Parameter	Model								Values		
	A F R I G	A F R E G	A S I G	A S E G	M R E 1 S	M R E 2 S	M R E B I G	M R E B E G	Min.	Max.	Distribution
Effective population sizes		_	-		-		-				
Current size in Africa N <sub>AF</sub>	X		X			X	X		5,000	10 <sup>6</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in Asia N <sub>AS</sub>	x		x			X	x		1,000	10 <sup>5</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in America N <sub>AM</sub>	x		x			X	x		1,000	10 <sup>5</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in Africa N <sub>AF</sub> *		X		X				X	5,000	5×10 <sup>6</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in Asia N <sub>AS</sub> *		X		X				X	1,000	10 <sup>6</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in America N <sub>AM</sub> *		X		X				X	1,000	10 <sup>6</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in Africa N <sub>AF</sub> **					X				100	10 <sup>6</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in Asia N <sub>AS</sub> **					X				100	10 <sup>5</sup>	Log- uniform
Current size in America N <sub>AM</sub> **					X				100	10 <sup>5</sup>	Log- uniform
Archaic size in Africa N <sub>A-AF</sub>	X	X	X	X					1,000	10 <sup>5</sup>	Log- uniform

 Table 7. Prior distributions for the parameters of the tested evolutionary models

Archaic size in Africa N <sub>A-AF</sub> *						X	X	X	100	10 <sup>4</sup>	Log- uniform
Archaic size in Asia N <sub>A-AS</sub>	x	x	x	X		X	X	X	100	10 <sup>4</sup>	Log- uniform
Size during the peopling of the Americas Nb <sub>AM</sub>	x	x	x	x	x	X	X	X	2	5,000	Uniform
Size during modern out-of- Africa Nb <sub>AS</sub>	x	x	x	X					2	5,000	Uniform
Size during modern human speciation Nb <sub>MH</sub>	x	x	x	X			X	X	2	5,000	Uniform
Size during <i>H. erectus</i> out-of- Africa Nb <sub>A-AS</sub>			x	X	X	X	X	X	2	5,000	Uniform
Forward in time migration rates											
Current migration rate from Africa to Asia M <sub>1</sub>					x	X	X	X	10-7	10 <sup>-3</sup>	Log- uniform
Current migration rate from Asia to Africa M <sub>2</sub>					X	X	X	X	10-7	10 <sup>-3</sup>	Log- uniform
Ancient migration rate from Africa to Asia M <sub>3</sub>						X	X	X	10-7	10 <sup>-3</sup>	Log- uniform
Ancient migration rate from Asia to Africa M <sub>4</sub>						X	X	X	10 <sup>-7</sup>	10 <sup>-3</sup>	Log- uniform
Timing											
Time for the peopling of the Americas $T_{AM}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	300	1,600	Uniform
Time for modern out-of-Africa T <sub>AS</sub>	X	X	X	X					1,600	4,000	Uniform
Time for population increase in Asia T <sub>AS</sub> *						X	X	X	1,600	4,000	Uniform

Time for modern speciation T <sub>MH</sub>	x	x	x	X					4,000	8,000	Uniform
Time for modern speciation T <sub>MH</sub> *						X	X	X	1,600	8,000	Uniform
Time for H. erectus out-of- Africa T <sub>A-AS</sub>			X	X	X	X	X	X	3.2×10 <sup>4</sup>	4×10 <sup>4</sup>	Uniform
Duration of the peopling of the Americas bottleneck $\Delta b_{AM}$	x	x	x	X	X	X	X	x	1	50	Uniform
Duration of the modern out-of- Africa bottleneck $\Delta b_{AS}$	X	X	X	X					1	50	Uniform
Duration of the modern speciation bottleneck $\Delta b_{MH}$	X	x	x	X					1	500	Uniform
Duration of the modern speciation bottleneck $\Delta b_{MH}^*$							X	X	1	50	Uniform
Duration of the <i>H. erectus</i> out- of-Africa bottleneck $\Delta b_{HE}$			x	X	X	X	X	X	1	50	Uniform
Admixture level											
Proportion of archaic genes in current Asian population ADM			X	X					0.00	1.00	Uniform

Population sizes are in number of chromosomes, Times are in number of generations.

We used uniform priors for parameters with a search space made up of discrete values or of continuous values with one order-of-magnitude between the smallest and largest values, or for parameters where no prior information is available (e.g. the timing of all events, bottleneck population sizes, duration of the bottlenecks, and the fraction of the archaic chromosomes to invade the "modern" Asian population). We used a log-uniform distribution for parameters with a larger search space, such as the current population size, migration rates, and the "archaic" population sizes in Africa and Asia. This strategy implies that the sampling for these parameters is denser for smaller values, which seems reasonable since most studies suggest population sizes of a few thousand individuals

[Takahata N, Lee SH, Satta Y (2001) *Mol Biol Evol* 18:172-183], or low recurrent migration between continents [Rosenberg NA, Mahajan S, Ramachandran S, Zhao C, Pritchard JK, Feldman MW (2005) *PLoS Genet* 1:e70]. Relevant parameters for a given model are indicated with "X."