## Supplementary Figures and Their Legends

## Little Evidence for Transdifferentiation of Bone-marrow-derived Circulating Progenitor Cells into Adipocytes in Adult Adipose Tissues

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## **Supplementary Figure Legends**

Supplementary Figure 1. Negative control displays no Cy3 signals. Epididymal fats were harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and then were fed a normal diet (**A** and **B**) or a high-fat diet (**C**) for the 2-month period. Tissues were whole-mounted, immunostained without primary antibody against perilipin (**A** and **C**) or adipophilin (**B**), but with secondary antibodies, and merged. No Cy3 signals (red) were in the adipocytes of adipose tissues. Scale bars, 50  $\mu$ m.

Supplementary Figure 2. No GFP<sup>+</sup>/adipophilin<sup>+</sup> adipocytes were detected in the adipose tissues of mice fed a normal or a high-fat diet. Indicated adipose tissues (EF, epididymal fat; RF, retroperitoneal fat) were harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and then were fed a normal diet (**A**) or a high-fat diet (**B**) for the 2-month period. Tissues were whole-mounted, immunostained for adipophilin (for premature adipocytes, red), and merged. No GFP<sup>+</sup> cells (green) were adipophilin<sup>+</sup> adipocytes in the adipose tissues. A higher magnification of each area outlined by the dotted squares is shown in the lower panel. Scale bars, 50  $\mu$ m.

**Supplementary Figure 3. Most GFP<sup>+</sup> cells in the adipose tissues were macrophages.** Epididymal adipose tissues were harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and then were fed a normal diet. Tissues were whole-mounted, co-immunostained for CD11b, F4/80, LYVE-1, or CD45 and perilipin and PECAM-1, and merged. Most  $GFP^+$  cells were  $CD11b^+$ ,  $F4/80^+$ ,  $LYVE-1^+$ , or  $CD45^+$  macrophages (white arrowheads). Scale bars, 100  $\mu$ m.

**Supplementary Figure 4. Distributions of GFP<sup>+</sup> cells in several tissues.** Indicated tissues were harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and were then fed a normal diet. The tissues were whole-mounted, co-immunostained for perilipin and PECAM-1, and merged. The GFP<sup>+</sup> cells were distributed as residential macrophages, leukocytes, and perivascular cells. The GFP<sup>+</sup> cells were are largely detected in spleen. Scale bars, 100 μm.

**Supplementary Figure 5. Dissected visualization of clustered GFP<sup>+</sup> cells in the adipose tissues.** Epididymal adipose tissue was harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and were then fed a normal diet. Tissues were whole-mounted and immunostained for perilipin. (**A** and **B**). The clustered GFP<sup>+</sup> cells, visualized by sequential dissected images on this portion (**A**, white dotted rectangles), were revealed as clustered GFP<sup>+</sup>/perilipin<sup>-</sup> smaller cells (**B**). No GFP<sup>+</sup> cells were perilipin<sup>+</sup> adipocytes in the adipose tissues. White arrows indicate possible multilocular adipocytes. Scale bars, 100 μm.

Supplementary Figure 6. Comparison of body weight and epididymal fat weight. (A) Body weights of C57BL/6J mice fed a normal diet (n=6-8) or a high-fat (32% wt/wt) diet (n=4-5) were monitored for 2 months from 8 weeks of age at the time of receiving BMT from the GFP<sup>+</sup> mice (blue arrow). At 16 weeks, the mice were photographed (**B**) and their epididymal fats harvested, photographed (**C**), and weighed (**D**). Dots and bars represent means  $\pm$  SD from 4–8 mice. \*, *P*<0.05 versus normal diet.

**Supplementary Figure 7.** No GFP<sup>+</sup>/perilipin<sup>+</sup> unilocular and multilocular adipocytes were detected in the adipose tissues of mice treated with G-CSF. Indicated adipose tissues (EF, epididymal fat; MF, mesenteric fat; RF, retroperitoneal fat; SF, subcutaneous fat; BF, intersubscapular brown fat) were harvested from C57BL/6J mice that had received BMT from GFP<sup>+</sup> mice 2 months previously and then were treated with G-CSF (intraperitoneally 10 µg/kg/day) for 2 weeks. Tissues were whole-mounted, immunostained for perilipin, and merged. No GFP<sup>+</sup>/perilipin<sup>+</sup> adipocytes were detected in the adipose tissues. Scale bars, 100 µm. Right, higher magnifications of the merged images reveal clustered GFP<sup>+</sup> but perilipin<sup>-</sup> cells. Scale bars, 50 µm.

**Supplementary Figure 8.** Cross-circulation was established by day 3 after the parabiosis surgical joining. The parabiosis between GFP<sup>+</sup> and GFP<sup>-</sup> C57BL/6J mice was conducted. At 3 days after the parabiosis surgical joining, indicated tissues were harvested, whole-mounted, co-immunostained for perilipin and CD45 or PECAM-1, and merged. The GFP<sup>+</sup> cells were detected, but no GFP<sup>+</sup> cells were perilipin<sup>+</sup> adipocytes. Scale bars, 50 μm.

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Α

Β

С



## Supplementary Figure 2



Α







Supplemental Figure 3













Supplementary Figure 7







