Appendix 2: Characteristics of provincial prescription drug plans for nonseniors, as of December 2006 (page 1 of 2)

Beneficiary group	Cost-sharing strategy*				
	Premium	Deductible	User copayment	Maximum annual beneficiary contribution	
British Columbia					
Net annual household income < \$15 000	\$0	\$0	30% of prescription cost	2% of net annual household income	
Net annual household income \$15 000-\$30 000	\$0	2% of net annual household income	30% of prescription cost	3% of net annual household income	
Net annual household income > \$30 000	\$0	3% of net annual household income	30% of prescription cost	4% of net annual household income	
Alberta†					
Single					
Net annual household income < \$17 450	\$43.05/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Net annual household income > \$17 450	\$61.50/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Family without children					
Net annual household income < \$26 200	\$86.10/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Net annual household income > \$26 200	\$123/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Family with children					
Net annual household income < \$32 210	\$86.10/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Net annual household income > \$32 210	\$123/quarter year	\$0	30% of prescription cost up to maximum of \$25 for each drug prescribed**	None	
Saskatchewan families					
Family without children	No coverage				
Family with children					
Net annual household income < \$25 921‡	\$0	\$100/year biannually	35% of prescription cost††	None#	
Net annual household income > \$25 921	No coverage				
Manitoba					
Adjusted annual household income§ ≤ \$15 000	\$0	2.56% of adjusted annual household income	None	2.56% of adjusted annual household income	
Adjusted annual household income§ > \$15 000-\$40 000	\$0	3.83% of adjusted annual household income	None	3.83% of adjusted annual household income	
Adjusted annual household income§ > \$40 000-\$75 000	\$0	4.41% of adjusted annual household income	None	4.41% of adjusted annual household income	
Adjusted annual household income§ > \$75 000	\$0	5.51% of adjusted annual household income	None	5.51% of adjusted annual household income	

continued

Appendix 2: Characteristics of provincial prescription drug plans for nonseniors, as of December 2006 (page 2 of 2)

_	Cost-sharing strategy*				
Beneficiary group	Premium	Deductible	User copayment	Maximum annual beneficiary contribution	
Ontario					
Net annual household income ≤ \$100 000	\$0	\$150-\$4089/year§§	\$2/prescription	None	
Net annual household income > \$100 000	\$0	Varies§§	\$2/prescription	None	
Quebec	\$0-\$538¶¶	\$12.10/adult monthly	29% of prescription cost	\$73.42/adult monthly	
New Brunswick	No coverage				
Nova Scotia	No coverage				
Prince Edward Island	No coverage***				
Newfoundland and Labrador¶	No coverage				

^{*}Premium = fixed amount that a beneficiary must pay to be eligible for the reimbursement program; deductible = fixed amount or percentage of income that constitutes the first portion of the costs that must be borne by the beneficiary before the insurer shares payment; copayment = fixed amount, percentage of the prescription cost or percentage of income that is not reimbursed by the insurer but must be borne by the beneficiary; maximum annual beneficiary contribution = maximum amount a beneficiary will have to pay in a given year. †In Alberta, total benefit coverage is limited to \$25 000/year.

\$Total gross income less \$3000 for spouse and each dependant child under 18 years of age.

##Families with drug costs exceeding 3.4% of annual household income may be eligible for the Special Support Program.

§\$Varies with income and number of people in family. For further details, see *A Guide to Understanding the Trillium Drug Program* (available from the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care at www.forms.ssb.gov.on.ca/mbs/ssb/forms/ssbforms.nsf/AttachDocsPublish/014-S46850E-87-15/\$File/trillium_bookE_.pdf).

¶¶Varies with income. For further details, see Premium Payable under the Québec Prescription Drug Insurance Plan 2006 (available from Revenu Québec at

www.revenu.gouv.qc.ca/documents/eng/formulaires/tp/2006-12/tp-1.d.k-v(2006-12)df).
***Families with very low income (< \$22 000 + \$2000 for each additional child under 18 years old age) and with at least 1 child under 18 years of age will pay the equivalent of the professional fees per prescription.

[‡]Add \$1231 for each child after the third child up to \$45 410 of net annual household income.

The Newfoundland and Labrador Prescription Drug Program's Access Plan, which came into effect on Jan. 31, 2007, provides assistance to families with children (* 18 years of age) with an annual income of \$30 000 or less, couples (without children) with an annual income of \$21 000 or less and single individuals with an annual income of \$19 000 or less.

^{**}The maximum copayment of \$25/perscription does not apply if the patient chooses a brand name formulation of the drug when a generic equivalent exists.

^{††}For adults' prescriptions only; children < 18 years of age are fully covered.