

Table 9. Tropical countries that according to Forest Resources Assessment 2005 have passed through their forest transitions, by showing a sustained rise in forest area 1990-2005 (10³ ha)

| | <u>All Natural Forest</u> | | | <u>Natural Forest and Forest Plantations</u> | | |
|--|---------------------------|--------|--------|--|--------|--------|
| | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 |
| Criterion: increase in Natural Forest alone | | | | | | |
| Bhutan | 3,034 | 3,140 | 3,193 | 3,035 | 3,141 | 3,195 |
| Cuba | 1,711 | 2,093 | 2,319 | 2,058 | 2,435 | 2,713 |
| Gambia | 442 | 461 | 471 | 442 | 461 | 471 |
| Puerto Rico | 404 | 407 | 408 | 404 | 407 | 408 |
| St. Vincent | 9 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| Vietnam | 8,396 | 9,675 | 10,236 | 9,363 | 11,725 | 12,931 |
| Criterion: increase in Natural Forest and Forest Plantations | | | | | | |
| Cape Verde | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 82 | 84 |
| India | 61,985 | 64,749 | 64,475 | 63,939 | 67,554 | 67,701 |
| Ivory Coast | 10,068 | 10,067 | 10,068 | 10,222 | 10,328 | 10,405 |
| Rwanda | 70 | 62 | 61 | 318 | 344 | 480 |

Source: (5)