

Streeck et al. | <http://www.jem.org/cgi/content/full/jem.20080281/DC1>

Table S1. Superinfection results in viral evolution in the majority of preexisting CD8⁺ T cell responses

	B27_KK10 Gag 830 SFC KRWIILGLNK	B27_VL9 Vpr 550 SFC VRHFPRIWL	B7_IL9 Env 480 SFC IPRRIRQGL	A2_AL9 Vpr 310 SFC ALIRILQQL	B27_IK9 Gag 230 SFC IRLRPGGKK	Cw1_CL9 Env 240 SFC CAPAGFAIL	Cw7_RY11 Nef 160 SFC KRQEILDWLWVY
Day 22	T1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day 83	T2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day 419	T3	....M....	.....	....S....	.....	.T.....	.....
Day 503	T4	....M....	.K.....	.V.....	.V.T....	.....	Q.....
Day 545	T5	.....	.....	.V.....	.V.T....	.....	Q.....
Day 664	T6	....M....	....N..	.V.....	.V.T....	.....	Q.....
Day 762	T7	...V.....	....N..	.V.....	.V.T....	....T...T..	Q.....
Day 860	T8	.K...M....	....N..	.V.....	.V.T....	....T...T..	Q.....
Day 1034	T9	.K...M....	....N..	.V.....	.V.T....	....T...V.I	Q.....

Superinfection and recombination events result in the development of mutations within six of the seven CD8 epitopes targeted early after primary infection.