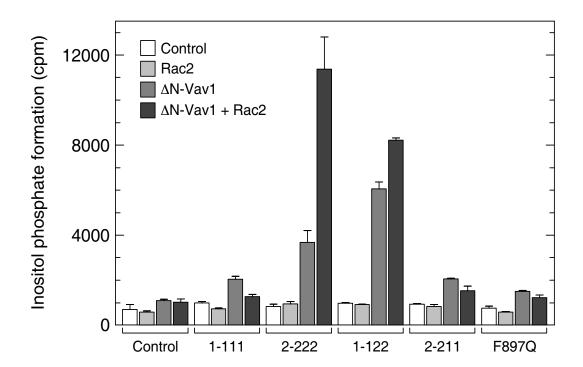
## Supplemental Figure 1. Regulation of wild-type and spPH mutants of PLC $\gamma$ 1 and PLC $\gamma$ 2 by $\Delta$ N-Vav1.

COS-7 cells were cotransfected as indicated with empty vector (*Control*), vectors encoding wild-type Rac2 (250 ng per well),  $\Delta$ N-Vav1 (500 ng per well), and/or wild-type or mutant PLC $\gamma$  isozymes. The amounts of vectors encoding the PLC $\gamma$  isozymes were adjusted according to their basal activities shown in the left panel of Fig. 3B and Fig. 7B: PLC $\gamma$ 1-111, 300 ng per well; PLC $\gamma$ 2-222, 1000 ng per well; PLC $\gamma$ 1-122, 10 ng per well; PLC $\gamma$ 2-211, 1000 ng per well, and PLC $\gamma$ 2-F897Q, 1000 ng per well. The total amount of DNA was maintained constant at 1.75 µg per well in each transfection by adding empty vector. *Top panel*, cells from one well were lysed in 200 µl of SDS-PAGE sample preparation buffer. An aliquot (25 µl) of the lysate was subjected to SDS-PAGE, and immunoblotting was performed using an antibody reactive with the *c*-myc epitope. In additional experiments (results not shown), it was found that PLC $\gamma$ 1-122 was in fact present, albeit at much lower levels in transfected COS-7 cells, and that  $\Delta$ N-Vav 1 was present at the same level in cells transfected with the corresponding vector.

## Supplemental Figure 2. Membrane localization of chimeric PLCy proteins.

COS-7 cells were seeded on 10 cm cell culture plates (2 x  $10^6$  cells/plate) and transfected with 15 µg per plate of vector encoding wild-type PLC $\gamma$ 1 (I-I1I1), wild-type PLC $\gamma$ 2 (2-2222) or the chimeric mutants PLC $\gamma$ 1-121 (I-I2I1), PLC $\gamma$ 1-112 (I-I1I2), PLC $\gamma$ 1-122 (I-I1I2), PLC $\gamma$ 2-212 (I-I1I2), PLC $\gamma$ 2-221 (I-I1I2), or PLC $\gamma$ 2-211 (I-I1I1). All PLC $\gamma$ 1 polypeptides contain a c-I1I2 were harvested, homogenized, and fractionated into postnuclear soluble (I2) and particulate (I2) constituents. Aliquots of the fractions containing 50 µg of protein were subjected to SDS-PAGE, and immunoblotting was performed using antibodies reactive against the c-I1I2I2 and GI3I3I3I3I4 (I3I3I3I3I4 as a marker for the particulate fraction containing plasma membranes of transfected cells.



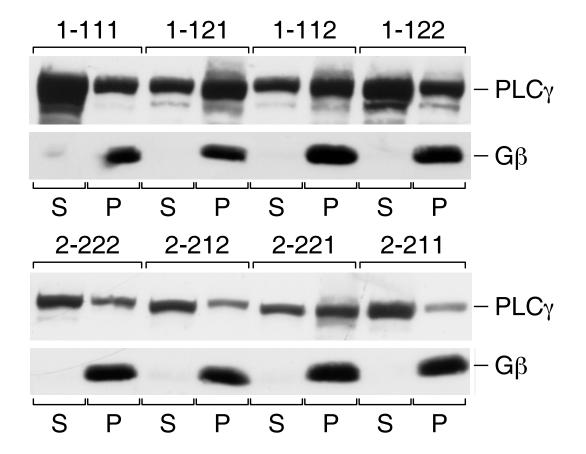


Figure S2