

Additional file 1: Complex and simple repeats present in HADH2 genes

Species	Intronic location	Repeat class	Repeat name	Percentage of intronic sequence (%)
human	intron 1	simple	(TAGA)n	13.42
	intron 2	LINE	L3	
		SINE	AluSx (2)	55.39
chimpanzee	intron 1	simple	(TAGA)n	16.36
	intron 2	LINE	L3	
		SINE	AluSx (2)	55.16
orangutan	intron 1	simple	(TAGA)n	12.96
	intron 2	LINE	L3	
		SINE	AluSx, AluSq	55.14
rhesus monkey	intron 1	simple	(TAGA)n	23.09
		LINE	L3	
	intron 2	SINE	AluSx (2)	53.83
rat		simple	(CAGGG)n	
	intron 2	SINE	RSINE1, BC1MM	24.34
		simple	ID4_, RSINE1	
mouse	intron 2	SINE	(G)n, (CA)n	30.72
cat	intron 5	SINE	SINEC_Fc2	48.50
opossum	intron 5	SINE	MAR1, MIRb	
		simple	(CCCCCA)n, (TTGGGTTCCAGT)n	53.80
western clawed frog	intron 3	unknown	TE_ORF_98	
		simple	(CACAG)n	21.43
		unknown	Dr000372, Dr000461, Dr000462, Dr000415, Dr000149, Dr000194	
zebrafish	intron 2	DNA transposon	TDR18, HATN13_DR, HATN16_DR (2), ANGEL	66.29
		low complexity	AT_rich (2)	
		simple	(TA)n	
honeybee	intron 3	low complexity	AT_rich (3)	9.83
	intron 4	DNA transposon	ANGEL	
		low complexity	AT_rich	9.90
<i>C. elegans</i>	intron 1	low complexity	AT_rich	97.77
	intron 2	low complexity	AT_rich (2)	
		simple	(TTA)n, (TA)n, (TTTA)n	87.84
<i>C. elegans</i>	intron 2	DNA transposon	CELE1, CELE2 (2)	77.40
	intron 4	DNA transposon	CELE2	51.03

NOTE.— In the repeat name column, for repeats found more than once in the same intron, the number of times is indicated in parenthesis