

Table B Population size, life expectancy at birth, per capita income, and Gini coefficients across top industrialized nations (n=21)

Region	Population size—millions (2001)	Life expectancy at birth—years (2001)	GDP per capita—PPP US\$ (2001)	Gini Index (survey year)
Luxembourg	0.4	78.1	53,780	30.8 (1998)
United States	288.0	76.9	34,320	40.8 (1997)
Norway	4.5	78.7	29,620	25.8 (1995)
Denmark	5.3	76.4	29,000	24.7 (1997)
Switzerland	7.2	79.0	28,100	33.1 (1992)
Netherlands	16.0	78.2	27,190	32.6 (1994)
Canada	31.0	79.2	27,130	31.5 (1997)
Belgium	10.3	78.5	25,520	25.0 (1996)
Australia	19.4	79.0	25,370	35.2 (1994)
Germany	82.3	78.0	25,350	38.2 (1998)
Japan	127.3	81.3	25,130	24.9 (1993)
Italy	57.5	78.6	24,670	36.0 (1998)
Finland	5.2	77.8	24,430	25.6 (1995)
Sweden	8.9	79.9	24,180	25.0 (1995)
United Kingdom	58.9	77.9	24,160	36.0 (1995)
France	59.6	78.7	23,990	32.7 (1995)
Singapore	4.7	77.8	22,680	42.5 (1998)
Spain	40.9	79.1	20,150	32.5 (1990)

Region	Population size—millions (2001)	Life expectancy at birth—years (2001)	GDP per capita—PPP US\$ (2001)	Gini Index (survey year)
New Zealand	3.8	78.1	19,160	36.2 (1997)
Portugal	10.0	75.9	18,150	38.5 (1997)
Greece	10.9	78.1	17,440	35.4 (1998)
Mean	38.8	78.26	26,451	32.67
SD	64.3	1.17	7,401	5.47

Sources: Data were taken from the United Nations Development Program's Human Development Indicators, 2003 (www.undp.org).

Note: Austria was excluded because income inequality data was not available. Ireland, Israel and Slovenia were excluded because of social tensions and conflicts.