Supplemental Table 1

	Control				300 nM Zn				Mean	Global
	mean	sem	global f	it	mean	sem	global fit		Zn ²⁺ / Control	Zn ²⁺ / Control
k1	1200	150	1100	s ⁻¹	860	80	900	s ⁻¹	0.72	0.82
k2	3500	830	2700	s ⁻¹	3300	530	3200	S ⁻¹	0.94	1.19
k3	4600	990	3800	s ⁻¹	4700	760	4200	s ⁻¹	1.02	1.11
k4	2200	510	1900	s ⁻¹	2700	400	2600	s ⁻¹	1.23	1.37
k5	8000	2000	6300	s ⁻¹	6200	690	6500	s ⁻¹	0.78	1.03
k6	1400	150	1200	s ⁻¹	1300	89	1200	s ⁻¹	0.93	1.00
k7	1.4e+9		1.4e+9	M ⁻¹ s ⁻¹	1.4e+9	1.4e+9	1.4e+9	M ⁻¹ s ⁻¹		
k8	49	10	47	s ⁻¹	14	1	12	s ⁻¹	0.29	0.26
k9	670	190	630	s ⁻¹	160	12	150	s ⁻¹	0.24	0.24
kH1	360	38	300	s ⁻¹	620	77	610	s ⁻¹	1.69	2.03
kH2	1100	220	750	s ⁻¹	2200	320	2200	s ⁻¹	2.00	2.93
kH3	1300	340	900	s ⁻¹	890	130	820	s ⁻¹	0.68	0.91
kH4	6700	1400	5800	s ⁻¹	6300	1200	6700	S ⁻¹	0.94	1.16
kH5	5000	510	5500	s ⁻¹	4400	240	5000	s ⁻¹	0.88	0.91
kH6	950	72	1100	s ⁻¹	990	180	920	s ⁻¹	1.04	0.84
<u>LogL</u> event	5.14		5.13		5.03		5.02			

Scheme V

Idealized and segmented current records from the same patches were fit by *Scheme V* as shown in Figure 8C. Records from all 7 patches were fitted individually and also pooled and fitted simultaneously. The proton concentration was 62 nM (pH 7.3). All loops were constrained to obey microscopic reversibility; proton association rate was fixed to 1.4 x $10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ (Banke et al., 2005); all other rate constants were free parameters during fitting. The ratio of the fitted rate constants determined in 300 nM Zn²⁺ to those determined for control conditions (10 mM tricine, no added Zn²⁺) is given in the far right columns. Rate constants in bold show more than a 3-fold change in the presence of Zn²⁺. Rate constants are given to two significant digits.