	II R	-	yes	<u>bi1; w3</u>	U.V.	{ Kafer, 1958
<u>ni50*</u>	nitrite 50	nitrite/proline/ arginine/ammonium	VIII R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>ni51*</u>	nitrite 51	proline/arginine/ ammonium	VIII R	-	yes	<u>bi1; phen3</u>	spontaneous	Dorn & Rivera, 1965
				52	no	<u>bi1; phen3</u>	spontaneous	{

TABLE 1—Continued

Symbol	Designation	Phenotype	Linkage Group	Allelic Mutants†	Available From FGSC††	Origin of Mutant		
						Strain	Mode	References
<u>NUTRITIONAL</u>								
<u>nic2</u>	nicotinic 2	nicotinic acid/anthranilic acid	V	-	yes	wild type	x-rays	{ Pontecorvo et al, 1953 & Kafer, 1958
<u>nic8</u>	nicotinic 8	nicotinic acid/anthranilic acid/tryptophan	VII	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>nic10</u>	nicotinic 10	nicotinic acid/anthranilic acid	VI	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>Acr1 w3</u>	U.V.	" Kafer, 1958
<u>orn4</u>	ornithine 4	ornithine/arginine	IV R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	Pontecorvo et al, 1953 & Kafer, 1958
<u>orn7</u>	ornithine 7	ornithine/arginine	VIII R	8 9 20	no yes yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>bi1</u> <u>bi1</u>	U.V. U.V. U.V.	{ Forbes, 1959
<u>paba'</u>	p-aminobenzoic acid †	p-aminobenzoic acid	I R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	x-rays	{ Roper, 1953, Siddiqi, 1962 & Putrament, 1964
				2,3	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
				4,5	no	<u>bi1</u>	x-rays	
				6	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>paba22</u>	p-aminobenzoic acid 22	p-aminobenzoic acid	IV R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Siddiqi, unpublished
				21	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>panto</u>	pantothenic acid	pantothenic acid	III R	-	no	<u>Y</u> ; <u>thi1</u>	x-rays	Pontecorvo et al, 1953
<u>phen2</u>	phenyl-alanine 2	phenylalanine/phenylpyruvic acid	III L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	" Kafer, 1958
				3	yes	-	-	Pontecorvo, unpublished
<u>pro1</u>	proline 1	arginine/proline	I R	2,5 6,7,8	yes no	<u>bi1</u> <u>bi1</u>	U.V. U.V.	{ Forbes, 1956
<u>pro3</u>	proline 3	arginine/proline	I R	4	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>pu</u>	putrescine	putrescine/spermidine	II R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>w3</u>	U.V.	Sneath, 1955
<u>pyro4</u>	pyridoxine 4	pyridoxine	IV R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ " Kafer, 1958
				1,2	no	<u>bi1</u>	x-rays	
				5	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
				6,7,8 9,10	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>ribo1</u>	riboflavin 1	riboflavin	I L	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	Pontecorvo & Kafer, 1958
<u>ribo2</u>	riboflavin 2	riboflavin	VIII R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>Acr1 w3</u>	U.V.	" Kafer, 1958
<u>ribo5</u>	riboflavin 5	riboflavin	V	-	yes	<u>Y</u> ; <u>pyro4</u>	U.V.	{ Forbes & Sundaram, unpublished
<u>ribo6</u>	riboflavin 6	riboflavin	II R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>w3</u>	U.V.	
<u>s1</u>	sulfite 1	sulfite	III R	4	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
				2	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ " Kafer, 1958
				5,6,8,9	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>w3</u>	U.V.	
<u>s3</u>	sulfite 3	sulfite	VI	-	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
				10,11	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>w3</u>	U.V.	{ Pontecorvo et al, 1953
<u>s12</u> (= <u>s0</u>)	sulfite 12	sulfite	III R	-	yes	wild type	nitrogen mustard	
<u>s50*</u>	thiosulfate 50	cysteic acid/cysteine/thiosulfate/methionine	VIII R	-	yes	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>w3</u>	U.V.	Dorn & Rivera, 1965

TABLE 1—Continued

Located mutants of Aspergillus nidulans

Symbol	Designation	Phenotype	Linkage Group	Allelic Mutants†	Available From FGSC††	Origin of Mutant		
						Strain	Mode	Reference
<u>NUTRITIONAL</u> <u>Growth response to</u>								
<u>thi⁴</u>	thiazole	aneurin/4-methyl-5-hydroxyethyl-thiazole	II R	-	yes	<u>bil</u>	U.V.	Rafer, 1958
<u>trypA*</u>	tryptophan A (anth. synthetase)	tryptophan/indole/ anthranilic acid	II	1 69	no yes	<u>y</u> <u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u>	x-rays U.V.	
				10 alleles 21 alleles	no no	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u>	U.V. U.V.	
<u>trypB*</u>	tryptophan B (try. synthetase)	tryptophan	I	403	yes	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u>	U.V.	
				18 alleles 19 alleles	no no	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u> <u>bil</u> ; <u>Acr1</u> <u>w³</u> ; <u>nic8</u>	U.V. U.V.	
<u>trypC*</u>	tryptophan C (PRA isomerase InGP synthetase anth. synthetase)	tryptophan/indole	VIII R	801	yes	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u>	U.V.	
				12 alleles 46 alleles	no no	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u> <u>bil</u> ; <u>Acr1</u> <u>w³</u> ; <u>nic8</u>	U.V. U.V.	
<u>trypD*</u>	tryptophan D (PR transferase)	tryptophan/indole	II	432	yes	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u>	U.V.	
				2 alleles 16 alleles	no no	<u>paba¹</u> <u>y</u> <u>bil</u> ; <u>Acr1</u> <u>w³</u> ; <u>nic8</u>	U.V. U.V.	
<u>uY*</u>	urea Y	ammonium	VII	5	yes	<u>bil</u>	diethyl sulfate	Darlington & Scazzocchio, unpublished
<u>uaX*</u>	uric acid X	allantoin/ allantoate/urea/ ammonium	VI	1	yes	<u>bil</u>	diethyl sulfate	
				10	no	<u>bil</u>	diethyl sulfate	
<u>CARBON SOURCE</u> <u>Fails to grow on</u>								
<u>fr1</u>	fructose 1	fructose	IV R	-	yes	<u>y</u> ; <u>pyro⁴</u>	U.V.	Roberts, 1963
<u>gal1</u>	galactose 1 (not inducible kinase or trans- ferase)	galactose	III L	6, 15, 17, 23, 24, 27, 29, 30, 32, 35, 36	yes	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>gal3</u>	galactose 3	galactose	II	-	yes	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>gal4</u>	galactose 4	galactose	VIII	-	no	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>gal5</u>	galactose 5 (transferase)	galactose	I L	8, 10, 13, 14, 19, 33	yes	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>gal9</u>	galactose 9 (kinase)	galactose	III L	-	yes	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>lac1</u>	lactose 1	lactose	VI	2, 4 6, 7	yes no	<u>y</u> ; <u>pyro⁴</u> <u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V. U.V.	
<u>lac3</u>	lactose 3	lactose	II R	-	no	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	
<u>mal1</u>	maltose 1	maltose	VII	-	yes	<u>y</u> ; <u>pyro⁴</u>	U.V.	
<u>sb3</u>	sorbitol 3	sorbitol	VI	-	yes	<u>bil</u> ; <u>w³</u>	U.V.	

TABLE 1—Continued

Symbol	Designation	Phenotype	Linkage Group	Origin of Mutant				
				Mutants†	From FGSC‡	Strain	Mode	Reference
MISCELLANEOUS								
<u>pacA</u>	acid phosphatase A	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8	IV	1	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>pacB</u>	acid phosphatase B	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8	VIII R	4	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>pacC</u>	acid phosphatase C	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8	VI	5	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palA</u>	alkaline phosphatase A	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	III L	1	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
				2,3,12,14	no	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palB</u>	alkaline phosphatase B	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	VIII R	7	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
				5,9,10,13	no	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palC</u>	alkaline phosphatase C	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	IV R	4	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
				6	no	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	Dorn, 1965a
<u>palD</u>	alkaline phosphatase D	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	VII	8	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palE</u>	alkaline phosphatase E	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	VIII R	11	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palF</u>	alkaline phosphatase F	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	VII	15	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palcA</u>	alkaline-acid phosphatase A	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8 & 8.2	II R	1	yes	<u>bi1</u> <u>rA1</u>	U.V.	
				2	yes	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palcB</u>	alkaline-acid phosphatase B	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8 & 8.2	III L	3	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>palcC</u>	alkaline-acid phosphatase C	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8 & 8.2	VIII R	4	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
Enhanced ability to cleave								
<u>rA</u>	phosphatase enhanced	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 8.2	I L	1,2,3	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	Dorn, 1965a
<u>rB*</u>	phosphatase enhanced	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8	II R	50	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>rC*</u>	phosphatase enhanced	α -naphthylphosphate at pH 4.8	VIII R	51	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	{ Dorn & Rivera, 1965 }
Suppressed mutants								
<u>su1ad20</u>	suppressor 1 of <u>ad20</u>	<u>ad20</u>	I L	-	yes	<u>ad20</u> ; <u>pyro4</u>	spontaneous	Pritchard, 1955
<u>su1paba22</u>	suppressor 1 of <u>paba22</u>	<u>paba22</u>	IV R	4	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>paba22</u>	spontaneous	Luijg, 1962
<u>suApalB7</u>	suppressor A of <u>palB7</u>	<u>palB7</u>	VIII R	1	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>palB7</u>	spontaneous	
<u>suBpalB7</u>	suppressor B of <u>palB7</u>	<u>palB7</u>	VI	2	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>palB7</u>	spontaneous	{ Dorn, 1965a }
<u>suCpalF15</u>	suppressor C of <u>palF15</u>	<u>palF15</u>	V	6	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>palF15</u>	spontaneous	Dorn, unpublished
<u>suDpalA1</u>	suppressor D of <u>palA1</u>	<u>palA1</u>	I	2	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>palA1</u>	spontaneous	Dorn & Rivera 1965
<u>su5palA1</u>	suppressor 5 of <u>palA1</u>	<u>palA1</u>	VIII R	-	no	<u>bi1</u> ; <u>palA1</u>	spontaneous	Dorn, 1965b
<u>Su1pro</u>	Suppressor 1 of proline, dominant	<u>pro</u> 1-4, <u>pro</u> 7	III R	-	no	<u>pro</u> 1 <u>paba1</u> y X <u>pro</u> 7 <u>bi1</u>	Spontaneous	{ Forbes, unpublished }
<u>Su4pro</u>	Suppressor 4 of proline, dominant	<u>pro</u> 1-5	III	-	yes	<u>pro</u> 5 <u>bi1</u>	Spontaneous	{ Forbes, unpublished }

TABLE 1—Continued
Located mutants of Aspergillus nidulans

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Designation</u>	<u>Phenotype</u>	<u>Linkage Group</u>	<u>Allelic Mutants†</u>	<u>Available From FGSC‡</u>	<u>Origin of Mutant</u>		
						<u>Strain</u>	<u>Mode</u>	<u>Reference</u>
<u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>								
<u>ts</u>	temperature sensitive	grows at 25°C but not at 37°C	VIII	-	yes	-	-	Forbes, unpublished
<u>tsA</u>	temperature sensitive A	grows at 25°C but not at 37°C	II R	25	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	} Forbes & Sinha, 1966
<u>tsB</u>	temperature sensitive B	grows at 25°C but not at 37°C	VI	5	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>tsC</u>	temperature sensitive C	grows at 25°C but not at 37°C	II R	17	no	<u>bi1</u>	U.V.	
<u>uvsi*</u>	UV-sensitive 1	-	I R	-	no	-	U.V.	G. Jansen, unpublished

* These mutants did not originate from the Aspergillus Center at The University, Glasgow, Scotland.

† The numbers under the "Allelic mutants" column represent the isolation numbers and are to be appended to the symbol concerned, i.e.—*b12*, *b13*, *b14*.

‡ Fungal Genetics Stock Center, Department of Biological Sciences, Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire 03755.

TABLE 2
Centromere location

<u>Linkage group</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Reference</u>
I	Tetrad analysis	Between <i>ad14</i> and <i>pro3</i>	STRICKLAND 1958
II	Tetrad analysis	Between <i>w3</i> and <i>an2</i>	STRICKLAND 1958
IV	Tetrad analysis	18 units right of <i>meth1</i>	STRICKLAND 1958
VIII	Mitotic recombination	Between <i>fw</i> and <i>orn7</i>	DORN, unpublished

TABLE 3
*Mutant strains of Aspergillus nidulans**

Loci for each strain are listed in order of linkage groups and arms, beginning with I left, insofar as the order is known; linkage groups are separated by semicolons.

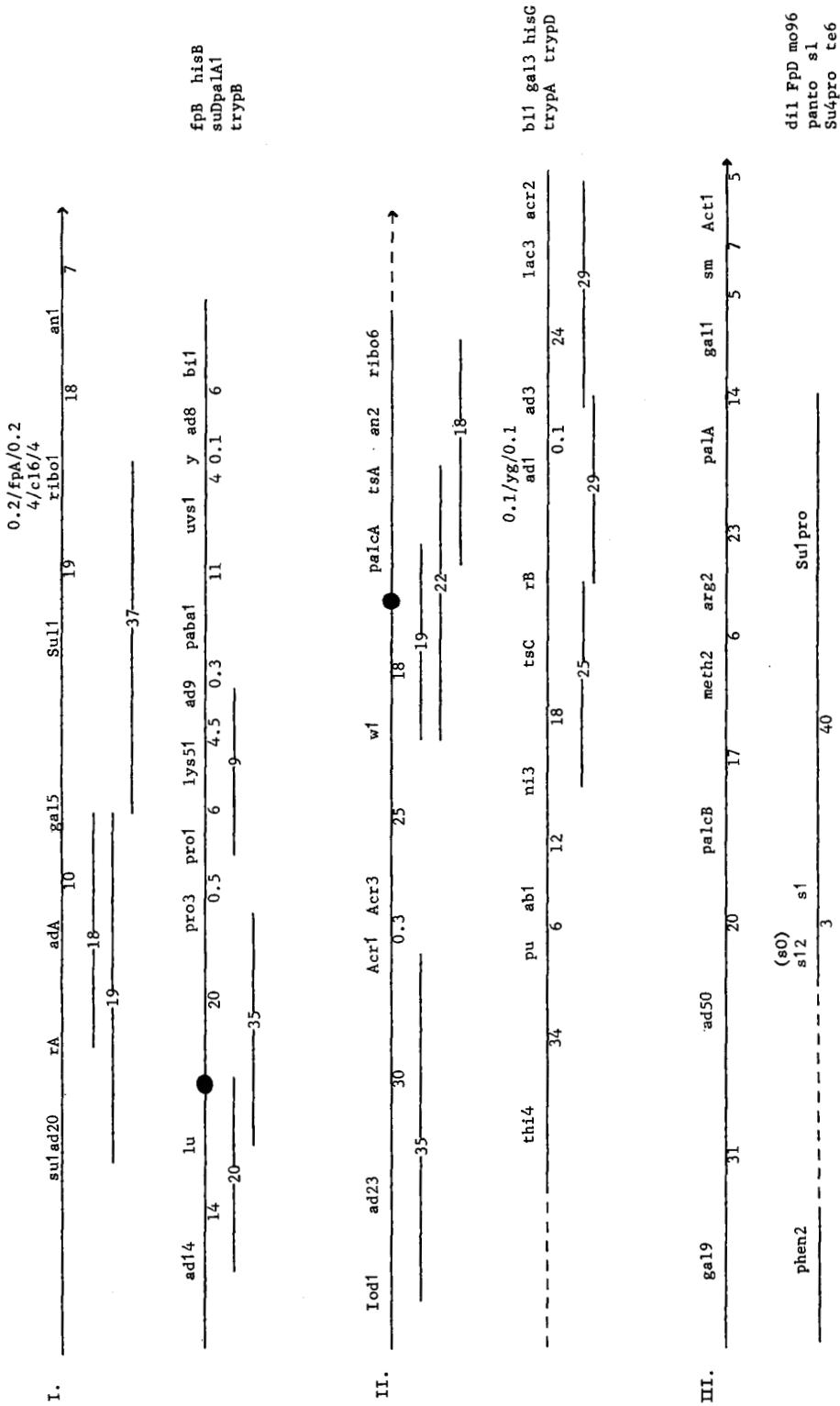
Symbols: C—cross; DE—diethyl sulfate; none—no translocation; S—spontaneous; T—translocation; T?—derived from strains with translocation, or irradiated (UV or X) strains or descendant from such strains and not tested; UV—ultraviolet; X—X-ray; β p— β -propiolactone; α —may contain *sul20*.

<u>FGSC No.</u>	<u>Genotype</u>	<u>Translocations</u>	<u>Origin</u>
38	<i>w1; lys1 (ve+)</i>	T?	X of <i>w1; (ve+)</i>
39	<i>bi1; w3 pu</i>	T(I;III;VIII) T(VI; VII)	UV of <i>bi1; w3</i>
216	<i>adA (AM55)</i>	T?	UV of <i>ve</i>
217	<i>adB (AM57) ve</i>	T?	UV of <i>ve</i>
230	<i>y; w2; arg1; ve+</i>	T?	C of <i>bi1; arg1</i> \times <i>y; w2 ad1; s12; ve+</i>
231	<i>ribo1 y; Act1 nic8</i>	T?	UV of <i>ribo1 y; nic8</i>
232	<i>y; ad3; s1 mo96</i>	T?	β p of <i>y; ad3; s1</i>
233	<i>bi1 w3 cys2 (=s12)</i>	T(III;VIII) T(VI; VII)	UV of <i>bi1; w3</i>
235	<i>pabal1 y trypA69</i>	T?	UV of <i>pabal1 y</i>
236	<i>trypB403 pabal1 y</i>	T?	UV of <i>pabal1 y</i>

TABLE 3—(Continued)

FGSC No.	Genotype	Translocations	Origin
237	<i>paba1</i> γ ; <i>trypC801</i>	T?	UV of <i>paba1</i> γ
238	<i>paba1</i> γ <i>trypD432</i>	T?	UV of <i>paba1</i> γ
239	<i>bi1</i> ; <i>ad23 Acr1 w3</i> ; <i>nic8</i>	none	C of <i>pro1 paba1</i> γ ; <i>ad23 w3</i> ; (<i>ve+</i>) \times <i>bi1; Acr1; phen2; lys5; s3; nic8</i>
240	<i>bi1</i>	none	C of γ <i>bi1</i> \times ++
241	<i>bi1; pacA1</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
242	<i>bi1; pacC5</i>	none	UV of <i>bi1</i>
243	<i>bi1; palA1</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
244	<i>bi1; palB7</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
245	<i>bi1; palD8</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
246	<i>bi1; palE11</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
247	<i>bi1; palF15</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
248	<i>bi1; palcA1</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
249	<i>bi1; s50</i>	none	UV of <i>bi1</i>
250	γ ; <i>fr1 palC4 paba22 pyro4</i>	T?	UV of <i>rA1 bi1</i>
253	<i>bi1; Iod w3; nic8</i>		C of ?
254	<i>bi1; Acr1 w3 ab1 ni3 ad3</i>	T?	C of <i>bi1; ab1</i> \times <i>ribo1 bi1; Acr1 w3 thi4 ni3 ad3</i>
255	<i>w3; pyro4 facC102</i>	T?	S in <i>w3; pyro4</i>
256	<i>paba1; w3; arg3 facB101 ribo2</i>	T?	C of <i>bi1; arg3</i> \times <i>paba1; w3; facB101 ribo2</i>
257	<i>bi1; w; Acr1; nic8; his38</i>	T?	C of ?
258	<i>nic2 hxA1 facA303 ribo5</i>	T?	C of ?
259	<i>bi1; ad1; s12; pyro4</i>	T?	C of <i>bi1; pyro4</i> \times γ ; <i>w2 ad1; s12</i>
260	<i>bi1; phen3; ni51</i>	none	S in <i>bi1; phen3</i>
261	<i>bi1; Acr1 w3 an2</i>	T?	UV of <i>bi1; Acr1 w3</i>
262	<i>bi1; uY5</i>	T?	DE of <i>bi1</i>
263	<i>bi1; orn20</i>	none	UV of <i>bi1</i>
264	<i>bi1; uaX1</i>	T?	DE of <i>bi1</i>
265	<i>bi1; pu1</i>	T	UV of <i>bi1; w3</i>
266	<i>bi1; ni50</i>	none	UV of <i>bi1</i>
267	<i>fpB37 an1</i> γ <i>ad20; w2</i>	T?	C of <i>ribo1 bi1 fpB37</i> \times <i>an1</i> γ <i>ad20; w2</i>
268	γ ; <i>w2 thi4 ni3 ad3 bl1</i>	T?	C of γ ; <i>w2 bl1; s12</i> \times <i>ribo1 bi1; Acr1 thi4 ni3 ab1 ad3</i>
269	<i>paba1; fw facB101 ribo2 ga17 ts</i>	T?	C of ?
270	<i>bi1; yg</i>	none	UV of <i>bi1</i>
271	<i>Sul1; ad3; dil</i>	T?	C of <i>Sul1; Acr1 ad3; s1</i> \times γ ; <i>dil; pyro4</i>
272	γ ; <i>pyro4; meth3</i>	T?	UV of γ ; <i>pyro4</i>
273	<i>ad17 paba1</i> γ ; <i>FpD11</i>	T?	C of <i>ribo1 bi1; FpD11</i> \times <i>ribo1 ad17 paba1</i> γ
274	γ <i>lu</i>	T?	C of <i>pro1</i> γ \times $\alpha gal5$ <i>an1 lu bi1</i>
275	<i>fpA1 ad14 paba1</i> γ	T?	C of <i>fpA1 bi1</i> \times <i>ribo1 paba1 ad14</i> γ
276	γ ; <i>fr1 paba22; pyro4</i>	T?	C of <i>bi1; paba22</i> \times γ ; <i>fr1 pyro4</i>
277	<i>bi1</i> γ ; <i>Acr1; hisA10; ribo2</i>	T?	C of ?
278	γ <i>bi1; Acr1; ribo2 hisH13</i>	T?	C of ?
279	γ ; <i>pyro4; aaX1</i>	T?	C of ?

* This list contains recent additions to the Fungal Genetics Stock Center, Dartmouth College. See BARRATT *et al.* (1965) for the basic list of mutant strains.



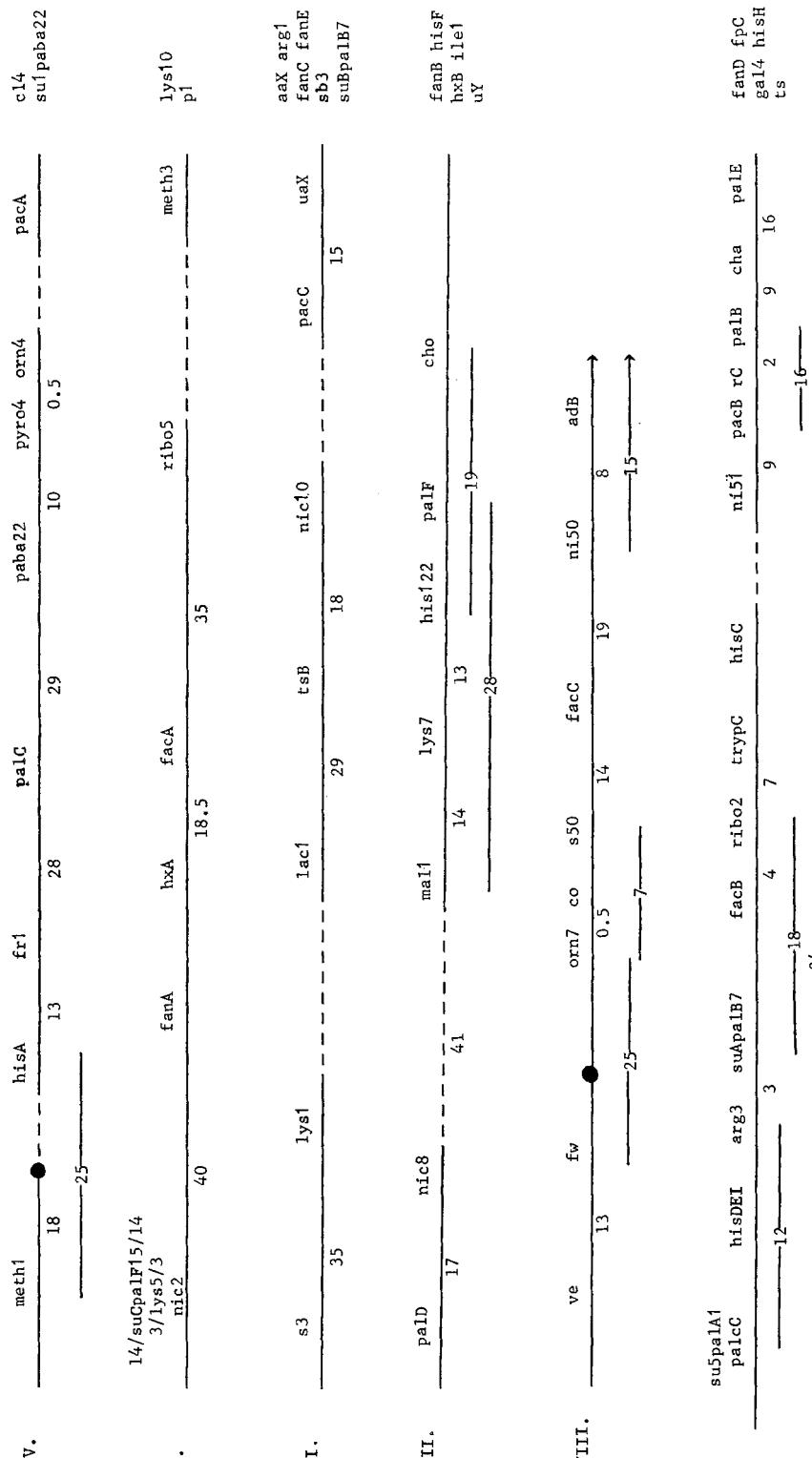


FIGURE 1.—Linkage map of *Aspergillus nidulans*. The linkage distances, given in percent meiotic recombination, are derived from a variety of sources and, hence, should only be considered as approximate values. Mutants placed to the right of a linkage group indicate that they have been assigned to that group by mitotic analysis but have not been further mapped.