

Table 6. A list of dating and status determinations of all sequenced ancient specimens.														
Extract	Source	Samp. #	Spec. #	Country	Location	Site code	Phase	Dating	Dating Determination	Element	Wild/Dom	Criteria of Wild/Dom	Determination	Haplotype
NEAR EAST														
Armenia														
GL343	NM2	32	77	Armenia		Khatunarkh	5th millennium	5th millennium BC uncal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower P4+M1+M2	wild	an absolutely enormous specimen, well beyond the size we know of any domestic pig of any time and region; also id based on tooth widths, the most reliable criterion of all for the wild/dom id. M2WA=16mm; M2WP=17,2mm	UA	ANC-Arm2T
GL376	NM2	15	163	Armenia	n/ Yerevan	Shengevit	late 4th-early 3rd millen	late 4th-early 3rd mill BC uncal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower P2	undetermined		UA	ANC-Arm2T
GL932	NM2	25		Armenia	Lake Sevan	Sevan	2nd millennium BC	2nd millennium BC uncal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower P4	domestic?	undetermined, but belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL896	NM2	1	10	Armenia	Lake Sevan	Lchashen	Late Bronze/eary Iron	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Lower I	domestic?	undetermined, but belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL187	NM2	2		Armenia	Lake Sevan	Lchashen	Late Bronze/eary Iron	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Lower M1	domestic?	a small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL188	NM2	4	38	Armenia	Lake Sevan	Lchashen	Late Bronze/eary Iron	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Lower M1	domestic?	a small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL891	NM2	10		Armenia	Lake Sevan	Lchashen	Late Bronze/eary Iron	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower I	undetermined		UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL876	NM2	28		Armenia		Tmbatir	Late Bronze-early Iron	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower I	undetermined		UA	ANC-Arm1T
GL881	NM2	23		Armenia		Pilorpat	6th-5th cent BC	6th-5th cent BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower dP4	domestic?	a small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL861	NM2	17		Armenia		Tmbatir	6th-5th cent BC	6th-5th cent BC	stratigraphic/cultural	P2+P3	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
GL895	NM2	27		Armenia		Sevkar	7th-5th cent BC	7th-5th cent BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M2	domestic	a very small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL812	NM2	35		Armenia		Beniamin	1st half 1st mill. AD	1st half 1st mill. AD	stratigraphic/cultural	Upper M3	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
GL366	NM2	37		Armenia		Tsakaektsi	13th cent AD	13th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M1	domestic	a very small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL864	NM2	38		Armenia		Tsakaektsi	13th cent AD	13th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	upper M3	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
Syria														
GL484	AM	8	E.224.1	Syria	Hassake province, NE Syria	CB00 (Chagar Bazar)		1st 1/2 2nd mill BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Canine (female)	domestic	a small tooth, well below the size expected for wild boar in the region also belonging to a cultural context dominated by domestic animals	KD	ANC-Arm1T
EAST / CENTRAL EUROPE														
Croatia														
GL730	PM1	5	Pup 61 (1261)	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Mesolithic	~9500 cal BC	stratigraphic/cultural	upper I1	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PM1	ANC-Italy
GL979	PM1	2	Pup59 1250	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Mesolithic	9225-9310 cal BC	direct 14C	Humerus, distal	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PM1	ANC-Italy
GL980	PM1	1	Pup96 229.11	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Mesolithic	8740-9220 cal BC	direct 14C	Metatarsal 4	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PM1	ANC-Italy
GL726	PM1	1	Pup97 771C.24	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Mesolithic	8500 cal BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower incisor	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PM1	ANC-Italy
GL728	PM1	3	Pup97 564.37	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Late Neolithic	4300 cal BC	stratigraphic/cultural	upper canine	domestic?	context and supported by the DNA haplotype and phylogeography	PM1	ANC-Y2-5A
GL729	PM1	4	Pup 17 (24)	Croatia	15km w of Rijeka	Pupicina Cave	Mid Bronze	1500 cal BC	stratigraphic/cultural	astragalus	domestic?	context	PM1	ANC-Cside
Czech Republic														
GL30	PM2	1		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	fem. lo can	undetermined		UA	ANC-Cside
GL33	PM2	4		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	max M3	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
GL34	PM2	5		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	fem. lo can	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
GL36	PM2	7		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mand inc	undetermined		UA	ANC-Aside
GL37	PM2	8		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mand	wild	a huge specimen, well beyond the size we know of any domestic pig of any time and region; M2WA=17.1mm; M2WP=17.4mm	UA	ANC-Cside
GL38	PM2	9		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mand	wild?	a large specimen, v. unlikely to be domestic, but smaller than sample n.8; M2WA=15.3mm; M2WP=16.1mm; M3L=4.13mm	UA	ANC-Cside
GL41	PM2	12		Czech Rep.	Bohemia	HOMOLKA	Eneolithic	c. 2700-2300 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	calc	wild?	a large specimen, v. unlikely to be domestic, as assessment based on a fully fused specimen and a measurement that is not much age dependent and also relative little sex dependent	UA	ANC-Cside
Germany														
GL115	NB	1		Germany	Southern Germany	Allendorf	Epipalaeo	12,000-10,000 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M1/2	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
GL116	NB	2		Germany	Southern Germany	Allendorf	Epipalaeo	12,000-10,000 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower P2+P3+P4	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
GL119	SH	7		Germany	North-East Germany	Friesack	Mesolithic I/III	8,500-7,500 BC cal	indirect 14C/stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside

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GL538	SH	9		Germany	North-East Germany	Friesack	Mesolithic II/III	8,500-7,500 BC cal	indirect 14C/stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Aside
GL120	SH	10		Germany	North-East Germany	Friesack	Mesolithic II/III	8,500-7,500 BC cal	indirect 14C/stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
GL121	SH	12		Germany	North-East Germany	Friesack	Mesolithic II/III	8,500-7,500 BC cal	indirect 14C/stratigraphic/cultural	upper can fem	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
GL122	SH	17		Germany	North-East Germany	Friesack	Mesolithic II/III	8,500-7,500 BC cal	indirect 14C/stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Aside
GL123	HJD	21	76:471b	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M3	wild	a very large specimen, well beyond the size we know of any domestic pig of any time and region; M3L=46.6mm; M3WA=20.5mm	UA	ANC-Aside
GL541	HJD	22	76:471b	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower incisor	undetermined		UA	ANC-Cside
GL977	HJD	24	83:828k	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower incisor	domestic?	a difficult tooth attribute to wild/dom, but domestic based upon phylogeography	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL972	HJD	26	85:128u	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	domestic?	a difficult tooth attribute to wild/dom, but domestic based upon phylogeography	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL973	HJD	27	85:138p	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower canine fe	domestic?	a difficult tooth attribute to wild/dom, but domestic based upon phylogeography	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL976	HJD	28	88:485h	Germany	North-East Germany	Eilsleben	LBK	5,500-5,000 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	upper P3	domestic?	a difficult tooth attribute to wild/dom, but domestic based upon phylogeography	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
Hungary														
GL159	LB			Hungary		Aquincum	Roman		stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic	Small specimen with short M3 (GL = 34.5mm), shortened dental row from site where majority of animals were domestic.	KD/LB	ANC-Aside
GL185	LB		BT 122	Hungary		Bajcsa-Torokvar		AD 1578-1661	stratigraphic/cultural	M1	domestic	From mandible of small male specimen (M1 GL = 16.8mm) from site where majority of animals were domestic.	KD/LB	ANC-Aside
GL186	LB		BT 321	Hungary		Bajcsa-Torokvar		AD 1578-1667	stratigraphic/cultural	M2	domestic	From mandible of small specimen (M2 GL = 19.9mm; M3 GL=33.7mm) from site where majority of animals were domestic.	KD/LB	ANC-Aside
Italy														
GL1000	AT1	49		Italy	Calabria	Grotta Madonna	Mesolithic	7,000-6,500 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	mand I1 sn	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
GL882	AT1	52		Italy	Calabria	Grotta Madonna	Early Neolithic	6,500-5,500 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	mand premolar	undetermined		UA	ANC-Italy
GL848	AT1	49		Italy	Calabria	Grotta Madonna	Mid Neolithic	5,500-4,500 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	mand I1	undetermined		UA	ANC-Italy
GL738	AT1	54		Italy	Calabria	Grotta Madonna	Mid Bronze	c.1,500 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	mand I1	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL467	AT1	84		Italy	Apulia	Torre Mordillo 89	Late Bronze	Late 2nd - early 1st mil. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	upper can fem	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL183	AT1	86		Italy	Apulia	Torre Mordillo 89	Late Bronze	Late 2nd - early 1st mil. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	upper I1	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Aside
GL184	AT1	87		Italy	Apulia	Torre Mordillo 87	Late Bronze	Late 2nd - early 1st mil. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	lower Inc	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Cside
GL857	FM1	1		Italy	North Sardinia	Santu Antine	Late Bronze / Saggio Torre D	c.1400-1200 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	P3 sup	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Cside
GL344	FM1	4		Italy	North Sardinia	Santu Antine	Late Bronze / Saggio Torre D	c.1400-1200 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	P sup	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Aside
GL338	FM1	7		Italy	North Sardinia	Santu Antine	Late Bronze / Saggio Torre D	c.1400-1200 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	I1 sup	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Aside
GL336	OF	18		Italy	Central Sardinia	Arrubiu	Late Bronze / Cortile B	c.1400-1200 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	I inf	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Aside
GL884	AT1	25		Italy	Veneto	Concordia Sagittaria	Late bronze	13th-9th cent. BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mand i	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic animals	UA	ANC-Cside
GL892	OF	20		Italy	Central Sardinia	Arrubiu	FinalBronze/Early Iron/Cortile B	c.1200-900 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	I1 sup	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Italy
GL885	OF	21		Italy	Central Sardinia	Arrubiu	FinalBronze/Early Iron/Cortile B	c.1200-900 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	I inf	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Italy
GL871	FM1	10		Italy	North Sardinia	Sant'Imbenia		c.900-600 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	C inf female	dom/feral	Sardinian wild boar and domestic pigs cannot be distinguished biometrically and morphologically; in any case the so called 'wild boar' are likely to represent domestic animals that became feral in prehistory	UA	ANC-Cside

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Extract	Source	Samp #	Spec. #	Country	Location	Site code	Phase	Dating	Dating Determination	Element	Wild/Dom	Criteria of Wild/Dom	Determination	Haplotype		
GL521	AB		1	1023	Romania	Ialomița County	Bordușani		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	4500-3950 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	M2	domestic	Moderate sized specimen falling within the size range of domestic pigs from the region (GL=21.1mm), and supported by DNA haplotype	UA/AB	ANC-Y1-6A
GL522	AB		2	1	Romania	Bacău county	Poduri		Chalcolithic / Cucuteni culture A2	4500-4250 BC cat	stratigraphic/cultural	dp2	domestic	Assumed domestic since vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL523	AB		3	2	Romania	Bacău county	Poduri		Chalcolithic / Cucuteni culture A2	4500-4250 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	dp4	domestic	Assumed domestic since vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL688	AB		4	23	Romania	Bacău county	Poduri 2001		Chalcolithic / Cucuteni culture A2	4500-4250 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible & M2	wild	Large robust specimen (M3 GL=41.3mm) outside size range of smaller domestic specimens from the site	UA	ANC-Cside
GL566	AD		5	5041	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Premolar	wild	Very large specimen outside size range of domestic specimens from this region	UA	ANC-Cside
GL567	AD		6	5151	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	premolar	wild	Very large specimen outside size range of domestic specimens from this region	UA	ANC-Cside
GL432	AD		7	5157	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	incisor	domestic	Small specimen and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL568	AD		8	5068	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	premolar	domestic	Small specimen and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL576	AD		10	5138	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth fragment	domestic	Small specimen and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL688	AD		11	5142	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	M1	domestic	Small specimen (GL=16.4), vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL575	AD		12	5150	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	M2	wild	Very large specimen outside size range of domestic specimens from this region	UA	ANC-Cside
GL803	AD		14	5159	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	M1	domestic	Small specimen (GL=16.5), vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL834	AD		15	5198	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele A		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	dp4	domestic	Small specimen, vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL987			4	32167	Romania	Calarasi Cnty, Island nr Giurgiu	Căscioarele		Chalcolithic / Gumelnita culture	mid 5th - mid 4th millennium BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic?	Assumed domestic on basis of small size of dp4 (GL=18.5mm), vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range, and supported by DNA haplotype	UA	ANC-Y1-6A
GL447	AD		3	165	Romania	Călărași County	Vărăști		Middle/Late Neo - Eneo / Boian & Gumelnita culture	5th Millennium BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	incisor	undetermined			ANC-Cside
GL565	AD		4	98	Romania	Călărași County	Vărăști		Middle/Late Neo - Eneo / Boian & Gumelnita culture	5th Millennium BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	pre-molar	undetermined			ANC-Y1-6A
GL1032	VD		4	14	Romania	Ilfov County	Popești		Bronze Age	3000-1600 BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic	Small specimen (M2 GL=21.2mm) and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range	UA	ANC-Aside
GL1030	AB		2	29	Romania	Buzău County	Cărlomănești 2003, Cpl. 4		Bronze Age / Monteoru culture	3000-1600 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible & M2	undetermined	Quite large specimen (male) M3 cusp a width=17.6, heavily worn M2 & M3	UA	ANC-Aside
GL906	VD		6	1	Romania	Ialomița	Bucu 2004		Hallstatt	1000-800 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	maxilla	undetermined			ANC-Aside
GL150	VD		2	15	Romania	Ialomița County	Popești		Hallstatt	10th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic	Small specimen and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range	UA	ANC-Cside
GL1034	VD		6	16	Romania	Ilfov County	Popești		Hallstatt C	900 - 150 BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	M1	wild?	Large M1 (GL=20.7mm)	UA	ANC-Aside
GL1035	VD		7	17	Romania	Ilfov County	Popești		La Tene	900 - 150 BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic	Small specimen (M3 GL=28.7mm) and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range	UA	ANC-Aside
GL1036	AB		13	134	Romania	Constanța County	Durostorum		Epoque Roman	300-400 AD	stratigraphic/cultural	mandible	domestic	Small specimen and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range	UA	ANC-Aside
GL1037	AB		14	135	Romania	Constanța County	Durostorum		Epoque Roman	300-400 AD	stratigraphic/cultural	Mandible	domestic	Small specimen (M3 GL=29.4mm) and because vast majority of pig remains from the site fall within domestic size range	UA	ANC-Aside
Switzerland																
GL510	JS		1	C08988	Switzerland	Augusta Raurica	Kastelen		Roman	0-50 AD	stratigraphic/cultural (ceramic)	Incisor (deciduous)	domestic	From very small mandible (juvenile) - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/JS	ANC-Cside
GL814	JS		2	C08188	Switzerland	Augusta Raurica	Kastelen		Roman	275-320 AD	stratigraphic/cultural (ceramic)	Incisor (deciduous)	domestic	From very small mandible (juvenile) - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/JS	ANC-Aside
GL507	JS		1		Switzerland	Basel-Gasfabrik	Grube 84 (1990-32)		Late Iron Age / La Tene D1	late 2nd - early 1st century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Incisor (deciduous)	domestic	From very small mandible (juvenile) - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/JS	ANC-Aside
GL509	JS		5	21670	Switzerland	Basel-Gasfabrik	Grube 86 (1990-32)		Late Iron Age / La Tene D1	late 2nd - early 1st century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Canine	domestic	From small mandible - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/JS	ANC-Aside
ASPiq4	JS		4		Switzerland	Untervaz-Haselboden	2001 (year of excavation)		Neolithic / early Horgen culture	2610+/-50BC, 2630+/-50BC;1695+/-45BC	3 indirect 14C dates/stratigraphic	Mandibula (Angulus)	domestic	size without measurements	JS	ANC-Cside
GL1022	JS		8		Switzerland	Cazis-Petrushögel	1981 (year of excavation)		Neolithic / late Horgen culture	29th/28th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	C max. female	domestic	size without measurements	JS	ANC-Cside
ASPiq9	JS		9		Switzerland	Cazis-Petrushögel	1981 (year of excavation)		Neolithic / late Horgen culture	29th/28th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Occipitale, Proc. Styl.	domestic	size without measurements	JS	ANC-Aside
GL1023	JS		10		Switzerland	Cazis-Petrushögel	1981 (year of excavation)		Neolithic / late Horgen culture	29th/28th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Radius	wild?	GBp=33.8	JS	ANC-Cside

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GL1024	JS	11		Switzerland	Untervaz-Haselbodenschenke	2003 (year of excavation)	Neolithic / Corded Ware culture	27th - 25th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Humerus	wild	CI=53.5	JS	ANC-Cside
GL1025	JS	12		Switzerland	Untervaz-Haselbodenschenke	2003 (year of excavation)	Neolithic / Corded Ware culture	27th - 25th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Tibia	domestic	GB=29.6	JS	ANC-Aside
GL1026	JS	14		Switzerland	Untervaz-Haselbodenschenke	2003 (year of excavation)	Neolithic / Corded Ware culture	27th - 25th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Astragalus	wild	GL=(64.9) / GLm=49.7	JS	ANC-Cside
ASPIq15	JS	15		Switzerland	Untervaz-Haselbodenschenke	2003 (year of excavation)	Neolithic / Pfn culture	38th - 36th century BC	stratigraphic/cultural	Cuboid	wild	GB=24.3 / GT=34.3	JS	ANC-Cside
Ukraine														
GL128	NB	1		Ukraine	South Crimea	Span-Koba	Mesolithic	9th-8th mil BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower ilk incis	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Y2-5A
GL536/808	NB	5		Ukraine	South Crimea	Shan-Koba	Early Neo	7th mill BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M1/2	wild	an absolutely enormous specimen, well beyond the size we know of any domestic pig of any time and region. M2WA=16.7mm; M2WP=17.1mm	UA	ANC-Y2-5A
WEST / NORTH EUROPE														
Belgium														
GL158	SVP			Belgium	Falaen, Wallonia	Montaigle	Roman	Late 2nd - 5th Century AD	stratigraphic/cultural	Incisor	domestic	From small mandible - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/AE	ANC-Aside
GL314	AE		4000N	Belgium	Flanders, nr Oostende	Oudenburg	Late Roman/Early Medieval	no precise dates	stratigraphic/cultural	canine (female)	domestic	From small mandible - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	KD/AE	ANC-Aside
GL825	AE		2000D	Belgium	Flanders, nr Oostende	Oudenburg	Late Roman/Early Medieval	no precise dates	stratigraphic/cultural	molar Upper M3)	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period (GL=29.3mm). Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD/AE	ANC-Aside
Denmark														
GL429	KA-S	4	ZMK 119/1971	Denmark	E Jutland	Flynderhage	Late Mesolithic	4500-3900 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	incisor	wild	Large specimens and for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PR-C/KD	ANC-Cside
GL306	KA-S	9	ZMK 215/1934	Denmark	central Zealand	Trelleborg	Early Medieval	c. AD 1000	stratigraphic/cultural	incisor	domestic	From small mandible - vast majority of specimens from this site are small domestic animals	PR-C/KD	ANC-Aside
GL907	KA-S	1	Z.M.K. 119/1971	Denmark	E Jutland	Flynderhage	Late Mesolithic	4500-3900 BC	stratigraphic/cultural	premolar	wild	Large specimens and for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	PR-C/KD	ANC-Cside
England														
A212	AC	P2	CPC-98-2218	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Mesolithic	4393 ± 41 cal BC	direct 14C	right mandible	wild	a very large specimen and for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
A213	AC	P3	CPC-98-2330	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Mesolithic	5678 ± 30 cal BC	direct 14C	right tibia	wild	a very large specimen and for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside
A214	AC	P4	CPC-98-1109	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Late Bronze Age	1130 ± 63 cal BC	direct 14C	left humerus	domestic	clearly small	UA	ANC-Aside
A215	AC	P5	CPC-98-2280	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Late Bronze Age	1158 ± 60 cal BC	direct 14C	left radius	domestic	clearly small	UA	ANC-Aside
A216	AC	P6	CPC-98-2325	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Early Neolithic	3457 ± 58 cal BC	direct 14C	right scapula	domestic	clearly small, fusion not visible but it seems to be fully formed	UA	ANC-Aside
A217	AC	P7	CPC-98-?	England	Derbyshire	Carsington Pasture Cave	Late Neolithic	2327 ± 82 cal BC	direct 14C	atlas	domestic	a rather large specimen, but within the variation noted for the late Neolithic domestic pigs at Durrington Walls	UA	ANC-Aside
GL524	UA	11		England	Wiltshire	Durrington Walls 04	Late Neolithic	2800-2400 BC cal	indirect 14C on associated material	mand frg M3	domestic	On the basis of very detailed biometrical analysis virtually all pigs from this site have been interpreted to be domestic.	UA	ANC-Aside
GL525	UA	12		England	Wiltshire	Durrington Walls 04	Late Neolithic	2800-2400 BC cal	indirect 14C on associated material	metatarsal	domestic	On the basis of very detailed biometrical analysis virtually all pigs from this site have been interpreted to be domestic.	UA	ANC-Aside
GL526	UA	16		England	Wiltshire	Durrington Walls 04	Late Neolithic	2800-2400 BC cal	indirect 14C on associated material	upper I1	domestic	On the basis of very detailed biometrical analysis virtually all pigs from this site have been interpreted to be domestic.	UA	ANC-Aside
GL527	AH	17		England	Gloucestershire	Chedworth Roman villa	Roman	1st-5th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	astragalus	wild	A very large specimen at a time when domestic pigs were small; it stands out from most of the other specimens from this site	UA	ANC-Aside
GL530	UA	25		England	York	Coppergate	Roman	1st-5th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth fragment	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period. Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL531	UA	27		England	York	Coppergate	Roman	1st-5th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	dp4	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period. Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL532	UA	29	AB3	England	York	Swinegate	Roman	1st-5th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth lower premolar	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period. Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL533	UA	31	AB6	England	York	Swinegate	Roman	1st-5th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth (lower M1/2)	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period. Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL327	UA	5		England	York	Fishergate	Roman?	1st-5th cent. AD	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth canine (female)	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period. Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL157	UA	6		England	York	Fishergate	Roman?	1st-5th cent. AD	stratigraphic/cultural	tooth (lower M3)	domestic	Small specimen within the size range of domestic pigs from the period (GL=31.4mm). Also from a site where vast majority of animals are domestics	KD	ANC-Aside
GL528	AH	19	22780	England	Shropshire	Wroxeter	6th-7th cent AD	6th-7th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	3rd metatarsal	wild	A very large specimen at a time when domestic pigs were small; it stands out from most of the other specimens from this site	UA	ANC-Cside

Table 6. A list of dating and status determinations of all sequenced ancient specimens.															
Extract	Source	Samp #	Spec. #	Country	Location	Site code	Phase	Dating	Dating Determination	Element	Wild/Dom	Criteria of Wild/Dom	Determination	Haplotype	
GL341	TM		2	Iceland	North-East Iceland	Hofstadir	10th cent AD	10th cent AD	stratigraphic/cultural	ulna	domestic	no native wild boar in Iceland	UA	ANC-Aside	
GL361	TM		4	Iceland		Hrisheimar	Early med/Viking	9th-12th cent. AD	stratigraphic/cultural	ulna	domestic	no native wild boar in Iceland	UA	ANC-Aside	
Ireland															
A244	FM2	WB 07	MC98 F1604	Ireland	County Meath	Movnagh Crannon		3888 ± 60 cal BC	direct 14C	patella	undetermined			ANC-Aside	
A352	NM1	WB 08	NM1NG: F21156; reference LNG/169	Ireland	County Waterford	Kilgreany		7358 ± 138 cal BC	direct 14C	metapodial	wild	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL442	LVW-B		2 155/2	Ireland	County Meath	Newgrange	Neolithic	3000 BC?	stratigraphic/cultural	Incisor	domestic?	not a measurable element but animals on this site are virtually all domestic (similar site and situation as Durrington Walls, see above)	UA	ANC-Aside	
Netherlands															
GL877	RL		29 910185	Netherlands	Flevoland	Swifterbant - S3	Mid Neolithic	4100-3400 BC cal	stratigraphic/cultural	upper incisor	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic species	UA	ANC-Aside	
GL371	RL		41 147/1	Netherlands	Gelderland	Nijmegen Canabae	70-120 AD	70-120 AD	stratigraphic/cultural	lower incisor	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic species	UA	ANC-Aside	
GL160	RL			Netherlands	Gelderland	Nijmegen	Roman 0-70 AD	0-70 AD	stratigraphic/cultural	jaw fragment	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic species	UA	ANC-Aside	
GL806	RL			Netherlands	Gelderland	Nijmegen	Roman 0-70 AD	0-70 AD	stratigraphic/cultural	jaw fragment	domestic?	a difficult tooth to measure/identify but deriving from a context dominated by domestic species	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL208	KP/DM/JG1		NS16	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight				humerus	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
GL209	KP/DM/JG1		NS15	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight				radius	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
GL210	KP/DM/JG1	JG202	NS12	Netherlands	52.53.862N 002.53.471E	Southern Bight		8435-8645 cal BC	direct 14C	metacarpal	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL211	KP/DM/JG1		NS13	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight		8415-8617 cal BC	direct 14C	tibia	wild?	for this study all pre-Neolithic specimens were considered wild	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL212	KP/DM/JG1		NS14	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight		4262-4349 cal BC	direct 14C	tibia	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
GL515	KP/DM/JG1		NS37	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight				tibia	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
GL516	KP/DM/JG1		NS38	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight				tibia	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
GL544	KP/DM/JG1		NS42	Netherlands	Brown bank/ridge, North Sea	Southern Bight				humerus	undetermined			ANC-Cside	
Portugal															
GL454	SD		1	Portugal	Estremadura	Zambujal	Chalcolithic/Early Bronze	2,600-1,800 BC cal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower I3	wild?	not a measurable specimen, but a large, detailed biometrical analysis carried out at this site showed that it is characterised by the typical 'peak and tail' distribution, with a minority of wild specimens, which are not completely separated from the domestic specimens. nevertheless very small and large specimens must belong respectively to the domestic and wild forms	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL840	SD		2	Portugal	Estremadura	Zambujal	Chalcolithic/Early Bronze	2,600-1,800 BC cal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower I3	domestic?	not a measurable specimen, but a large, detailed biometrical analysis carried out at this site showed that it is characterised by the typical 'peak and tail' distribution, with a minority of wild specimens, which are not completely separated from the domestic specimens. nevertheless very small and large specimens must belong respectively to the domestic and wild forms	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL333	SD		14	Portugal	Estremadura	Zambujal	Chalcolithic/Early Bronze	2,600-1,800 BC cal?	stratigraphic/cultural	lower M3	wild?	a very large specimen but incomplete therefore the question mark	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL465	SD		27	Portugal	Estremadura	Zambujal	Chalcolithic/Early Bronze	2,600-1,800 BC cal?	stratigraphic/cultural	upper can fem	domestic?	not a measurable specimen, but a large, detailed biometrical analysis carried out at this site showed that it is characterised by the typical 'peak and tail' distribution, with a minority of wild specimens, which are not completely separated from the domestic specimens. nevertheless very small and large specimens must belong respectively to the domestic and wild forms	UA	ANC-Cside	
GL805	SD		28	Portugal	Estremadura	Zambujal	Chalcolithic/Early Bronze	2,600-1,800 BC cal?	stratigraphic/cultural	upper can fem	domestic?	not a measurable specimen, but a large, detailed biometrical analysis carried out at this site showed that it is characterised by the typical 'peak and tail' distribution, with a minority of wild specimens, which are not completely separated from the domestic specimens. nevertheless very small and large specimens must belong respectively to the domestic and wild forms	UA	ANC-Cside	
Scotland															

Table 6. A list of dating and status determinations of all sequenced ancient specimens.															
Extract	Source	Samp. #	Spec. #	Country	Location	Site code	Phase	Dating	Dating Determination	Element	Wild/Dom	Criteria of Wild/Dom	Determination	Haplotype	
GL457	CHamberlain	1	1	Scotland	Isle of Skye	High Pasture Cave	from Age	350-100BC	stratigraphic/cultural	incisor	domestic	Small mandible and likely no native wild boar present on this island	PR-C	ANC-Aside	
GL330	TM	1	1	Faroe Islands		Junkavins Fløtt, Sandur	c.AD1100	c.AD1100	stratigraphic/cultural	ulna	domestic	no native wild boar present in these islands	UA	ANC-Aside	
Sweden															
GL453	GB/IO	2	2	Sweden	Gotland	Ajvide	Middle Neolithic / Pitted Ware culture	2800-2500 cal BC		canine (female)	undetermined	Major debate over whether introduced Sus on Gotland are wild, domestic or feral.	KD/PR-C	ANC-Aside	
GL488	GB/IO	4	4	Sweden	Gotland	Ajvide	Middle Neolithic / Pitted Ware culture	2800-2500 cal BC	indirect 14C	canine (female)	undetermined	Major debate over whether introduced Sus on Gotland are wild, domestic or feral.	KD/PR-C	ANC-Aside	
GL474	GB/IO	5	5	Sweden	Gotland	Ajvide	Middle Neolithic / Pitted Ware culture	2800-2500 cal BC	indirect 14C	Lower M3	undetermined	Large specimen (GL = 47.6mm). Major debate over whether introduced Sus on Gotland are wild, domestic or feral.	KD/PR-C	ANC-Aside	
GL459	GB/IO	6	6	Sweden	Gotland	Ajvide	Middle Neolithic / Pitted Ware culture	2800-2500 cal BC	indirect 14C	Incisor	undetermined	Major debate over whether introduced Sus on Gotland are wild, domestic or feral.	KD/PR-C	ANC-Aside	
GL316	GB/IO	7	7	Sweden	Gotland	Ajvide	Middle Neolithic / Pitted Ware culture	2800-2500 cal BC	indirect 14C	canine (female)	undetermined	Major debate over whether introduced Sus on Gotland are wild, domestic or feral.	KD/PR-C	ANC-Aside	
Extraction #: The code given to each individual															
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Site code / Context / Phase / Dating / Element information presented in these columns was provided by the people who provided the material. The dating information was based upon a variety of means including direct and associated ¹⁴ C analysis and stratigraphic or cultural association.															
Wild/Dom: Six different categories are used in this column. "Wild" and "Domestic" mean the samples were unambiguously defined as being one or the other based on methods discussed above. "Undetermined" signifies that no definitive determination could be made (usually as a result of the inappropriateness of the element) and use of question marks after words "wild" or "domestic" indicates there was some doubt in assigning a status. "Dom/feral" indicates that these samples are from an island where all pigs were introduced															

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Extract	Source	Samp #	Spec. #	Country	Location	Site code	Phase	Dating	Dating Determination	Element	Wild/Dom	Criteria of Wild/Dom	Determination	Haplotype	
and therefore most likely to be either fully domestic or living wild (feral), but derived from domestic stock.															
Criteria of Wild/Dom: Information in this column describes the criteria used to assign each sample to the categories listed above															
Determination: This column lists the individuals responsible for assigning the status of the samples															
Haplotype: The information present in this column relates to one of the 18 different haplotypes evident after the truncation of the full data set.															