## **Supporting Information**

Doyle et al. 10.1073/pnas.0801728105

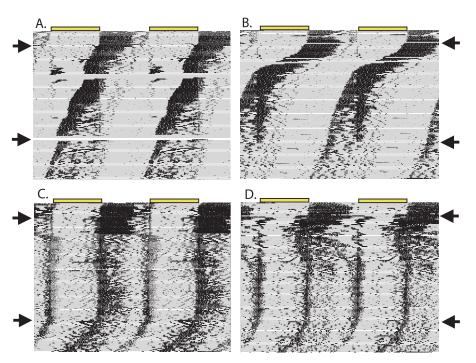


Fig. S1. Double-plotted wheel-running records from individual C57BL/6J mice that showed relative coordination of activity to the light phase in a dim-light:dark cycle (A and B) or smaller changes in phase angle accompanied by increases in activity at light:dark transitions (C and D). For the first 2 weeks of each record, animals were housed in a 150  $\mu$ W/cm² 12-hour light:12-hour dark cycle. On the days indicated by the upper arrows, the light intensity during the light phase was reduced to 0.0001  $\mu$ W/cm². On the days indicated by the lower arrows, mice were released into constant darkness.