

Supplementary figures for “Consistent probabilistic outputs for protein  
function prediction”

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# 1 Per term evaluation

## 1.1 Bar plots by ontology

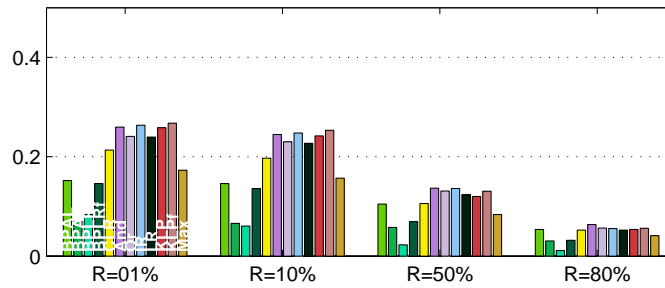


Figure S.1: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

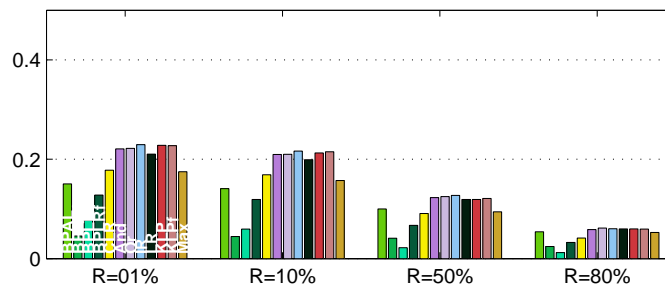


Figure S.2: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Biological Process ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

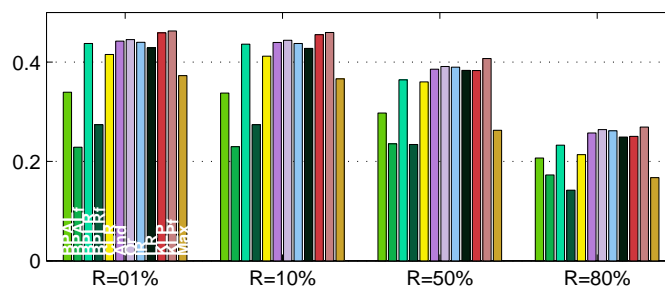


Figure S.3: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

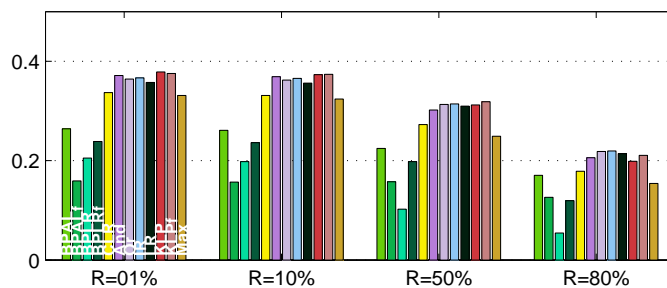


Figure S.4: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Molecular Function ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

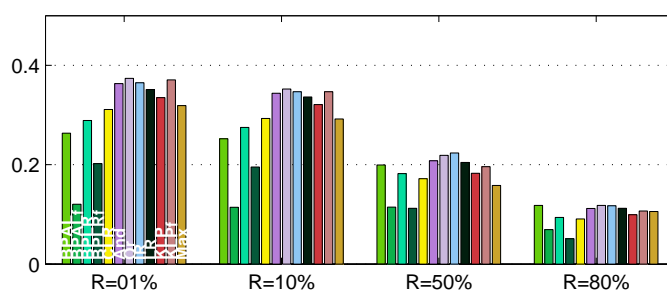


Figure S.5: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

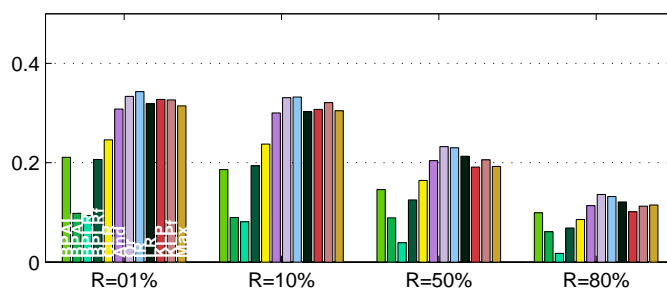


Figure S.6: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Cellular Component ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

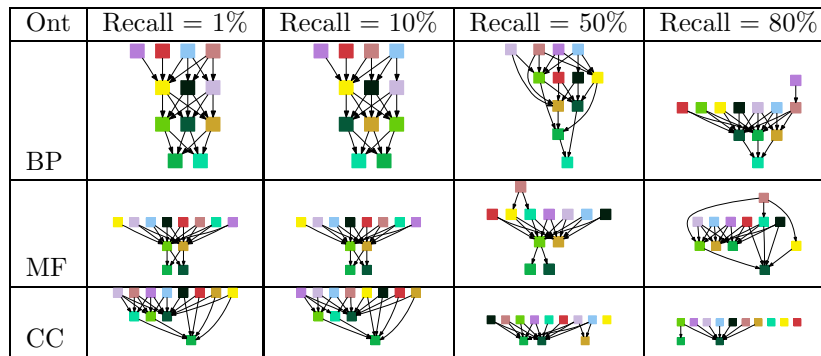


Figure S.7: **Statistical significance testing of per term evaluation, irrespective of term size.** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

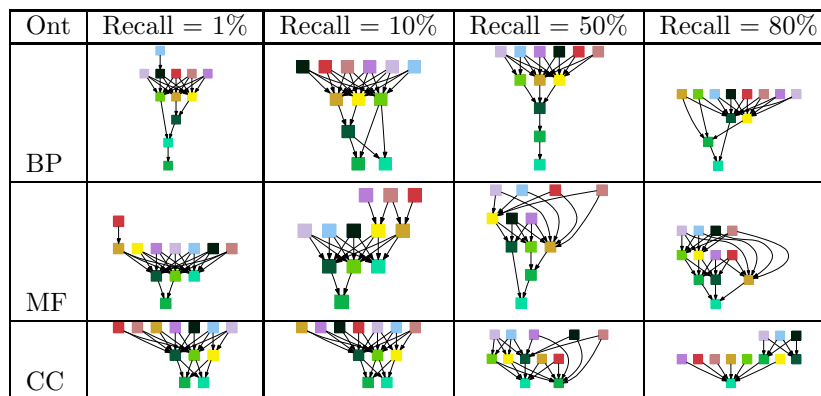


Figure S.8: **Statistical significance testing of per term evaluation, irrespective of term size.** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

## 1.2 Directed graphs by ontology

### 1.3 Bar plots by ontology and term size

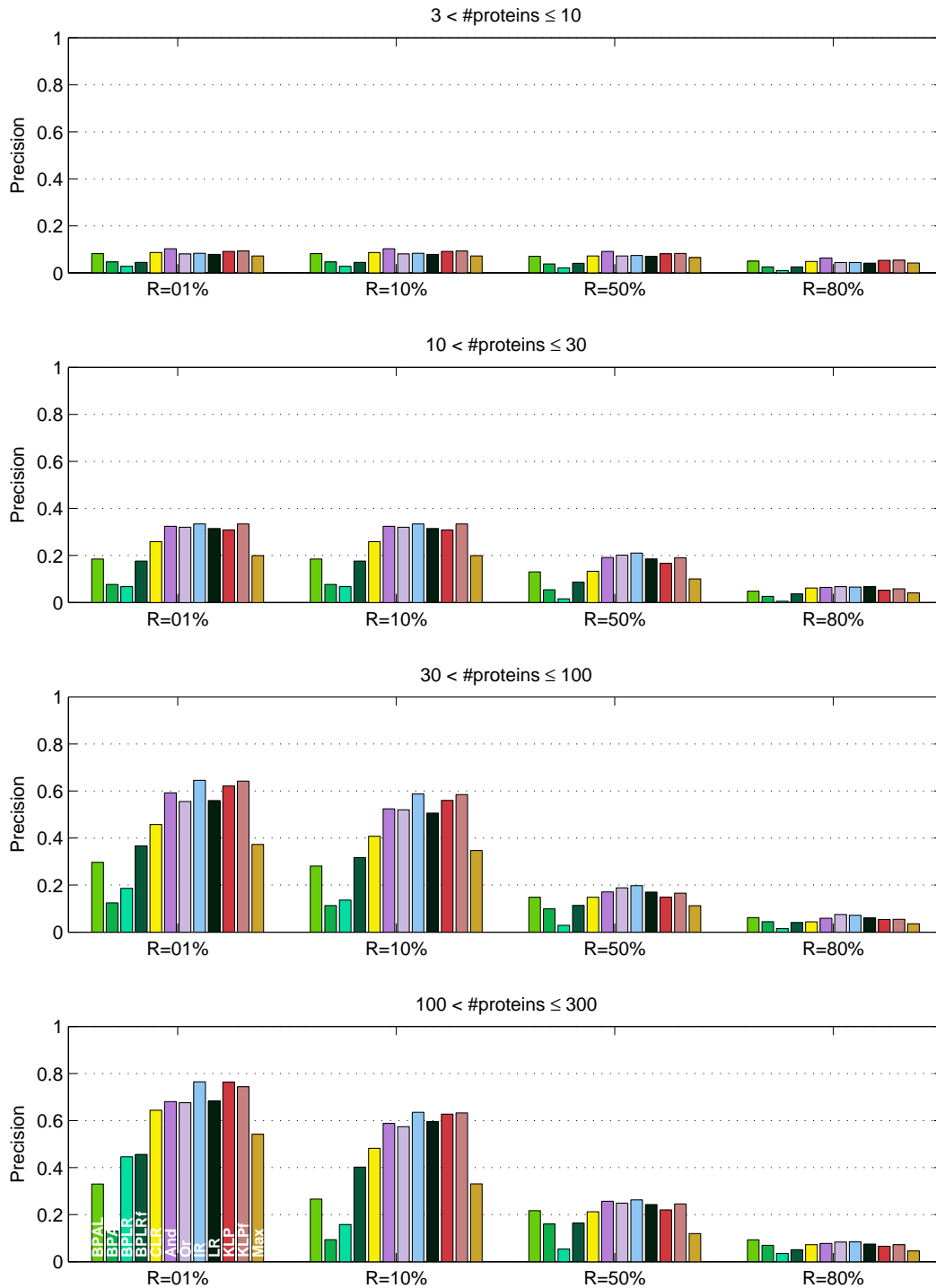


Figure S.9: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.

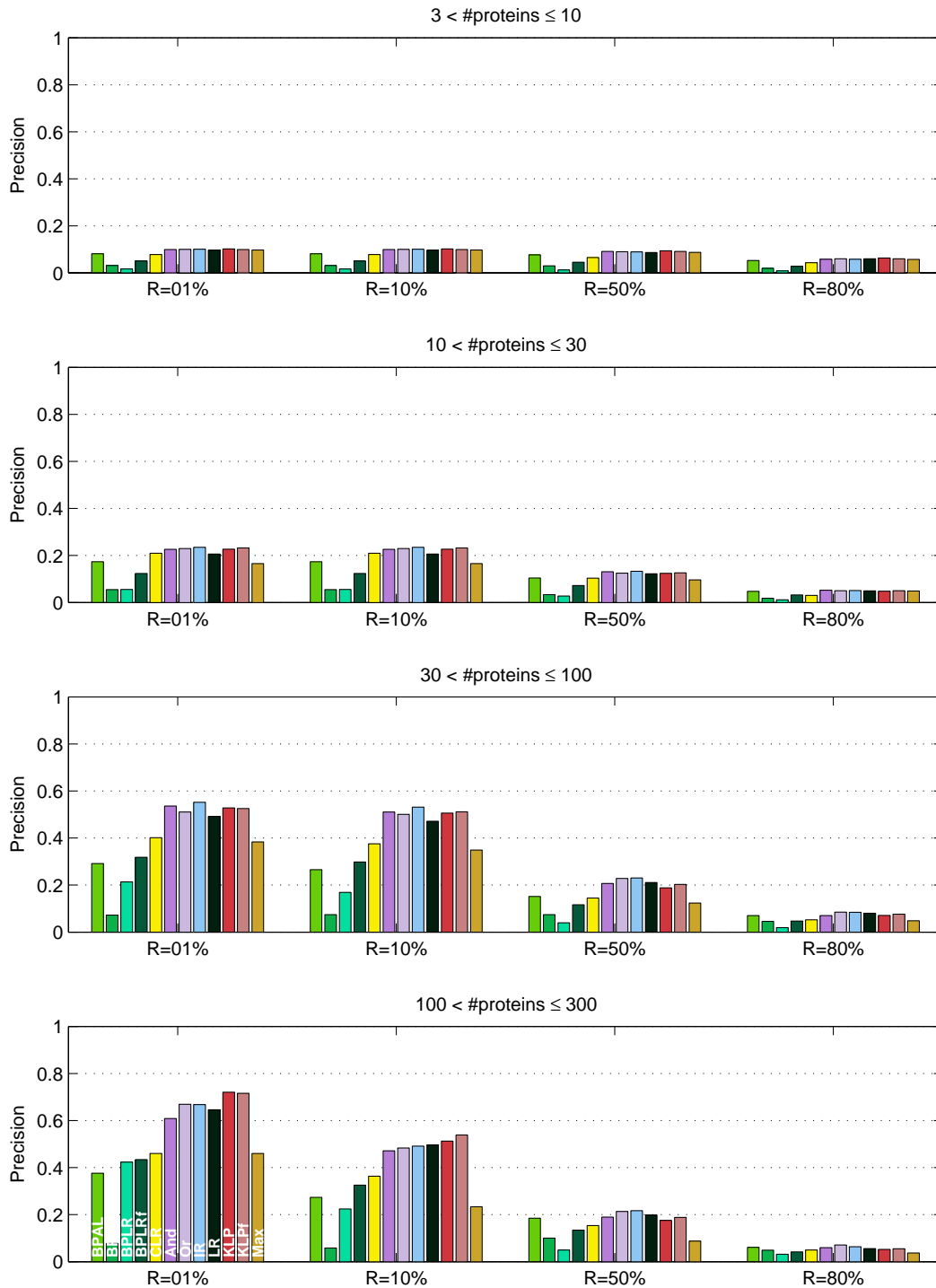


Figure S.10: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Biological Process ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.



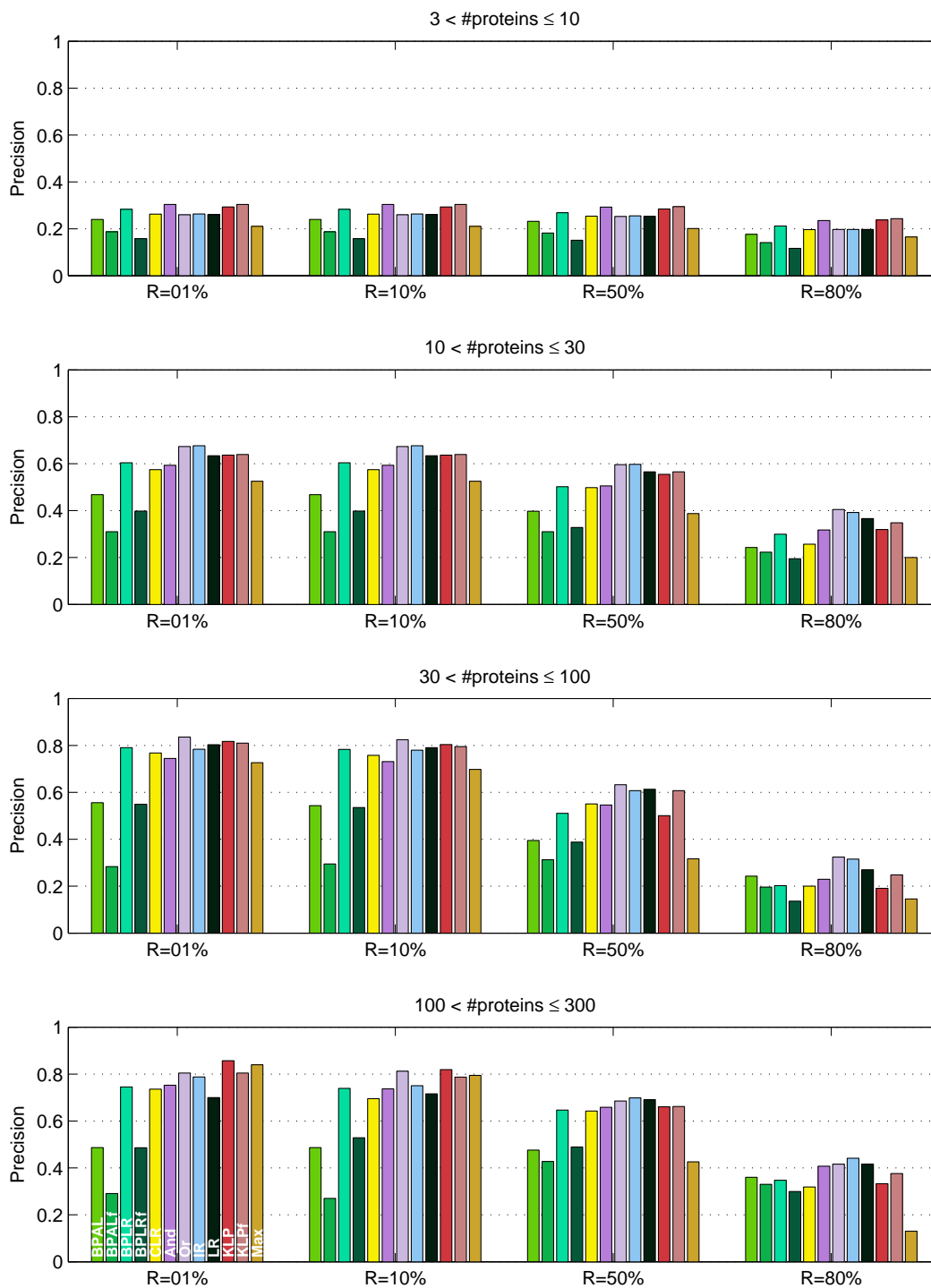


Figure S.11: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.

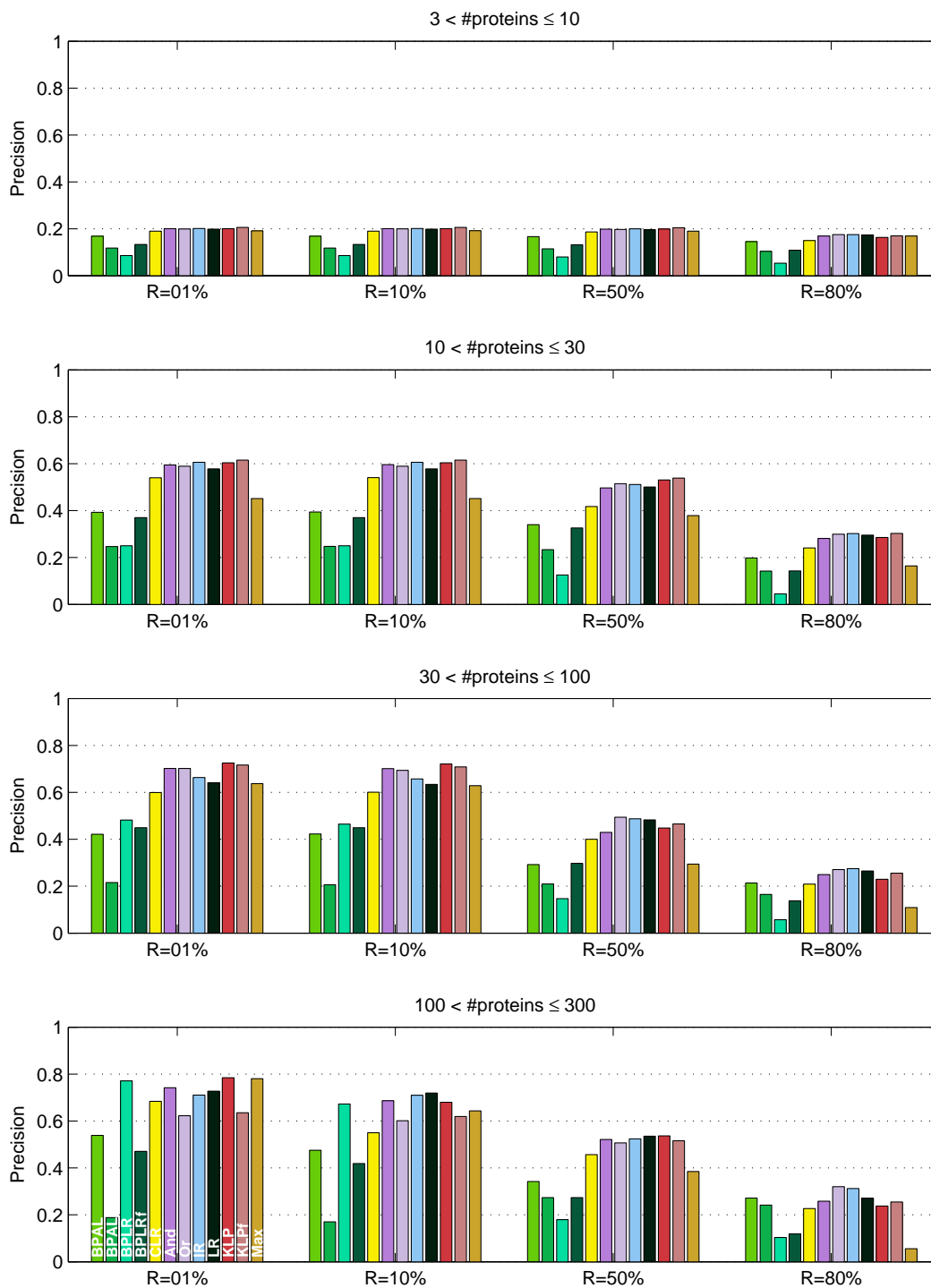


Figure S.12: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Molecular Function ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.

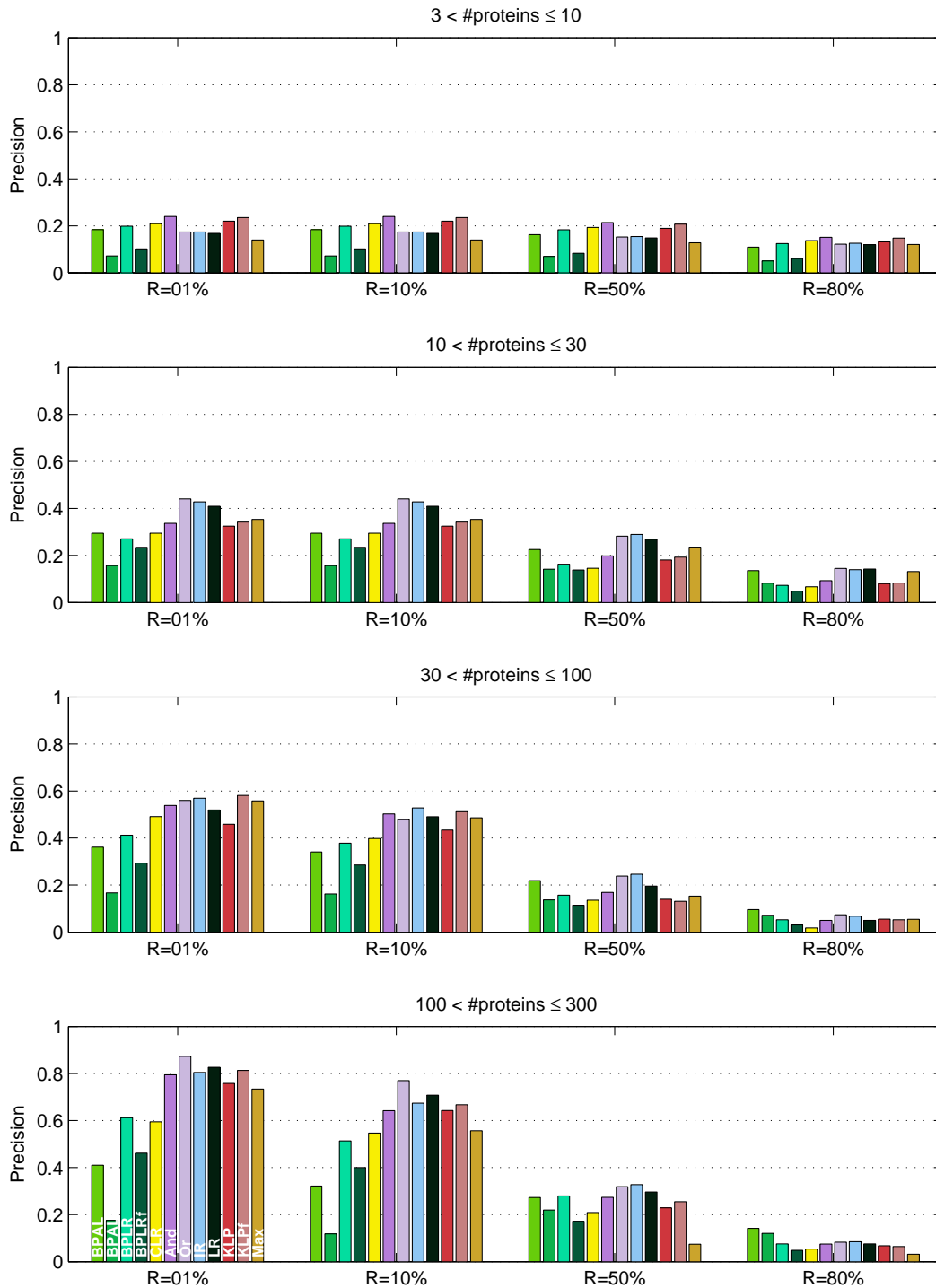


Figure S.13: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.

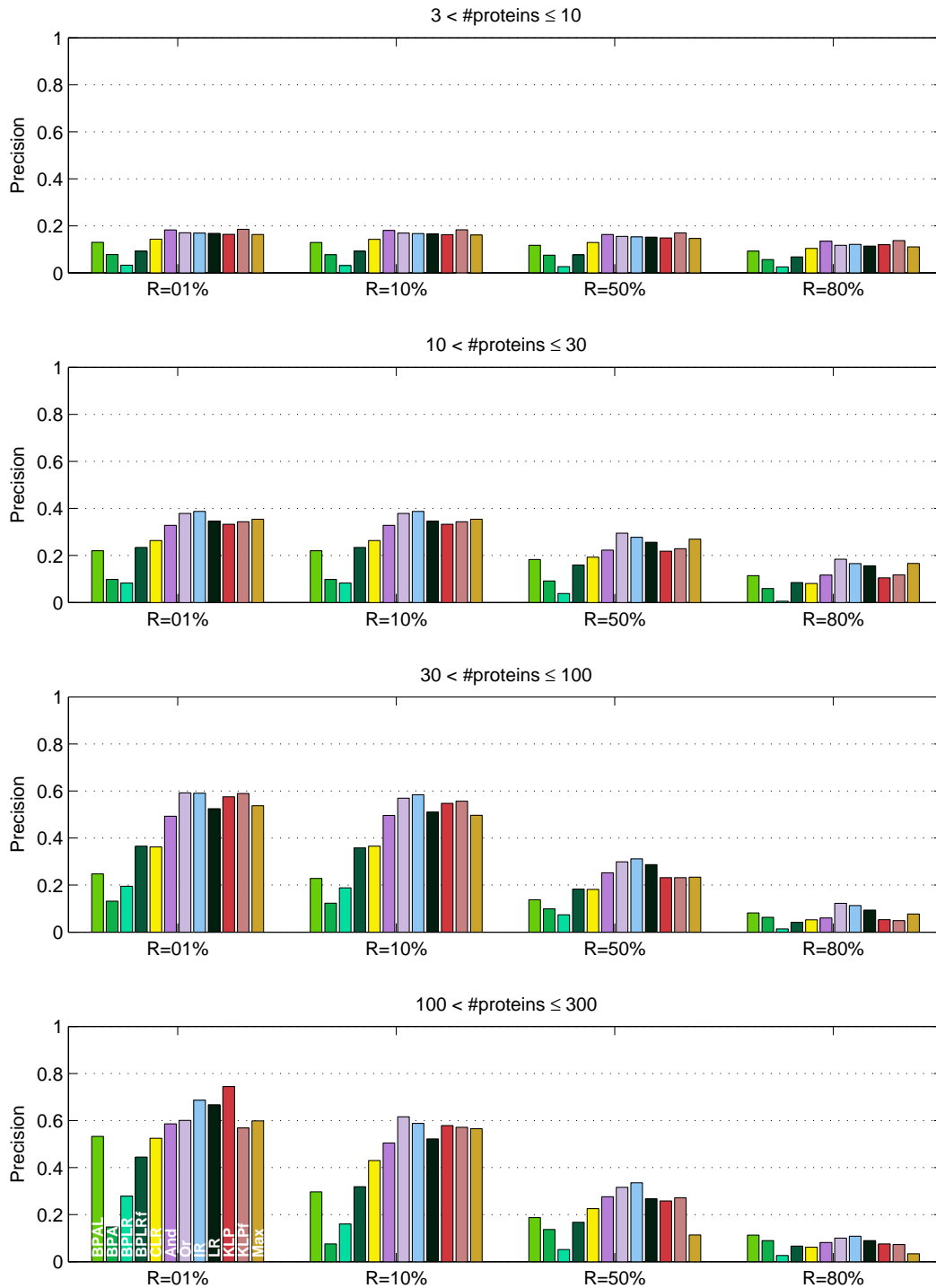


Figure S.14: **Proteins retrieved for a fixed GO term for the Cellular Component ontology (test set)** In average over GO terms with the same recall levels: precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . GO terms are grouped by size.

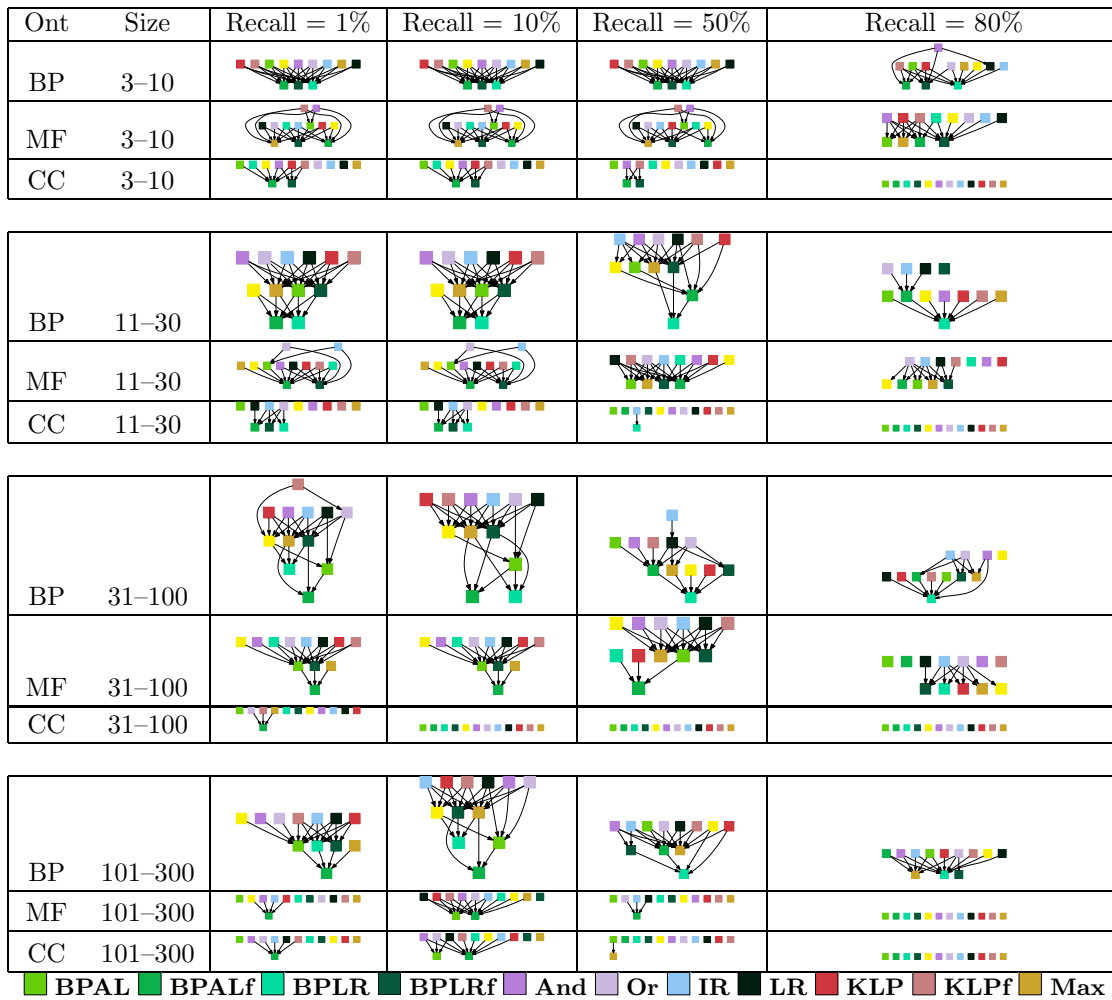


Figure S.15: **Statistical significance testing of per term evaluation** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node *A* to node *B* indicates that method *A* performs significantly better than method *B* according to the Z-test.

#### 1.4 Directed graphs by ontology and term size

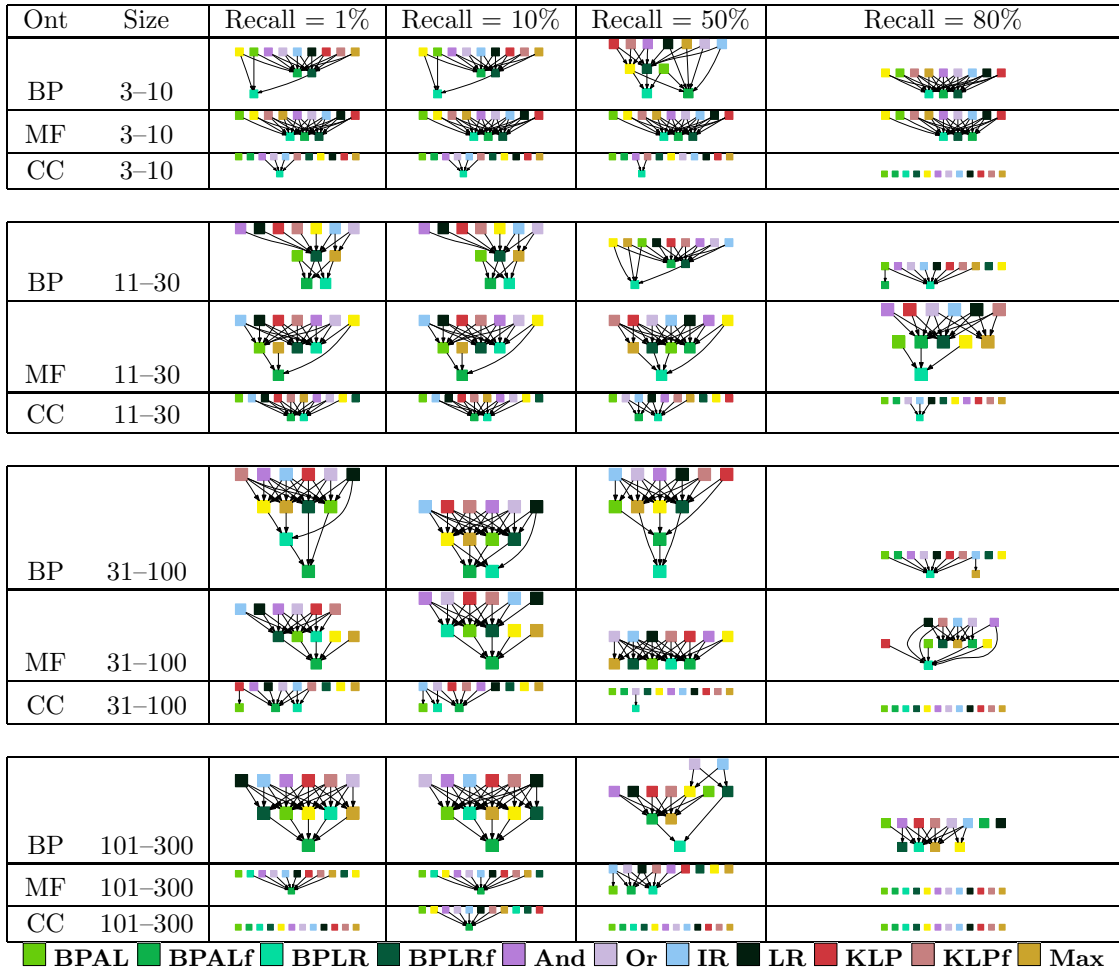


Figure S.16: **Statistical significance testing of per term evaluation** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

## 2 Per protein evaluation

### 2.1 Bar plots by ontology

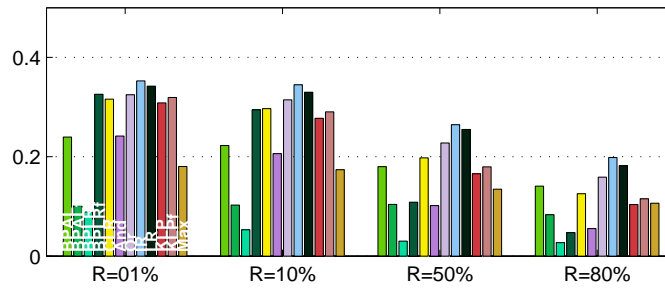


Figure S.17: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

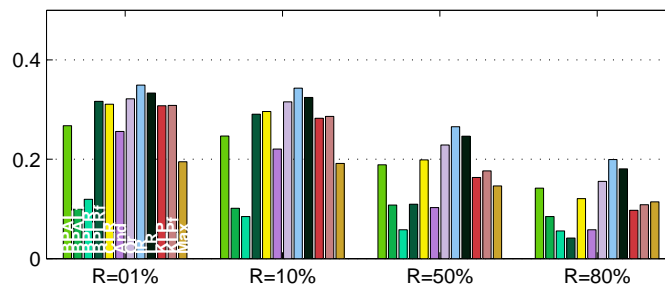


Figure S.18: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Biological Process ontology (test set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

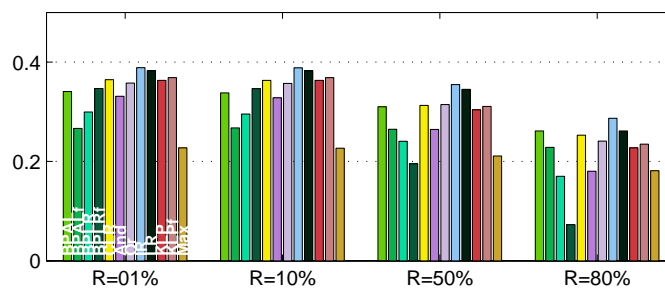


Figure S.19: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

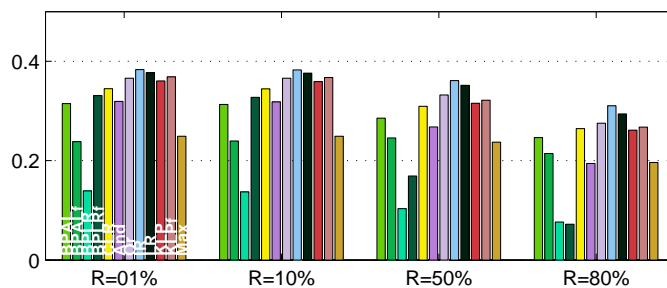


Figure S.20: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Molecular Function ontology (test set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

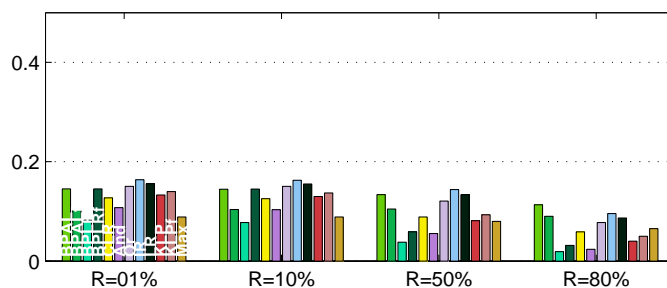


Figure S.21: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .

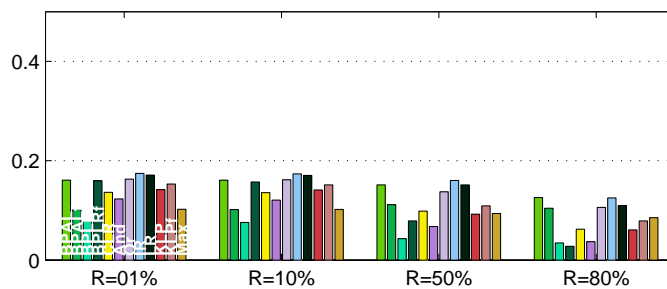


Figure S.22: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Cellular Component ontology (test set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ .



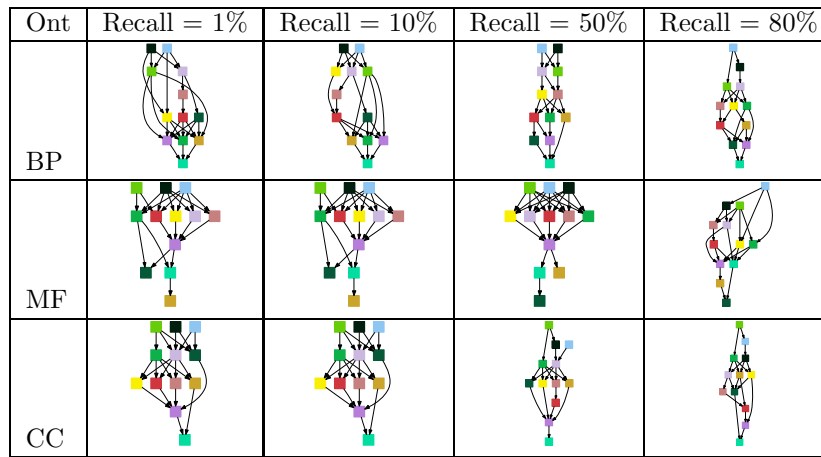


Figure S.23: **Statistical significance testing of per protein evaluation, irrespective of term size (hold-out set).** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

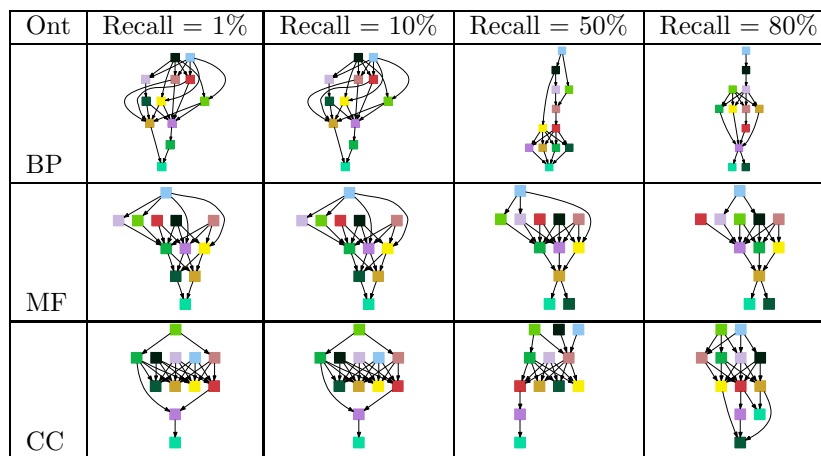


Figure S.24: **Statistical significance testing of per protein evaluation, irrespective of term size (test set).** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

## 2.2 Directed graphs by ontology

## 2.3 Bar plots by ontology and term size

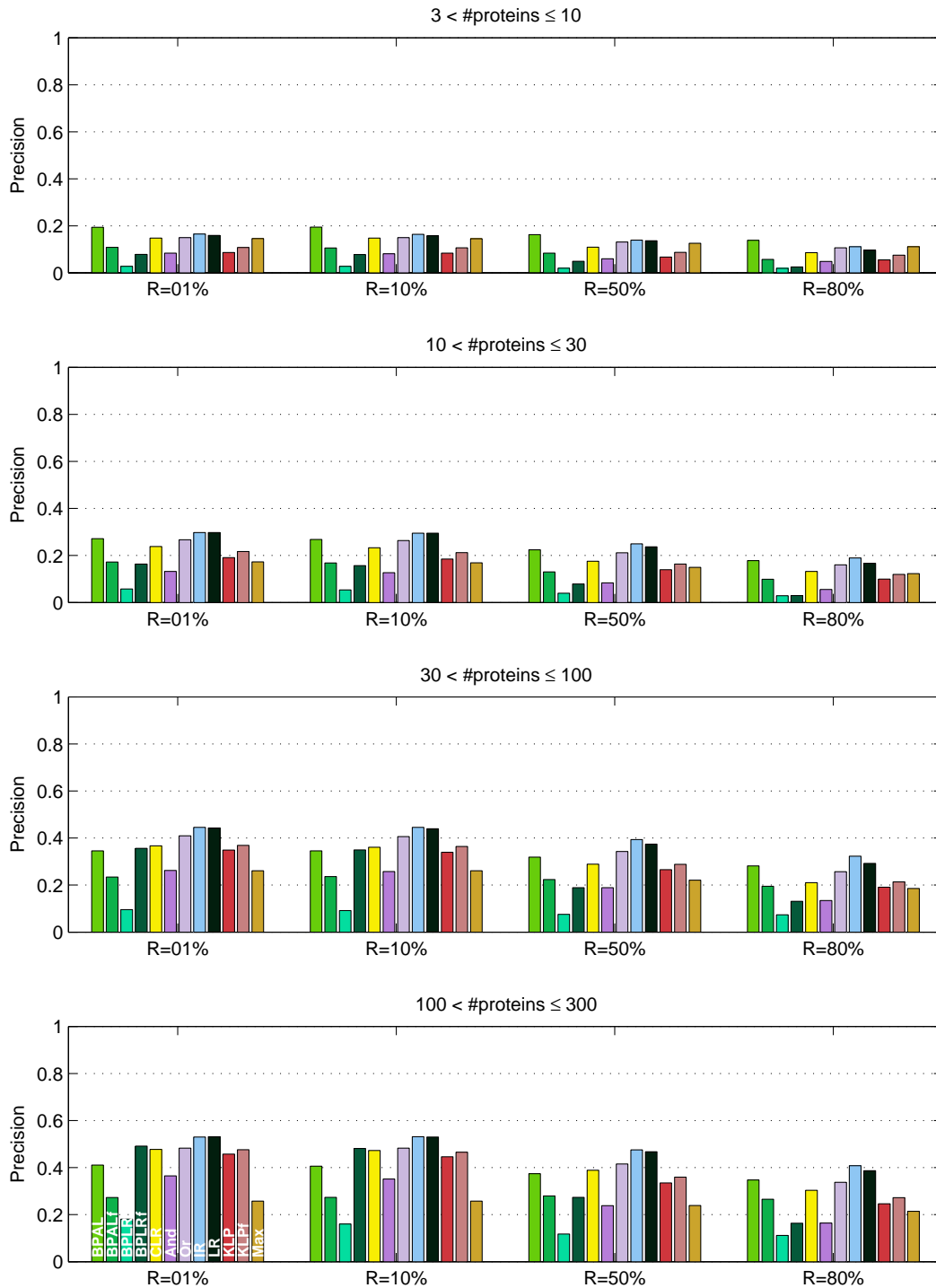


Figure S.25: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.

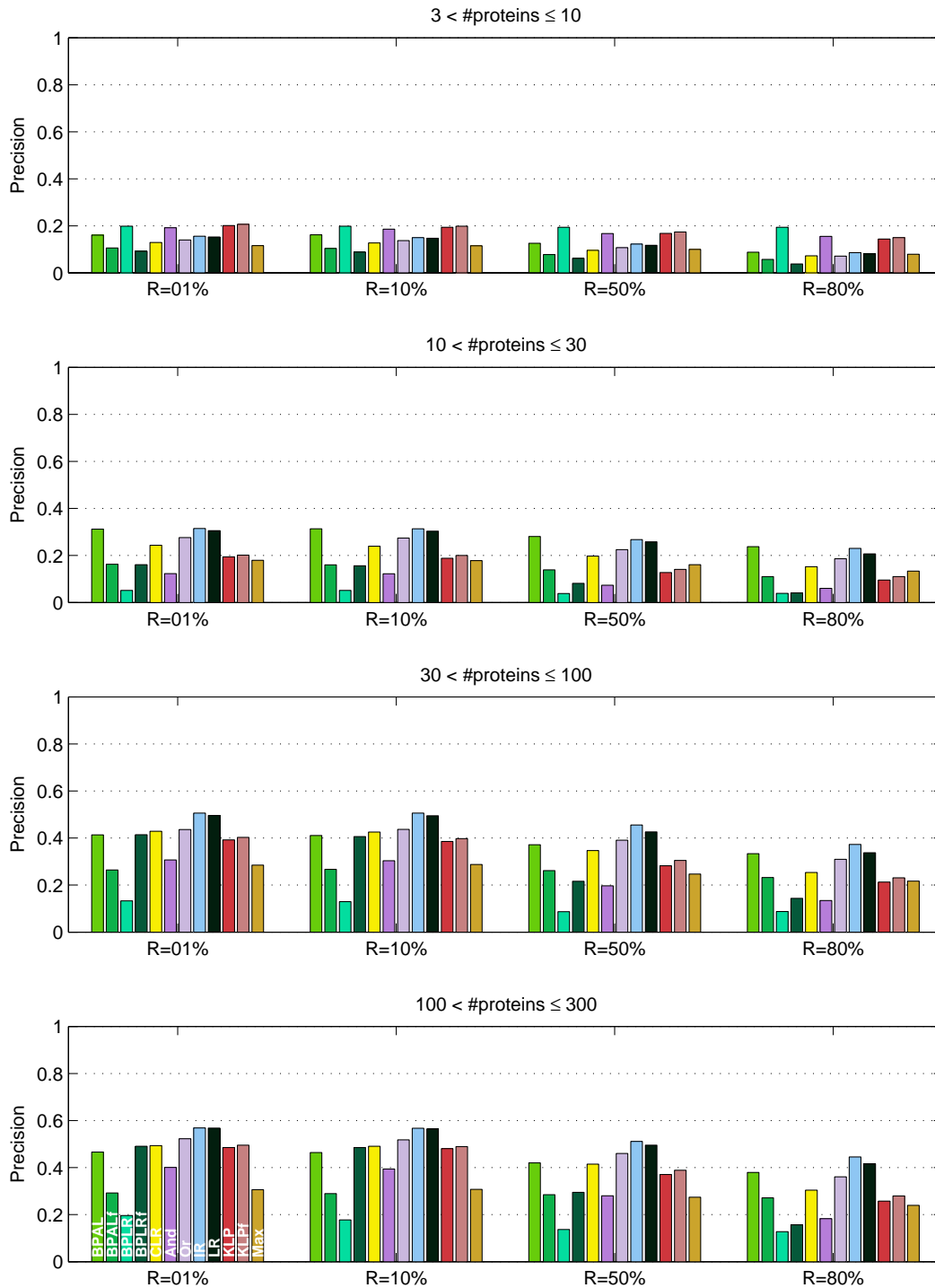


Figure S.26: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Biological Process ontology (test set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.

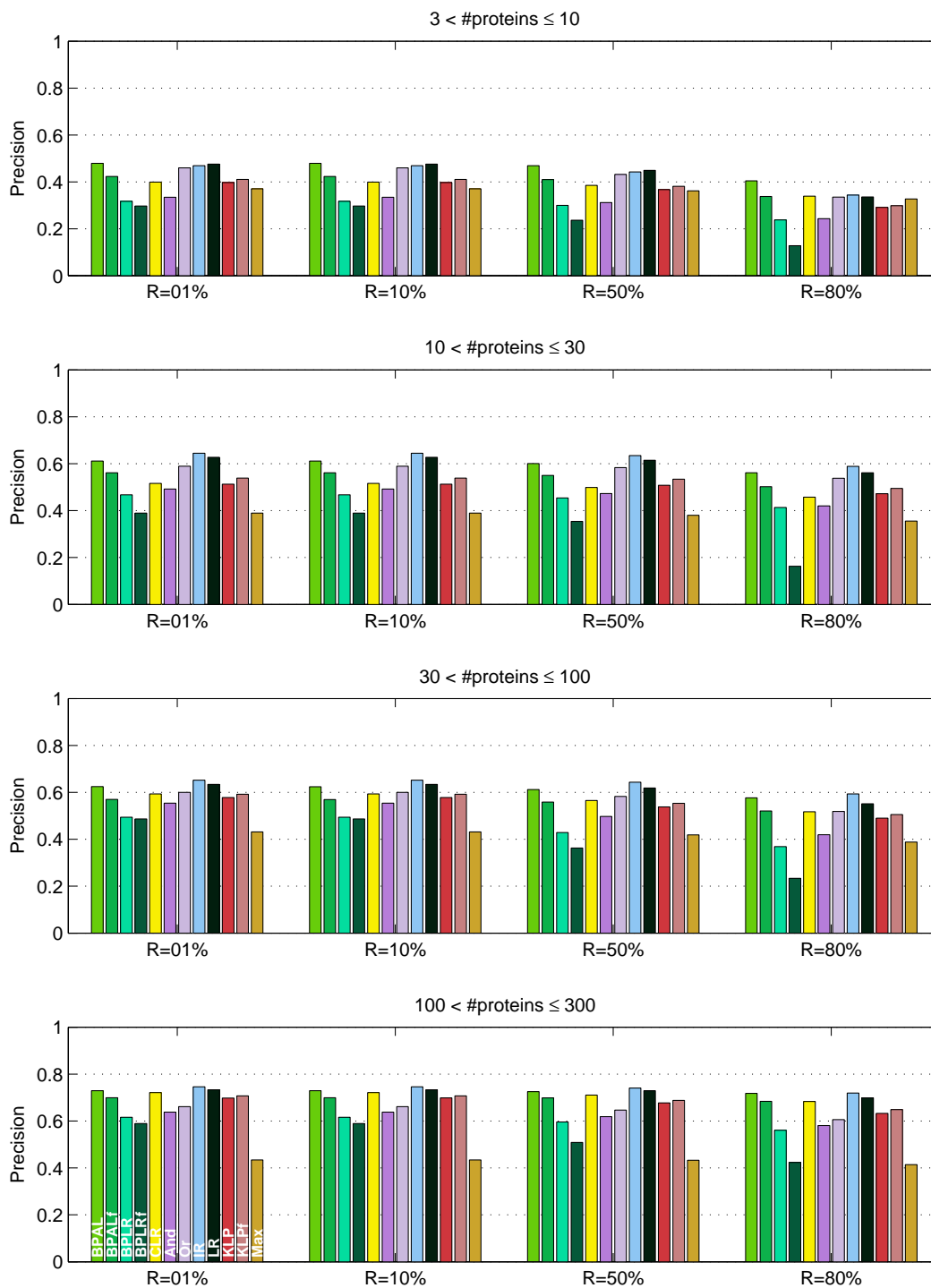


Figure S.27: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.

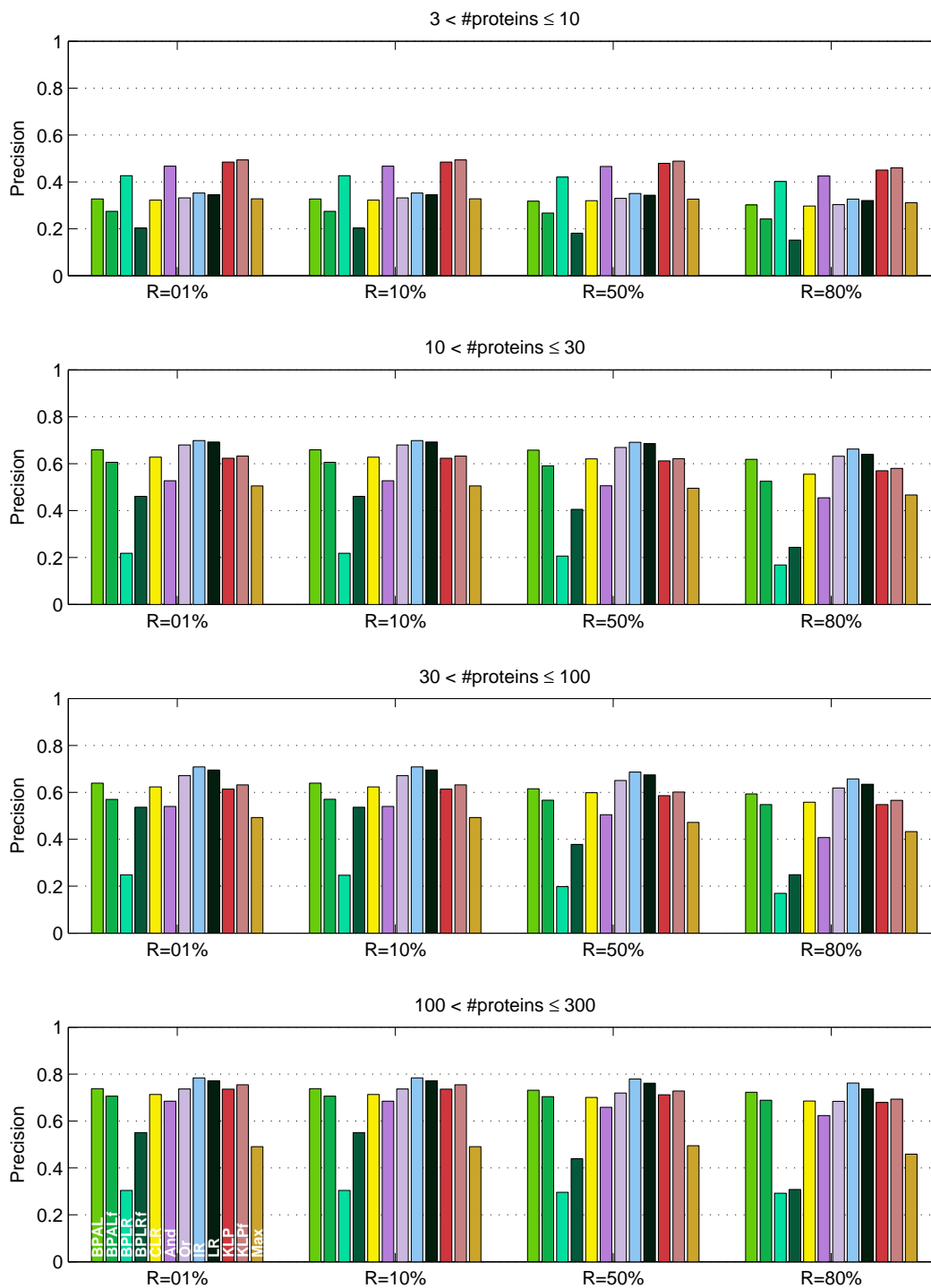


Figure S.28: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Molecular Function ontology (test set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.

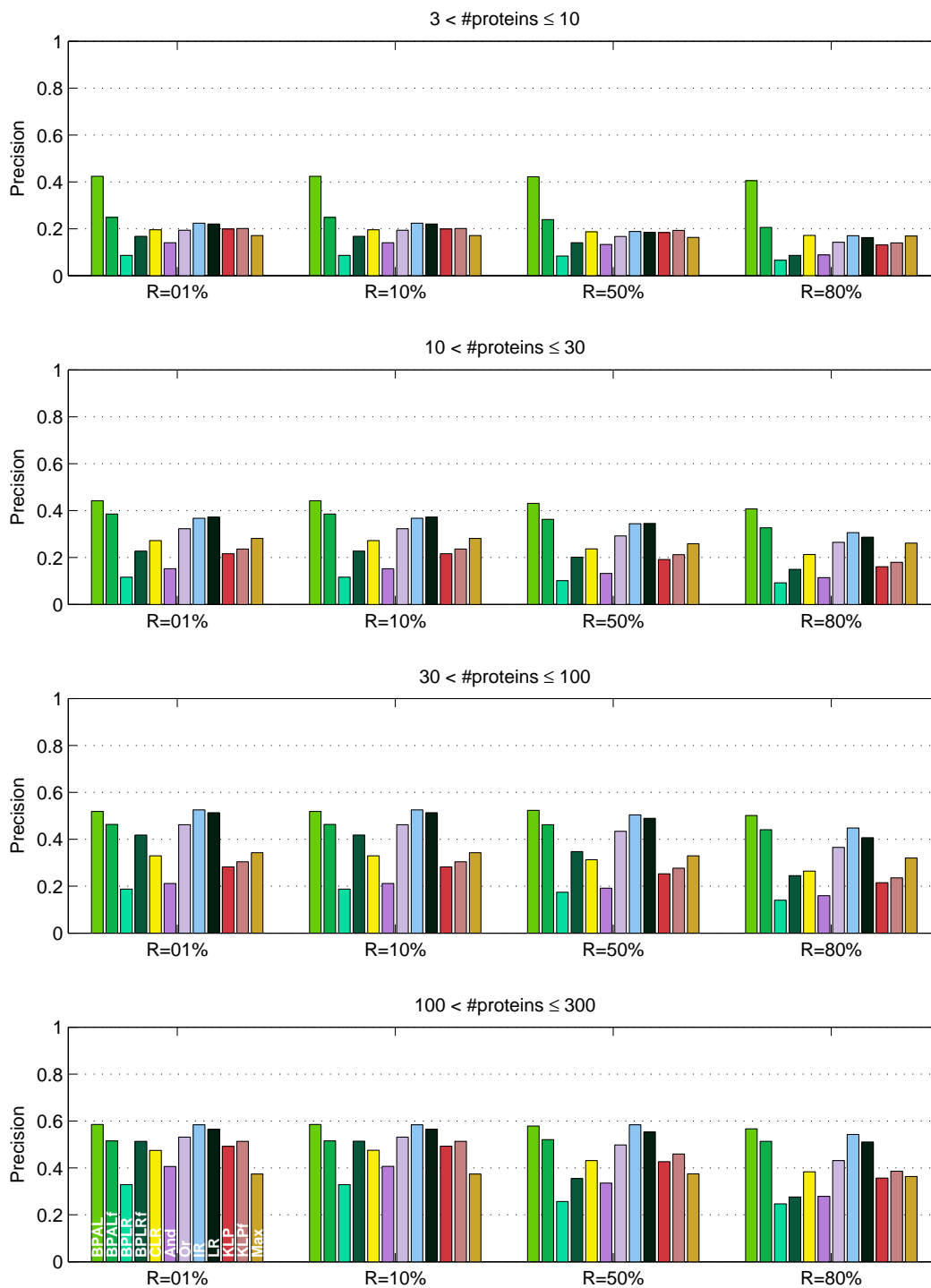


Figure S.29: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.

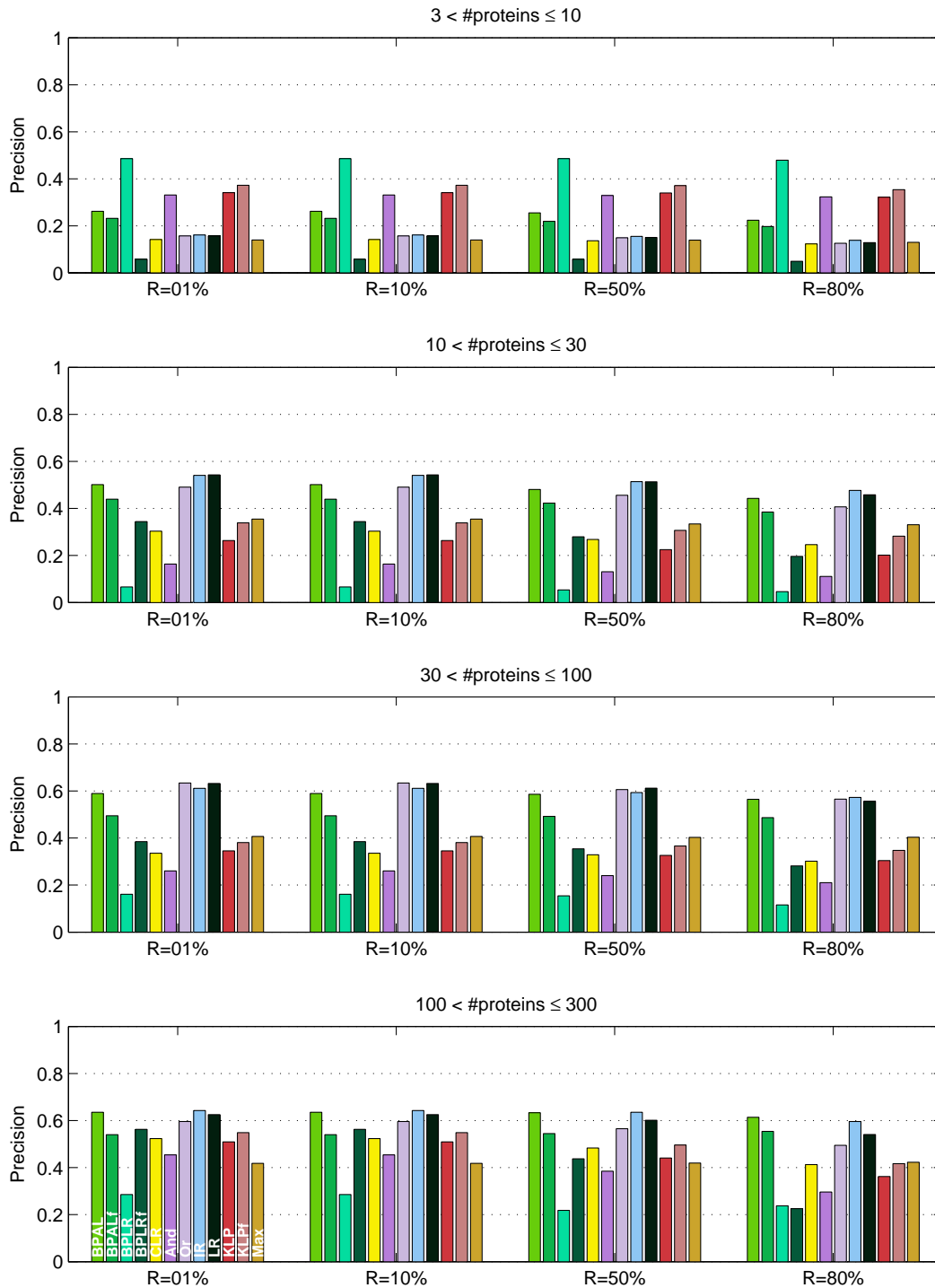


Figure S.30: **GO terms correctly found for a given protein for the Cellular Component ontology (test set)**  
 Average over proteins of the precisions obtained by different methods for values of the recall respectively fixed at  $R = 1\%$ ,  $R = 10\%$ ,  $R = 50\%$ ,  $R = 80\%$ . Proteins are grouped according to how many terms are known for these proteins.



## 2.4 Directed graphs by ontology and term size

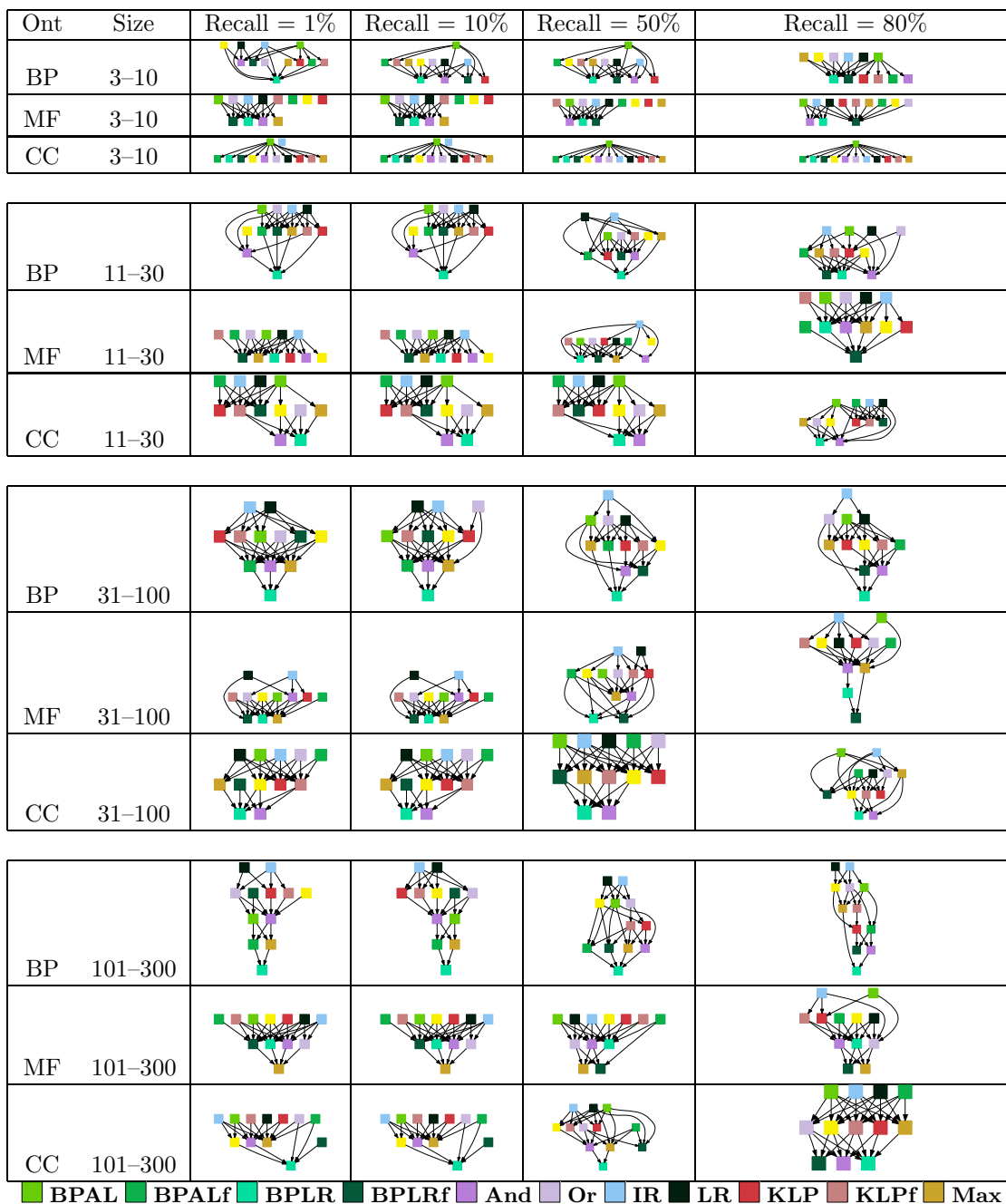


Figure S.31: **Statistical significance testing of per protein evaluation (hold-out set)** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the Z-test.

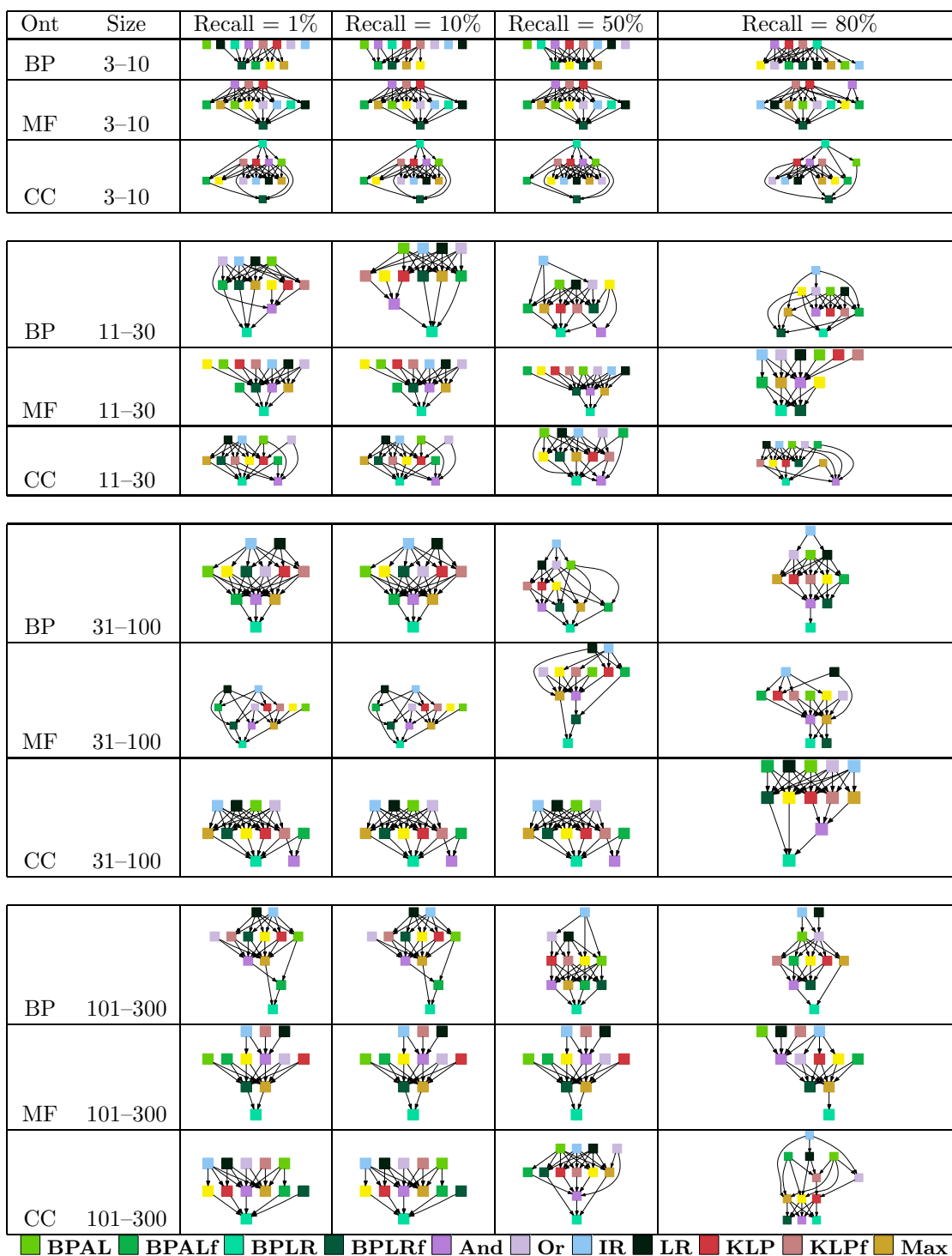


Figure S.32: **Statistical significance testing of per protein evaluation (test set)** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node *A* to node *B* indicates that method *A* performs significantly better than method *B* according to the Z-test.

### 3 Joint annotation evaluation

#### 3.1 Precision-recall curves by ontology

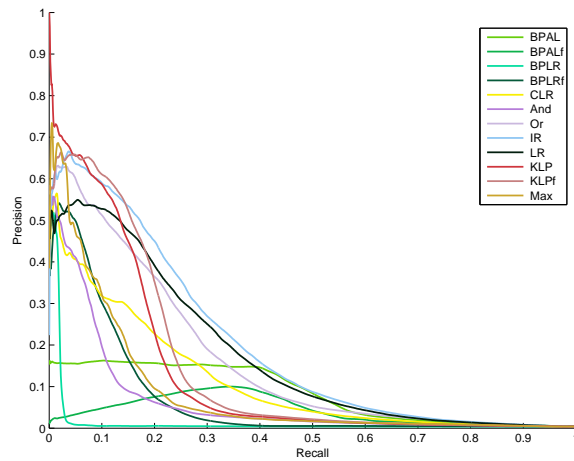


Figure S.33: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

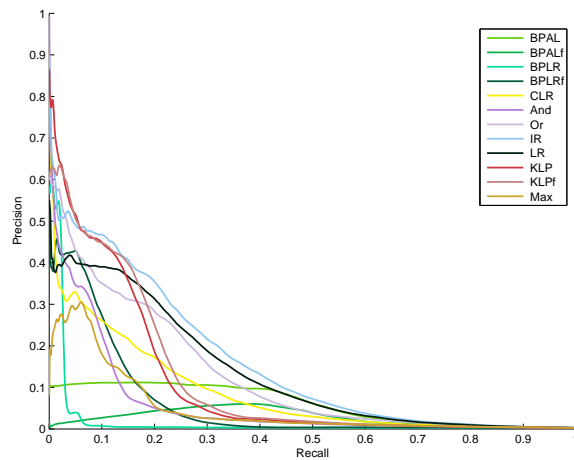


Figure S.34: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (test set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

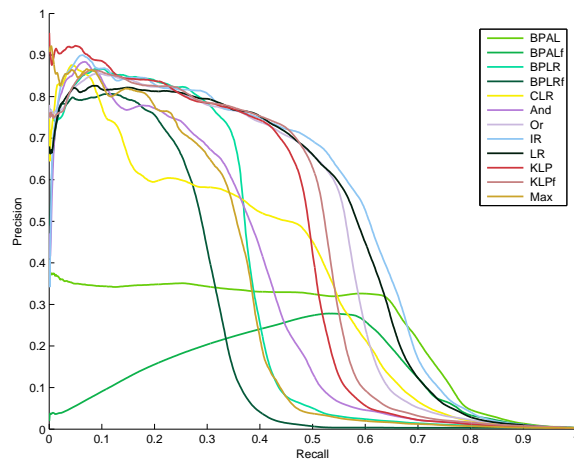


Figure S.35: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

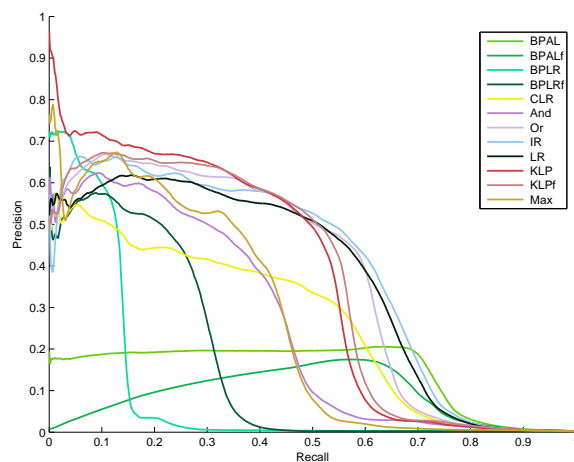


Figure S.36: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (test set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

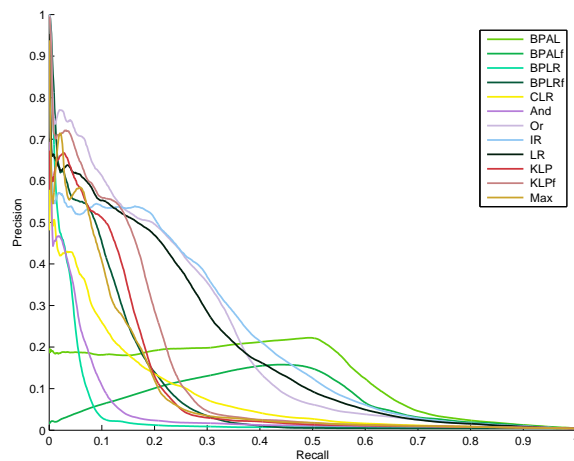


Figure S.37: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

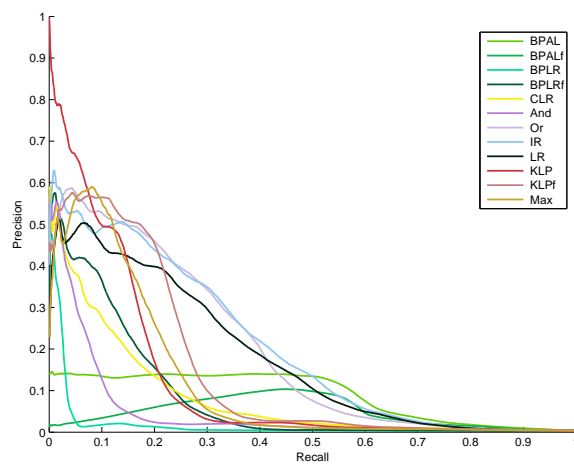


Figure S.38: **Precision-recall curve for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (test set)** Precision-recall curve for the retrieval of valid (protein,term) pairs.

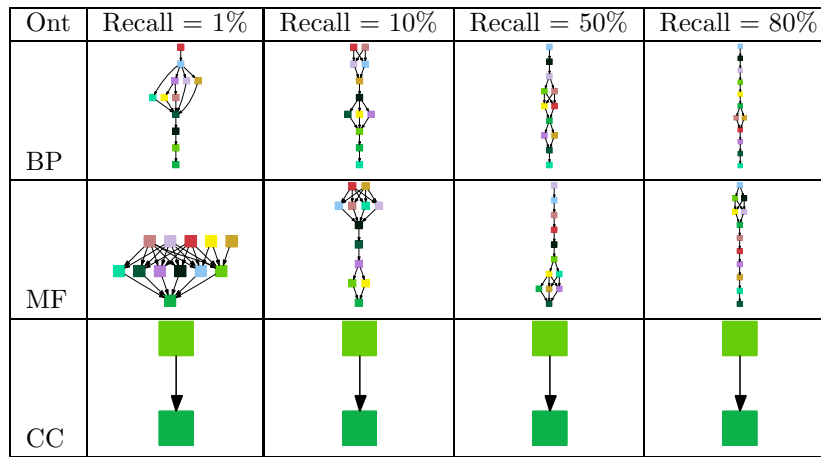


Figure S.39: **Statistical significance testing of joint evaluation, irrespective of term size (hold-out set).** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the bootstrap test.

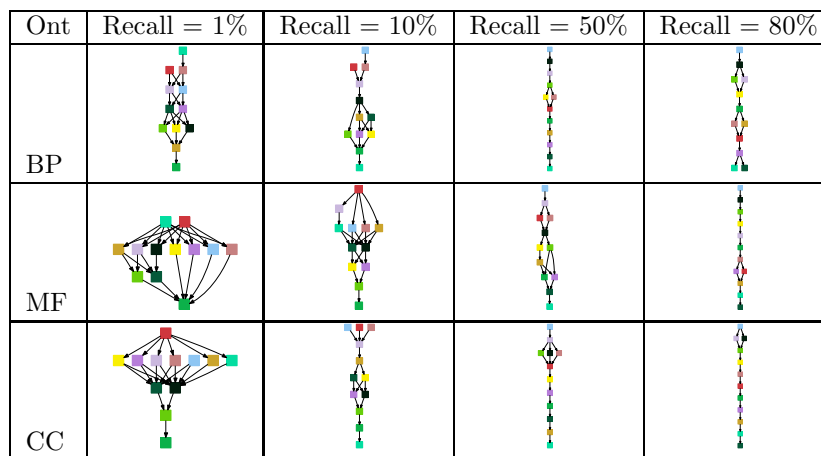


Figure S.40: **Statistical significance testing of joint evaluation, irrespective of term size (test set).** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the bootstrap test.

### 3.2 Directed graphs by ontology

### 3.3 Precision-recall curves by ontology and term size

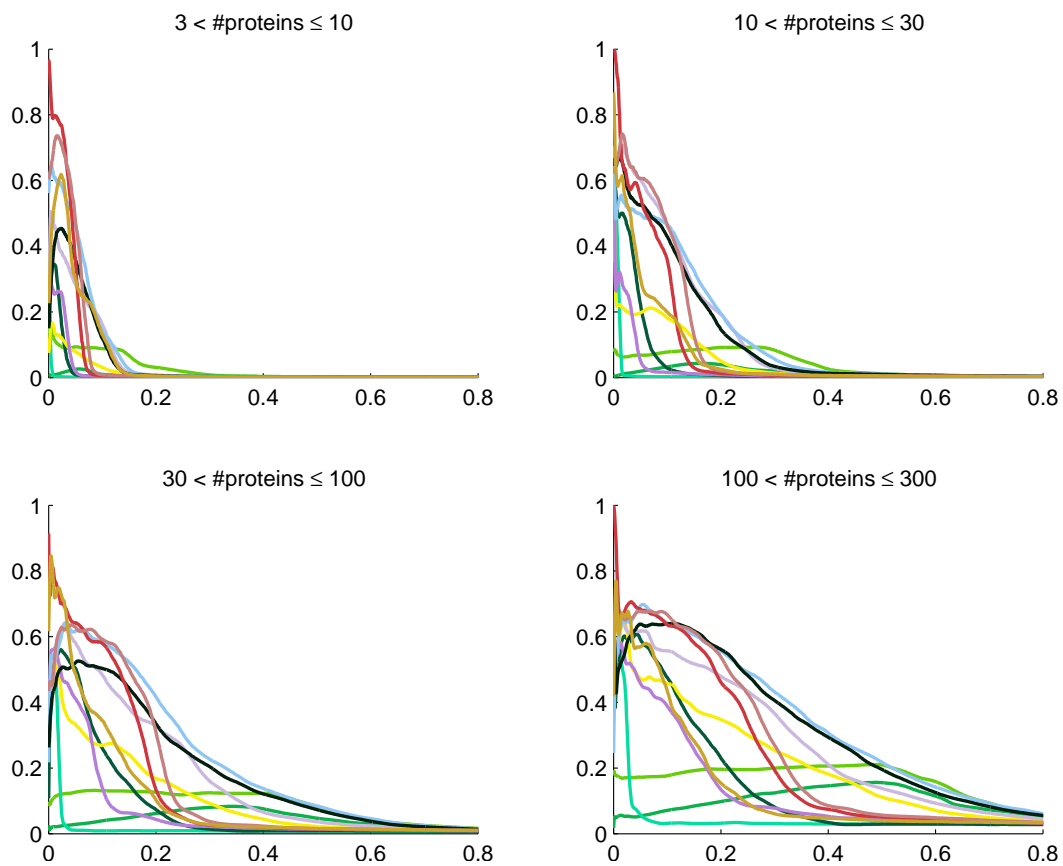


Figure S.41: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.



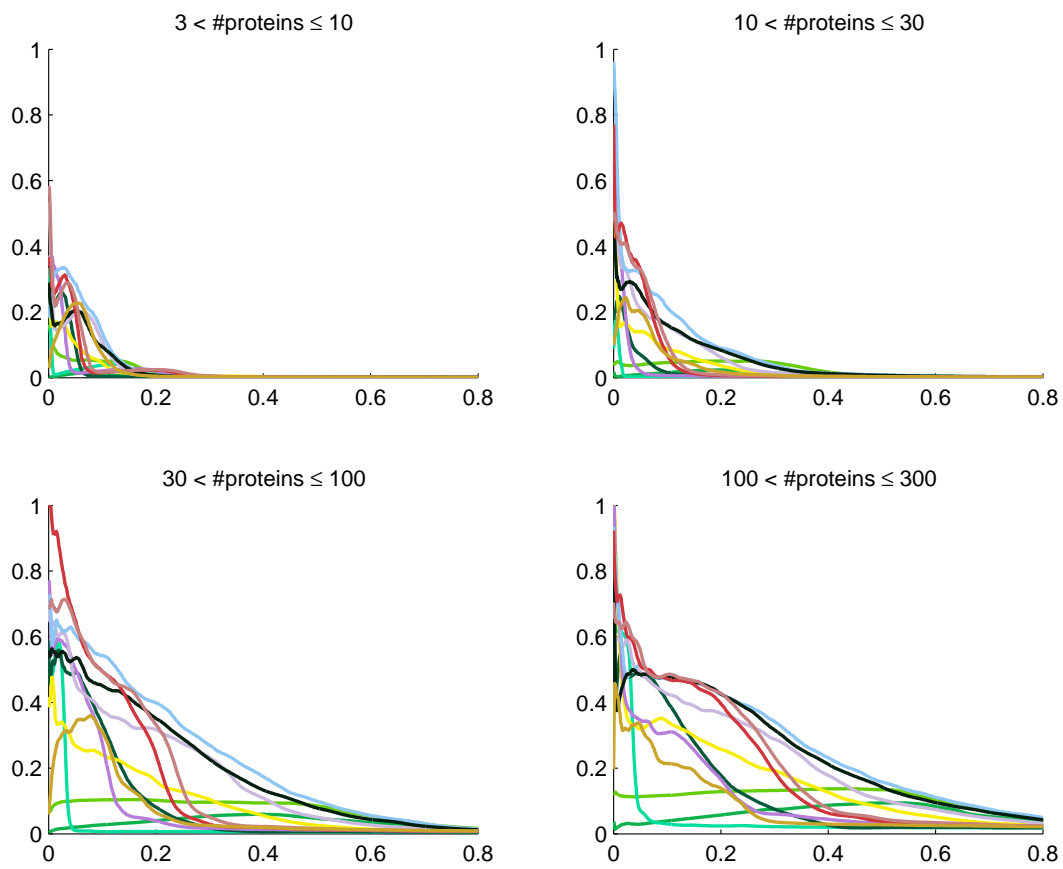


Figure S.42: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (test set)**  
Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.

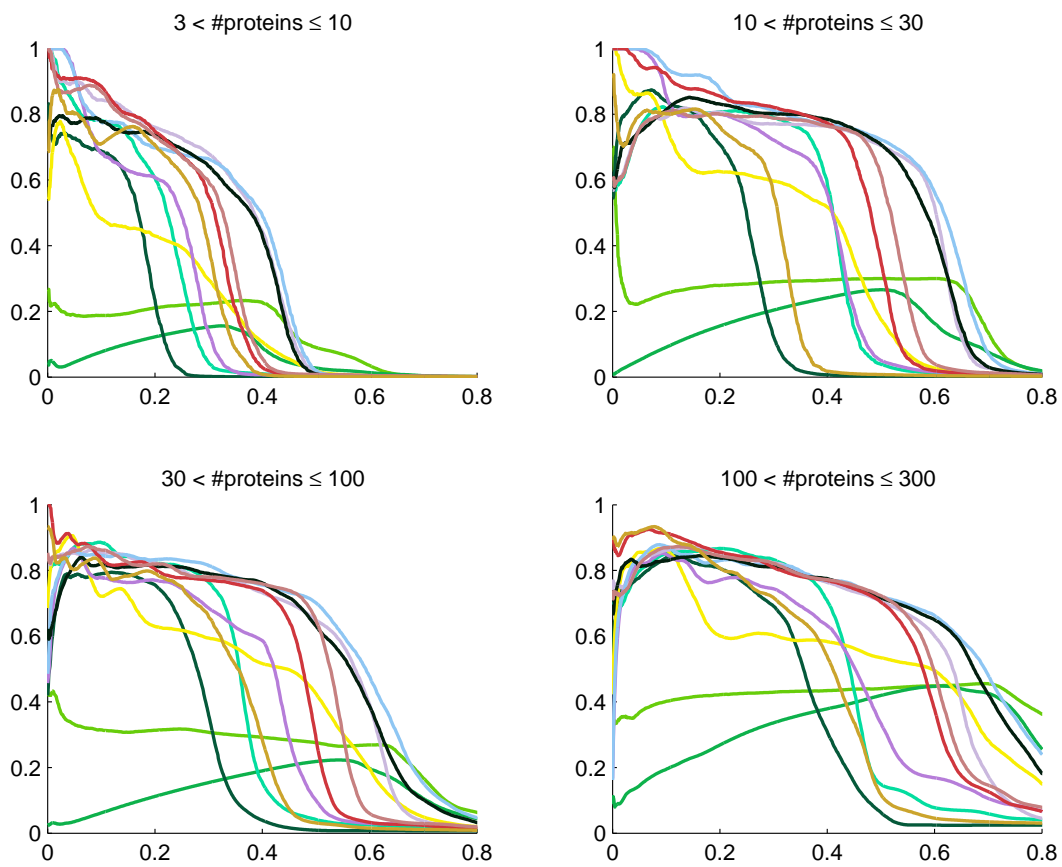


Figure S.43: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.

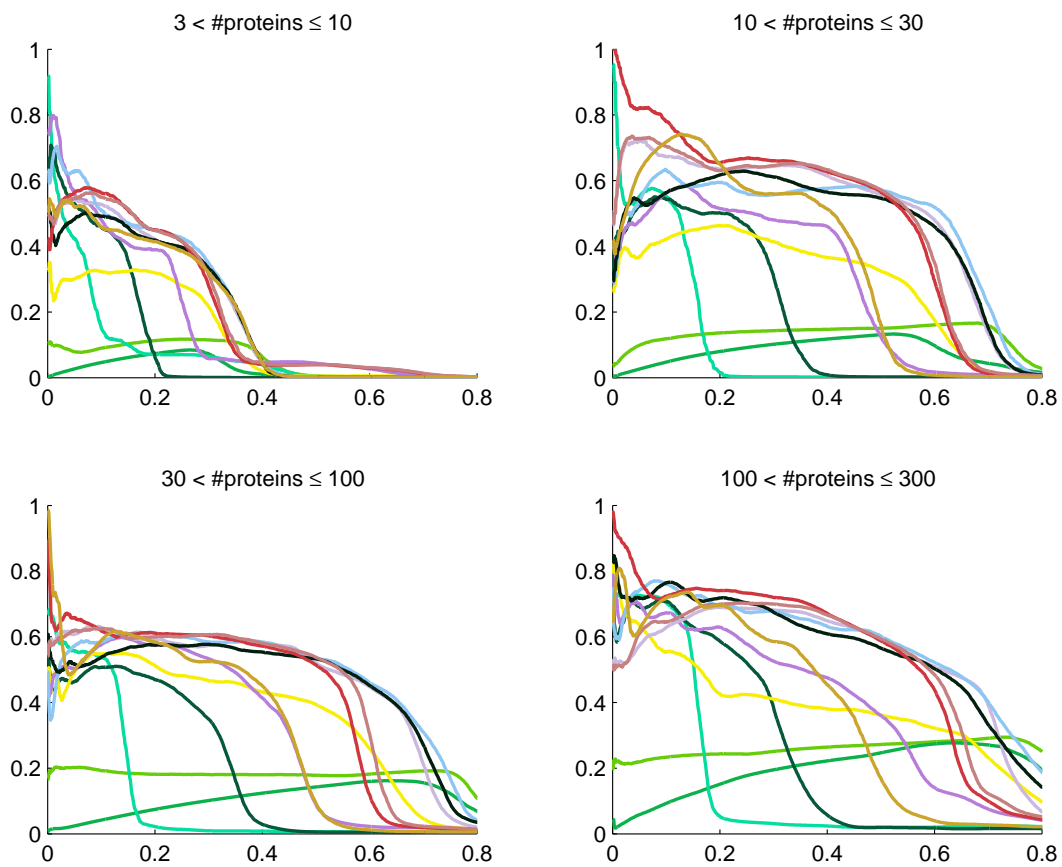


Figure S.44: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (test set)**  
Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.

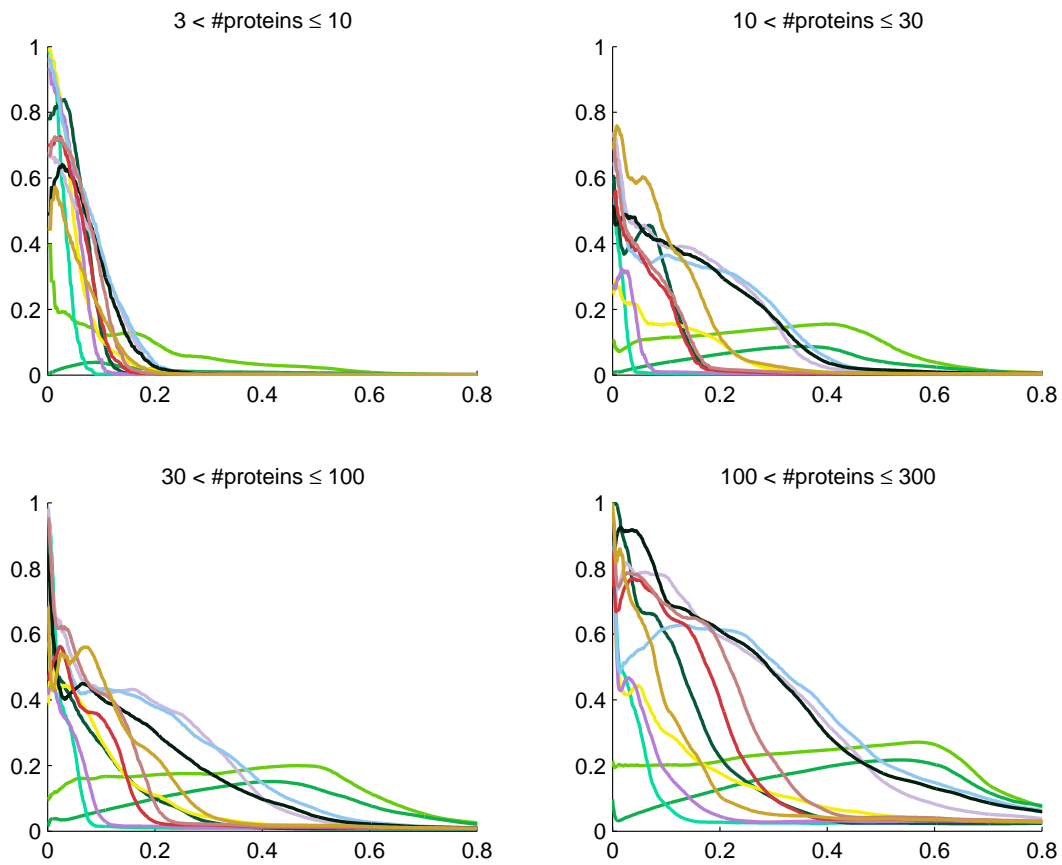


Figure S.45: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.

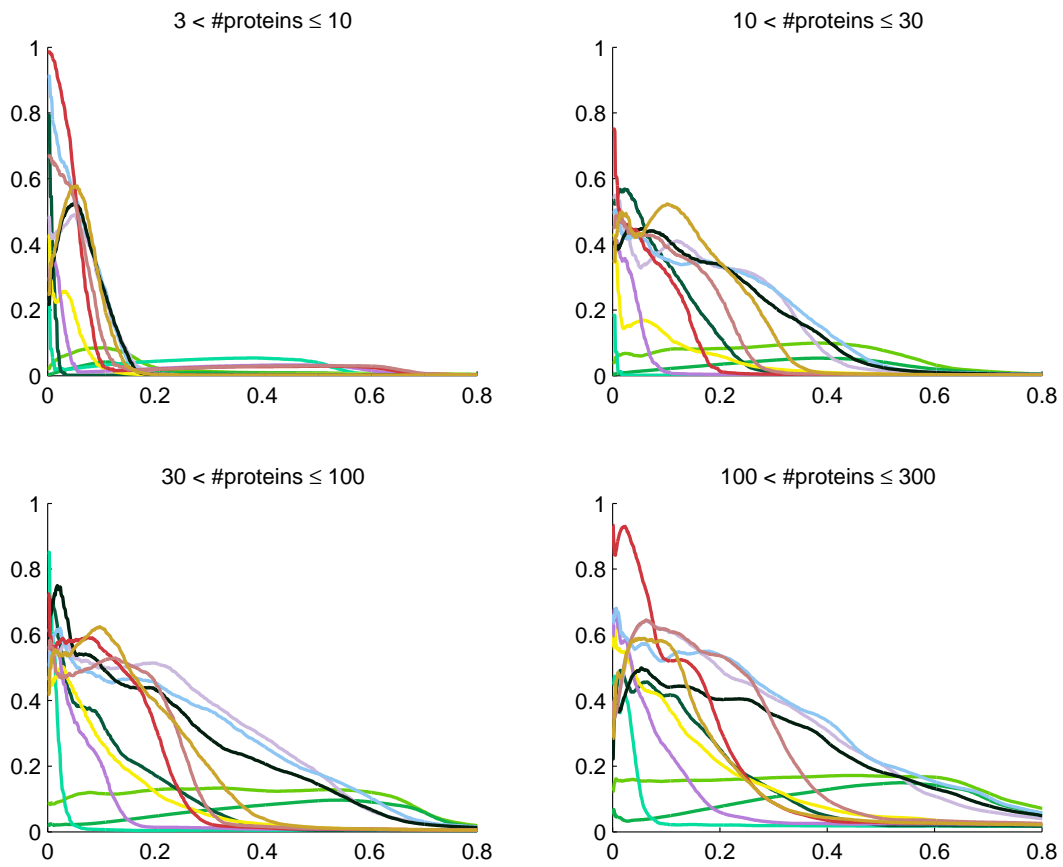


Figure S.46: **Precision-recall curves per size for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (test set)**  
Precision-recall curve for 4 groups of terms with different levels of specificity in the ontology.

### 3.4 Zoomed precision-recall curves (recall < 10%) by ontology and term size

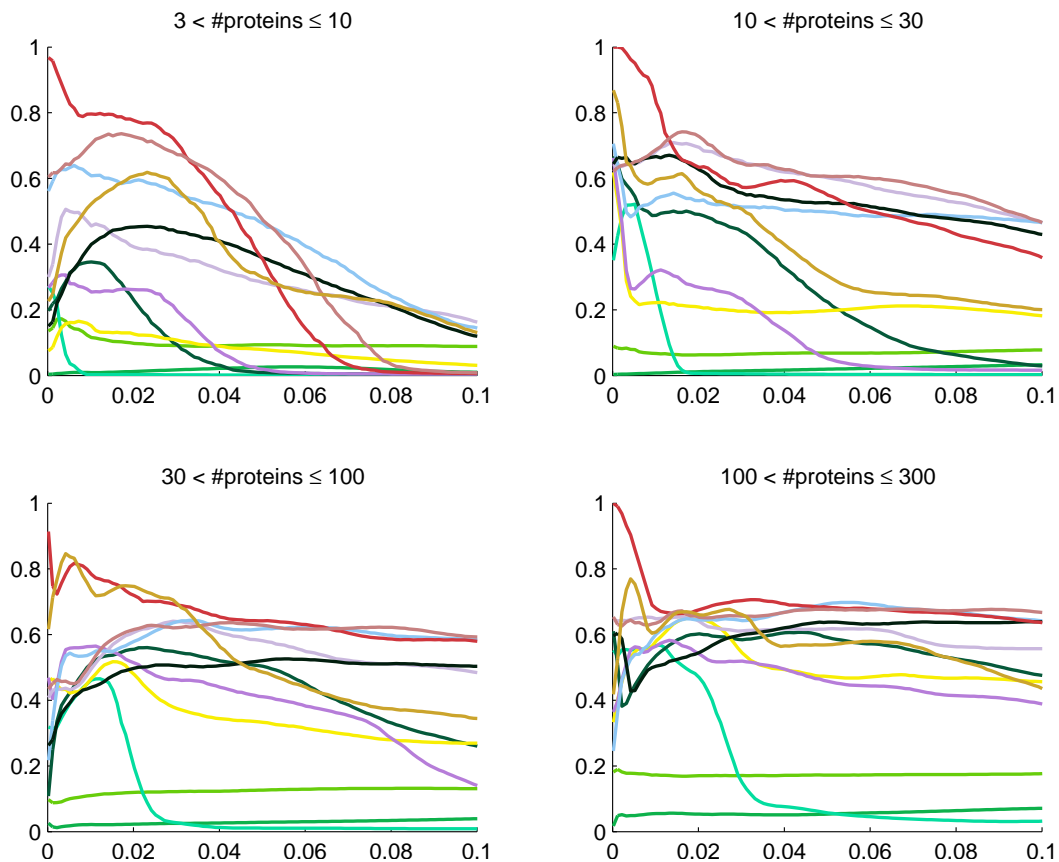


Figure S.47: Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (hold-out set). A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.

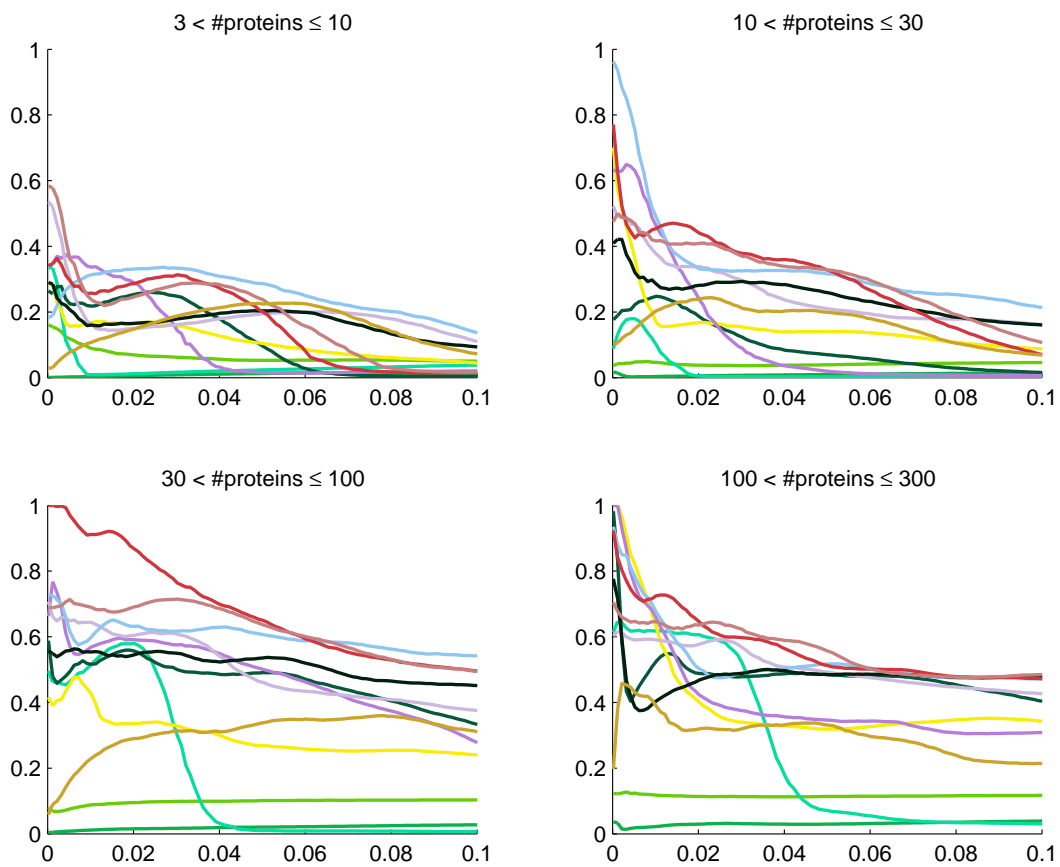


Figure S.48: **Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Biological Process ontology (test set)**  
 A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.

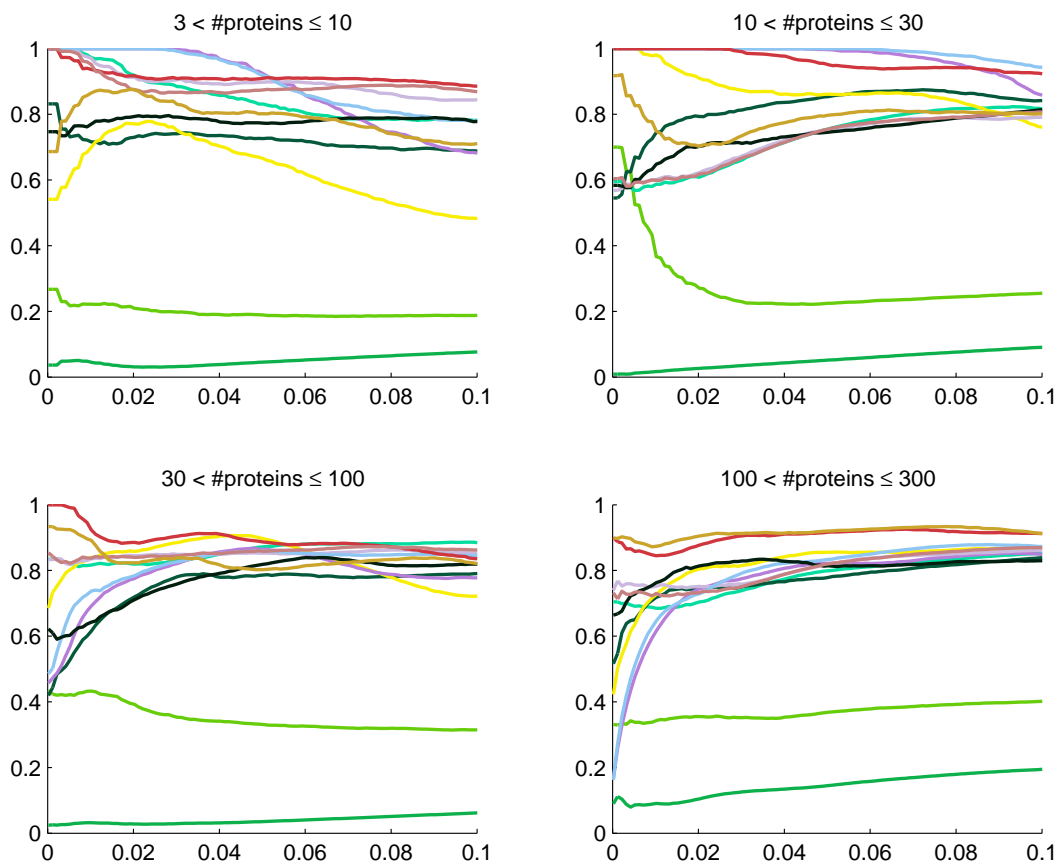


Figure S.49: **Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (hold-out set)** A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.



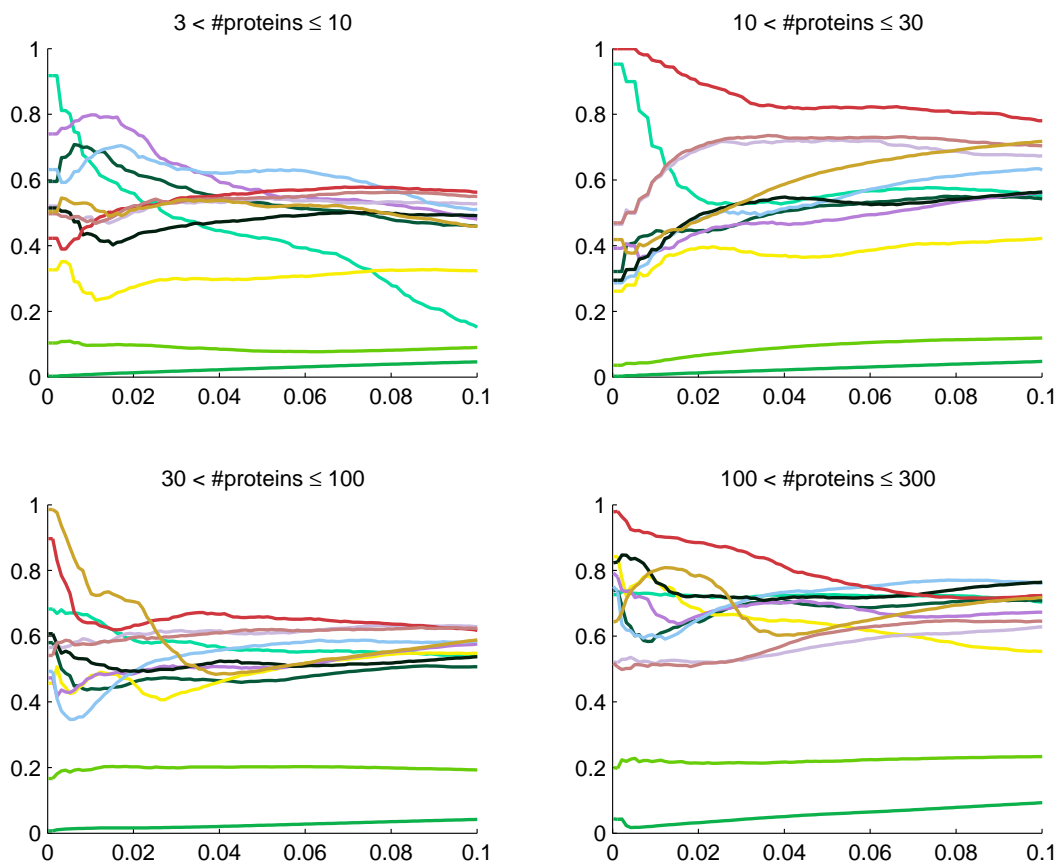


Figure S.50: **Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Molecular Function ontology (test set)** A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.

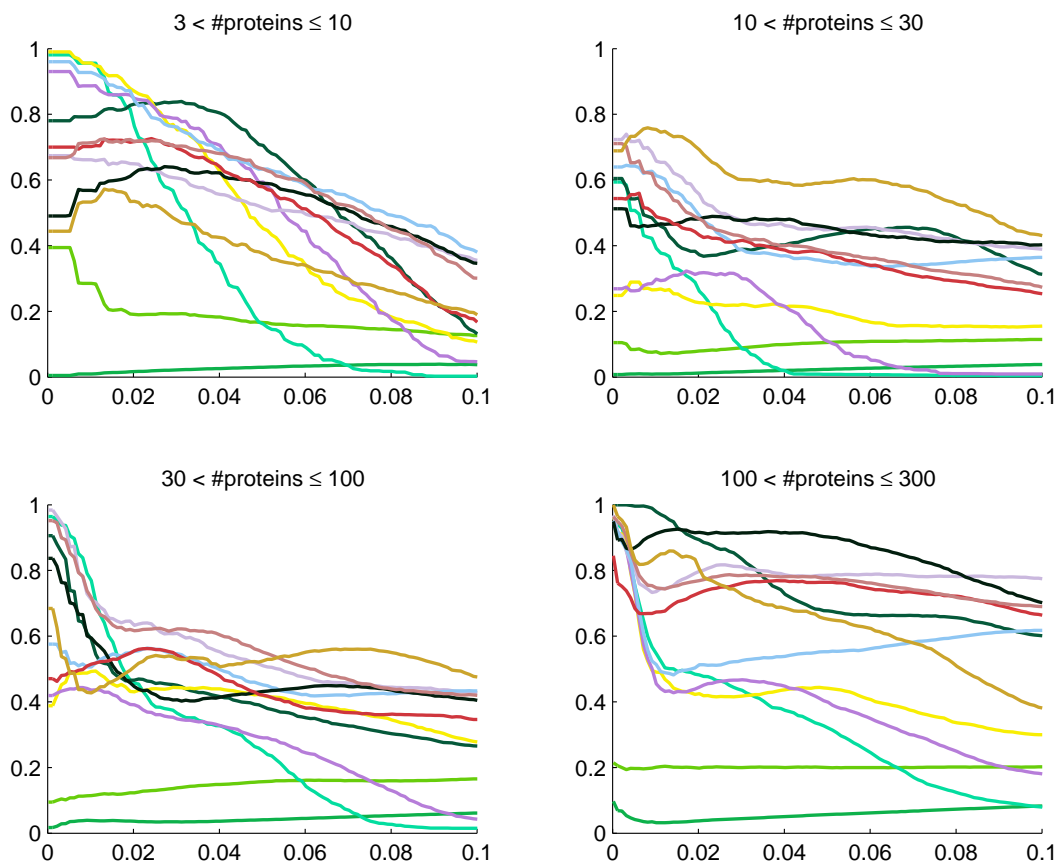


Figure S.51: **Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (hold-out set)** A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.

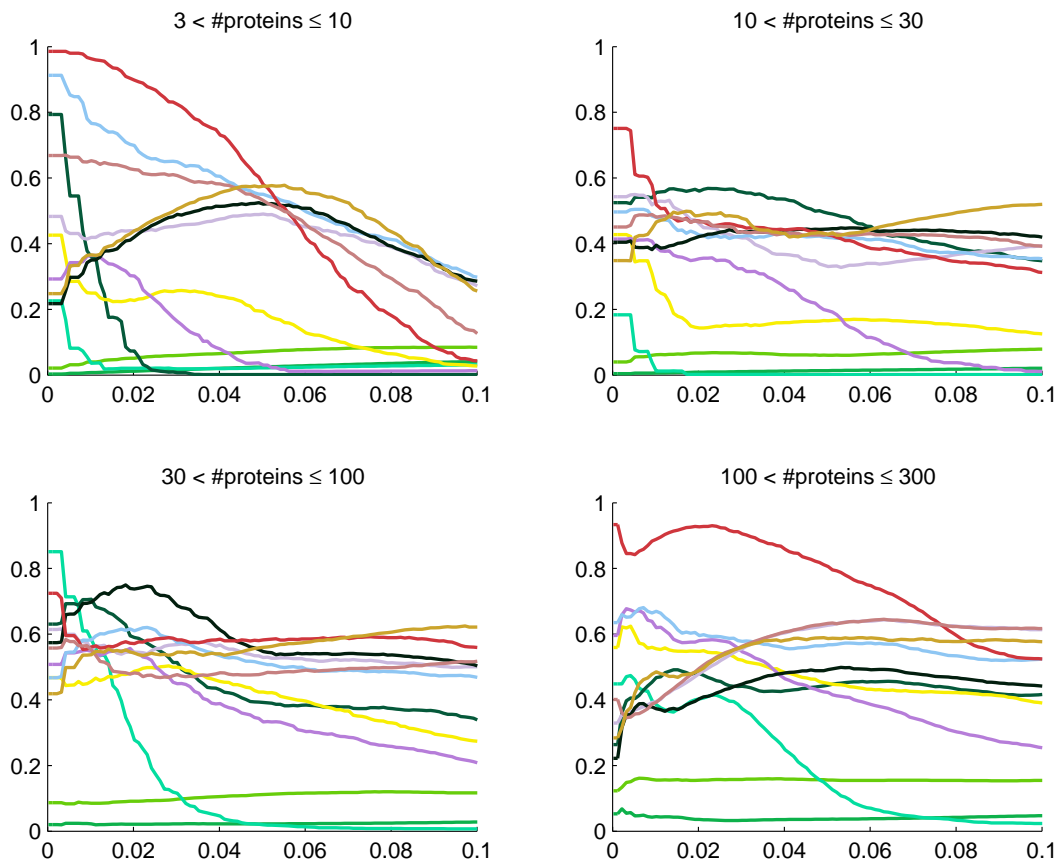


Figure S.52: **Truncated precision-recall curves for joint annotation in the Cellular Component ontology (test set)** A zoom-in of the high precision regime of the previous plot.

### 3.5 Directed graphs by ontology and term size

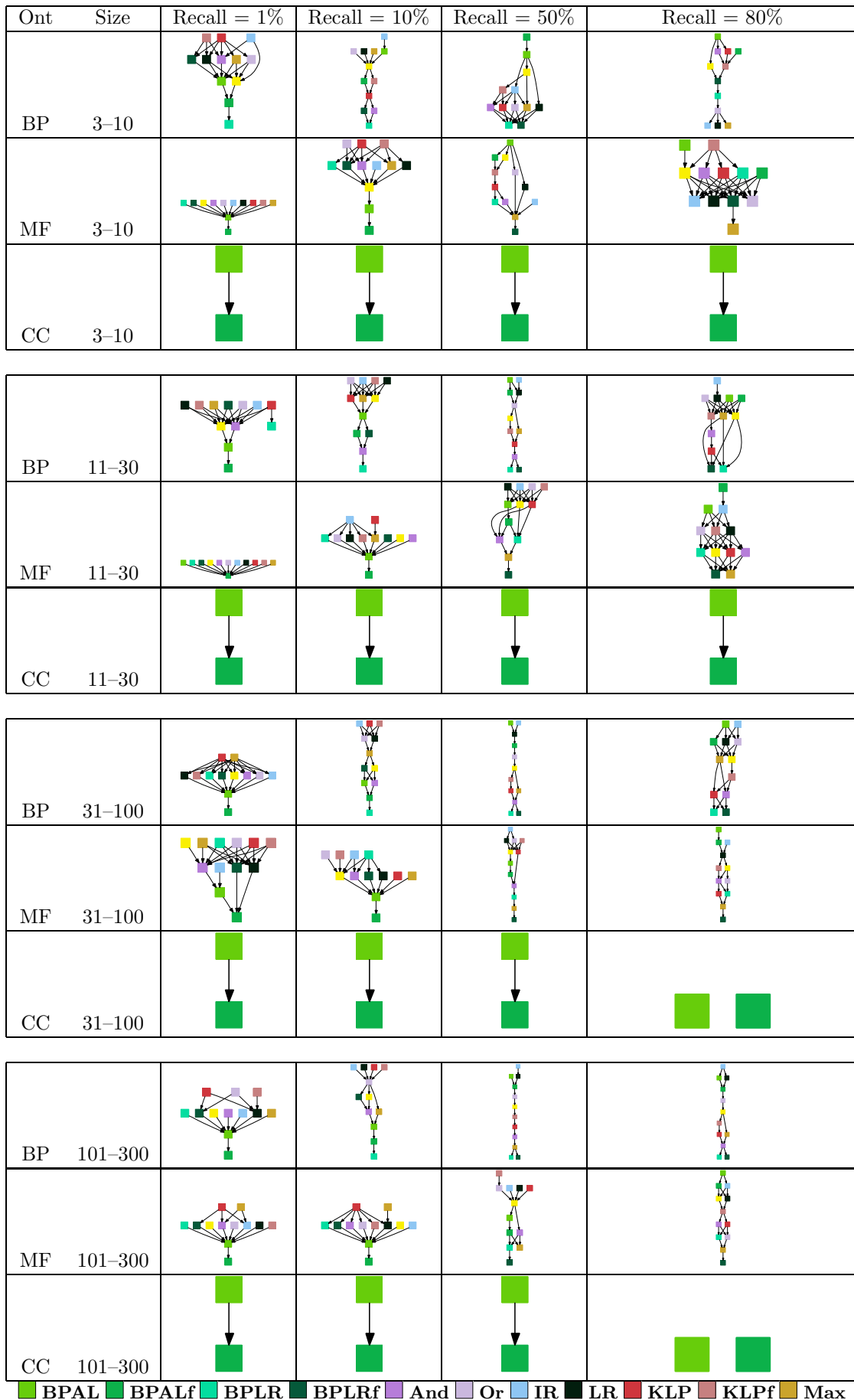


Figure S.53: **Statistical significance testing of joint evaluation (hold-out set)** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the bootstrap test.

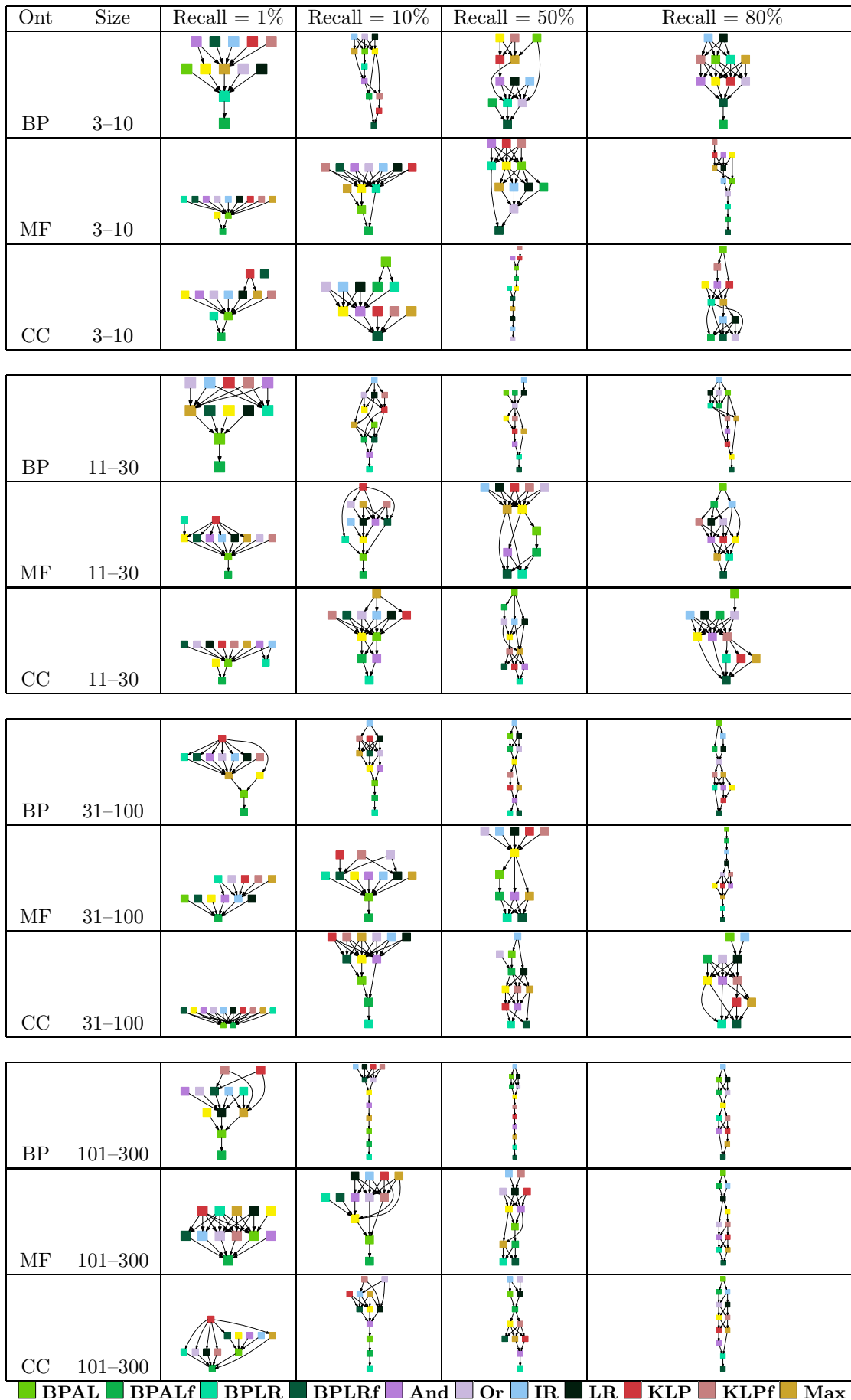


Figure S.54: **Statistical significance testing of joint evaluation (test set)** Each panel shows a directed graph in which nodes are methods and a directed edge from node  $A$  to node  $B$  indicates that method  $A$  performs significantly better than method  $B$  according to the bootstrap test.