

Supporting Information for
Polyoxometalate-Enhanced Oxidation of Organic Compounds
by Nanoparticulate Zero-Valent Iron and Ferrous Ion
in the Presence of Oxygen

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The supporting information consists of 6 pages, including 5 figures.

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Supporting Information S1

Estimation of K from the redox potentials of $\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}$ and POM/POM^-



$$E_H^0(\text{POM}/\text{POM}^-) - E_H^0(\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}) = -\Delta G^0/nF = (RT/nF) \ln K$$

Where, $F = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}$, $R = 8.314 \text{ J/mol/K}$, $E_H^0(\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}) = +0.771$, $E_H^0(\text{POM}/\text{POM}^-) = +0.218 \text{ V}$

$$\text{Therefore, } K = \text{Exp}[(0.218 - 0.771) \times (9.65 \times 10^4) / (8.314 \times 293)] = \underline{\mathbf{3.06 \times 10^{-10}}}$$

S1-2. Estimation of the redox potential of $\text{Fe}^{(\text{III})}\text{-POM}/\text{Fe}^{(\text{II})}\text{-POM}$ from the K value determined in this study (2.26×10^{-2})

$$\begin{aligned} E_H^0(\text{Fe}^{(\text{III})}\text{-POM}/\text{Fe}^{(\text{II})}\text{-POM}) &= (RT/nF) \ln K + E_H^0(\text{POM}/\text{POM}^-) \\ &= 0.218 - [(8.314 \times 293) / (9.65 \times 10^4) \times \ln(2.26 \times 10^{-2})] \\ &= \underline{\mathbf{0.314 \text{ V}}} \end{aligned}$$

Supporting Information S2

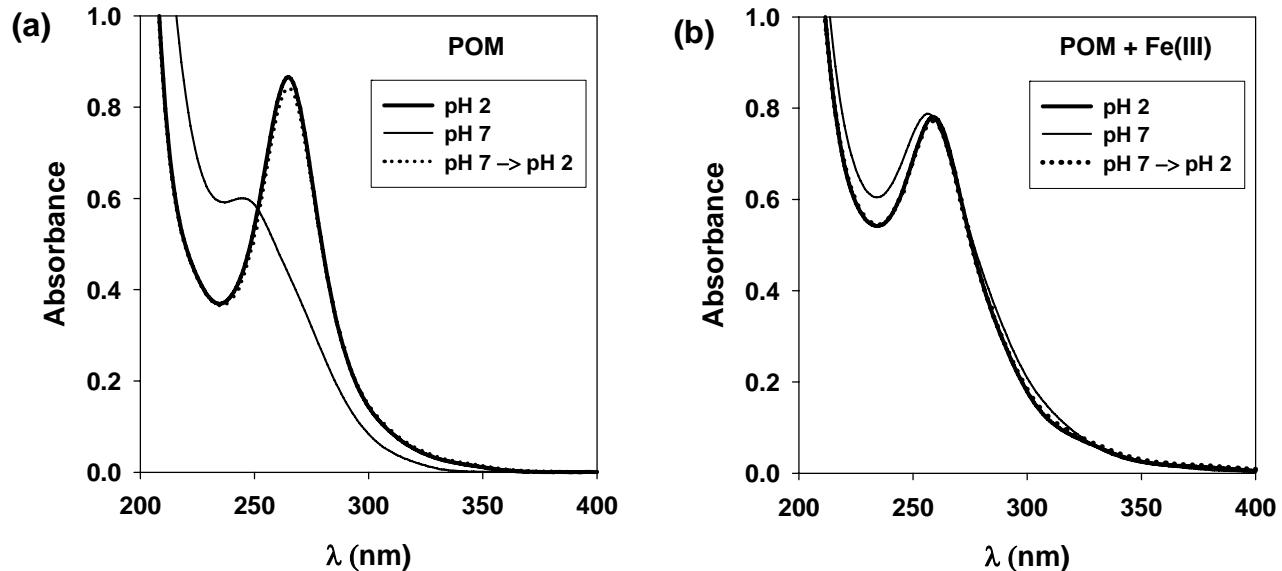


Figure S1. Reversible UV-vis absorption spectra of (a) POM and (b) Fe(III)-POM complexes: $[Fe(III)]_0 = [POM]_0 = 20 \mu M$; Deaerated conditions (argon saturation).

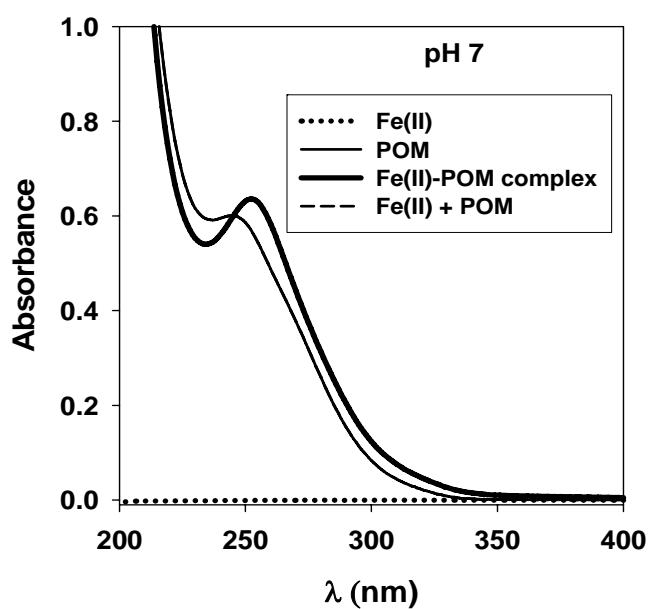


Figure S2. UV-vis absorption spectra of the solutions of POM and Fe(II) at pH 7: $[Fe(II)]_0 = [POM]_0 = 20 \mu M$; Deaerated conditions (argon saturation).

Supporting Information S3

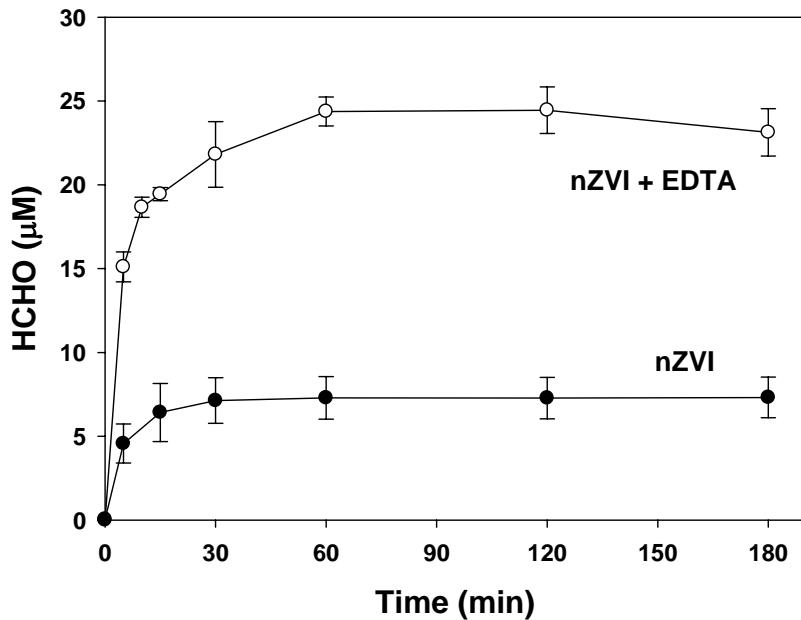


Figure S3. Effect of EDTA on HCHO production from nZVI: $[\text{Fe}^0]_0 = [\text{Fe(II)}]_0 = 0.15 \text{ mM}$, $[\text{EDTA}]_0 = 0.25 \text{ mM}$; $[\text{methanol}]_0 = 100 \text{ mM}$; $\text{pH} = 7$.

Supporting Information S4

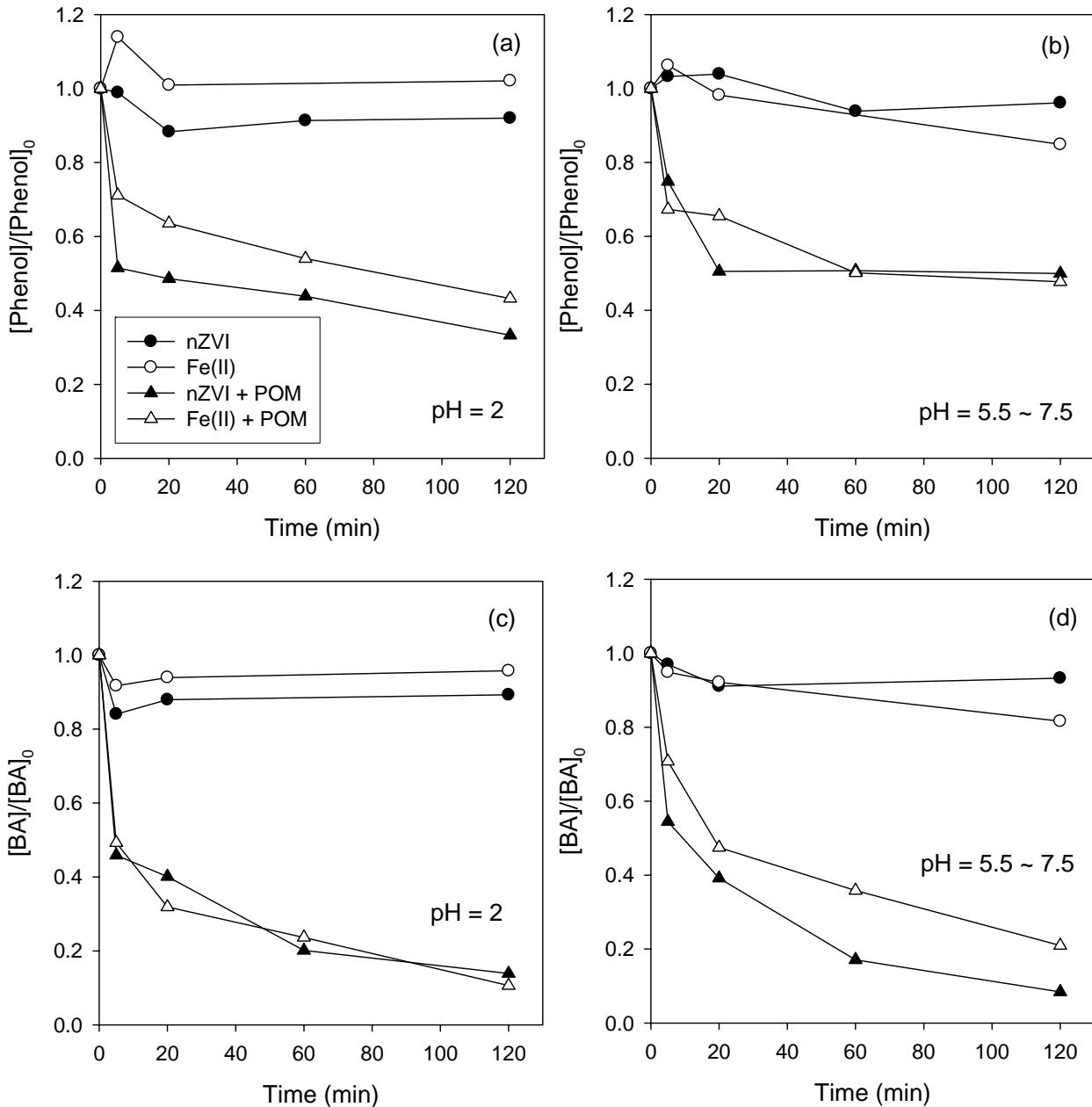


Figure S4. Degradation of organic compounds by nZVI and Fe(II) in the absence and presence of POM: $[Fe^0]_0 = [Fe(II)]_0 = 1 \text{ mM}$; $[POM]_0 = 1 \text{ mM}$; $[phenol]_0 = [benzoic \text{ acid}]_0 = 10 \mu\text{M}$

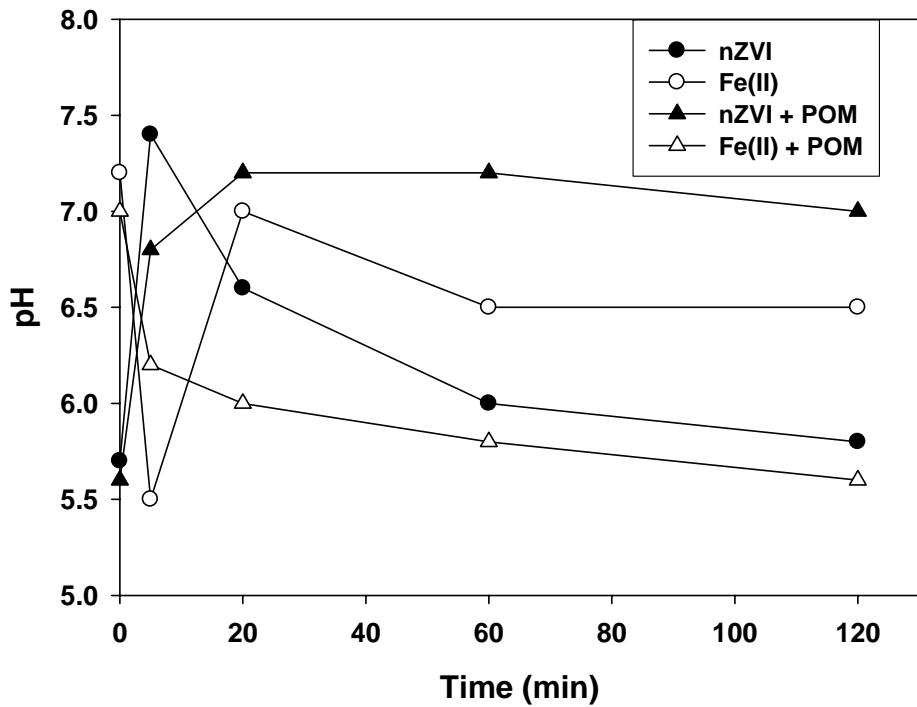


Figure S5. pH variation in the condition of Figure S4-1b