

Table S1. HLA-I allele-associated HIV-1 polymorphisms not occurring within or near known CTL epitopes in chronically clade C-infected South Africans

HIV-1 subregion	Common mutations ^a	Amino acid residue ^b	Specific HLA-I association ^c
Gag-p17	RSILRGE K LDKWEKI	Gag 12	A*74, P = 2.7×10^{-14} ; q = 0
	LDKWEKIR R LRPGGKK	Gag20	A*74, P = 6.5×10^{-10} ; q = 0
	YCVHEKIE V RDTKEA	Gag 93	B*41, P = 9.4×10^{-5} ; q = 0.05
Gag-p24	NYPIVQNL Q GQMVKHQ	Gag 138	B*5703, P = 3×10^{-3} ; q = 0.15
	LNTMLNT V GGHQAM	Gag 191	A*3601, P = 2.8×10^{-3} ; q = 0.15
	GHOAMQM L KDTINE	Gag 200	A*01, P = 2.8×10^{-3} ; q = 0.19
	TINEEAA E WDRLHPV	Gag 211	Cw*1601, P = 9.6×10^{-4} ; q = 0.09
	INEEAA W DRLHPVH	Gag 212	Cw*0501, P = 1.6×10^{-3} ; q = 0.11
	EAAEWDRLHPVHAGP	Gag 215	B*13, Cw*02, P = 2.1×10^{-3} ; q = 0.14
	EWDRLHPV H AGPIAP	Gag 218	A*6602, P = 5.9×10^{-4} ; q = 0.07
	WDRLHPV H AGPIAPG	Gag 219	Cw0704, P = 3.5×10^{-4} ; q = 0.04
	STLQE Q IAWMTSNPP	Gag 248	B*41, P = 1.6×10^{-3} ; q = 0.12
	DIYKRW I ILGLNKIV	Gag 267	B*5703, P = 1.8×10^{-3} ; q = 0.11
	SPVSILD I RQGPKEP	Gag 285	A*6802, P = 1.4×10^{-3} ; q = 0.11
	WMTDTLL V QNANPDC	Gag 323	A*2902, P = 3×10^{-3} ; q = 0.15
	GPGHKAR V LAEAMSQ	Gag 362	A*6601, P = 1.1×10^{-3} ; q = 0.1
Nef	SSIVGWP A VRERIRR	Nef 15	A*6801, P = 1.5×10^{-4} ; q = 0.07
	VPLRPMT Y KAADFDS	Nef 81	Cw*0702, P = 7×10^{-4} ; q = 0.18
	LKEKG G LEIYSKKRQ	Nef 98	A*2301, P = 5.6×10^{-4} ; q = 0.12
	KLVPD P REVEEANK	Nef 151	A*2301, P = 3.1×10^{-4} ; q = 0.13
	DPREVEE A NKGENNC	Nef 156	Cw*0802, P = 4.1×10^{-4} ; q = 0.13
	PREVEE A NKGENNC	Nef 157	B*13, P = 1.4×10^{-3} ; q = 0.18
	NNCLLHPMSQHGMED	Nef 168	B*4201, P = 3.8×10^{-4} ; q = 0.09
	HPMSQHGM E DEEREDEV	Nef 173	B*4201, P = 7.1×10^{-4} ; q = 0.16
	SQHGMEDE E EREVLKW	Nef 176	B*4403, P = 1.7×10^{-6} ; q = 0
	DEEREVL K WKFDSL	Nef 182	Cw*0804, P = 5.8×10^{-4} ; q = 0.16
	FDSSLARR H LARELH	Nef 192	A*74, P = 4.7×10^{-5} ; q = 0.03
	RHLAREL H PEYYKDC	Nef 199	Cw*1601, P = 3.7×10^{-7} ; q = 0.09

These data are taken from 82 HLA associations ($q < 0.2$) defined in a clade C South African cohort (unpublished data), in which analysis of *gag* sequences was performed using data from 672 study subjects and analysis of *nef* sequences was performed using data from 443 study subjects. The Los Alamos National Laboratory HIV Molecular Immunology Database (available at <http://www.hiv.lanl.gov/content/index>) was used to define known CTL epitopes.

^aHLA-associated mutations (bolded) are shown.

^bProtein and amino acid numbering of the bolded polymorphism are based on the HXB2 sequence

^cMethods for calculating p- and q- values have been previously described (Bhattacharya, T., M. Daniels, D. Heckerman, B. Foley, N. Frahm, C. Kadie, J. Carlson, K. Yusim, B. McMahon, B. Gaschen, et al. 2007. *Science*. 315:1583–1586). The HLA-I restriction of the Gag 215 mutation could not be resolved between B*13 or Cw*02.