SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Supplementary Figure Legends

Supplementary Figure S1.

Overexpression of mVENUS-Sec22bΔTMD or mVENUS-VAMP3ΔTMD inhibits phagocytosis in J774 macrophages.

(A) Green signals indicate mVENUS-tagged proteins stably expressed in J774 cells. The signals of mVENUS and mVENUS-Sec22b Δ TMD were distributed throughout the cells, but overexpression of VAMP3 Δ TMD produced some dot-like structures, as shown in the inset. *Bars*, 20 µm. (B) Western blotting analysis of total lysates from J774 cells stably expressing mVENUS, mVENUS-Sec22b Δ TMD, and mVENUS-VAMP3 Δ TMD. Western blotting was carried out using antibodies against EGFP, Sec22B, and VAMP3. Asterisks (*) denote non-specific band recognized by anti-VAMP3 antibodies (Affinity BioReagents, Inc., Golden, CO). (C) J774/mVENUS, J774/mVENU-Sec22b Δ TMD, and J774/mVENUS-VAMP3 Δ TMD cells were incubated with luminol-bound microbeads. Chemiluminescence from cells that ingested the beads was measured on a TD-20/20 luminometer for 15 sec every 1 min at a 50.1% sensitivity level. The results are given in relative light units (RLUs). These results were normalized to the maximal value obtained for J774/mVENUS cells within the same experiment. Data presented are the mean ± S.E. of three independent experiments.

Supplementary Figure S2.

Fraction of phagosomes labeled with LAMP-1 antibodies and with mVENUS-syntaxin 18.
(A) J774/mVENUS-syntaxin 18 cells were incubated with non-opsonized latex beads (3.0-μm diameter) for 10, 20, 40, or 120 min. The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 min

at room temperature and permeabilized with 0.2% Triton X-100 for 30 min. Then the cells were stained with an anti-LAMP-1 antibody in combination with Alexa594-labeled secondary antibodies. Asterisks (*) denote phagosomes in the cells that contain a latex bead. Phagosomes labeled with mVENUS-syntaxin 18 were classified into three types. Type-1 and type-3 indicate LAMP-1–negative and –positive phagosomes, respectively. Type-2 shows a phagosome partially detected by LAMP-1 signals. (B) Quantitation of each type of phagosome over time. Values are expressed as a percent of the total number of the three types of phagosomes (fifty phagosomes) at the indicated time points. Data presented are the mean \pm S.E. of three independent experiments. The rate of LAMP-1–positive phagosomes gradually increased within the first 40 min. This is consistent with the results in Figure 1 using J774 cells, suggesting that J774/mVENUS-syntaxin 18 cells have retained the normal phagocytic function of J774 cells.

Supplementary Figure S3.

Electron micrographs of purified phagosomes and 0.8-µm-diameter beads used for phagocytosis.

(A) Additional electron micrographs of purified phagosomes from the J774/mVENUS-syntaxin 18 cells described in Figure 7. We observed a mean of 9.8 \pm 1.4 gold particles on each phagosome (n = 20) whose major axis is in the 720 to 900 nm range. (B) In contrast, no significant gold signal was detected on phagosomes from J774 cells (n = 50). (C) The electron microscopic experiment was performed on 0.8-µm-diameter beads alone as a control. No structure was detected on the bead, suggesting that visible structures surrounding the bead in (A) and (B) are truly phagosomal membranes. *Bars*, 200 nm.

Supplementary Figure S4.

No difference was observed in the shape and size of J774 cells expressing mVENUS and mVENUS-syntaxin 18.

Green signals indicate mVENUS-tagged proteins expressed in J774 cells. Differential interference contrast (DIC) images indicate the cell shape and size. *Bars*, 10 µm.

Supplementary Figure S5.

J774/mVENUS-syntaxin 18 cells enhance the rate of phagocytosis in a Texas Red–conjugated zymosan A (*S. cerevisiae*) assay. J774/mVENUS and J774/mVENUS-syntaxin 18 cells were incubated with Texas Red–conjugated zymosan particles for the indicated times in the presence (+) and absence (-) of cytochalasin B (final concentration 10 μ M). The cells were washed thoroughly with PBS to remove free particles and fixed. Quantitation of each image is summarized in Figure 7E. *Bar*, 20 μ m.



Supplementary Figure S1. Hatsuzawa et al.



Supplementary Figure S2. Hatsuzawa et al.



Supplementary Figure S3. Hatsuzawa et al.



Supplementary Figure S3. Hatsuzawa et al.



Supplementary Figure S4. Hatsuzawa et al.



Supplementary Figure S5. Hatsuzawa et al.