

Supplementary material for the paper "Population viscosity can promote the evolution of altruistic sterile helpers and eusociality": evaluation of the invasion conditions

### Equilibrium probabilities of identity by descent

Vector gathering all the probabilities of identity coefficients needed for the diploid genetic system:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Solve} & \left[ \left\{ Q_{J,ff} == \right. \right. \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm} \right), \\
 & Q_{J,fm} == \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} + \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm} \right), Q_{J,mm} == \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm} \right), \right. \\
 & F == (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} \Big\}, \{Q_{J,ff}, Q_{J,fm}, Q_{J,mm}, F\} \Big];
 \end{aligned}$$
  

$$\text{vecQDiplo} = \text{Flatten} \left[ \left\{ \left\{ Q_f \rightarrow \frac{(1+F)}{2}, Q_m \rightarrow \frac{(1+F)}{2}, Q_{ff} \rightarrow (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff}, Q_{fm} \rightarrow (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm}, \right. \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. \left. Q_{mm} \rightarrow (1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm}, Q_{R,ff} \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left( \frac{n-1}{n} \right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right\} / . \% , \% \right\} \right] // \text{FullSimplify}$$
  

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned}
 Q_f &\rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+2n)}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, Q_m &\rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+2n)}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, Q_{ff} &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1+m)^2}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, \\
 Q_{fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1+m)^2}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, Q_{mm} &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1+m)^2}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, Q_{R,ff} &\rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2+m)m}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, \\
 Q_{J,ff} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, Q_{J,mm} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, \\
 Q_{J,fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)}, F &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1+m)^2}{-1 + (-2+m)m(-1+4n)} \Big\}
 \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left\{ \begin{aligned} Q_f &\rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 2 n)}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_m \rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 2 n)}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{ff} \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{mm} \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{R,ff} \rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{J,ff} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{J,mm} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{J,fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad F \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)} \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left\{ \begin{aligned} Q_f &\rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 2 n)}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_m \rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 2 n)}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{ff} \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{mm} \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{R,ff} \rightarrow \frac{-1 + (-2 + m) m}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{J,ff} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad Q_{J,mm} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \\ Q_{J,fm} &\rightarrow -\frac{1}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)}, \quad F \rightarrow -\frac{(-1 + m)^2}{-1 + (-2 + m) m (-1 + 4 n)} \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Vector gathering all the probabilities of identity coefficients needed for the haplo-diploid genetic system:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Solve} \left[ \begin{aligned} Q_{J,ff} &= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{n} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm} \right), \\ Q_{J,fm} &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm}, \\ Q_{J,mm} &= \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff}, \\ F &= (1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm} \end{aligned} \right]; \end{aligned}$$

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vecQHaploDiplo =
Flatten[{{Qf ->  $\frac{(1+F)}{2}$ , Qm -> 1, Qff ->  $(1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff}$ , Qfm ->  $(1-m)^2 Q_{J,fm}$ , Qmm ->  $(1-m)^2 Q_{J,mm}$ ,
    QR,ff ->  $\frac{1}{n} \frac{(1+F)}{2} + \left( \frac{n-1}{n} \right) (1-m)^2 Q_{J,ff}$  } ] // FullSimplify

{Qf ->  $\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{(-1+m)^2}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)} \right)$ , Qm -> 1,
    Qff ->  $-\frac{(-1+m)^2 (-2+(-2+m) m)}{2 (1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n))}$ , Qfm ->  $\frac{(-1+m)^2}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ ,
    Qmm ->  $-\frac{(-1+m)^2 (-1+(-2+m) m)}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ , QR,ff ->  $\frac{1 - (-2+m) m}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ ,
    QJ,mm ->  $\frac{1 - (-2+m) m}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ , QJ,ff ->  $\frac{2 - (-2+m) m}{2 (1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n))}$ ,
    QJ,fm ->  $\frac{1}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ , F ->  $\frac{(-1+m)^2}{1 + (-2+m) m ((-2+m) m (-1+n) - 3 n)}$ }

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### Check of equation (4) of the main text (maternal control of the trait)

Inclusive fitness effect (S) obtained by summing up the components listed in Table 2 of the main text:

$$S := \{-C, C(1-m)^2, B(1-(1-m)^2)\} \cdot \{v_f(t_{ff}Q_f + t_{fm}Q_{fm}) + v_m(t_{mf}Q_f + t_{mm}Q_{fm}), \\ v_f(t_{ff}Q_{R,ff} + t_{fm}Q_{fm}) + v_m(t_{mf}Q_{R,ff} + t_{mm}Q_{fm}), v_f(t_{ff}Q_{ff} + t_{fm}Q_{fm}) + v_m(t_{mf}Q_{ff} + t_{mm}Q_{fm})\}$$

Threshold cost to benefit ratio for the diploid genetic system:

$$S / . \left\{ v_f \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, v_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{ff} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{fm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mf} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \right\} / . \text{vecQDiplo};$$

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C /. Extract[Solve[% == 0 /. B -> 1, C], {1}];
```

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\% == \frac{(1-m)^2}{n}\right]$$

True

Threshold cost to benefit ratio for the haplo-diploid genetic system:

$$S / . \left\{ v_f \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}, v_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}, t_{ff} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{fm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mf} \rightarrow 1, t_{mm} \rightarrow 0 \right\} / . \text{vecQHaploDiplo};$$

```
C /. Extract[Solve[% == 0 /. B -> 1, C], {1}];
```

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\% == \frac{(1 - m)^2}{n}\right]$$

True

### Check of equation (5) of the main text (offspring control of the trait)

Inclusive fitness effect (S) obtained by summing up the components listed in Table 3 of the main text:

$$\begin{aligned} S := & \{-C, C(1-m)^2, B(1-(1-m)^2)\}. \\ & \{\nu_f(t_{ff}Q_f + t_{fm}Q_f) + \nu_m(t_{mf}Q_m + t_{mm}Q_m), \nu_f(t_{ff}Q_{J,ff} + t_{fm}Q_{J,ff}) + \nu_m(t_{mf}Q_{J,mm} + t_{mm}Q_{J,mm}), \\ & \nu_f(t_{ff}(xQ_{ff} + (1-x)Q_{fm}) + t_{fm}(xQ_{fm} + (1-x)Q_{mm})) + \\ & \nu_m(t_{mf}(xQ_{ff} + (1-x)Q_{fm}) + t_{mm}(xQ_{fm} + (1-x)Q_{mm}))\} \end{aligned}$$

Threshold cost to benefit ratio for the diploid genetic system:

$$S /. \left\{ \nu_f \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, \nu_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{ff} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{fm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mf} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \right\} /. \text{vecQDiplo};$$

C /. Extract[Solve[% == 0 /. B → 1, C], {1}];

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\% == \frac{(1 - m)^2}{2 n}\right]$$

True

Threshold cost to benefit ratio for the haplo-diploid genetic system:

$$S /. \left\{ \nu_f \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}, \nu_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}, t_{ff} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{fm} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, t_{mf} \rightarrow 1, t_{mm} \rightarrow 0 \right\} /. \text{vecQHaploDiplo};$$

C /. Extract[Solve[% == 0 /. B → 1, C], {1}];

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\% == \frac{(1 - m)^2}{2 n}\right]$$

True