

**Table 1.** Effective Hill coefficients obtained by fitting the curves shown in Fig. 15 using a sigmoidal function.

Parameter	Multiplied by	Hill coeff.
–	1	23.3
$\epsilon$	0.5	24.7
$\epsilon$	2	21.5
$\delta$	0.5	20.8
$\delta$	2	25.7
$A$	0.5	20.6
$A$	2	20.8
$B$	0.01	7.6
$B$	0.25	10.9
$B$	0.5	14.1
$B$	2	68.1
$B$	4	170.6