#### 23.4%\* of low-OAC Hs females attract Hv males



### **Chance of mating:**

In cage experiments Hv males mate with

- a) Hv females: 58.3%
- b) low-OAc Hs females: 43.8%

Deduction: Hv males mate with low-OAc Hs females once they are encountered



## Time before females resume calling after mating

48 hours (ref. 69)



## Number of lifetime matings

on average 2.6 times (ref. 70)



### Number of eggs oviposited

50% after 1st mating, 83% after 2nd mating (ref. 39)



### Sperm competition

Sperm precedence of the oldest male to mate (ref. 74)

- Conspecific versus heterospecific sperm precedence unknown. Three scenario's:
  - 1) always conspecific sperm precedence
  - 2) always first male sperm precedence, irrespective of con/heterospecific male
  - 3) always last male sperm precedence, irrespective of con/heterospecific male



### Reproductive success of hybrid offspring

F<sub>1</sub> males are sterile (ref. 38)

Only 30% of  $F_1$  offspring are females, which enter protracted diapause of up to 2 years (refs. 38, 39)



# Communication interference by Hv males decreases fitness of *low-OAc* Hs females by:

- 1) 0.136 when there is always conspecific sperm precedence
- 2) 0.231 when there is always first male sperm precedence
- 3) 0.230 when there is always last male sperm precedence