	Unsilenced					TRV2-AqPI-AqANS		
	SEP	PET	STA	STD	CAR	W1	W2	CAR
AqvAG1				Manager	-			-
AqvAG2					-			-
AqvFL1						-	-	
AqvSEP1	-					-		
AqvSEP2	-					-		
AqvSEP3		-	-			-		-
AqvAGL6		-	-			_	-	-
AqvAGL24		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ACTIN					-	-	-	-

Supplemental Figure 6. Locus specific RT-PCR reactions on RNA prepared from organs of VIGS-treated flowers. RNA samples from eight tissue types were tested: five organ types from flowers that were treated with TRV2-AqvPI-AqvANS but did not show silencing (SEP=sepal, PET=petal, STA=stamen, STD=staminodium, CAR=carpel) and three organ types from strongly silenced flowers treated with TRV2-AqvPI-AqvANS (W1=first whorl sepals, W2=second whorl sepals, CAR=carpeloid organs). The homology of the loci examined are as follows (Kramer et al., 2004 and unpub. data): AqvAG1 [AY464111] and AqvAG2 [AY464110] are representatives of the AGAMOUS lineage; AqvFL1 [DT758909], of the APETALA1 lineage (Litt and Irish, 2003), AqvSEP1 [DT728412] and AqvSEP2 [DR933608], of the SEP1/2/4 lineage (Zahn et al., 2005); AqvSEP3 [DR945848], of the SEP3 lineage (Zahn et al., 2005); AqvAGL6 [DR925490], of the AGL6 lineage (Litt and Irish, 2003; Zahn et al., 2005); and AqvAGL24 [DT755130], of the AGL24 lineage (Becker and Theissen, 2003). All PCR primers are shown in Suppl. Table 1. Note that none of the loci show downregulation in the TRV2-AgPI-AgANS silenced floral organs. The AgvSEP1 and AqvSEP2 loci are of interest since their wildtype expression is primarily detected

in the first whorl sepals. In strongly silenced flowers, the expression of these genes is detected in the second whorl organs, consistent with their transformation to sepal identity.

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