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### **Supplemental Data**

### **Structural Basis and Mechanism of Autoregulation**

#### in 3-Phosphoinositide-Dependent Grp1 Family

### **Arf GTPase Exchange Factors**

Jonathan P. DiNitto, Anna Delprato, Meng-Tse Gabe Lee, Thomas C. Cronin, Shaohui Huang, Adilson Guilherme, Michael P. Czech, and David G. Lambright

ΔN17Arf1				
Protein	Construct	$k_{cat}/K_m (10^4 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1})$	k <sub>cat</sub> /K <sub>m</sub> (Arb. Units)	
Grp1	Sec7	8.0 ± 1.3	$78 \pm 12$	
	Sec7-PH	$7.6 \pm 0.43$	$74 \pm 4.1$	
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.1 \pm 0.003$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
	hr-Sec7-PH	$4.7\pm0.57$	$45 \pm 5.5$	
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.25\pm0.093$	$2.4\pm0.9$	
ARNO	Sec7	$33 \pm 1.4$	$230\pm9.7$	
	Sec7-PH	$16 \pm 0.72$	$110 \pm 4.9$	
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.15\pm0.004$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
	hr-Sec7-PH	$2.3\pm0.06$	$16 \pm 0.4$	
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.082\pm0.004$	$0.56\pm0.1$	
Cytohesin-1	Sec7	$18\pm0.78$	$89 \pm 3.8$	
	Sec7-PH	$14 \pm 0.91$	$73 \pm 4.4$	
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.2\pm0.01$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
	hr-Sec7-PH	$3.2\pm0.06$	$16 \pm 0.3$	
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.061\pm0.024$	$0.3 \pm 0.1$	
Grp1-Grsp1	hr-Sec7-PH/FERM-hr	$3.5 \pm 0.41$	$36 \pm 4.2$	
complex (-IP <sub>4</sub> )	hr-Sec7-PH-pb/FERM-hr	$0.098\pm0.030$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
Grp1-Grsp1	hr-Sec7-PH/FERM-hr	$5.0 \pm 0.30$	$11 \pm 3.0$	
complex (+IP <sub>4</sub> )	hr-Sec7-PH-pb/FERM-hr	$0.47\pm0.038$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
ΔN12Arf6				
Grp1	Sec7	$0.28\pm0.029$	$24 \pm 2.5$	
	Sec7-PH	$0.64\pm0.025$	$54 \pm 2.1$	
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.012\pm0.001$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	
	hr-Sec7-PH	$0.7 \pm 0.029$	60 ± 2.4	
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.013 \pm 0.001$	$1.1 \pm 0.1$	
ARNO	Sec7	6 ± 0.19	$32 \pm 1.0$	

Table S1. Catalytic Efficiency of Grp1 Family Constructs and Complexes

	Sec7-PH	$4.2\pm0.07$	$22 \pm 3.8$
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.19\pm0.015$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$
	hr-Sec7-PH	$1.2\pm0.099$	$6.5 \pm 0.5$
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.073\pm0.008$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$
	Sec7	$3 \pm 0.46$	$32 \pm 4.8$
Cytohesin-1	Sec7-PH	$3.2 \pm 0.11$	$34 \pm 1.2$
	Sec7-PH-pb	$0.095\pm0.005$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$
	hr-Sec7-PH	$0.95\pm0.035$	$10 \pm 0.3$
	hr-Sec7-PH-pb	$0.032\pm0.003$	$0.3 \pm 0.1$
Grp1-Grsp1	hr-Sec7-PH/FERM-hr	$0.43\pm0.002$	$12 \pm 0.1$
complex (-IP <sub>4</sub> )	hr-Sec7-PH-pb/FERM-hr	$0.036\pm0.003$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$
Grp1-Grsp1	hr-Sec7-PH/FERM-hr	$0.49\pm0.005$	$14 \pm 0.1$
complex (+IP <sub>4</sub> )	hr-Sec7-PH-pb/FERM-hr	$0.036 \pm 0.001$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$

hr, heptad repeats; Sec7, Sec7 domain; PH, Pleckstrin homology domain; pb, polybasic region; IP<sub>4</sub>, Ins(1,3,4,5)P<sub>4</sub>.



### Figure S1. Affinity of Ins(1,3,4,5)P<sub>4</sub> for Grp1 and the Grp1-Grsp1 Complex Analyzed by Isothermal Titration Microcalorimetry

Samples of Grp1<sub>13-399</sub> (10  $\mu$ M) or the Grp1<sub>13-399</sub>-Grsp1<sub>2-400</sub> complex (10  $\mu$ M) were titrated with Ins(1,3,4,5)P<sub>4</sub>. Raw data were corrected for baseline drift and the total heat released during each injection determined by integrating over the injection period. Dissociation constants (K<sub>d</sub>) were determined by fitting to a 1:1 binding model as described in Cronin et al. (2004) *EMBO J.* **23**: 3711-3720.



# Figure S2. Experimental Electron Density for Functionally Relevant Regions of the Grp1<sub>63</sub>. <sub>399</sub> K68A/H260Y Mutant

 $\sigma A$  weighted  $2wF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> maps were calculated with phases derived from a 3 wavelength MAD experiment and improved by solvent flipping. The maps include data from 20-1.95 Å and are contoured at 1.0  $\sigma$ .



# Figure S3. Simulated Annealing Omit Maps for Functionally Relevant Regions of the Grp1<sub>63-399</sub> K68A Mutant

The final refined model is shown with the electron density from  $\sigma A$  weighted  $2F_o$ - $F_c$  maps following simulated annealing with the linker or C-terminal helix omitted. Maps include data from 20.0-2.0 Å and are contoured at 1.0  $\sigma$ .



Figure S4. Comparison of the Two Molecules in the Asymmetric Unit Following Superposition of the Sec7 Domains



# Figure S5. B Factors for Main-Chain Atoms of Molecule A and B in the Asymmetric Unit for Native Crystals of Grp1<sub>63–399</sub>

The view and orientation is similar to Figure 2. B-factors from the main chain atoms of the refined structure are mapped to the ribbon representation with color gradient proportional to the B-factor. The overall B-factor is higher in chain B than in chain A. The figure was generated with PyMol (Delano Scientific).



# Figure S6. Purification of Phosphorylated Cytohesin-1 R378C Following Intein-Mediated Ligation

(A) SDS-PAGE gel of fractions from a phosphopurification column (Qiagen).(B) Elution profile from Superdex-75 column. Shown above the elution profile are fractions analyzed by SDS-PAGE.



#### Figure S7. Effect of Liposomes on the ΔN12Arf6 Exchange Activity of Grp1<sub>63-399</sub>

(A and B) The catalytic activity of autoinhibited Grp1<sub>63-399</sub> (2  $\mu$ M) was measured as a function of liposome concentration.

(C and D) Co-sedimentation of  $Grp1_{63-399}$  with liposomes under the same conditions as in panels A and B. SDS-PAGE gels were quantified using GelEval 1.1. Plots below the gels represent the mean and deviation of the background corrected integrated band intensity for 2 independent determinations.



# Figure S8. Effect of Liposomes on the $\Delta$ N12Arf6 Exchange Activity of Cytohesin-1<sub>53-398</sub> (A and B) Catalytic activity of autoinhibited Cytohesin-1<sub>53-398</sub> (2 $\mu$ M) as a function of liposome concentration.

(C and D) Co-sedimentation of Cytohesin- $1_{53-398}$  with liposomes under the same conditions as in panels A and B. SDS-PAGE gels were quantified using GelEval 1.1. Plots below the gels represent the mean and deviation of the background corrected integrated band intensity for 2 independent determinations.

#### **Experimental Procedures for Figures S7 and S8**

#### **Exchange Assays for Liposome Partitioning Experiments**

The kinetics of nucleotide exchange were monitored using the decrease in fluorescence accompanying release of mant-GDP from Arf GTPases. Exchange reactions were initiated by the addition of mant-GDP loaded  $\Delta$ N17Arf1 or  $\Delta$ N12Arf6 (1 µM unless otherwise indicated) and varying concentrations of exchange factor in the presence of 250 µM GppNHp. Data were collected using a Saphire multimode microplate spectrophotometer (Tecan). Samples were excited at 360 nm and the emission detected at 440 nm. Observed pseudo first order rate constants ( $k_{obs}$ ) were extracted from a nonlinear least-squares fit to the exponential function

$$I(t) = (I_0 - I_\infty) \exp(-k_{obs} t) + I_\infty$$

where I(t) is the emission intensity as a function of time and  $I_0$  and  $I_{\infty}$  are the initial and final emission intensities, respectively. The catalytic efficiency,  $k_{cat}/K_m$ , was obtained from the slope of a linear least squares fit to

$$k_{obs} = (k_{cat}/K_m) [Sec7] + k_{intr}$$

where  $k_{intr}$  is the intrinsic rate constant for mant-GDP release.

#### **Liposome Partitioning**

Phospholipids (Avanti) and phosphoinositides (Cell Signals) were dissolved in chloroform, mixed in the desired molar ratios using a Drummond pipettor, dried by evaporation, and rehydrated in 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 150 mM KCl, 1 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>. Small unilamellar vesicles (SUVs) were prepared by rapid freeze-thaw cycling in liquid nitrogen (10 cycles) followed by bath sonication for 30 minutes. Proteins were added to a final concentration of 2  $\mu$ M and the resulting mixtures incubated for 1 hour at 25°C followed by centrifugation at 100,000 g for 1 hr at 25°C. Pellets were redissolved in an equivalent volume. Samples were analyzed by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue staining and quantified using the GelEval 1.1.