

Supplementary table 2. Prevalence of longer-term service-related problems.

Examples	Study	Methods (source of participants; data collection; response rate; comment)	Time post-stroke	Prevalence	
				<i>n</i>	%
Referred but not receiving OT	2000 ²⁸	Hospital admissions; case-note audit.	6 weeks ^a	11	40
Referred but not receiving PT			6 weeks ^a	21	35
Dissatisfaction: amount of PT	2000 ²⁹	Community rehabilitation lists; postal survey — modified Homesat ^b ; RR = 62%	18 months	98	30
Contact with SSOT	1998 ²⁵	GP register of non-admissions; face-to-face interviews; data not validated	1 month	93	13
Financial concerns	1998 ²⁵	See note ^c	1 month	93	20
Difficulty getting bath aids	1987 ⁹	Hospital register; face-to-face interviews; data not validated	6 months	96	53
Major housing problems	1996 ²¹	Hospital admissions; face-to-face interviews with carers	3 months	50	24
Had contact with GP	1997 ²⁴	Hospital admissions; mainly postal survey with some face-to-face interviews; RR = 43%; data validated with GPs	6 weeks ^a	96	77
	1987 ⁹	See note ^c .	6 months	183	53
	1986 ⁷	Population-based stroke register; face-to-face interviews; data not validated	1 year	383	44
GP contact helpful	1997 ²⁴	See note ^c	6 weeks ^a	96	59
Dissatisfaction with domiciliary support	1994 ¹⁷	Hospital stroke register; postal questionnaire — Homesat ^b ; RR = 87%.	6 month	120	32

^aPost discharge. ^bValidated satisfaction questionnaire. ^cMethodological details of study provided earlier in table, see appropriate reference. OT = occupational therapy; PT = physiotherapy; RR = response rate; SSOT = social services occupational therapy.