

Supplementary Fig 1. Effect of extracellular  $Ca^{2+}$  on whole-cell currents in TRPC6expressing HEK cells: NMDG buffer with 4 K<sup>+</sup>. *Panel A.* Currents were recorded as described in the legend to Fig 1 in HEK cells stably expressing TRPC6. TRPC6 was activated by superfusion with normal Na<sup>+</sup>-containing Ringer's solution containing 100  $\mu$ M OAG. A representative I-V plot under this condition is shown (black trace). The extracellular solution was changed to NMDG-4K<sup>+</sup> with 0.02 (blue trace), 2 (red trace), or 20 mM Ca<sup>2+</sup> (green trace). *Panel B.* I-V relationships predicted by the single site pore permeation model with the parameter set given in the legend to Fig 5. The simulated I-V plots are shown for the experimental ionic conditions shown in panel A. *Panels C and D.* Same as panels A and B with an expanded current scale to better visualize the reversal potentials under each condition.



Supplementary Fig 2. Activation of TRPC6 in low or high Ba<sup>2+</sup> buffer. *Panels A and B.* Currents were recorded as described in the legend to Fig 1 in HEK cells stably expressing TRPC6. TRPC6 was activated by superfusion with NMDG-0K<sup>+</sup>-Ringer's solution containing 0.1 mM Ba<sup>2+</sup> (*Panel A*) or 10 mM Ba<sup>2+</sup> (*Panel B*) plus 100  $\mu$ M OAG. I-V plots are shown before OAG and as a function of time after addition of OAG (see *inset, panels C and D*). *Panels C and D*. Currents from Panels A and B were leak-subtracted, normalized to capacitance, and filtered at 200 Hz.



Supplementary Fig 3. Model predications for  $Ca^{2+}$  and monovalent current via TRPC6. *Upper Panel.* The figure shows I-V plots for TRPC6 for monovalent current (*black trace*) and Ca<sup>2+</sup> currents (*red trace*) in normal Na<sup>+</sup>-containing Ringer's solution as predicted by the single site pore model. *Lower Panel.* Same as in the upper panel with an expanded current scale.