

Zirconium Bis(Amido) Catalysts for Asymmetric Intramolecular Alkene Hydroamination

*Donald A. Watson, Melanie Chiu and Robert G. Bergman**

Department of Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley, California 94720-1460

rbergman@berkeley.edu

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General Experimental Details.

“Oven-dried” glassware was dried at 180 °C for at least 12 h before use. THF, CH₂Cl₂, and PhMe were dried according to published procedures.¹ Triethylamine, pyridine, F-Ph, and Cl-Ph were distilled from CaH₂ and deoxygenated prior to use. 1,4-Dioxane was distilled from Na/benzophenone ketyl prior to use. For in situ NMR experiments, C₆D₆ and d₈-toluene were sparged with N₂ and stored over 4Å molecular sieves prior to use. Ligands were dried under high vacuum (*ca.* 20 mtorr) for at least 12 h prior to use. Hydroamination substrates were prepared according to literature procedures.² All other reagents and solvents were purchased at highest commercial quality and used as received. Unless otherwise noted, reactions were run using standard Shlenk line techniques. Where noted a nitrogen filled glovebox was used.

General Procedures:

General Procedure 1. Preparation of Diarylphosphinic Acids. In an oven-dried flask protected by an atmosphere of N₂, a rapidly stirred solution of aryl bromide in THF was treated dropwise with a solution of either ⁱPrMgCl or ^tBuLi at –78 °C. The solution was stirred for 10 min, warmed to 25 °C and stirred for 30 min. The solution was re-cooled to –78 °C and treated with 0.5 equivalents Cl₂P(O)NMe₂ in one portion. The reaction mixture was warmed to 25 °C and stirred for 12 h. The flask was opened to the atmosphere and treated with 3 equivalents of 6 M aqueous HCl. The resulting suspension was rapidly stirred for 3–12 h until the reaction was completed as judged by TLC or ³¹P NMR analysis³ and then worked up and purified as indicated.

General Procedure 2. Preparation of Diphosphinic Amide Ligands from Chlorodiarylphosphines or Chlorodialkylphosphines. In an oven-dried 20 mL vial protected by an atmosphere of N₂ and equipped with a septum and a magnetic stirbar, R₂PCl (2.1 equiv) was added to a solution of chiral diamine (1 equiv) and Et₃N (5 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h, opened to the atmosphere, and cooled to 0 °C with an ice bath. A solution of either *t*-BuOOH (5.5 M in decane, 3-4 equiv) or H₂O₂ (30% aqueous, 3-4 equiv) was slowly added (note: oxidation is exothermic). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, then at 25 °C for 30 min before being quenched with aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ (1 M, 10 equiv). The resulting biphasic solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified as specified below.

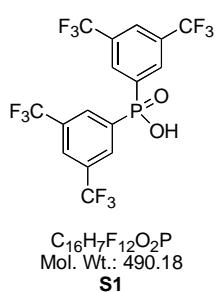
¹ Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. *Organometallics* **1996**, *15*, 1518.

² (a) Tamaru, Y.; Hojo, M.; Higashimura, H.; Yoshida, Z. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 3994–4002. (b) Harding, K. E.; Burks, S. R. *J. Org. Chem.* **1981**, *46*, 3920–3922. (c) Hurd, C. D.; Jenkins, W. W. *J. Org. Chem.* **1957**, *22*, 1418–1423.

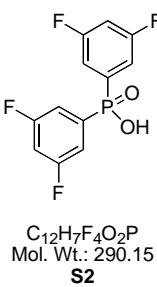
³ Monitoring by ³¹P NMR was readily accomplished by transferring a 200 µL sample of the biphasic solution into an NMR tube containing 0.6 mL CDCl₃ and obtaining a spectrum directly of the solution once the water layer had risen to top of the biphasic solution.

General Procedure 3. Preparation of Diphosphinic Amide Ligands from Diarylphosphinic Acids. In an oven-dried Schlenk flask protected by an atmosphere of N₂ and equipped with a reflux condenser, stirbar and nitrogen inlet, the diarylphosphinic acid was dissolved in an excess of SOCl₂ and then heated at reflux for 30 min. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25 °C, the reflux condenser was replaced with a greased glass stopper and the remaining SOCl₂ was removed in vacuo. The resulting phosphinic chloride was dried under high vacuum (*ca.* 100 mm Hg) for at least 12 h before continuing. The glass stopper was then replaced with a rubber septum and the phosphinic chloride was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂. Triethylamine (2.5 equiv) and chiral diamine (0.5 equiv) were then added and the reaction mixture was stirred for another 12 h. The flask was then opened to the atmosphere and worked up by the addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. Extraction with CH₂Cl₂, followed by drying the combined extracts (Na₂SO₄) and concentration in vacuo provided the crude ligand, which was purified as described below.

Preparation of Diarylphosphinic Acids:



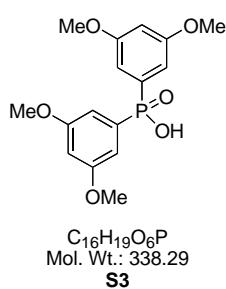
Bis(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)phosphinic Acid (S1): 3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl bromide (18.09 g, 61.7 mmol, 10.5 mL), isopropyl magnesium chloride (34.1 mL, 61.7 mmol, 1.8 M in Et₂O), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (5.0 g, 30.9 mmol, 3.67 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (30 mL) and THF (150 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1. The reaction mixture was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and the combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated in vacuo and purified by precipitation from THF/hexane solution to give 6.50 g (43%) of **S1** as an off-white powder: IR (solid) cm⁻¹ 1281, 1135, 674; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ 8.39 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 4 H), 8.23 (s, 4 H), 6.69 (br. s, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ 138.5 (d, *J* = 135.7 Hz), 132.2-132.6 (m), 130.9 (qd, *J* = 33.0, 13.2 Hz), 125.8-126.1 (m), 123.4 (q, *J* = 272.9 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ -60.7; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ 14.0; HRMS (ESI⁺) *m/z* 575.9991 [575.9975 calcd for C₁₆H₇F₁₂O₂P (M+2Na-H+CH₃CN)⁺].⁴



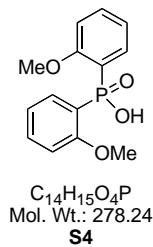
Bis(3,5-difluorophenyl)phosphinic Acid (S2): 3,5-Difluorophenyl bromide (7.72 g, 40.0 mmol, 4.6 mL), isopropylmagnesium chloride (22.1 mL, 40 mmol, 1.8 M in Et₂O), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (3.8 g, 30.9 mmol, 2.99 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (20 mL) and THF (120 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1. The reaction mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by precipitation from CH₂Cl₂/hexane solution to give 1.35 g (10%) of **S2** as a colorless

⁴ Acetonitrile from electrospray mass spectrometer.

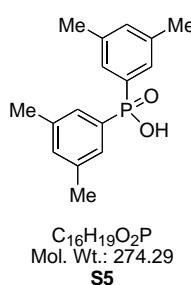
powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 1584, 1421, 1928, 977; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 8.77 (br. s, 1 H), 7.39-7.57 (m, 6 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 162.7 (ddd, $J = 250.3, 20.5, 11.0$ Hz), 139.2 (dt, $J = 138.3, 5.9$ Hz), 114.7 (ddd, $J = 18.3, 10.2, 8.1$ Hz), 107.9 (t, $J = 24.9$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ -107.1; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 16.9 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz); HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 376.0103 [376.0108 calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_7\text{F}_4\text{O}_2\text{P} (\text{M}+2\text{Na}-\text{H}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN})^+$].⁴



Bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphinic Acid (S3): 3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl bromide (4.34 g, 20 mmol), *t*-BuLi (24.2 mL, 40 mmol, 1.65 M in pentane), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (1.61 g, 10 mmol, 1.19 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (10 mL) and THF (100 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1 to give a thick, white heterogeneous suspension. The suspension was filtered, and the precipitate was washed with water (50 mL) and Et₂O (200 mL) to give 2.0 g (74%) of **S3** as a colorless powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 1607, 1409, 1199, 1152; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 6.78 (dd, $J = 13.2, 2.2$ Hz, 4 H), 6.61 (t, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 2 H), 3.72 (s, 12 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 160.8 (d, $J = 18.3$ Hz), 137.3 (d, $J = 134.2$ Hz), 108.9 (d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 103.4 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz), 55.8; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 23.0; HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 383.0636 [383.0636 calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_6\text{P} (\text{M}+2\text{Na}-\text{H})^+$].

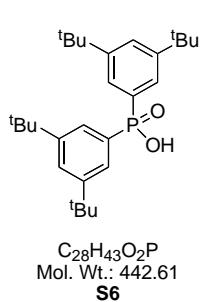


Di(*o*-methoxyphenyl)phosphinic Acid (S4): *O*-methoxyphenyl bromide (3.74 g, 20 mmol), *t*-BuLi (24.2 mL, 40 mmol, 1.65 M in pentane), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (1.61 g, 10 mmol, 1.19 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (10 mL) and THF (100 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1 to give a thick, white heterogenous suspension. The suspension was filtered, and the precipitate was washed with water (50 mL) and Et₂O (200 mL) to give 2.2 g (79%) of **S4** as a colorless powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 1590, 1479, 1275, 1441, 948; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 8.78 (br. s, 1 H), 7.71 (ddd, $J = 13.7, 7.3, 1.5$ Hz, 2 H), 7.43 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2 H), 6.99 (td, $J = 7.1, 1.7$ Hz, 2 H), 6.92 (dd, $J = 7.8, 5.9$ Hz, 2 H), 3.47 (s, 6 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 160.8 (d, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 133.7 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz), 133.4 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz), 123.7 (d, $J = 141.6$ Hz), 120.3 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz), 112.0 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 55.8; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 19.1; HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 323.0434 [323.0425 calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_4\text{P} (\text{M}+2\text{Na}-\text{H})^+$].



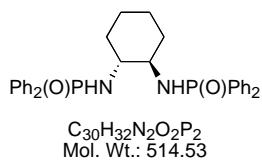
Bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphinic Acid (S5): 3,5-Dimethylphenyl bromide (10.0 g, 54 mmol), *t*-BuLi (65.4 mL, 108 mmol, 1.65 M in pentane), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (4.32 g, 27 mmol, 3.21 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (30 mL) and THF (200 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1. The reaction mixture was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by precipitation from CH₂Cl₂/hexane solution to give 5.65 g (76%) of **S5** as a colorless powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 2915, 1584, 1275, 1135, 937, 685;

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 12.68 (br. s, 1 H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 4 H), 7.10 (s, 2 H), 2.27 (s, 12 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 138.1 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz), 133.5 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 132.6 (d, *J* = 137.9 Hz), 128.5 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz), 20.9; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 33.4; HRMS (ESI⁺) *m/z* 319.0840 [319.0840 calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₂P (M+2Na-H)⁺].



Bis(3,5-di-*t*-Bu-phenyl)phosphinic Acid (S6): 3,5-Di-*t*-Bu-phenyl bromide (7.56 g, 28 mmol), *t*-BuLi (39.2 mL, 56 mmol, 1.43 M in pentane), *N,N*-dimethylphosphoramic dichloride (2.67 g, 14 mmol, 1.27 mL), 6 M aqueous HCl (15 mL) and THF (100 mL) were combined as described in General Procedure 1. The reaction mixture was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash chromatography (Et₂O/hex) to give 5.44 g (87%) of **S6** as an off-white foamy solid: IR (solid) cm⁻¹ 2961, 2856, 1590, 1357, 1141, 960; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.90 (br. s, 1 H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 1.8 Hz, 4 H), 7.61 (s, 2 H), 1.31 (s, 36 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 151.0 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J* = 139.0 Hz), 126.3 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 125.1 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 34.9, 31.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ 36.5; HRMS (ESI⁺) *m/z* 487.2708 [487.2718 calcd for C₂₈H₄₃O₂P (M+2Na-H)⁺].

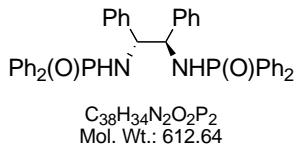
Preparation of Diphosphinic Amide Ligands 3c, 9-12 and 13a-13i:



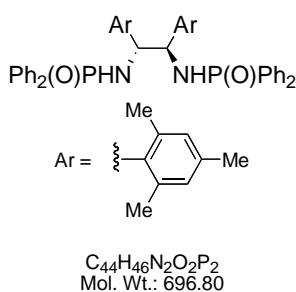
(*R,R*)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 3c: In an oven-dried 20 mL vial protected by an atmosphere of N₂ and equipped with a septum and a magnetic stirbar, diphenylphosphinic chloride (2.07 g, 3.05 mL, 8.75 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (500 mg, 4.78 mmol) and Et₃N (2.21 g, 3.05 mL, 21.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at 0 °C.

The reaction mixture was warmed to 25 °C and stirred for 2 h, during which time colorless precipitates were observed. The reaction mixture was quenched by the careful addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to give a yellow foam. The product was purified by precipitation from EtOAc/hex solution to give 1.66 g (74%) of **3c** as an extremely fluffy white solid: IR (solid) cm⁻¹ 3181, 2922, 1434, 1185; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.99 (ddd, *J* = 11.9, 6.8, 1.3 Hz, 4 H), 7.81-7.88 (m, *J* = 11.6, 7.1 Hz, 4 H), 7.46-7.59 (m, 8 H), 7.39 (td, *J* = 7.6, 3.0 Hz, 4 H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 2.83-2.97 (m, 2 H), 2.07 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.58 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.32 (q, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 133.66 (d, *J* = 122.9 Hz), 133.62 (d, *J* = 129.2 Hz), 131.58 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 131.55 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 131.51 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 132.4 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 128.34 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz), 128.31 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz), 56.1, 36.0 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 25.0; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 24.3; HRMS (FAB⁺) *m/z* 515.2010 [515.2017 calcd for C₃₀H₃₂N₂O₂P₂ (M+H)⁺].

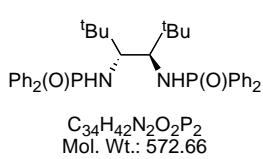
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(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 9: In an oven-dried 20 mL vial protected by an atmosphere of N_2 and equipped with a septum and a magnetic stirbar, diphenylphosphinic chloride (111 mg, 90 μL , 470 μmol) was added dropwise to a solution of (*R,R*)-1,2-diphenylethylenediamine (50 mg, 235 μmol) and Et_3N (120 mg, 160 μL , 1.17 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h, during which time colorless precipitates were observed. The reaction mixture was quenched by the careful addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined extracts were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to give a yellow foam. The product was purified by precipitation from CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes solution to give 140 mg (97%) of **9** as a white powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3210, 3056, 1434, 1188, 1108; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 7.77 (dd, J = 11.3, 7.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.61 (dd, J = 11.3, 7.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.33-7.45 (m, 8 H), 7.18-7.28 (m, 4 H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 4 H), 6.88 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 4 H), 6.19 (br. s, 2 H), 4.26-4.37 (m, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 132.70 (d, J = 126.2 Hz), 132.69 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 131.9 (d, J = 133.8 Hz), 131.7 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 131.53 (d, J = 9.4 Hz), 131.48 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 128.2 (d, J = 12.7 Hz), 128.07, 128.05 (d, J = 13.2 Hz), 127.8, 127.5, 126, 61.7; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 27.8; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 613.2188 [613.2173 calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].

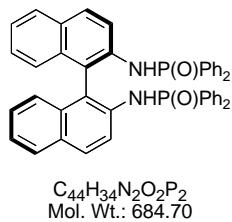


(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 10: (*R,R*)-1,2-dimesitylethylenediamine (75 mg, 252 μmol), chlorodiphenylphosphine (117 mg, 98 μL , 531 μmol), Et_3N (128 mg, 176 μL , 1.26 mmol), aqueous H_2O_2 (30%, 171 μL , 1.51 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 2 to produce a crude oil. The product was isolated by flash chromatography (65:35 Et_2O /hexanes) to provide 152 mg (87%) of **10** as a colorless solid: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3199, 3064, 2965, 1617, 1434, 1185; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 7.85 (dd, J = 11.3, 7.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.72 (dd, J = 11.6, 7.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.39-7.50 (m, 10 H), 7.28 (td, J = 7.6, 3.1 Hz, 4 H), 6.78 (s, 2 H), 6.30 (s, 2 H), 5.91 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H), 4.80-4.92 (m, 2 H), 2.68 (s, 6 H), 2.14 (s, 6 H), 0.73 (s, 6 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 136.9, 136.6, 134.2 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 133.2 (d, J = 125.7 Hz), 132.9 (d, J = 9.4 Hz), 132.3 (d, J = 133.9 Hz), 131.7 (d, J = 7.5 Hz), 131.6 (d, J = 7.5 Hz), 131.5 (d, J = 9.4 Hz), 130.8, 128.32, 128.31 (d, J = 12.2 Hz), 128.2 (d, J = 12.3 Hz), 53.7 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 21.4, 20.3, 18.5; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 26.7; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 697.3123 [697.3113 calcd for $\text{C}_{62}\text{H}_{96}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].

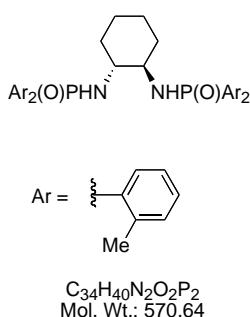


(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 11: (*R,R*)-1,2-di-*t*-Buethylenediamine⁵ (100 mg, 577 μmol), chlorodiphenylphosphine (380 mg, 320 μL , 1.73 mmol), Et₃N (290 mg, 400 μL , 2.88 mmol), *t*-BuOOH (5.5 M in decane, 420 μL , 2.30 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 2 to produce a crude oil. The product was

isolated by flash chromatography (40:60 EtOAc/hexanes) then crystallized from hexanes to provide 90 mg (27%) of **11** as colorless needles: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3350, 3280, 2958, 1442, 1108; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.89 (dd, J = 11.6, 10.4 Hz, 4H), 7.84 (dd, J = 12.0, 10.4 Hz, 4H), 7.39–7.52 (m, 8H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 4.63 (dd, J = 12.0, 5.2, Hz, 2H), 3.06 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 0.88 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 135.7 (d, J = 127.0 Hz), 132.5 (d, J = 129.0 Hz), 132.4 (d, J = 10 Hz), 131.5, 131.3 (d, J = 9.0 Hz), 131.2, 128.3 (d, J = 13.0 Hz), 128.2 (d, J = 12 Hz), 58.6 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 36.8 (d, J = 9.0 Hz), 28.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 21.2; HRMS (FAB⁺) *m/z* 573.2801 [573.2800 calcd for C₃₄H₄₂N₂O₂P₂ (M⁺)].



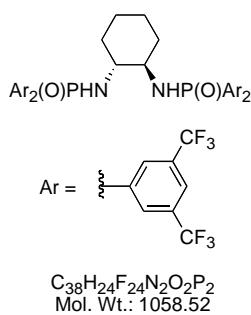
(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 12: (*R*)-BINAM (56 mg, 196 μmol), chlorodiphenylphosphine (91 mg, 77 μL , 413 μmol), Et₃N (100 mg, 137 μL , 984 μmol), *t*-BuOOH (5.5 M in decane, 200 μL) and CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 2 to produce a crude oil. The product was isolated by flash chromatography (50:50 Et₂O/hexanes) and then crystallized by slow diffusion of hexanes into a toluene solution to provide 94 mg (70%) of **12** as colorless prisms: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3354, 3058, 1623, 1583, 1211; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.90 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2 H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.62–7.72 (m, 6 H), 7.31–7.50 (m, 18 H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.12–7.21 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 138.0, 132.7, 132.2 (d, J = 129.0 Hz), 132.1 (d, J = 128.0 Hz), 132.0 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 131.9 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 131.6 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 131.0 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 130.0, 129.8, 128.7 (d, J = 12.7 Hz), 128.6 (d, J = 12.5 Hz), 128.5, 127.5, 124.5, 124.4, 119.0 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 116.9 (d, J = 8.0 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 15.8; HRMS (FAB⁺) *m/z* 685.2171 [685.2174 calcd for C₆₂H₉₆N₂O₂P₂ (M+H⁺)].



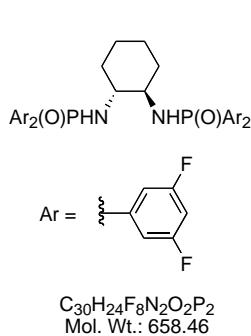
(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13a: (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (50 mg, 437 μmol), chlorodi(*o*-tolyl)phosphine (228 mg, 919 μmol), Et₃N (443 mg, 610 μL , 4.37 mmol), *t*-BuOOH (5.5 M in decane, 310 μL , 1.78 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 2 to produce a crude oil. The product was purified by precipitation from CH₂Cl₂/hexane solution to provide 92 mg (37%) of **13a** as a colorless powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3467, 3178, 2942, 2853, 1560, 1455, 1163; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.98 (dd, J = 13.4, 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (dd, J = 12.5, 7.9 Hz, 2 H), 7.35–7.44 (m, 4 H), 7.28–7.34 (m, 2 H), 7.08–7.22 (m, 6 H), 4.49–4.56 (m, 2 H), 3.13–3.23 (m, 2 H), 2.32 (s, 6 H), 2.24 (s, 6 H), 2.19 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.55–1.68 (m, 2 H), 1.40

⁵ Roland, S.; Mangeney, P.; Alexakis, A. *Synthesis* **1999**, 228–230.

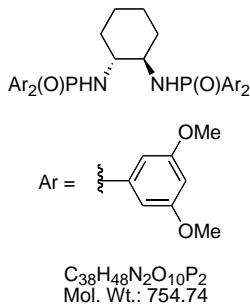
(q, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 2 H), 1.21 (t, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , one aromatic signal partially obscured) δ 142.0 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz), 141.4 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz), 133.2 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz), 132.7 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz), 131.5 (d, $J = 118.2$ Hz), 131.43, 131.42, 131.41 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz), 125.2 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz), 125.1 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz), 56.4 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz), 35.7 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz), 25.1, 21.2 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz), 21.1 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz); ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 26.7; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 571.2652 [571.2643 calcd for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2(\text{M}+\text{H}^+)$].



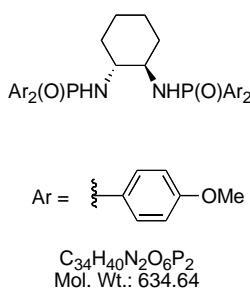
(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13b: Bis(bis(3,5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl)phosphinic acid (1.0 g, 2.04 mmol), SOCl_2 (10 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (116 mg, 1.02 mmol), Et_3N (516 mg, 710 μL , 5.10 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was dissolved in Et_2O and filtered through a short plug of silica gel. The silica was washed with Et_2O , and the resulting solution was concentrated. The product was further purified by precipitation from $\text{Et}_2\text{O}/\text{hexanes}$ solution to provide 618 mg (57%) of **13b** as a colorless powder: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3174, 2932, 1621, 1456, 1360, 1277, 1119; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 8.45 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 4 H), 8.32 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 4 H), 8.08 (d, $J = 14.2$ Hz, 4 H), 4.80-4.98 (m, 2 H), 2.80-2.98 (m, 2 H), 1.92 (d, $J = 13.0$ Hz, 2 H), 1.60 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2 H), 1.33-1.47 (m, 2 H), 1.05 (t, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 135.1 (d, $J = 135.0$ Hz), 134.7 (d, $J = 128.2$ Hz), 132.8-133.1 (m), 132.3 (t, $J = 12.5$ Hz), 131.9 (t, $J = 12.5$ Hz), 131.5-131.8 (m), 126.1-126.5 (m), 122.9 (q, $J = 272.2$ Hz), 122.7 (q, $J = 272.2$ Hz), 56.6, 35.6 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz), 24.7; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 20.2; ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ -62.57, -62.65; LRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 1059 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).



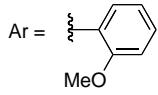
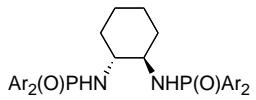
(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13c: Bis(3,5-difluorophenyl)phosphinic acid (300 mg, 1.03 mmol), SOCl_2 (5 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (59 mg, 516 μmol), Et_3N (253 mg, 350 μL , 2.5 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography (90:10 hexanes/ Et_2O) to provide 165 mg (49%) of **13c** as a colorless solid: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3150, 2907, 2852, 1613, 1591, 1420, 1298, 1999, 1121; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 7.51 (ddt, $J = 12.9, 5.6, 2.3$ Hz, 4H), 7.02 (ddt, $J = 12.6, 5.6, 2.3$ Hz, 4H), 6.96-7.09 (m, 4 H), 4.79-4.87 (m, 2 H), 2.91-3.01 (m, 1 H), 2.02 (d, $J = 14.4$ Hz, 2 H), 1.59-1.68 (m, 2 H), 1.38 (q, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 6 H), 1.15 (t, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 164.2 (dt, $J = 24.9, 11.7$ Hz), 161.7 (ddd, $J = 21.2, 13.2, 11.0$ Hz), 136.8 (dt, $J = 133.9, 7.3$ Hz), 136.2 (dt, $J = 126.8, 7.3$ Hz), 115.4 (ddd, $J = 18.3, 10.2$ Hz), 114.4 (dt, $J = 18.3, 10.3$ Hz), 107.5 (d, $J = 24.9$ Hz), 107.8 (d, $J = 25.6$ Hz), 56.2, 35.6 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz), 24.9; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 21.0 (td, $J = 13.8, 5.9$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ -107.04 (q, $J = 8.2$ Hz), -107.26 (q, $J = 8.3$ Hz); HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 659.1255 [659.1264 calcd for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{24}\text{F}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2(\text{M}+\text{H}^+)$].



(*R,R*)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13d: Bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphinic acid (676 mg, 2.0 mmol), SOCl_2 (10 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (114 mg, 1.0 mmol), Et_3N (506 mg, 700 μL , 5.0 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc) to provide 660 mg (89%) of **13d** as a tan foamy solid: IR (film) cm^{-1} 3174, 2930, 2833, 1587, 1447, 1423, 1151; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 7.15 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 4 H), 7.02 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 4 H), 6.61 (s, 2 H), 6.55 (s, 2 H), 4.57-4.67 (m, 2 H), 3.84 (s, 12 H), 3.75 (s, 12 H), 2.89-3.03 (m, 2 H), 2.11 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.52-1.63 (m, 2 H), 1.35 (q, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.13 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 160.8 (d, J = 18.4 Hz), 135.6 (d, J = 130.5 Hz), 135.5 (d, J = 123.9 Hz), 109.9 (d, J = 10.4 Hz), 109.0 (d, J = 10.8 Hz), 103.8, 103.4, 56.2, 55.4, 35.7 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 25.0; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 24.9; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 755.2869 [755.2862 calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{48}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{10}\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].

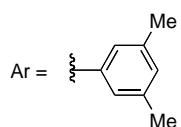
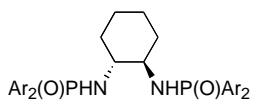


(*R,R*)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13e: Using a modification of General Procedure 3, di(*p*-methoxyphenyl)phosphinic acid (2.5 g, 8.9 mmol) was heated at reflux in SOCl_2 (15 mL) for 1 h. After concentration, the resulting oil was distilled bulb-to-bulb (300 °C, 0.4 mmHg) to provide *ca.* 2 g of the phosphinic chloride as a thick yellow oil, which was used without further purification. A portion of the phosphinic chloride (1.10 g, 3.70 mmol) was transferred to an oven-dried 100 mL round bottom flask via pipet and dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL). Triethylamine (750 mg, 1.03 mL, 7.40 mmol) and (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (212 mg, 1.89 mmol) were then added sequentially, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h. Saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (10 mL) was added to quench the reaction. Extraction with CH_2Cl_2 , followed by drying the combined extracts over Na_2SO_4 and concentration, gave an oily solid. The product was purified by precipitation from $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ solution to provide 1.05 g (89%) of **13e** as a fluffy, colorless solid: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3192, 2921, 2844, 1595, 1500, 1159, 1122; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.87 (dd, J = 11.3, 8.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.74 (dd, J = 11.0, 8.9 Hz, 4 H), 6.98 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 4 H), 6.87 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 4 H), 4.15-4.28 (m, 2 H), 3.85 (s, 6 H), 3.81 (s, 6 H), 2.71-2.87 (m, 2 H), 2.02 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.50-1.59 (m, 2 H), 1.21-1.31 (m, 2 H), 1.09 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.2 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 162.1 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 134.1 (d, J = 10.8 Hz), 133.3 (d, J = 10.8 Hz), 125.4 (d, J = 131.4 Hz), 125.0 (d, J = 135.0 Hz), 113.7 (d, J = 8.9 Hz), 113.6 (d, J = 8.5 Hz), 55.9, 55.3, 55.2, 36.0 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 25.1; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 24.4; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 635.2441 [635.2440 calcd for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].



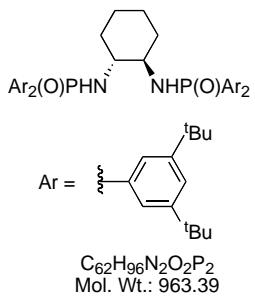
$\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{P}_2$
Mol. Wt.: 634.64

(*R,R*)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13f: Di(*o*-methoxyphenyl)phosphinic acid (556 mg, 2.0 mmol), SOCl_2 (10 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (114 mg, 1.0 mmol), Et_3N (506 mg, 700 μL , 5.0 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography, first with $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2/\text{MeOH}$, then with acetone/EtOAc to provide 121 mg (19%) of **13f** as a tan foamy solid: IR (film) cm^{-1} 3367, 2939, 2853, 1591, 1479, 1279, 1243; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 7.87 (dd, J = 13.7, 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.73-7.80 (m, J = 14.0, 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 6.79-6.88 (m, 4 H), 6.74 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 4.04-4.19 (m, 2 H), 3.61 (s, 6 H), 3.48 (s, 6 H), 3.15-3.27 (m, 2 H), 2.03 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.50-1.62 (m, 2 H), 1.15-1.33 (m, 4 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 160.2 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 160.0 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 133.6 (d, J = 7.1 Hz), 133.4 (d, J = 7.1 Hz), 132.5, 125.1 (d, J = 124.8 Hz), 123.3 (d, J = 125.3 Hz), 120.2 (d, J = 12.2 Hz), 120.1 (d, J = 11.9 Hz), 110.9 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 110.9 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 55.3, 55.3, 55.2, 35.7, 25.1; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 21.2; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 635.2447 [635.2440 calcd for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].



$\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{48}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2$
Mol. Wt.: 626.75

(*R,R*)-Diphosphinic Amide Ligand 13g. (This ligand has been prepared in two ways. Both procedures are presented.)
Method A: (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (706 mg, 6.18 mmol), chlorodi(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine (3.51 g, 12.9 mmol), Et_3N (6.26 g, 8.62 mL, 61.8 mmol), *t*-BuOOH (5.5 M in decane, 4.5 mL, 24.7 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 2 to produce a crude solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography (60:40 $\text{Et}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$) to provide 1.74 g (45%) of **13g** as an off-white, foamy solid. **Method B:** Di(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphinic acid (3.0 g, 10.9 mmol), SOCl_2 (20 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (624 mg, 5.46 mmol), Et_3N (2.76 g, 3.8 mL, 27.3 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography (60:40 $\text{Et}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$) to provide 2.73 g (80%) of **13g** as a colorless solid: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3189, 2925, 2859, 1603, 1448, 1189; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.63 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 4 H), 7.47 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 4 H), 7.15 (s, 2 H), 7.10 (s, 2 H), 4.31 (br. s, 2 H), 2.93-3.12 (m, 2 H), 2.38 (s, 12 H), 2.28 (s, 12 H), 2.04 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.57 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.24-1.37 (m, 2 H), 1.12 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 137.9 (d, J = 13.2 Hz), 137.8 (d, J = 13.4 Hz), 133.4 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 133.3 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 133.0 (d, J = 128.1 Hz), 132.7 (d, J = 126.0 Hz), 130.1 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 129.0 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 55.8 (d, J = 1.4 Hz), 35.8 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 25.0, 21.3, 21.2; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 26.4; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 627.3266 [627.3269 calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{48}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].



(R,R)-Diphosphinic Amide 13h. Bis(3,5-di-*t*-Bu-phenyl)phosphinic acid (5.44 g, 12.3 mmol), SOCl_2 (20 mL), (*R,R*)-1,2-cyclohexanediamine (701 mg, 6.13 mmol), Et_3N (3.10 g, 4.3 mL, 30.7 mmol), and CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) were combined according to General Procedure 3 to provide a light brown solid. The product was purified by flash chromatography (50:50 Et_2O /hexanes) to provide 4.90 g (83%) of **13h** as an off-white foamy solid: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 3189, 2958, 2859, 1602, 1247, 1178, 1119; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , one aliphatic signal not observed) δ 7.86 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.77 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 4 H), 7.56 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 4 H), 2.87 (s, 2 H), 2.14 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 1.55 (m, 2 H), 1.36 (s, 36 H), 1.29 (s, 36 H), 1.08 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 150.8 (d, J = 12.0 Hz), 150.7 (d, J = 12.0 Hz), 133.6 (d, J = 32.5 Hz), 132.6 (d, J = 37.5 Hz) 126.4 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 125.6 (d, J = 10.4 Hz), 125.4 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 56.5 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 35.8 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 34.9 (d, J = 7.5 Hz), 31.1 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 25.0; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 25.5; HRMS (FAB $^+$) m/z 963.7011 [963.7025 calcd for $\text{C}_{62}\text{H}_{96}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)].

Ligand Screening Experiments (Tables 1 and 2):

In a glovebox, ligand (22 μmol , solid) and a solution of $\text{M}(\text{NMe}_2)_4$ (20 μmol , 500 μL , 40.0 mM in toluene) were combined in an oven-dried 4 mL (1 dram) vial equipped with an oven-dried stirbar. The vial was sealed⁶ and heated⁷ for 15 min. The vial was cooled to 25 °C and substrate **1** (15 μL , 11.4 mg, 100 μmol) was added. The vial was resealed and heated for the specified time. The vial was cooled to 25 °C, removed from the glovebox, and opened to the atmosphere. While rapidly stirring the reaction mixture, trifluoroacetic anhydride (50 μL) was added, and the resulting solution was stirred for 5 min. Saturated aqueous Na_2CO_3 (200 μL) was then added, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 1 min. This suspension was then transferred to a 4 mL solid phase extraction (SPE) column (containing approx. 1 g anhydrous MgSO_4 atop approx. 0.25 g silica gel)⁸ via pipet,

⁶ Vials were sealed using specific caps designed to withstand elevated pressure (Kontes Mini-Inert Valve, size 21, Kontes Article Number 749110-0021). Other caps did not perform as well.

⁷ The reactions were heated in an aluminum block set atop a digitally controlled heating magnetic stirrer. Temperature was controlled using a thermocouple controller placed in a hole bored to the diameter of the thermocouple end. The vials were placed in holes bored to the diameter of the vial (15 mm) and to a depth of the shoulder of the vial (35 mm). This depth proved critical in order to minimize non-heated surface area in the vial and prevent solvent reflux at temperatures lower than that of the aluminum block.

⁸ For convenience, common household English Standard measuring spoons were used to measure packing materials for SPE columns. For the anhydrous MgSO_4 , 3/8th of a teaspoon was used; for silica gel, 1/8th teaspoon was used. These materials, silica then MgSO_4 , were added to the SFE columns in layers using a small funnel and packed down using vacuum (ca. 15 mm Hg).

filtered and washed with EtOAc (3 mL). The filtrate was collected into 2 mL auto-sampler vials⁹ and analyzed directly by chiral GC. Conversion was determined by comparison of the area of the sum of the two enantiomers to that of the starting material.

Cyclization Experiments, GC Analysis (Table 3, Entries 1-6):

In a glovebox, a solution of ligand **13g** (10 µmol, 100 µL, 0.1 M in toluene), a solution of Zr(NMe₂)₄ (10 µmol, 100 µL, 0.1 M in toluene) and 200 µL of toluene were combined in an oven-dried 4-mL (1 dram) vial equipped with an oven-dried stirbar.¹⁰ The vial was sealed⁶ and heated⁷ for 15 min. The vial was cooled to 25 °C and a standard solution¹¹ of the substrate amine and hexamethylbenzene in toluene (100 µL, 1.0 M amine, 100 µmol amine) was added. The vial was resealed and heated for the specified time. The vial was then cooled to 25 °C, removed from the glovebox, and opened to the atmosphere. To this rapidly stirred solution, trifluoroacetic anhydride (50 µL) was added, and the resulting solution was stirred for 5 min. Saturated aqueous Na₂CO₃ (200 µL) was then added, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 1 min. This suspension was then transferred to a 4-mL solid phase extraction (SPE) column (containing approx. 1 g anhydrous MgSO₄ atop approx. 0.25 g silica gel)⁸ via pipet, filtered and washed with EtOAc (2 mL). The filtrate was collected into 2 mL auto-sampler vials⁹ and analyzed directly by chiral GC. For internal standard calibration, 100 µL of the standard amine solution (see above) was diluted to 500 µL using toluene and worked up in the same fashion as the reaction mixture. This latter solution was then analyzed under chiral GC conditions identical to those used for analysis of the reaction mixture.



Amide 18, Isolated Yield. A solution of ligand **13g** (88.3 µmol, 883 µL, 0.1 M in toluene) and a solution of Zr(NMe₂)₄ (88.3 µmol, 883 µL, 0.1 M in toluene) were combined in an oven-dried 4 mL (1 dram) vial equipped with an oven-dried stir bar. The vial was sealed and heated to 135 °C for 15 min. The vial was allowed to cool to room temperature, and a solution of substrate amine (442 µmol, 442 µL, 1.0 M in toluene) was added. The vial was re-sealed and heated to 135 °C for 48 h. The vial was then cooled to 25 °C and removed from the glovebox. The reaction mixture was transferred to a 20 mL scintillation vial. Trifluoroacetic anhydride (185 mg, 123 µL, 883 µmol) was added, and the resulting mixture was stirred 15 min at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was quenched by adding saturated Na₂CO₃ (3 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1 x 3 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated to provide a brown oil. The product was purified by flash chromatography to yield 88 mg (85%) of **18** as a yellow oil: IR (film) 2971,

⁹ A standard 12-port solid phase extraction vacuum manifold was used.

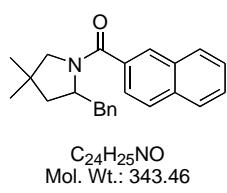
¹⁰ For reactions involving 20 mol% catalyst, 200 µL each of the ligand and Zr(NMe₂)₄ were used. No additional solvent was added.

¹¹ The standard solution of amine containing hexamethylbenzene as an internal standard was prepared in a 1.0 mL volumetric flask using amine (1.0 mmol), hexamethylbenzene (15 mg), and toluene (to make 1 mL total volume).

1683, 1482, 1137; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.03 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.17-7.21 (m, 2 H), 7.06-7.10 (m, 1 H), 4.72 (m, 1 H), 3.38 (dd, $J = 13$ Hz, 24 Hz, 1 H), 2.63 (d, $J = 16$ Hz, 1 H), 1.24 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 154.3 (q, $J = 27$ Hz), 140.2, 131.2, 128.3, 127.7, 126.0, 125.4, 119.4, 116.3 (q, $J = 289$ Hz), 56.8, 36.9, 21.9; ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, C_6D_6) δ -69.9; HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 252.0608 [252.0612 calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{NO} (\text{M}+\text{Na})^+$].

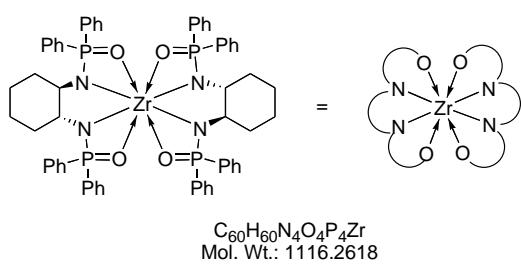


Amide 19. A solution of ligand **13g** (88.3 μmol , 883 μL , 0.1 M in toluene), a solution of $\text{Zr}(\text{NMe}_2)_4$ (88.3 μmol , 883 μL , 0.1 M in toluene) and 883 μL of toluene were combined in an oven-dried 4 mL (1 dram) vial equipped with an oven-dried stir bar. The vial was sealed and heated to 115 °C for 15 min. The vial was cooled to 25 °C, and a solution of substrate amine (883 μmol , 883 μL , 1.0 M in toluene) was added. The vial was re-sealed and heated at 115 °C for 48 h. The vial was then cooled to 25 °C and removed from the glovebox. The reaction mixture was transferred to a 20 mL scintillation vial. Triethylamine (134 mg, 184 μL , 1.33 mmol) and 2-naphthoyl chloride (168 mg, 883 μmol) were added, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 2 h at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was filtered and washed with saturated NaHCO_3 (2 x 3 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1 x 3 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to provide a brown oil. The product was purified by flash chromatography to yield 184 mg (78%) of **19** as grainy, colorless crystals: IR (solid) cm^{-1} 2957, 2926, 2867, 1619, 1406; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , multiple rotamers observed in solution; major peaks reported) δ 7.89-8.04 (m, 4 H), 7.52-7.64 (m, 3 H), 4.39 (m, 1 H), 3.39 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1 H), 3.22 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1 H), 1.98 (dd, $J = 12$ Hz, 7 Hz, 1 H), 1.47 (dd, $J = 16$ Hz, 12 Hz, 1 H), 1.43 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.05 (s, 3 H), 0.81 (s, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 169.7, 134.8, 133.8, 132.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 127.6, 127.2, 127.0, 126.5, 62.6, 47.4, 38.2, 25.4, 25.2, 20.0; HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 268.1696 [268.1701 calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO} (\text{M}+\text{H})^+$].



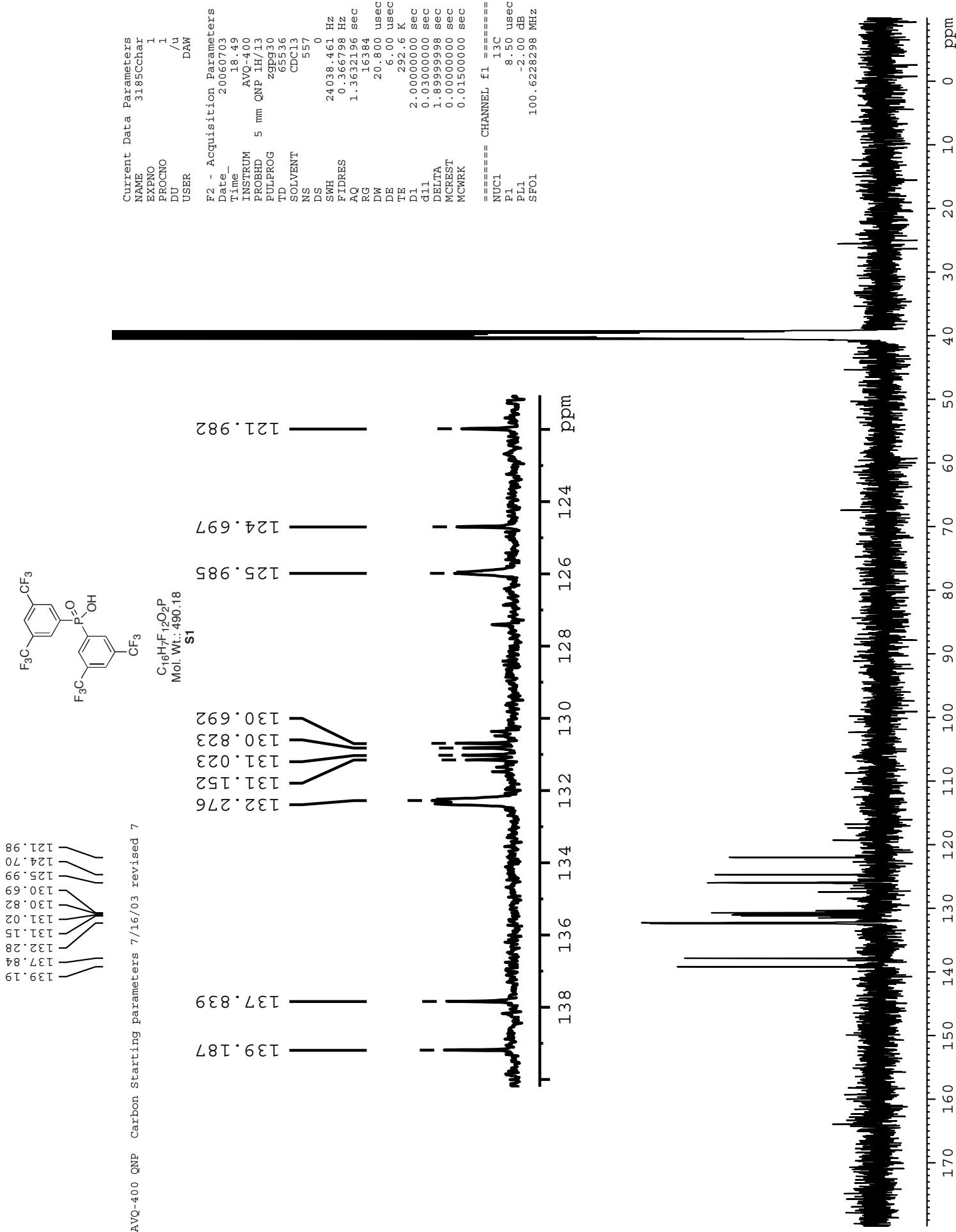
Amide 20. A solution of ligand **13g** (88.3 μmol , 883 μL , 0.1 M in toluene) and a solution of $\text{Zr}(\text{NMe}_2)_4$ (88.3 μmol , 883 μL , 0.1 M in toluene) were combined in an oven-dried 4 mL (1 dram) vial equipped with an oven-dried stir bar. The vial was sealed and heated at 135 °C for 15 min. After cooling to 25 °C, a solution of substrate amine (442 μmol , 442 μL , 1.0 M in toluene) was added. The vial was re-sealed and heated at 135 °C for 24 h. It was then cooled to 25 °C and removed from the glovebox. The reaction mixture was transferred to a 20 mL scintillation vial. Triethylamine (134 mg, 184 μL , 1.33 mmol) and 2-naphthoyl chloride (168 mg, 883 μmol) were added, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 2 h at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was filtered and washed with saturated NaHCO_3 (2 x 3 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1 x 3 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to provide a brown oil. The product was purified by flash chromatography to yield 115 mg (76%) of **20** as a yellow oil: IR (film) cm^{-1} 3058, 2956, 2867, 1620, 1407; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 8.12 (s, 1 H), 7.80 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.32-7.64 (m, 3 H), 7.18-7.32 (m, 2 H), 4.74-4.76 (m, 1 H), 3.48 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1 H), 3.01-3.06 (m, 1 H), 2.92 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1 H), 2.79 (d, $J = 8$ Hz), 1.35-1.42 (m, 2 H), 0.56

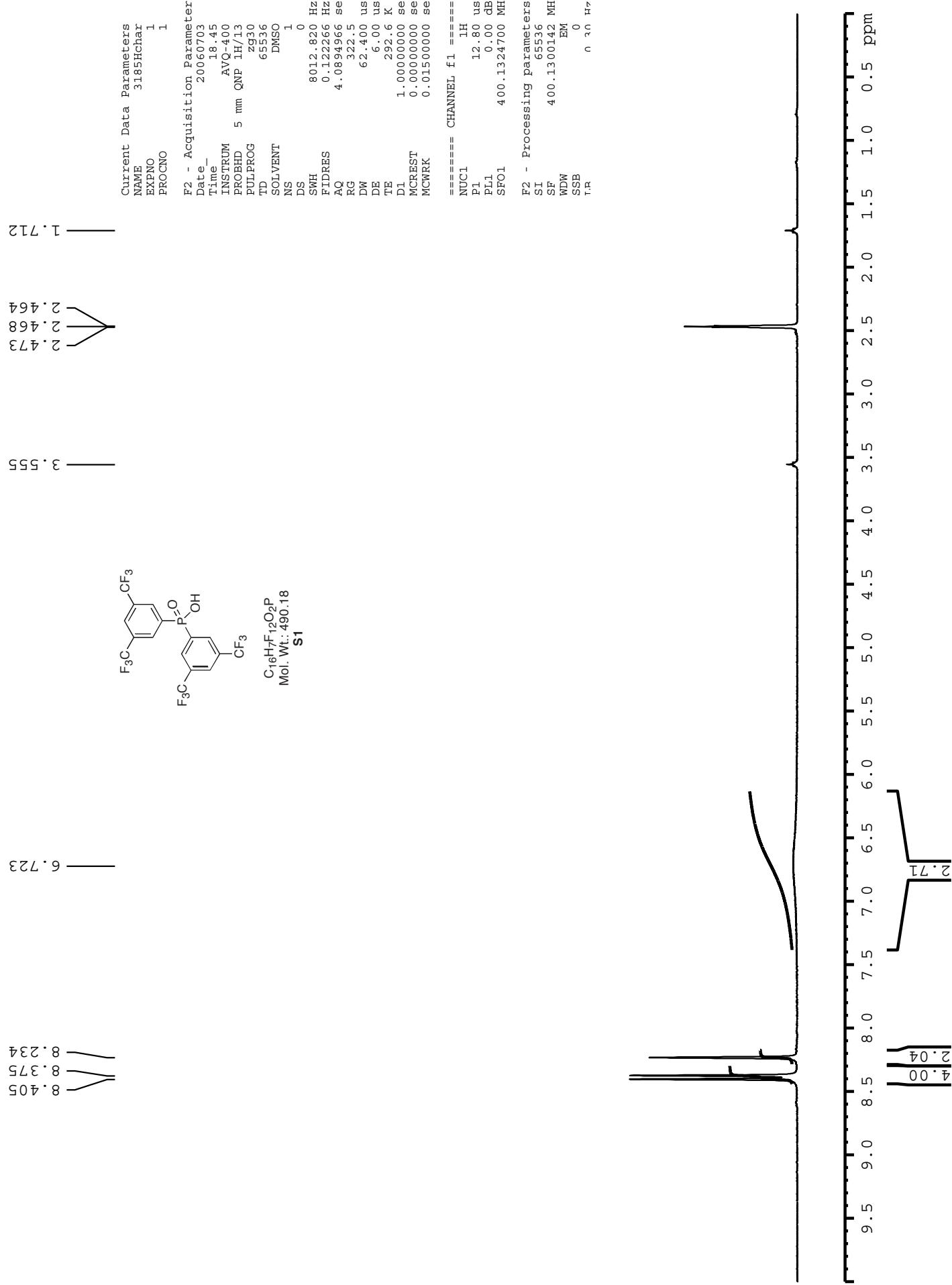
(s, 3H), 0.54 (s, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) δ 169.8, 138.6, 134.7, 133.9, 132.5, 129.8, 128.5, 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 127.0, 126.5, 126.2, 124.7, 63.1, 57.9, 43.9, 39.0, 37.9, 25.2; HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z 366.1841 [366.1834 calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO} (\text{M}+\text{Na})^+$].

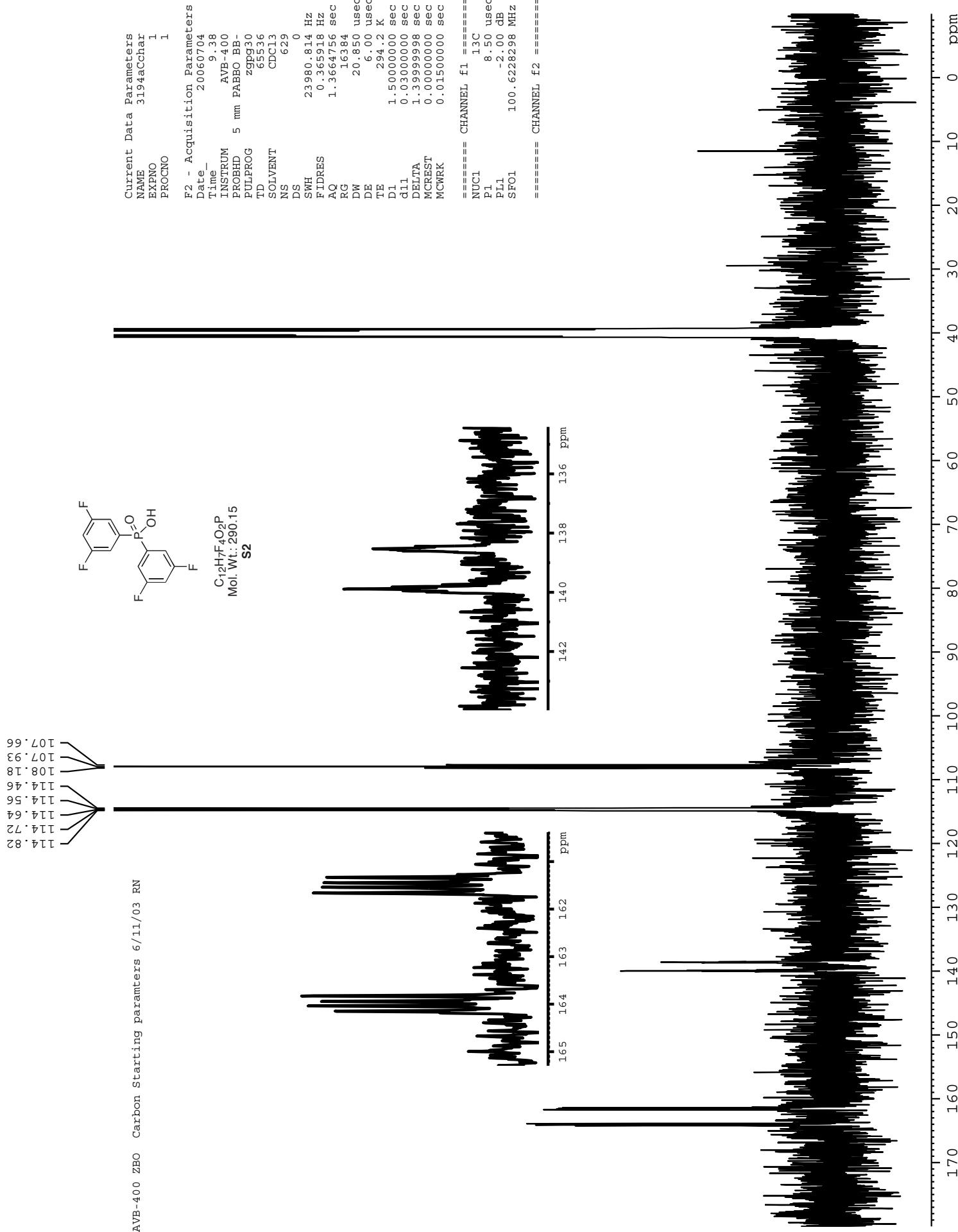


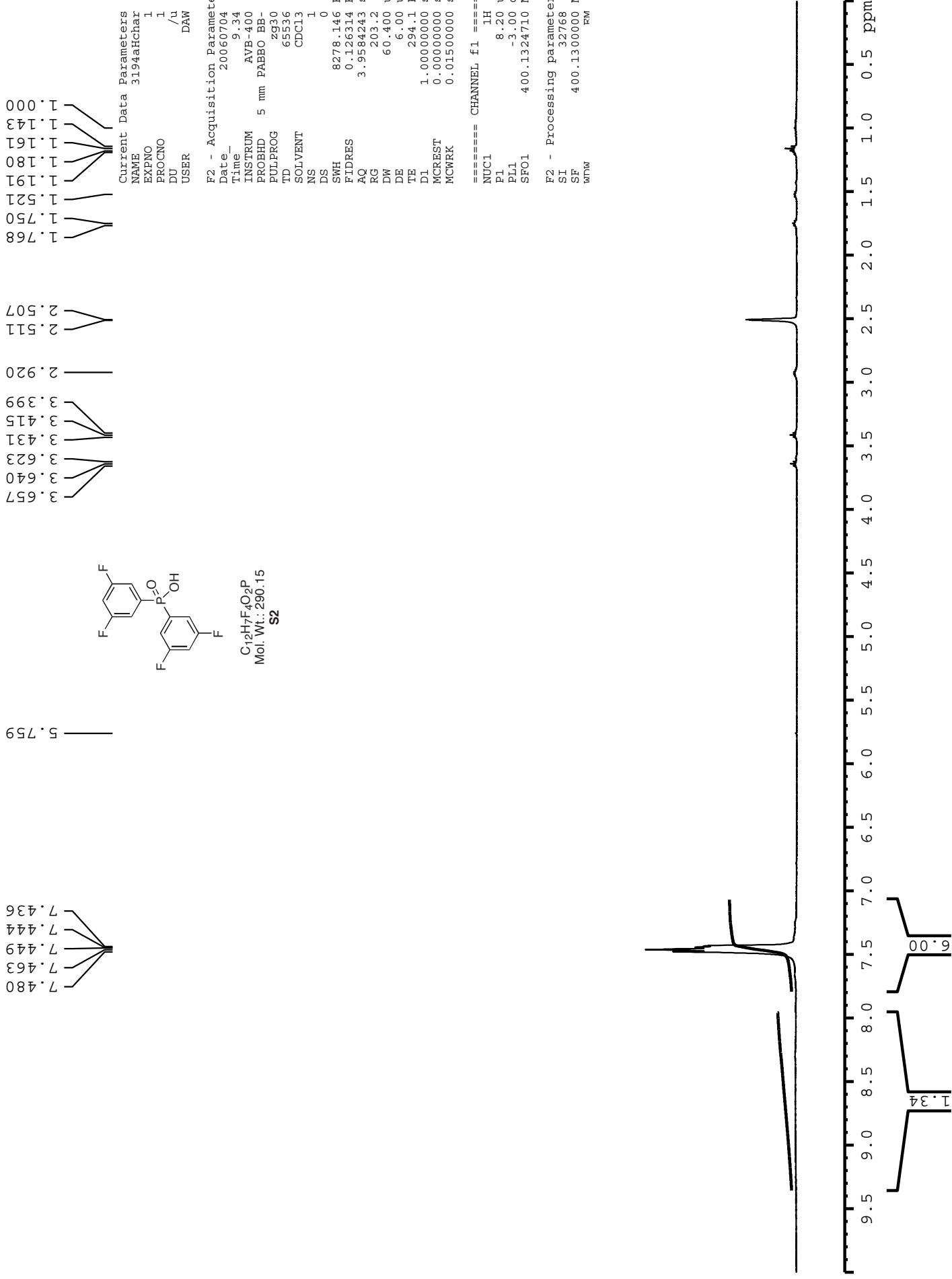
walled NMR tube equipped with a teflon valve (J. Young tube). The tube was sealed and then removed from the glovebox. The tube was heated in an oil bath at 150 °C for 48 h and was occasionally removed to monitor reaction progress by NMR. Once intermediate **20a** was fully converted to **21a** (as judged by NMR), the tube was returned to the glovebox and opened. The solution was transferred to a 4 ml vial and layered with 1 ml of pentane, resulting in formation of microcrystalline **21a**. Decanting of the solvent provided 16 mg (30%) of **21a** as colorless prisms. Recrystallization from hot toluene provided X-ray quality crystals: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 8.03 (ddd, $J = 20.8, 12.2, 7.3$ Hz, 16 H), 7.26 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 4 H), 7.15 (td, $J = 7.6, 2.2$ Hz, 8 H), 6.97-7.03 (m, 4 H), 6.9 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 8 H), 4.07 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 4 H), 1.79 (d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 4 H), 1.51-1.67 (m, 4 H), 1.35 (t, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 4 H), 1.08 (t, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, C_6D_6 , 2 resonances obscured) δ 137.1 (d, $J = 117.3$ Hz), 135.2 (d, $J = 99.8$ Hz), 133.0 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz), 132.4 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz), 130.3 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz), 130.0 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz), 65.5 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz), 35.3, 25.1; ^{31}P NMR (162 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 34.3. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{60}\text{H}_{60}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4\text{P}_4\text{Zr}$: C, 64.56; H, 5.42; N, 5.02. Found: C, 64.49; H, 5.22; N, 5.92.

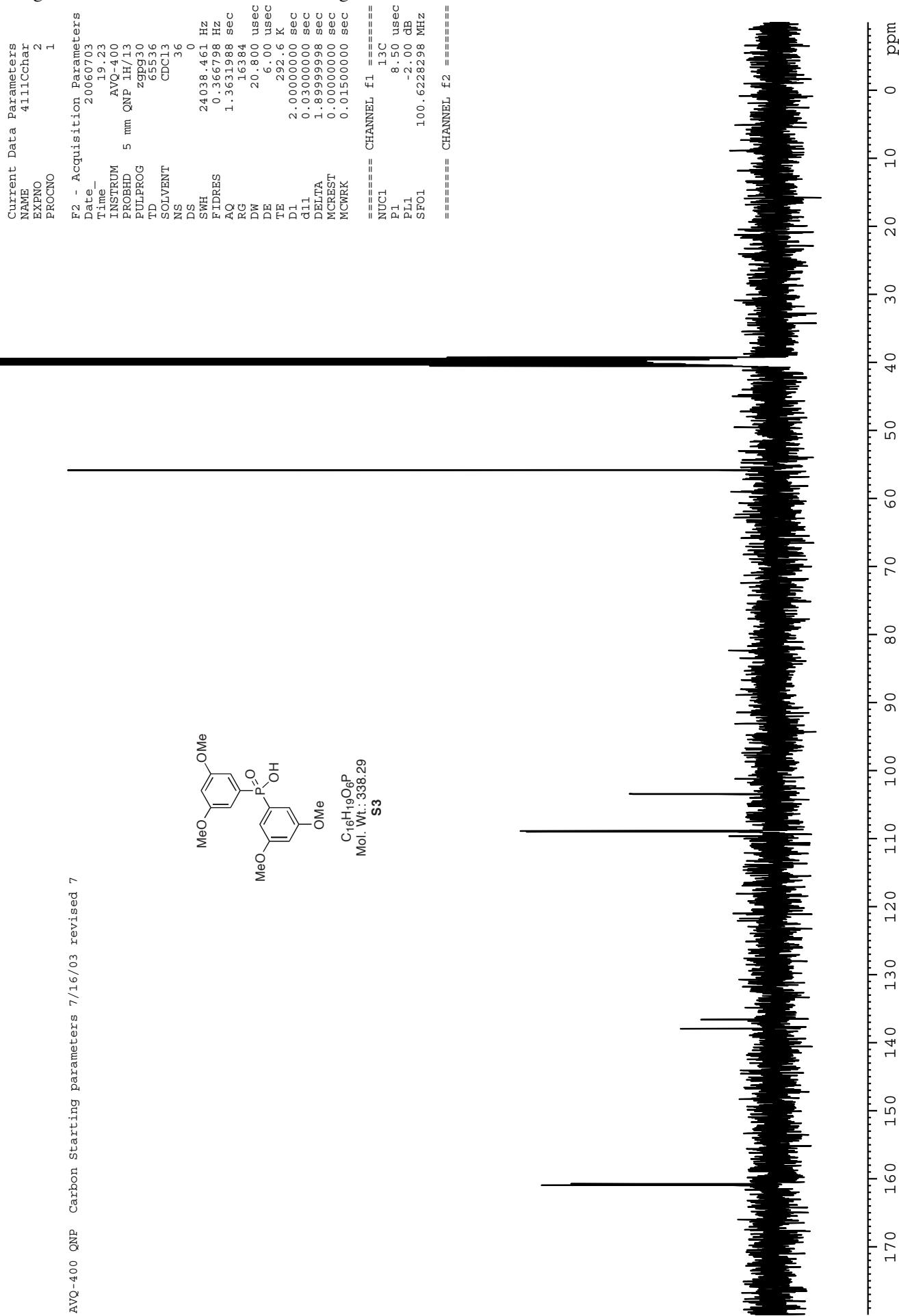
Complex 21a. In a glovebox, (*R,R*)-ligand **3c** (50 mg, 97 μmol), $\text{Zr}(\text{NMe}_2)_4$ (26 mg, 97 μmol) and d_8 -toluene (0.5 mL) were combined in a 4 mL vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar. The resulting suspension was stirred for 30 min, during which time the reaction mixture became homogenous. The solution was transferred to a medium-



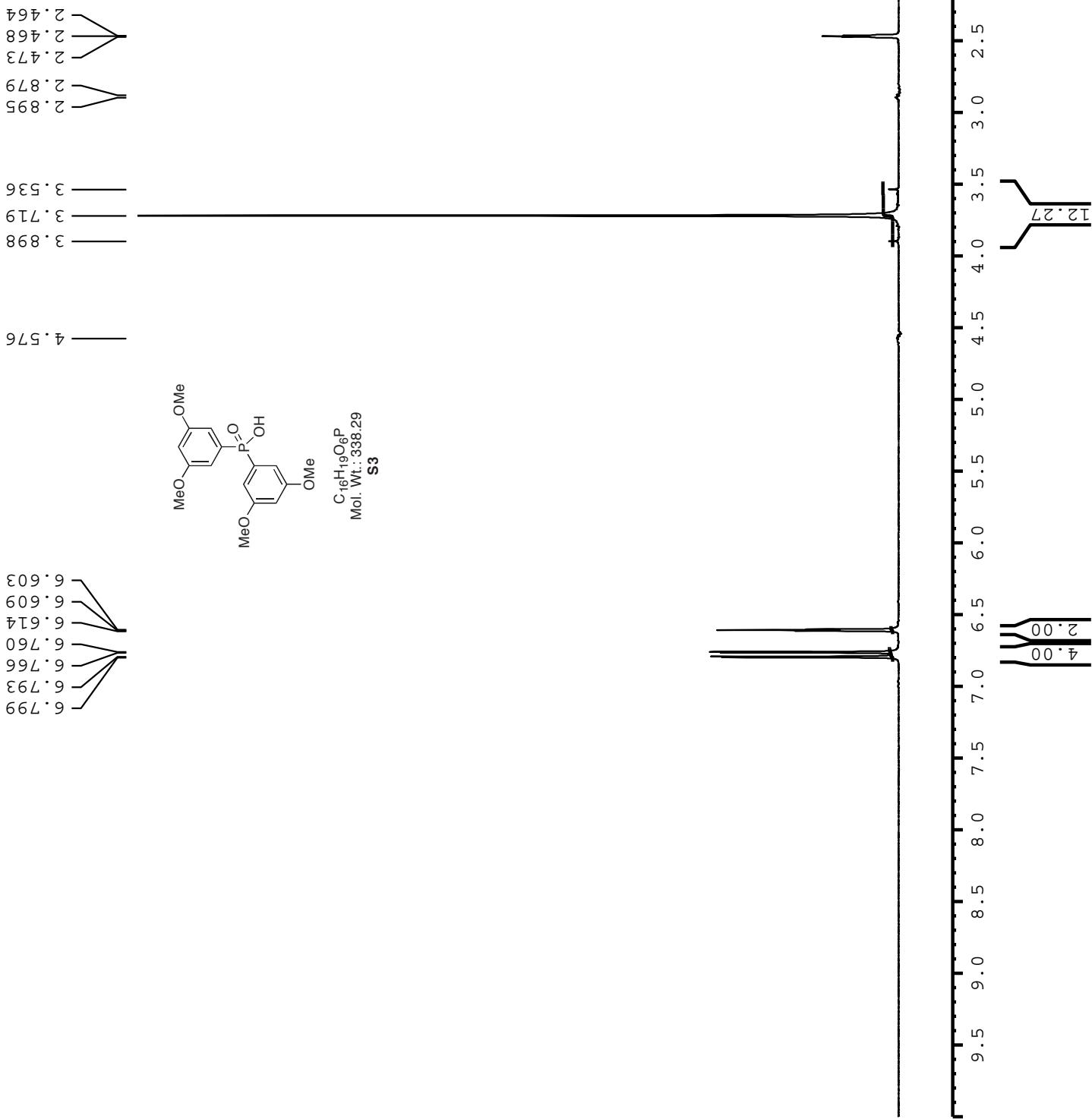


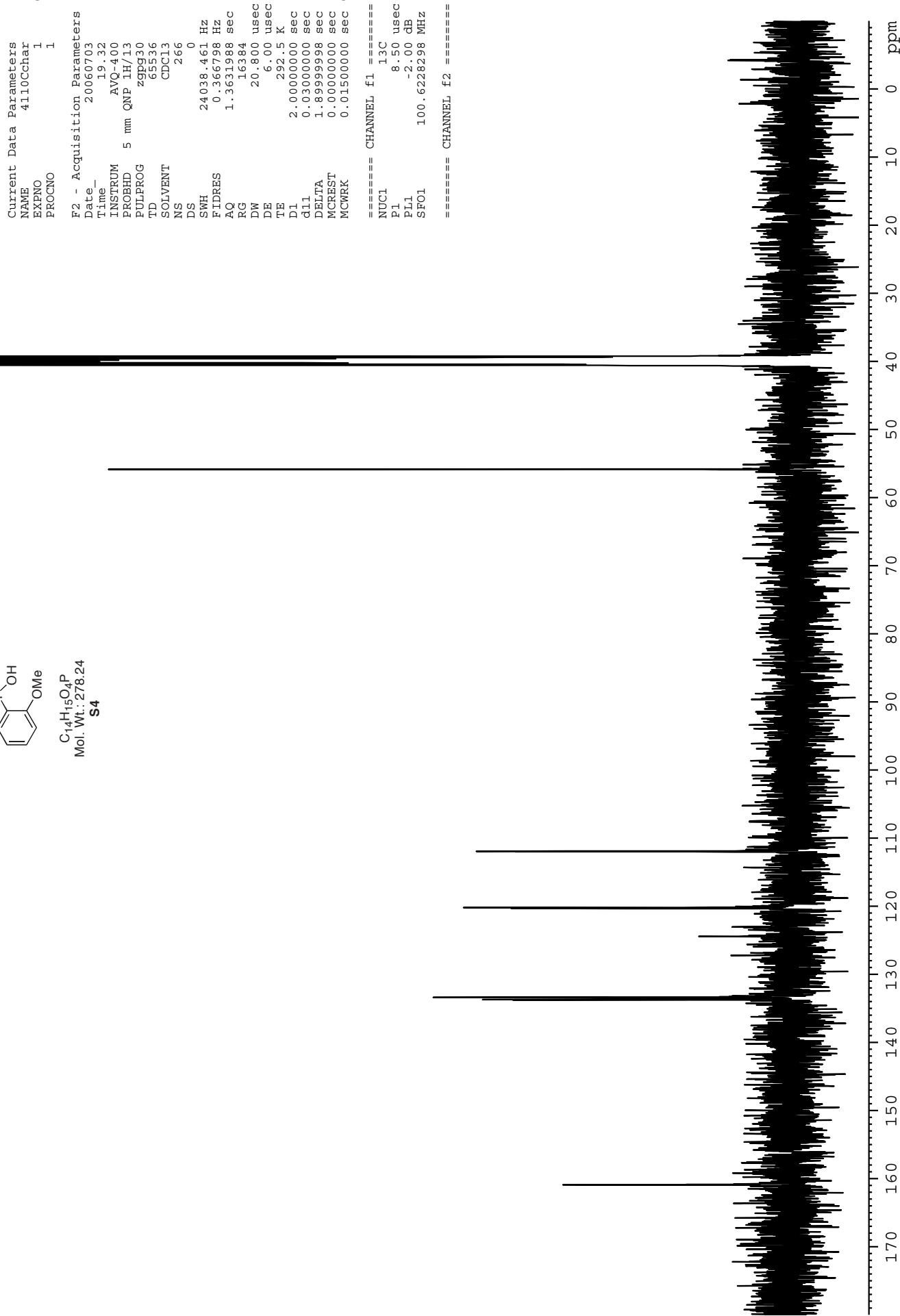
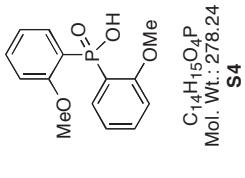


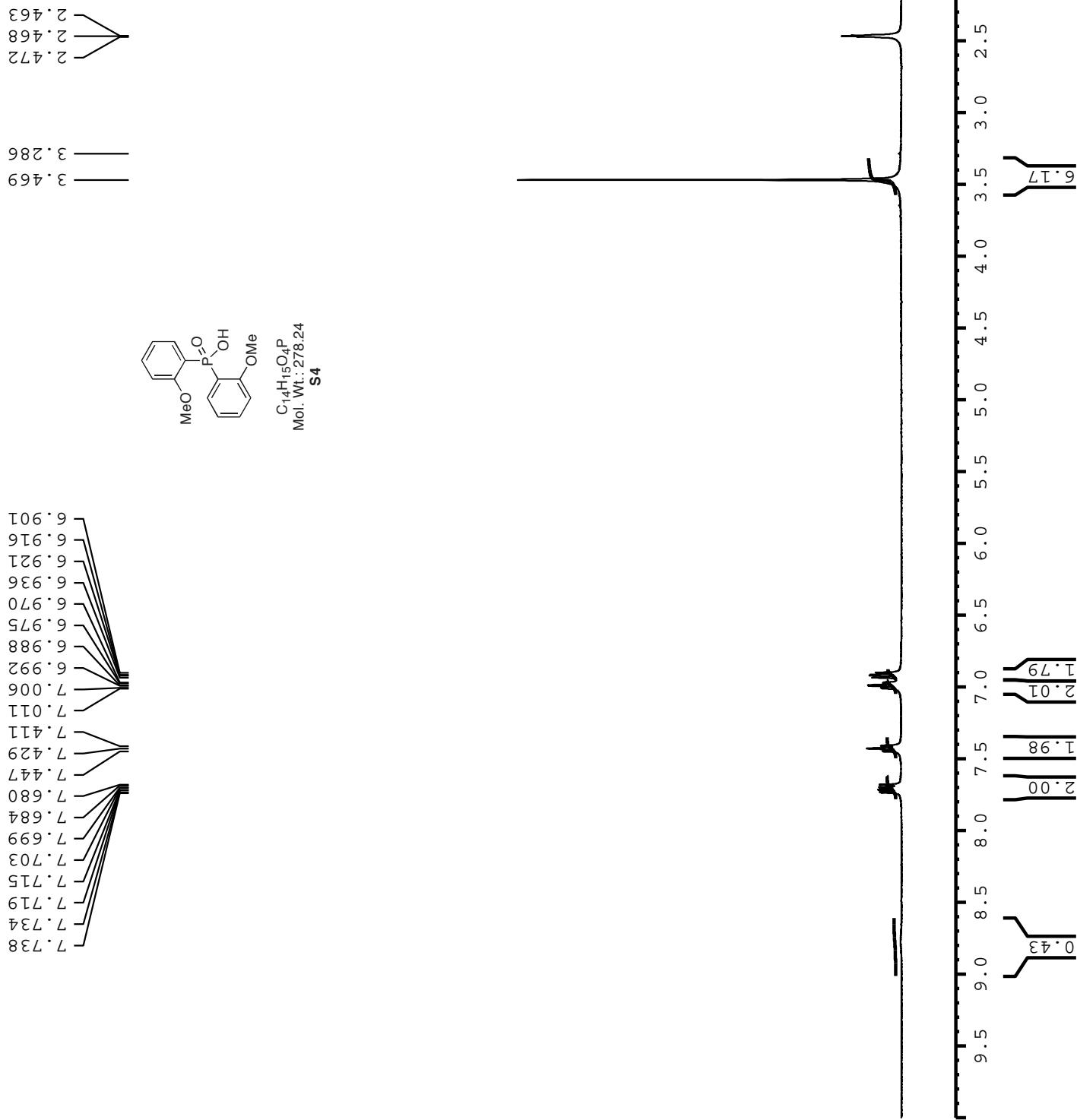




AVQ-400 QNP Proton starting parameters. 7/16/03. Revised 7/22/03 RN





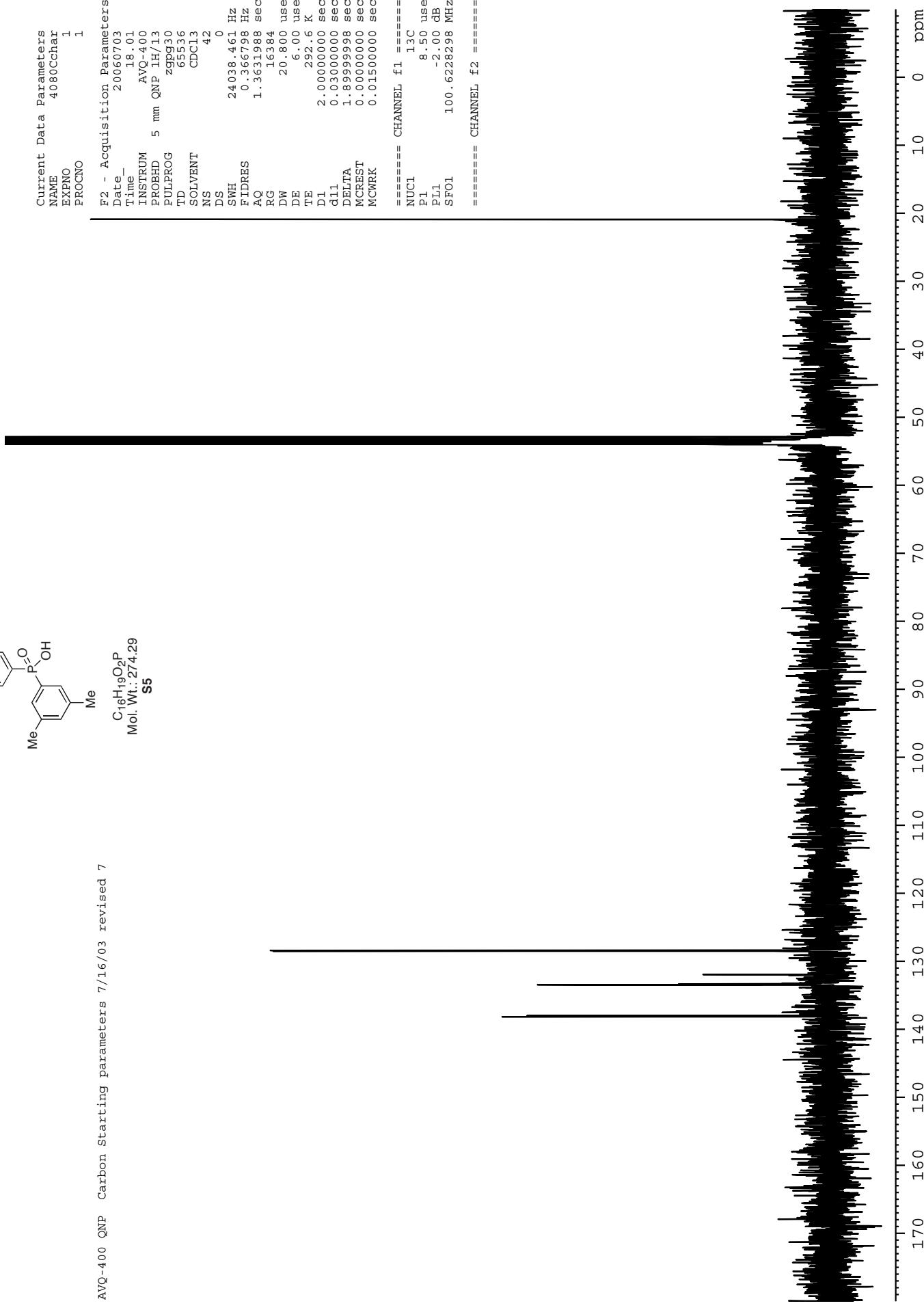


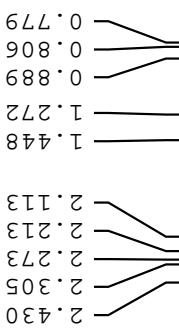
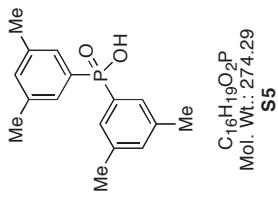
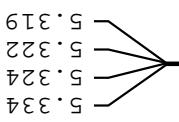
AVQ-400 QNP Carbon Starting parameters 7/16/03 revised 7

C[C@H](COP(=O)([O-])c1ccc(cc1)C)c2ccc(cc2)C

S5

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 PROCN0 1
 =====
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 SWH 24038.461 Hz
 FIDRES 0.366798 Hz
 AQ 1.3631988 sec
 RG 163.84
 DW 20.800 usec
 DE 6.00 usec
 TE 292.6 K
 D1 2.0000000 sec
 d1.1 0.0300000 sec
 DELTA 1.8999998 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.0150000 sec
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 =====
CHANNEL f2 =====

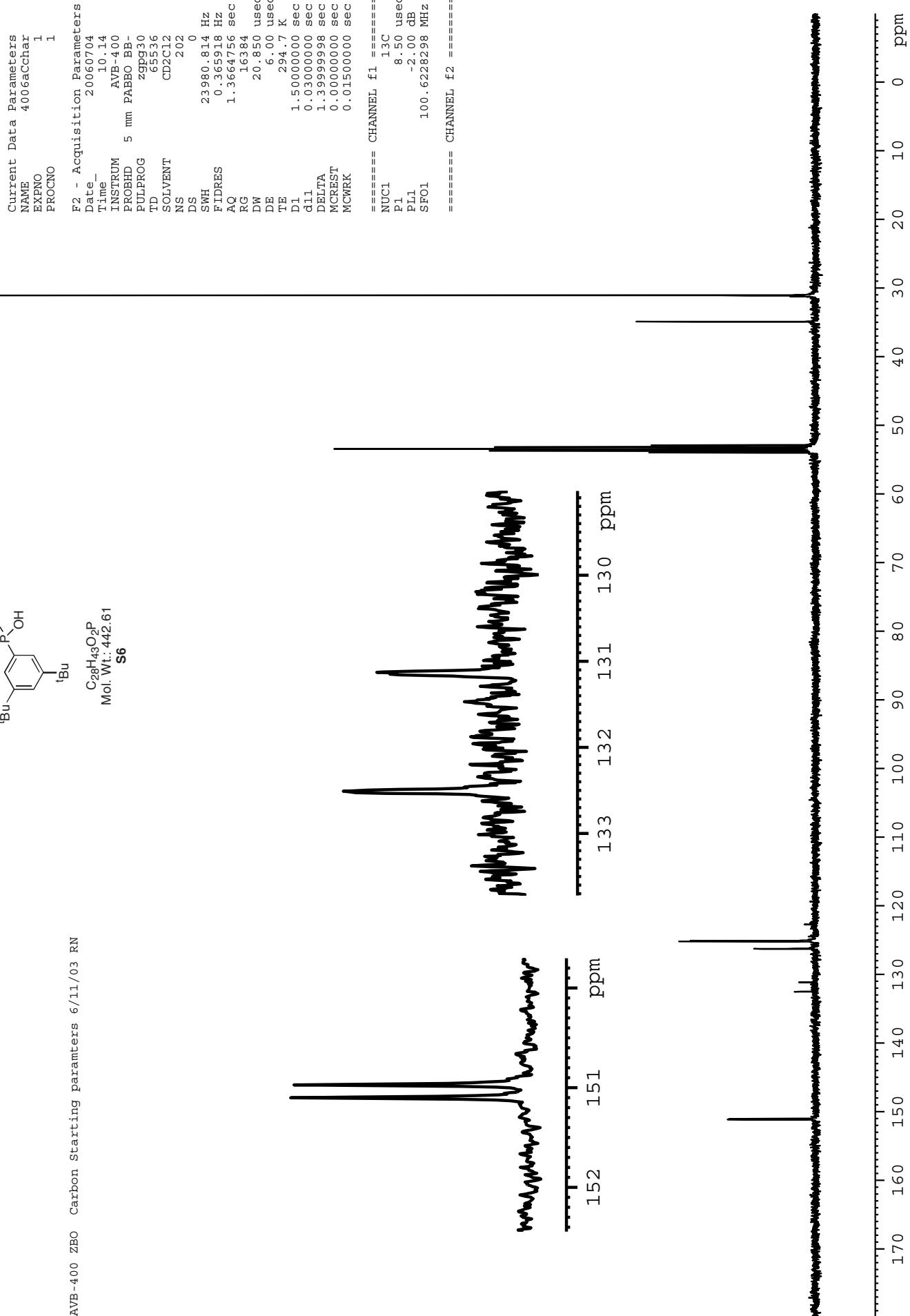


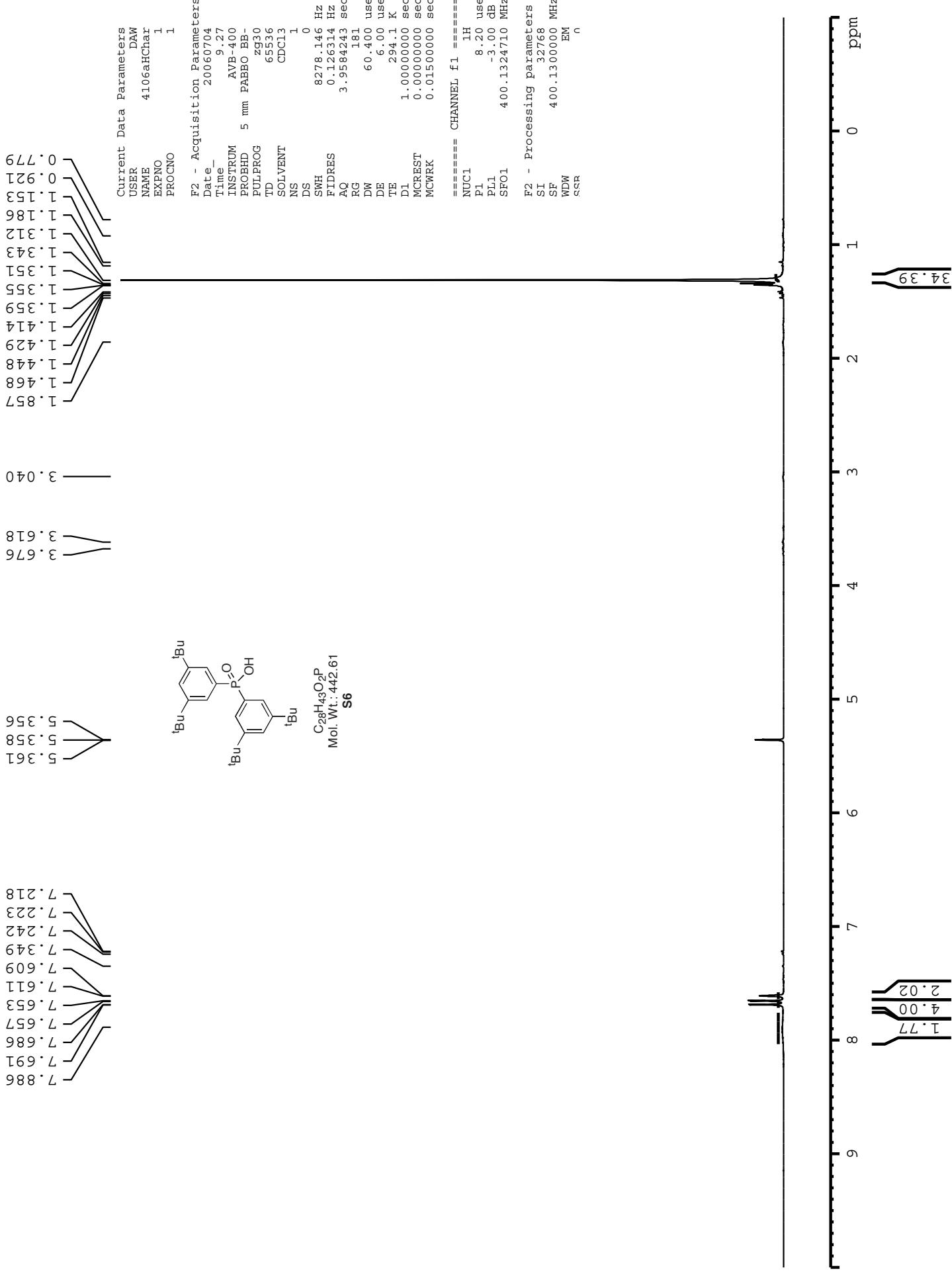


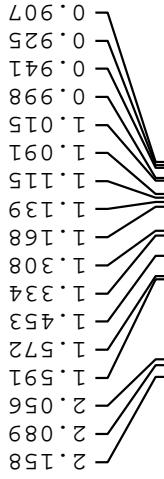


AVB-400 ZBO Carbon Starting parameters 6/11/03 RN

$C_{28}H_{43}O_2P$
Mol. Wt.: 442.61
S6







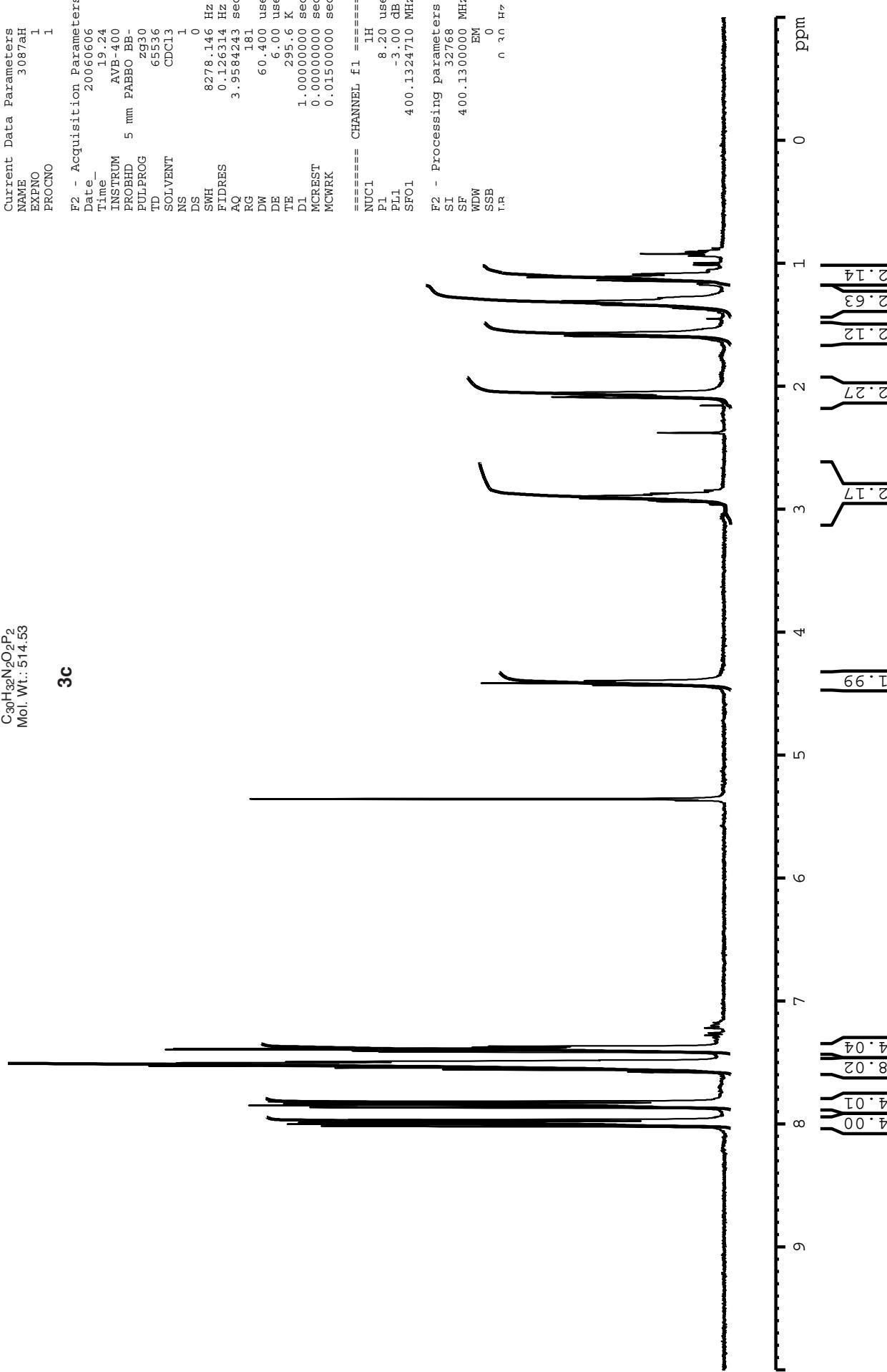
Ph₂(O)PHN- NHPP(O)Ph₂
C₃₀H₃₂N₂O₂P₂
Mol. Wt.: 514.53

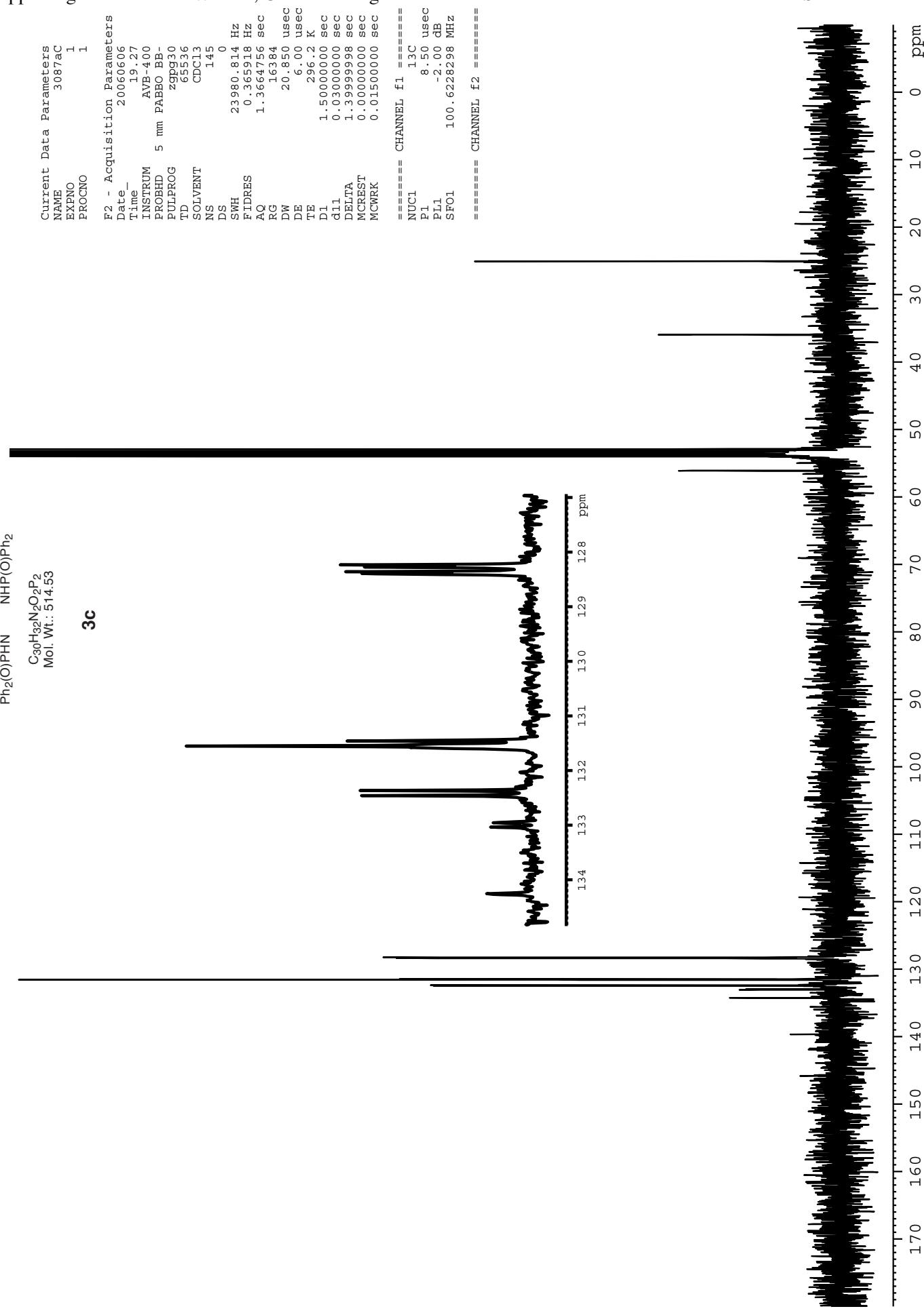
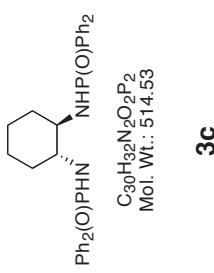
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PROCNO 1

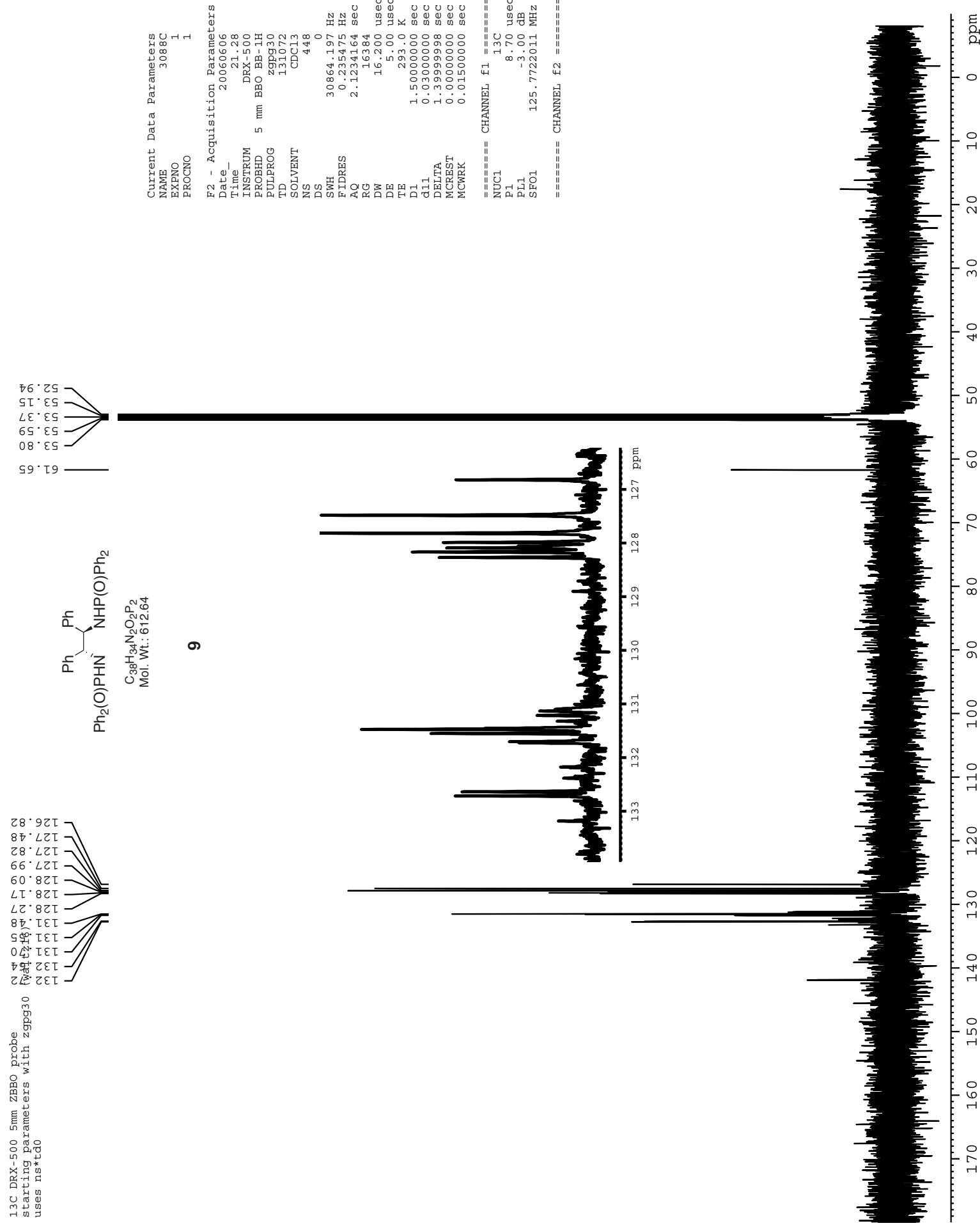
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SOLVENT CDCl₃
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SWH 8278.146 Hz
FIDRES 0.126314 Hz
AQ 3.9584243 sec
RG 181
DW 60.400 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 295.6 K
D1 1.0000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCWRK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
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P1 8.20 usec
PL1 -3.00 dB
SFO1 400.1324710 MHz

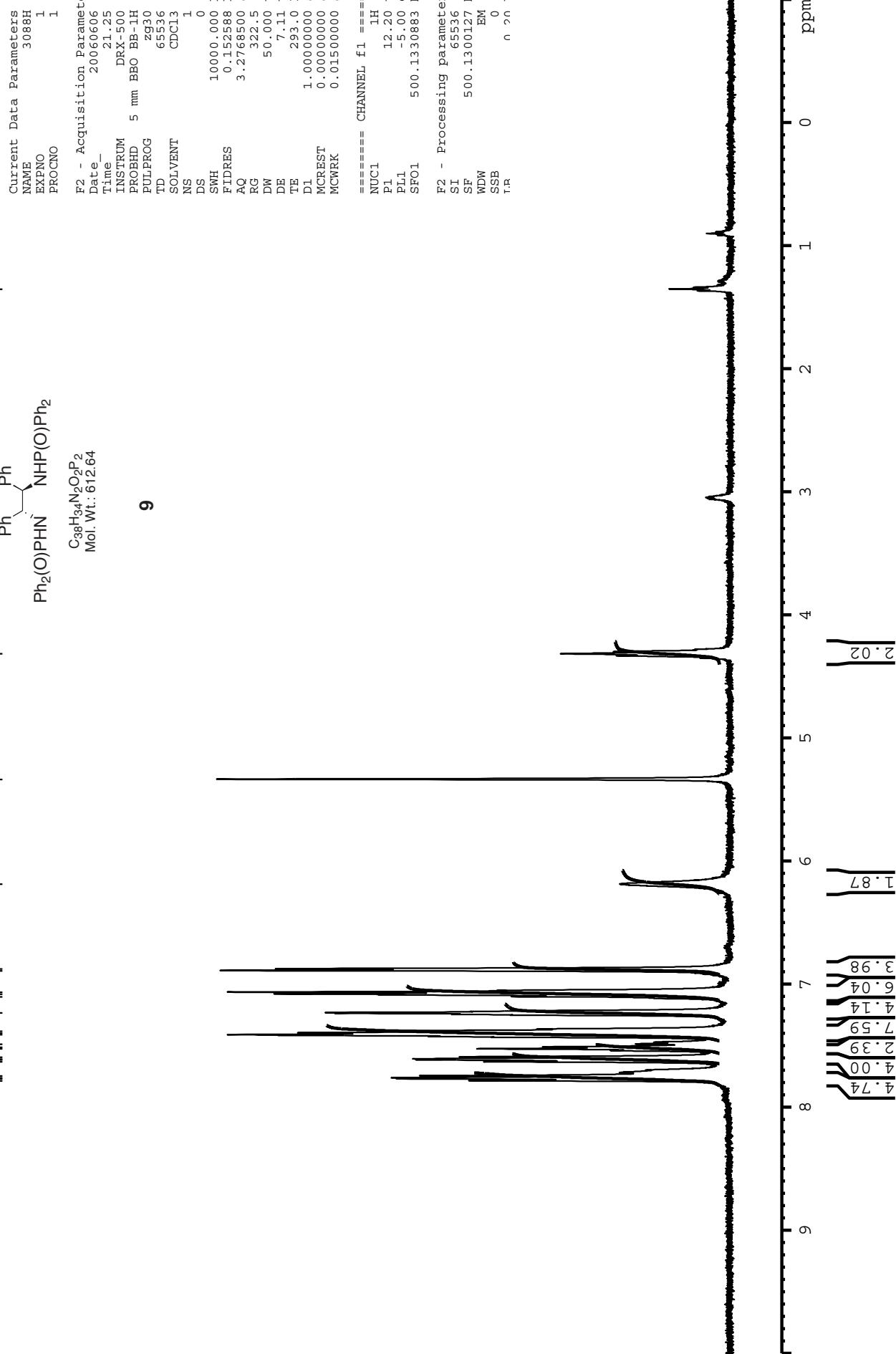
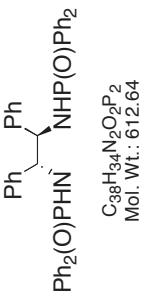
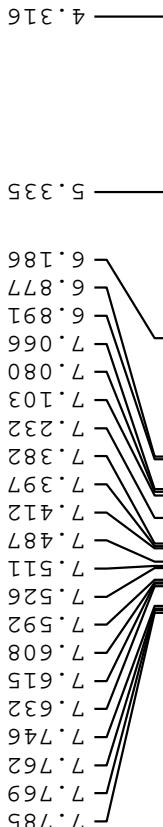
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T,R 0 Hz

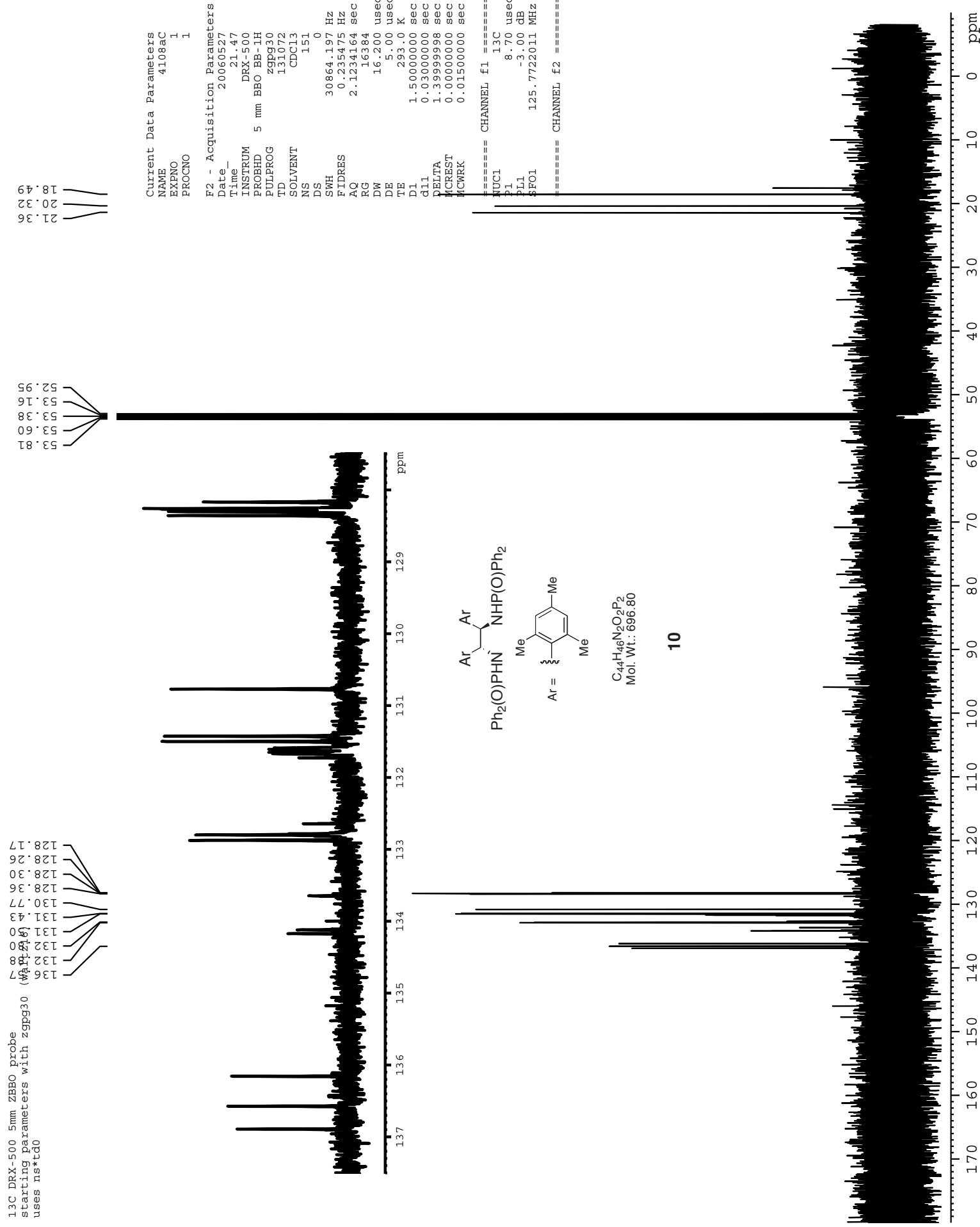


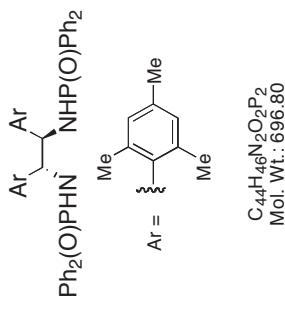




1H starting parameters (zg30)
DRX-500 zBBO probe



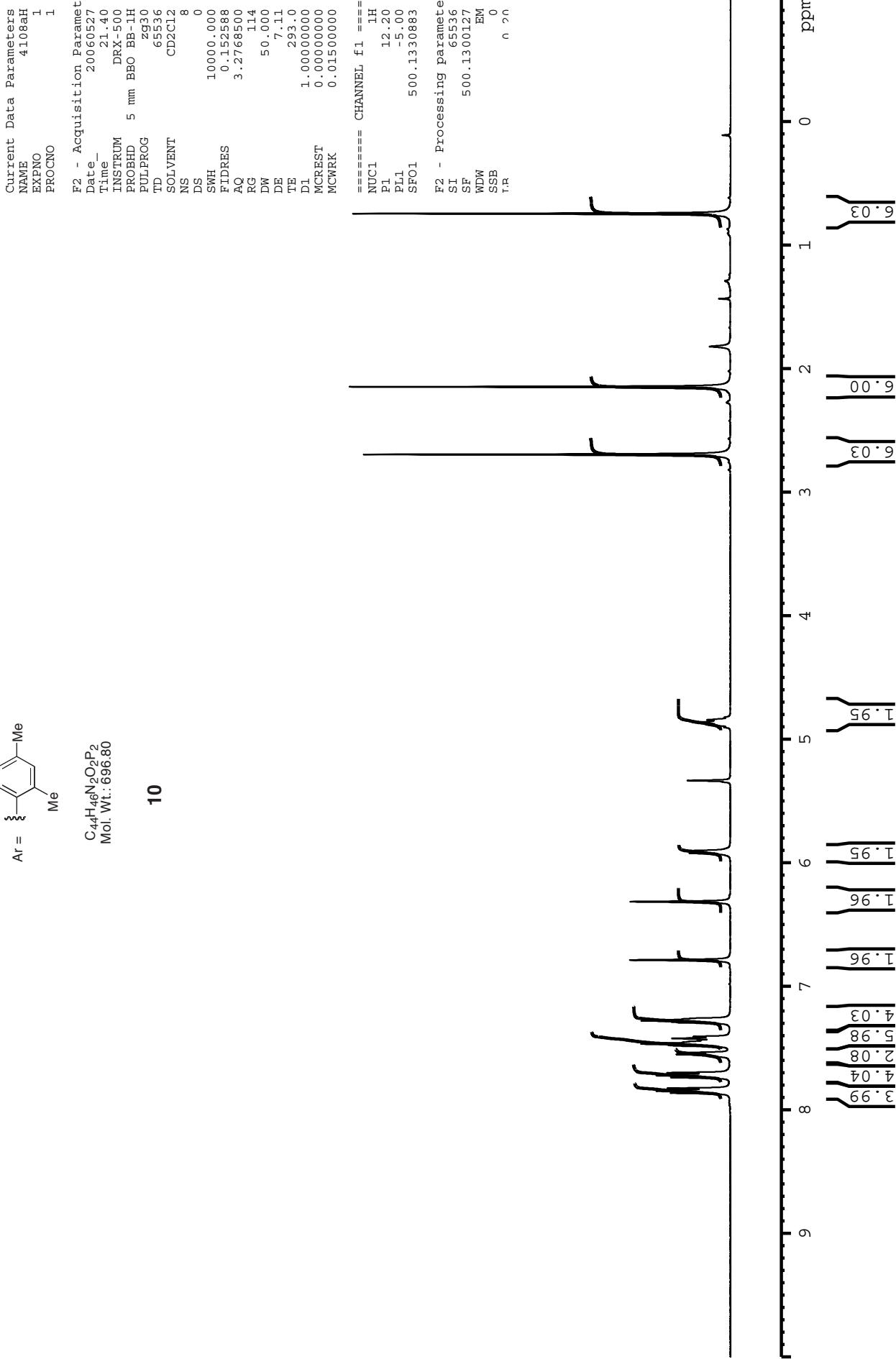


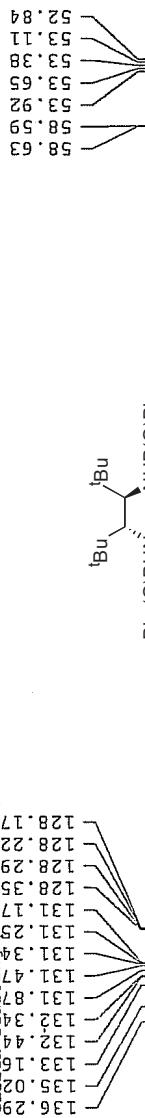


0 . 746
0 . 870
1 . 290
1 . 435
1 . 821
2 . 148
2 . 273
2 . 696

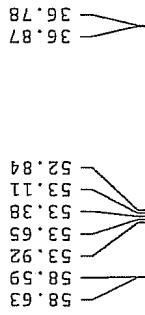
Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

S32





$C_{34}H_{42}N_2O_2P_2$
Mol. Wt.: 572.66



Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

S33

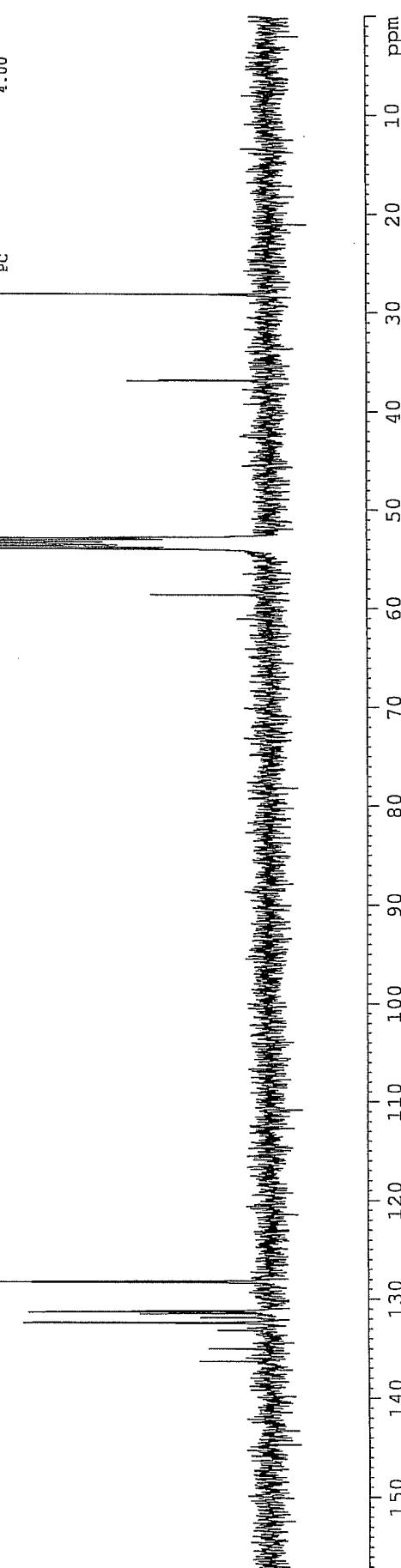
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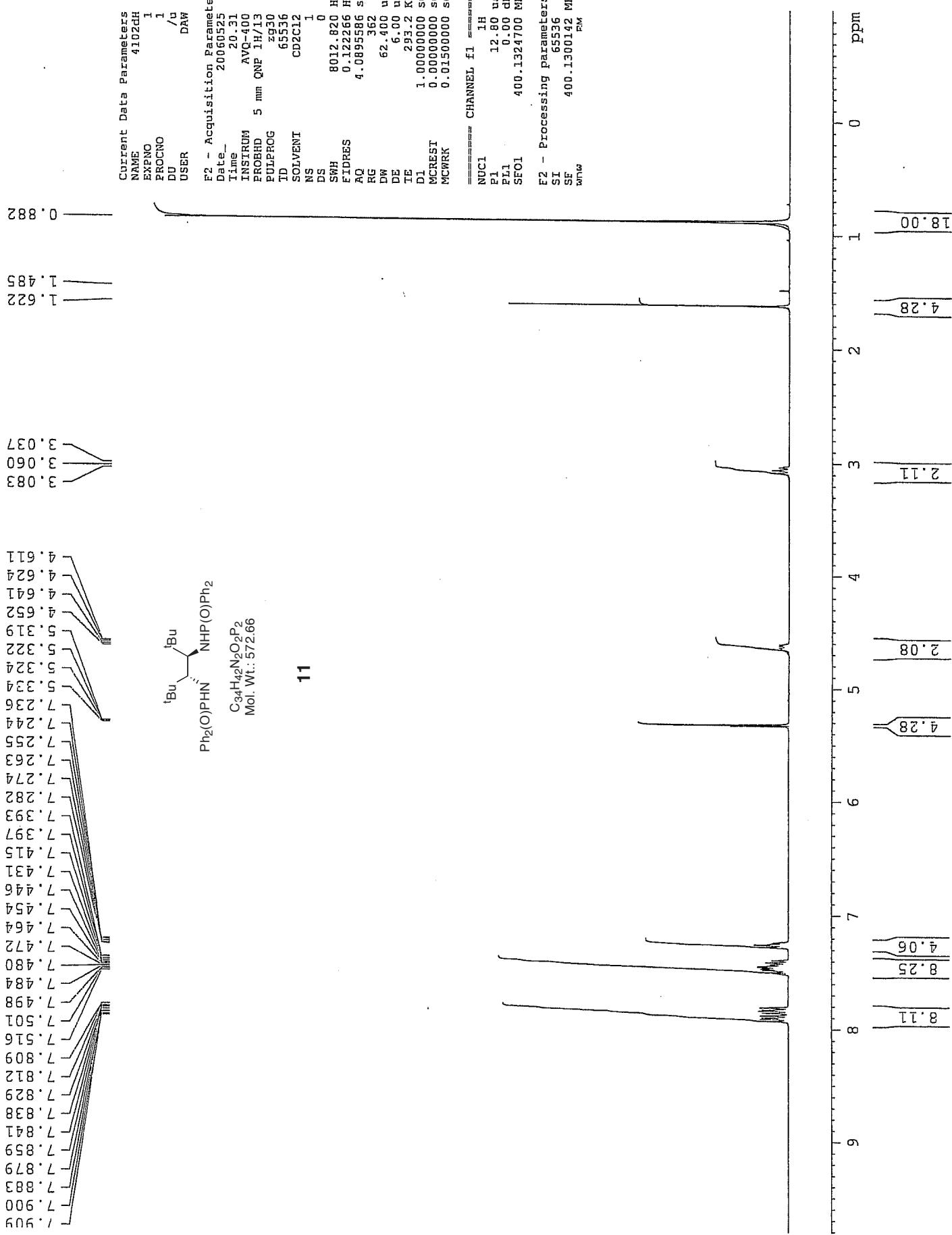
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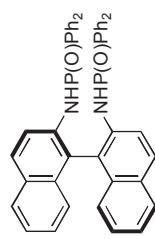
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PL2	0.00 dB
PL12	15.00 dB
PL13	17.00 dB
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F2 - Processing Parameters	
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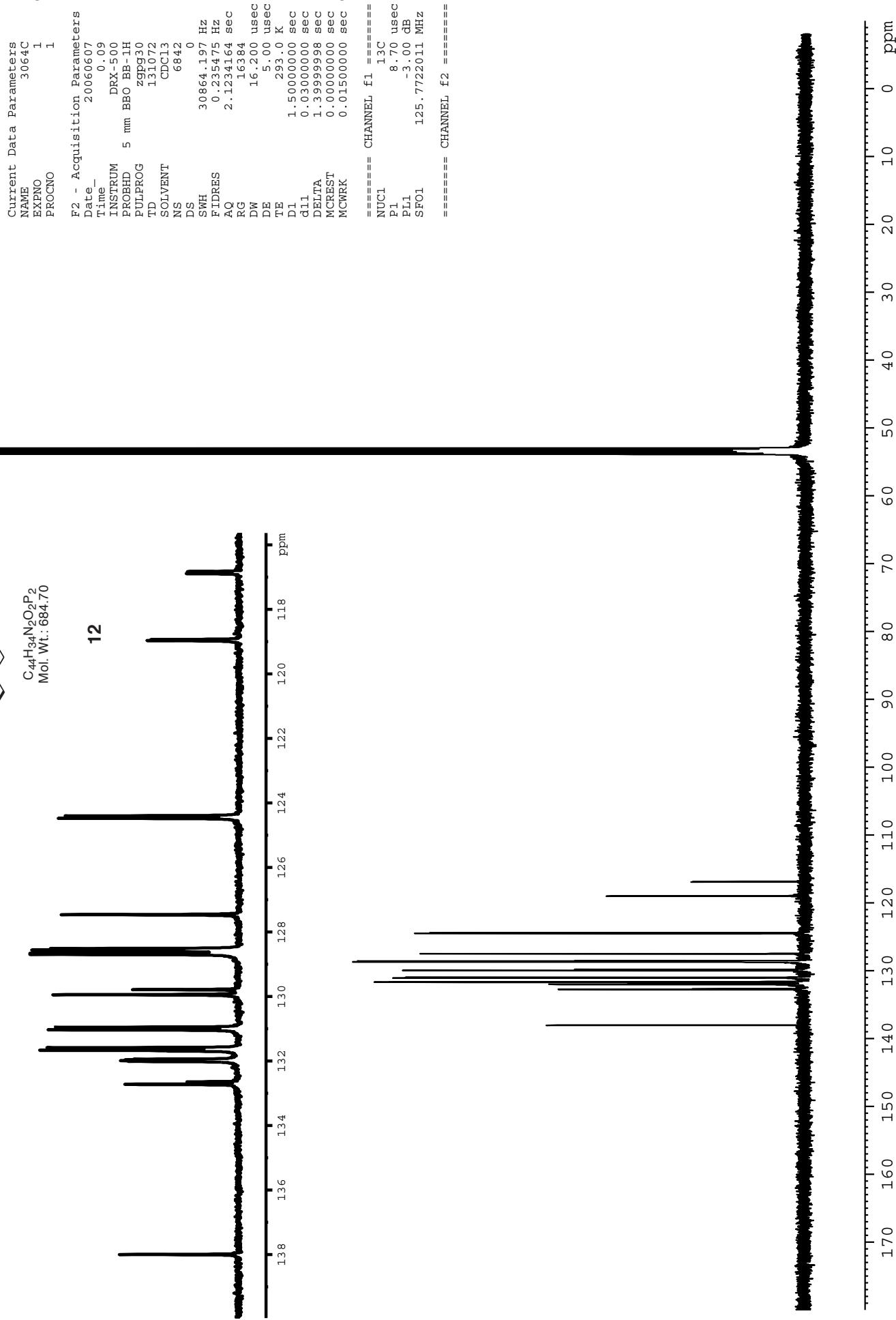


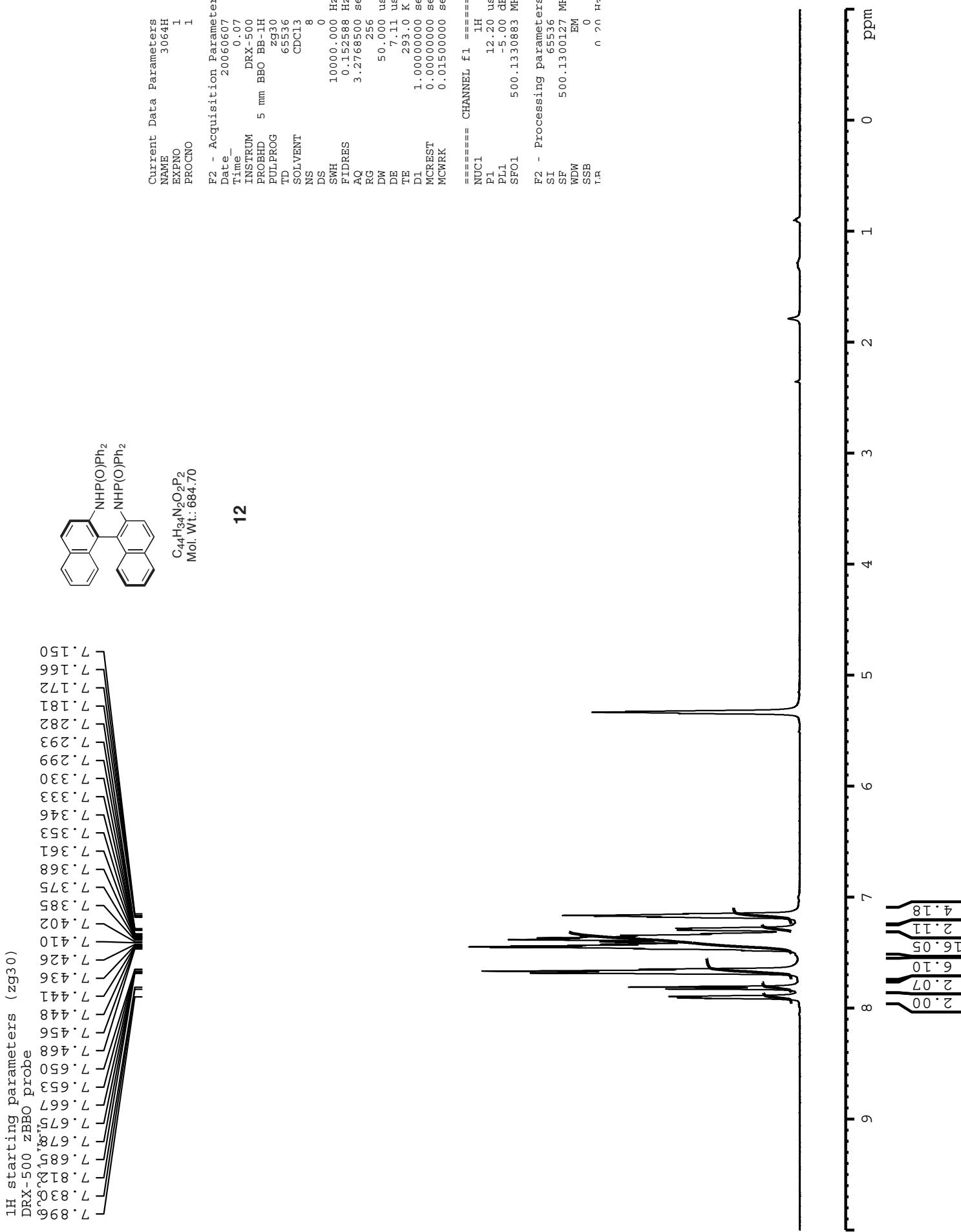


13C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
Starting parameters with zgpg30 (waltz16)
uses ns+td0



C₄₄H₃₄N₂O₂P₂
Mol. Wt. 684.70





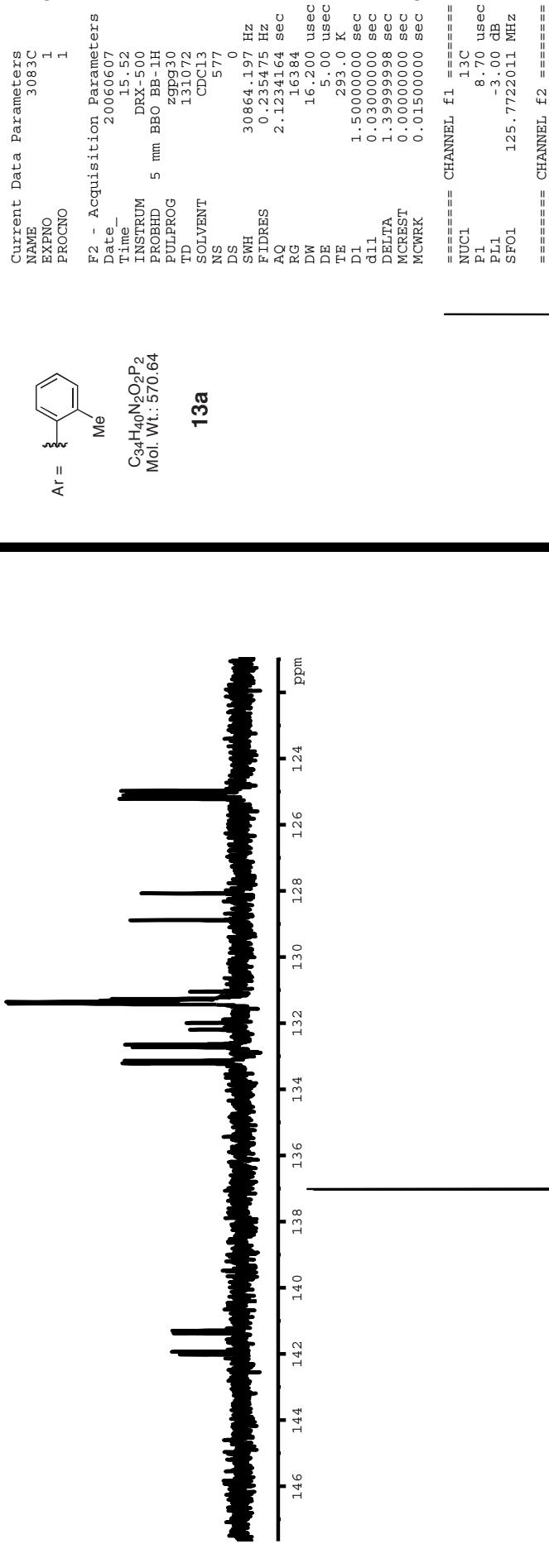
13C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
Starting parameters with zgpg30 (water tdc)
uses ns+td0

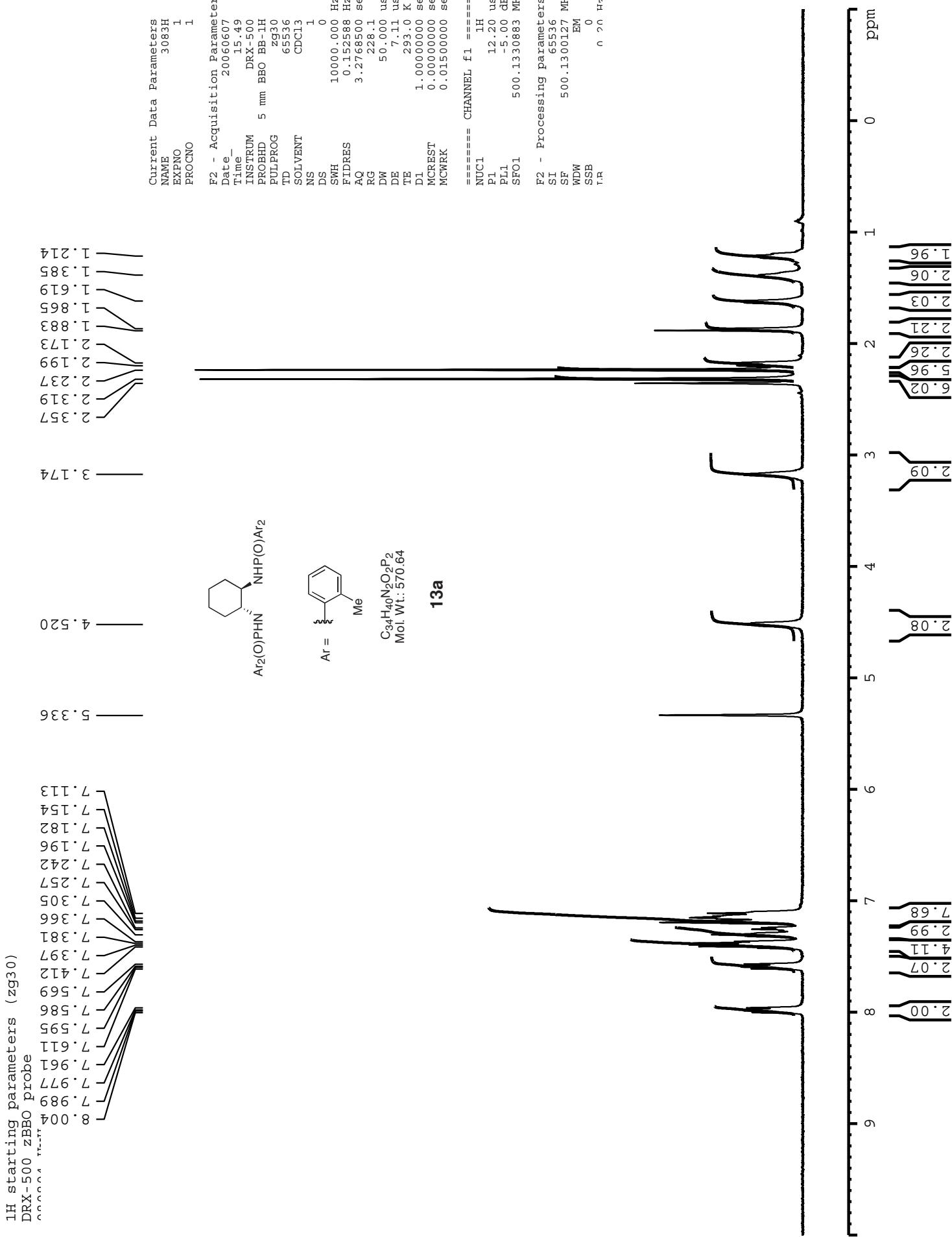


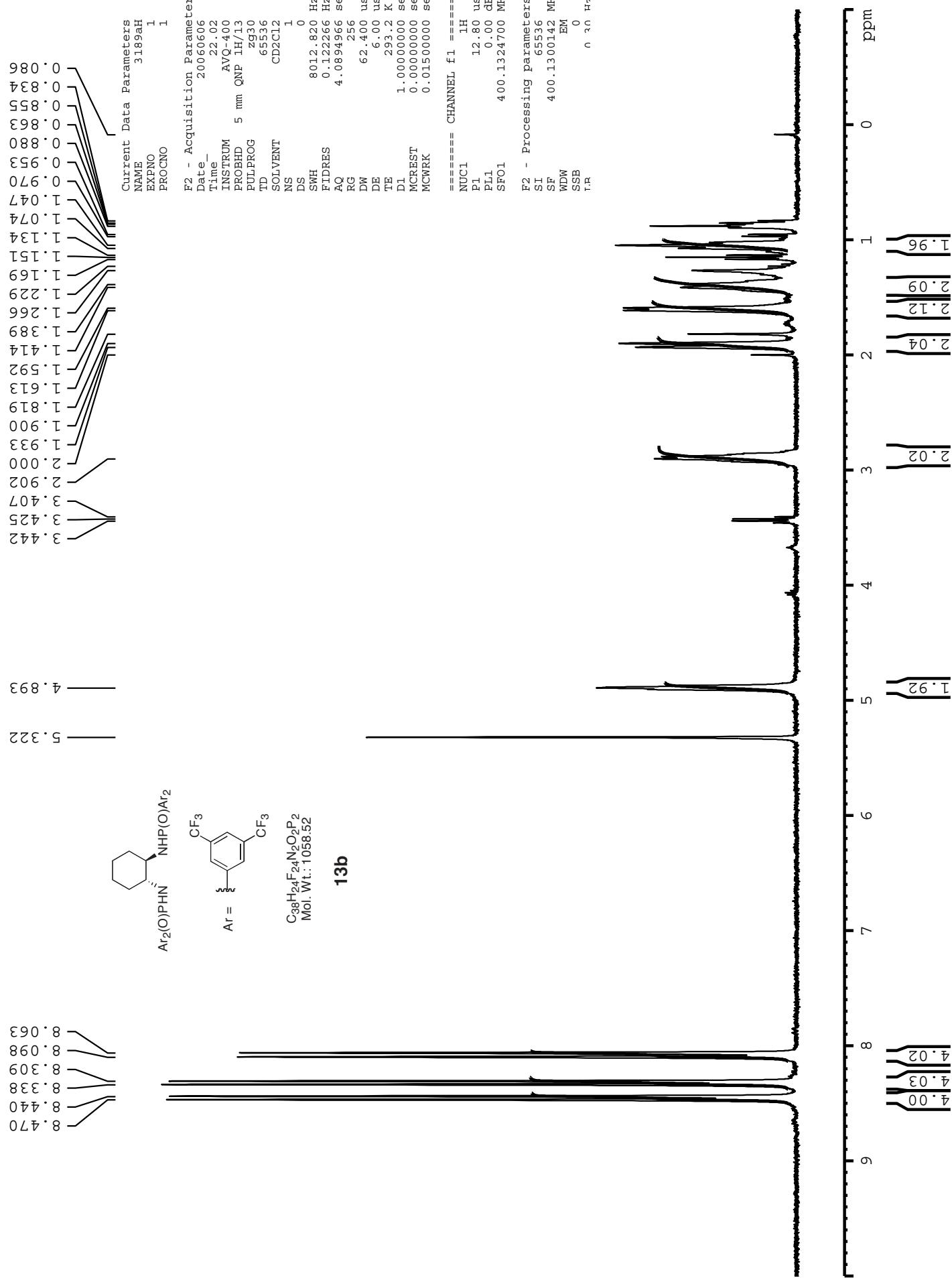
Ar₂(O)PhN
Ar = Me

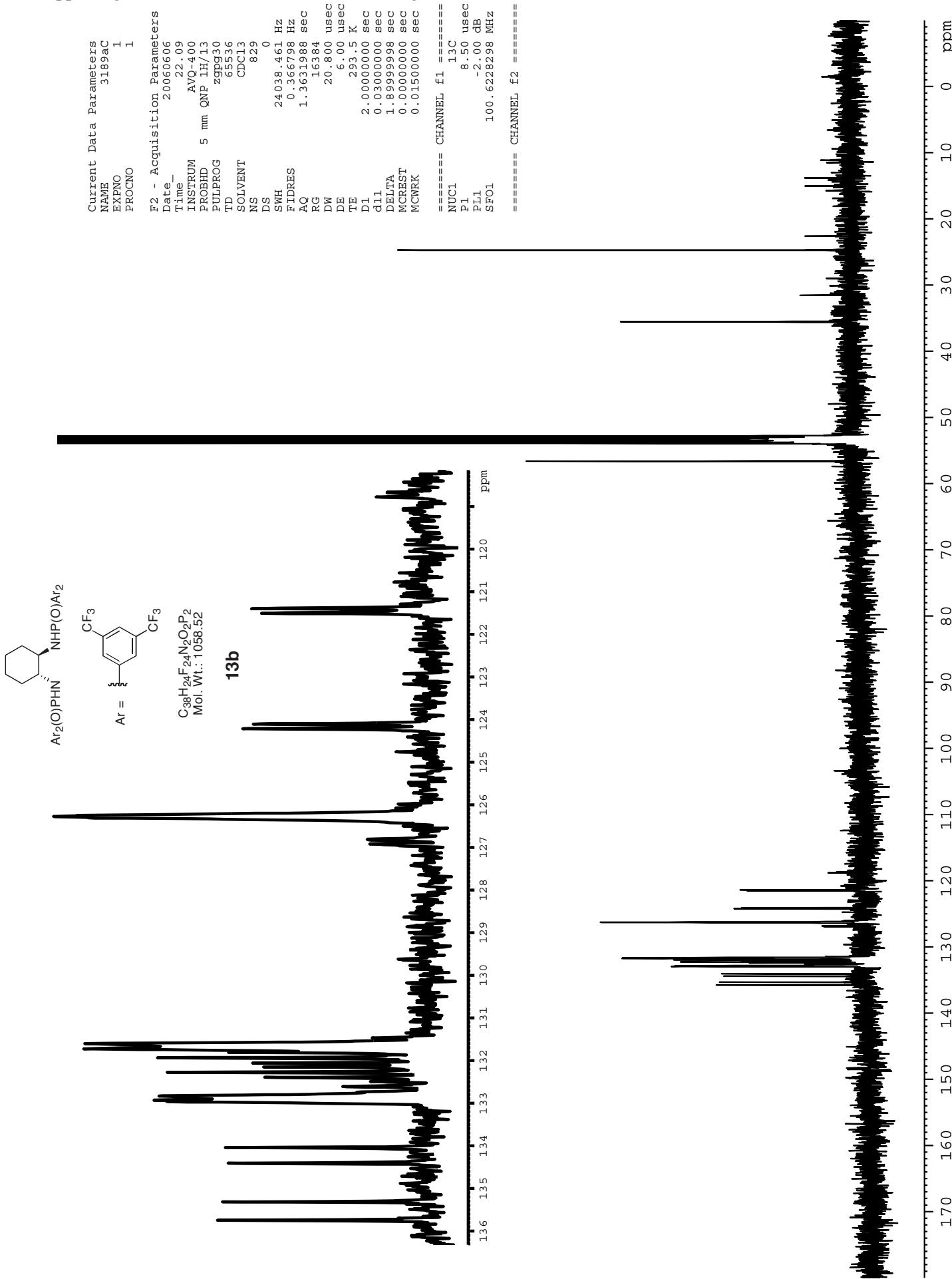
C₃₄H₄₀N₂O₂P₂
Mol. Wt.: 570.64

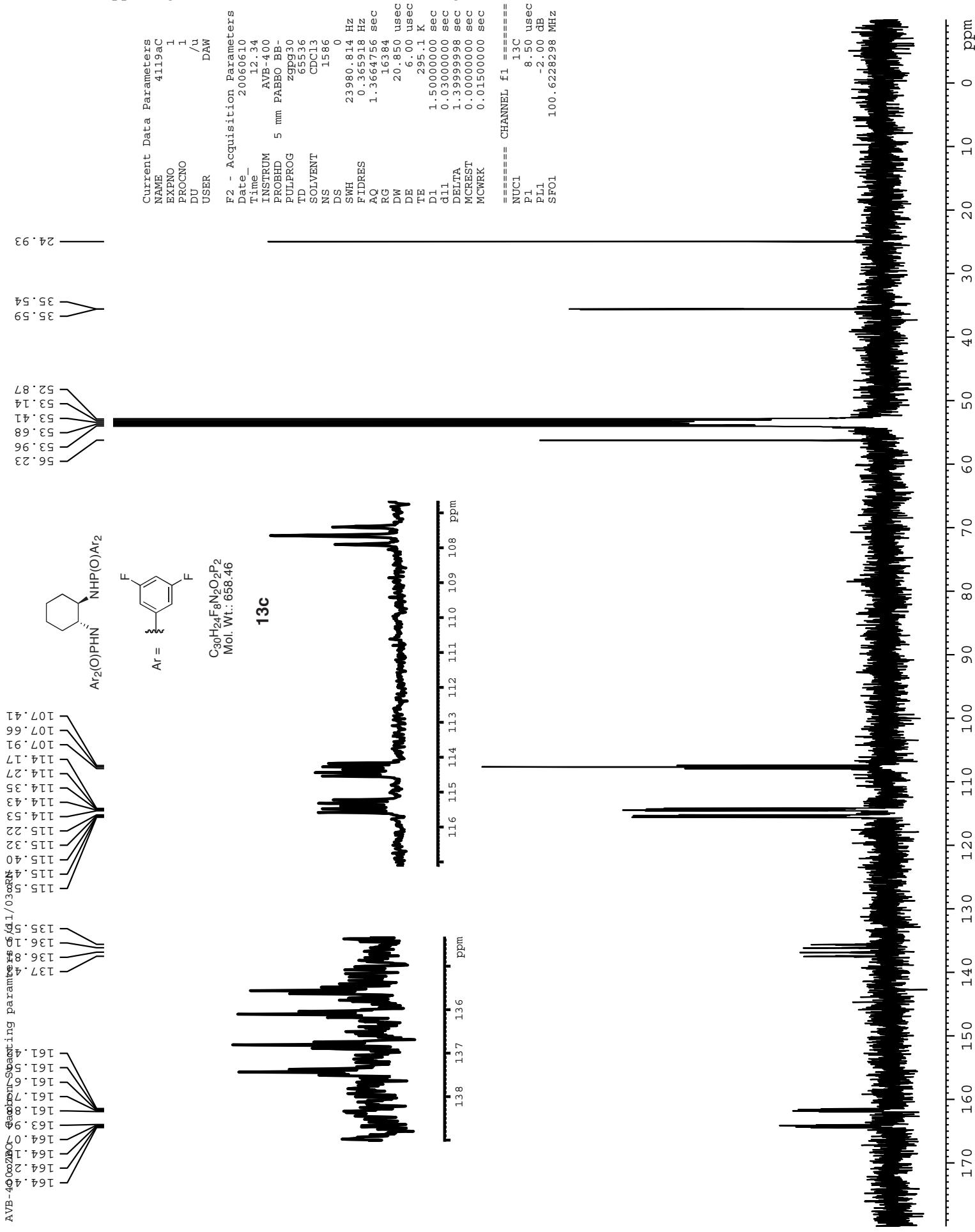
13a

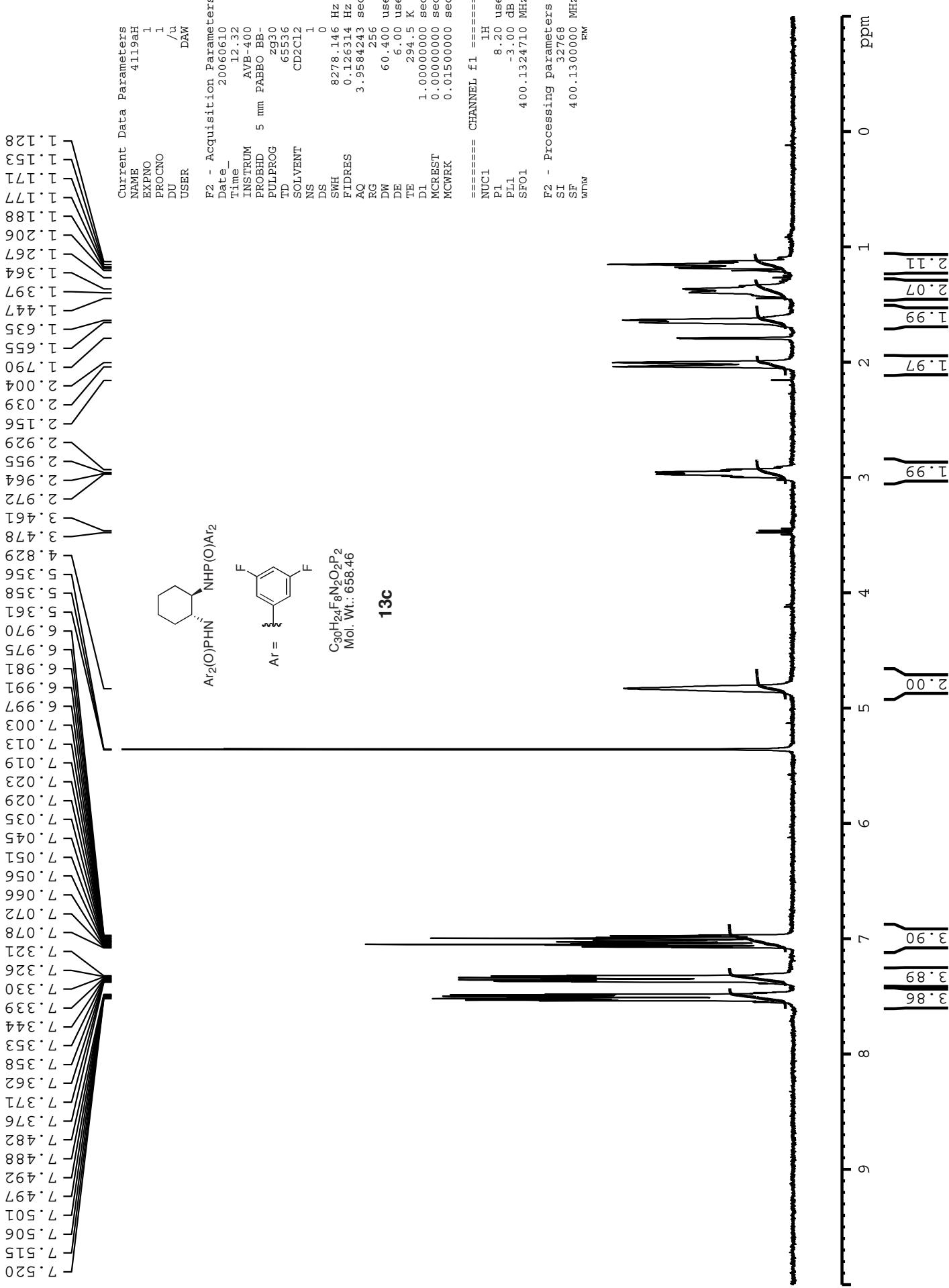


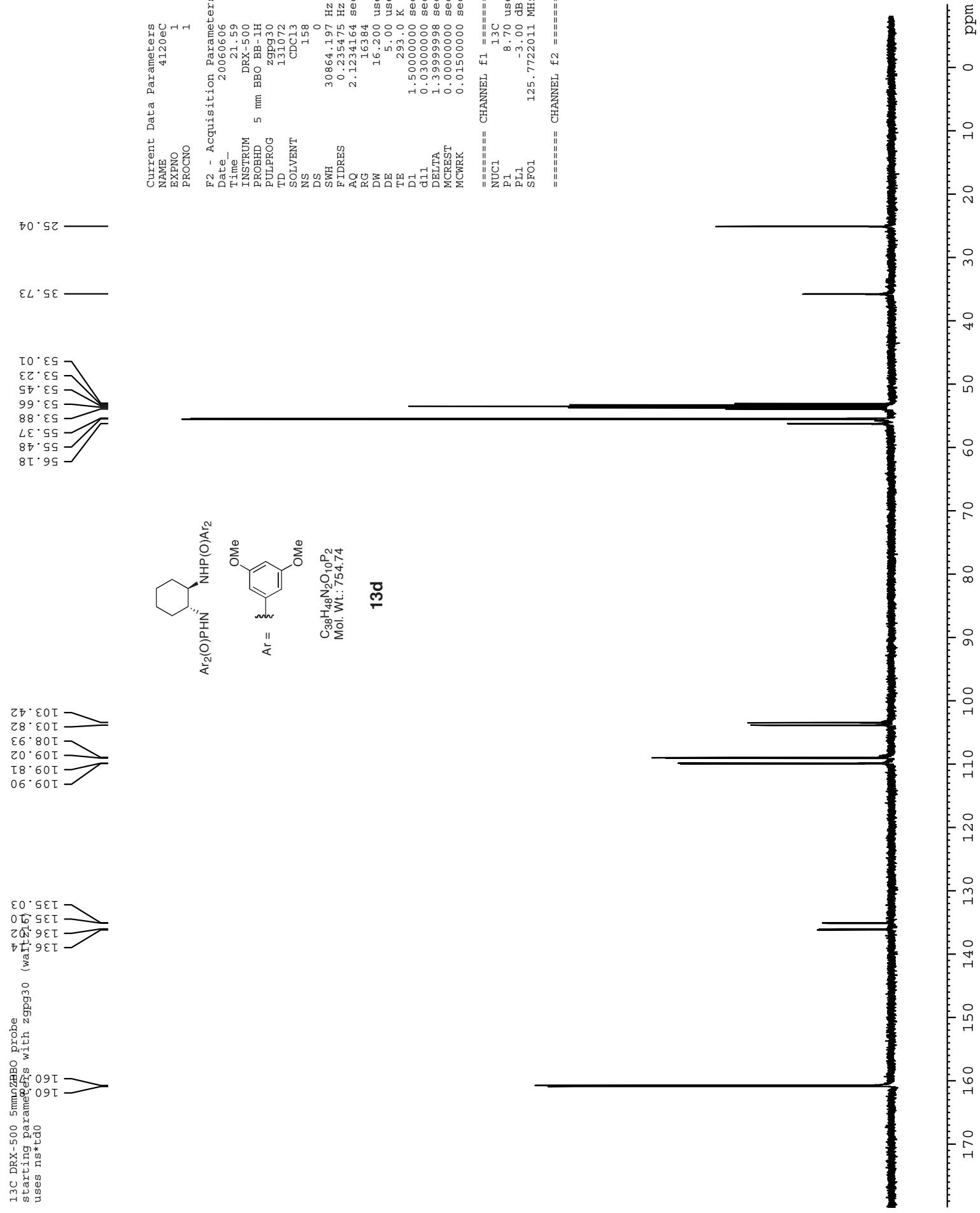


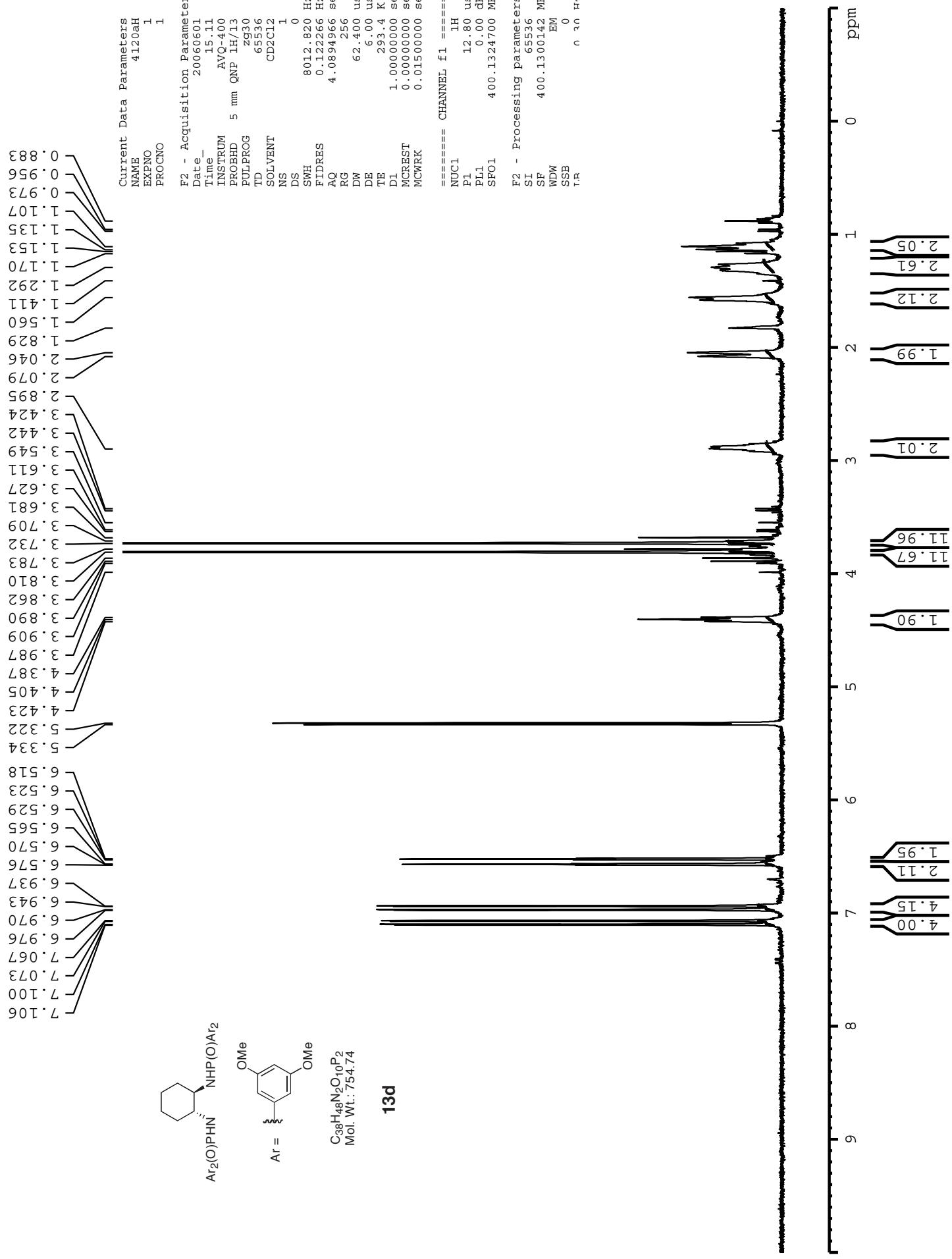












13C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
Starting parameters with zgpg30 (wallclock 23:23)
uses nstt00

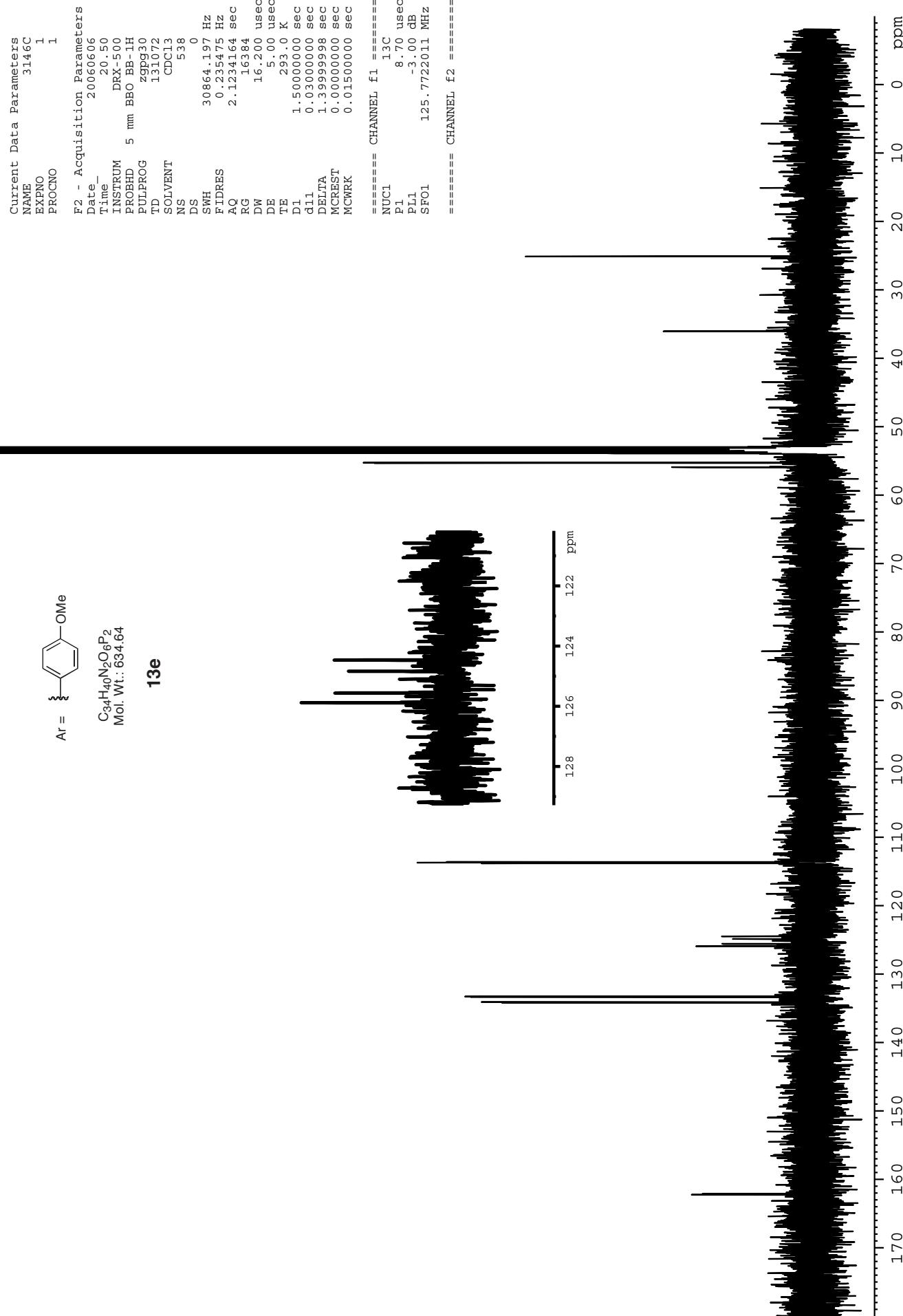
113.76
113.69
113.52
133.23
134.32
134.55

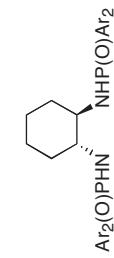
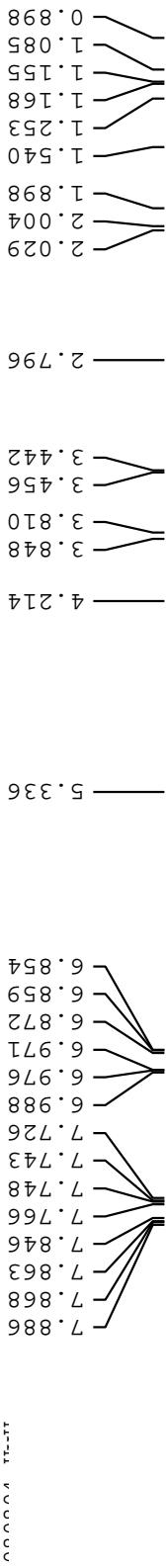
55.23
55.19
53.58
53.37
53.32
53.15
52.94
52.80

25.04

Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

S45





$\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{P}_2$
Mol. Wt.: 634.64

13e

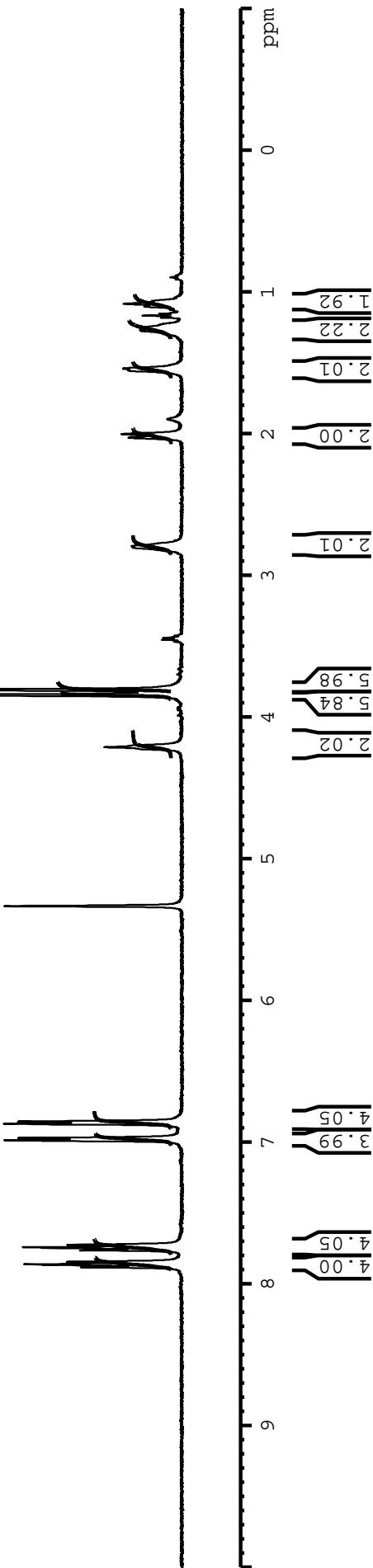
Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

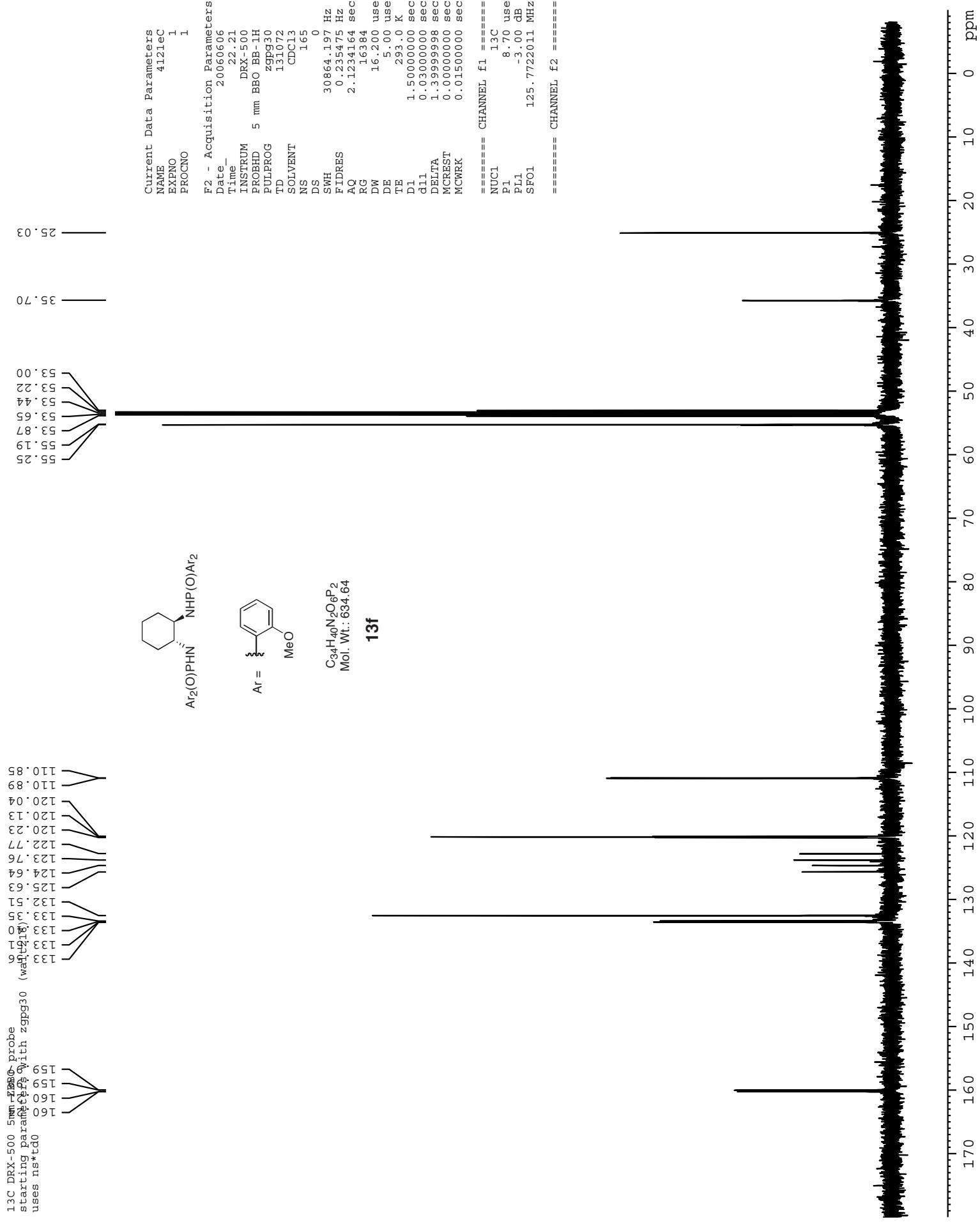
```
Current Data Parameters
NAME      3146H
EXPNO     1
PROCNO    1

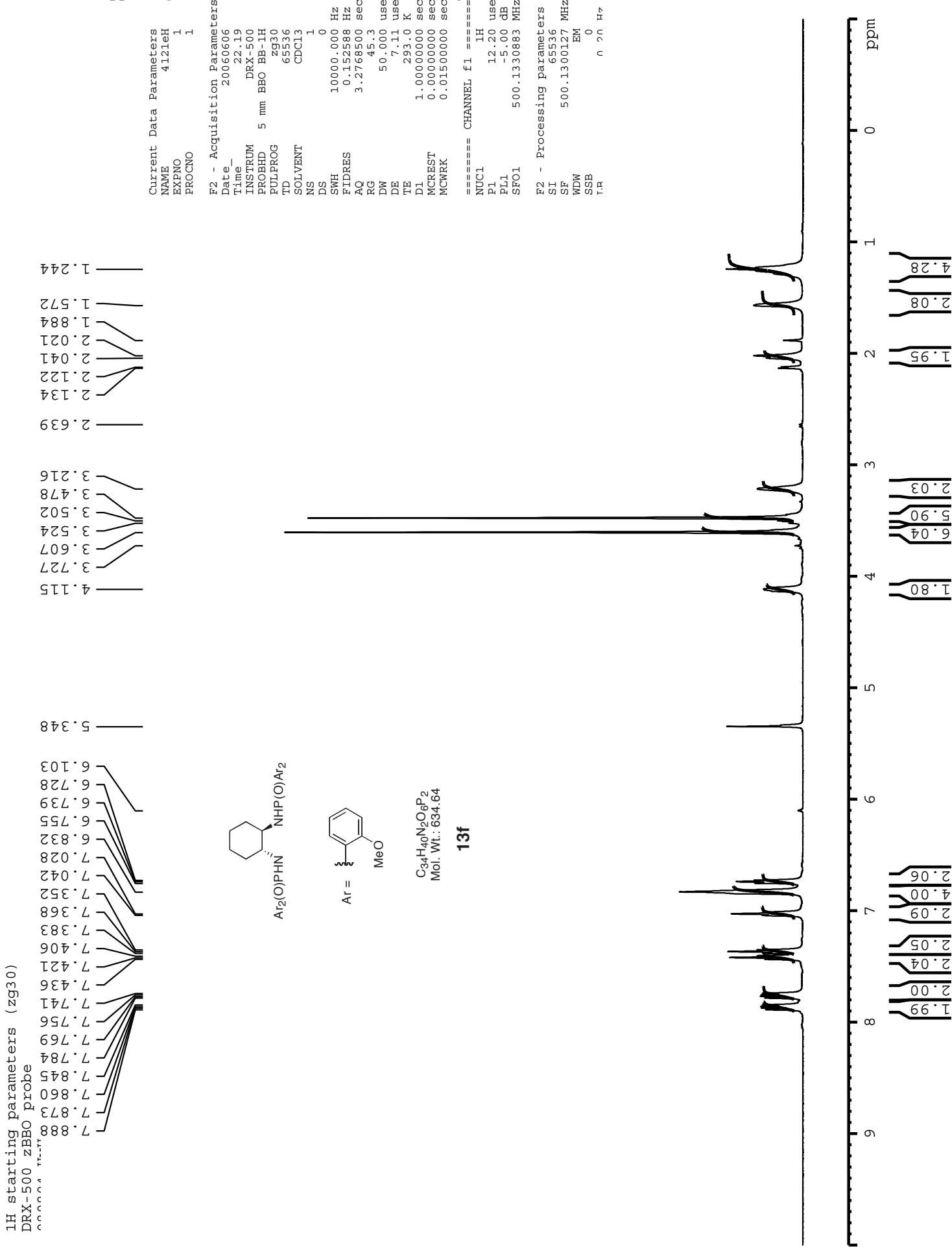
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_   20060606
Time_   20:48
INSTRUM DRX-500
PROBHD  5 mm BBO BB-1H
PULPROG TD
TD      65536
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS      1
DS      0
SWH    10000.000 Hz
FIDRES 0.152388 Hz
AQ     3.276850 sec
RG     322.5
DW     50.000 usec
DE     7.11 usec
TE     293.0 K
D1     1.0000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCWRK  0.0150000 sec

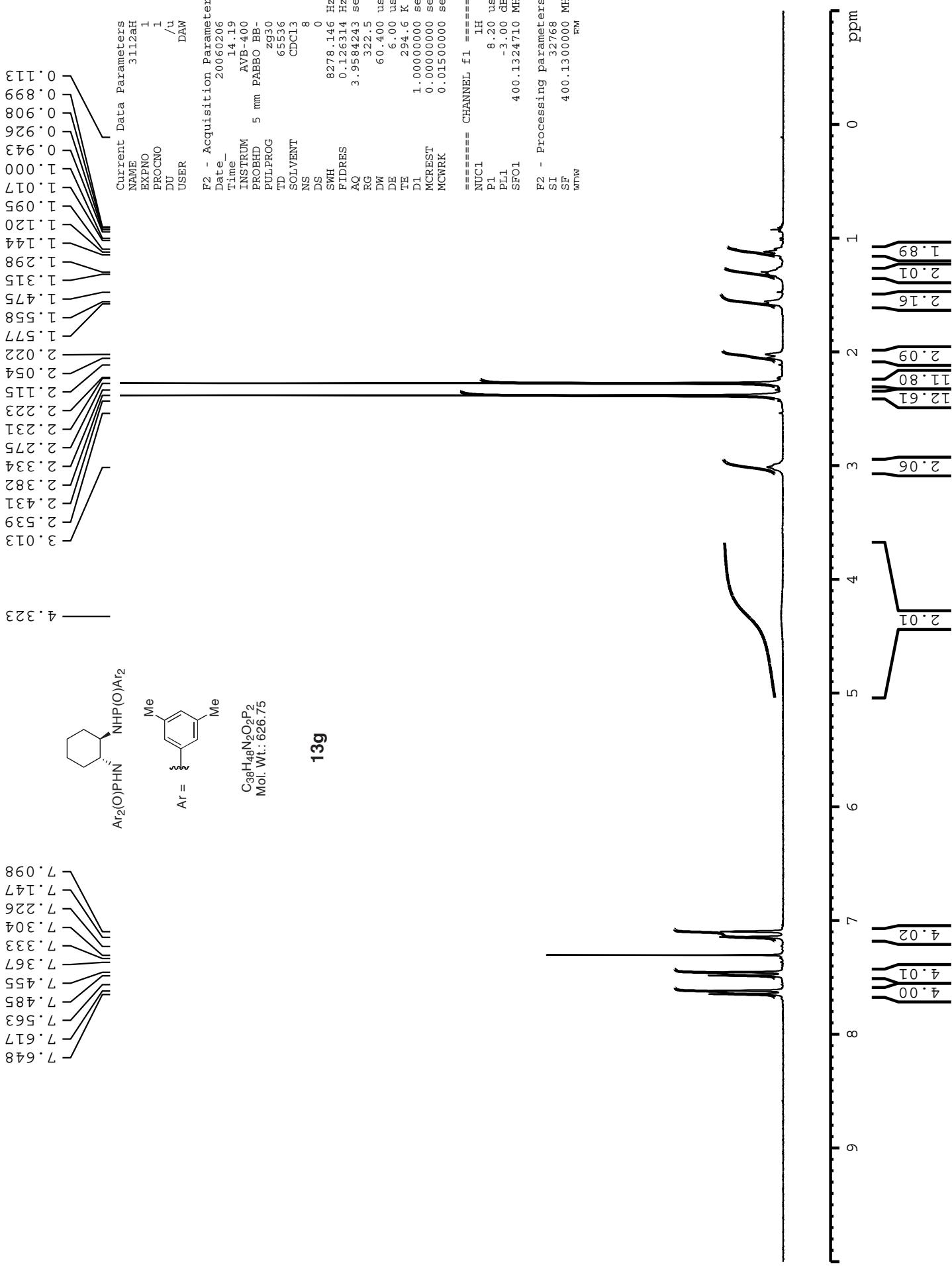
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1    1H
P1      12.20 usec
PL1    -5.00 dB
SFO1   500.1330883 MHz
```

```
F2 - Processing parameters
SI      65536
SF      500.1300127 MHz
WDW    EM
SSB    0
T.R.   0 s
```

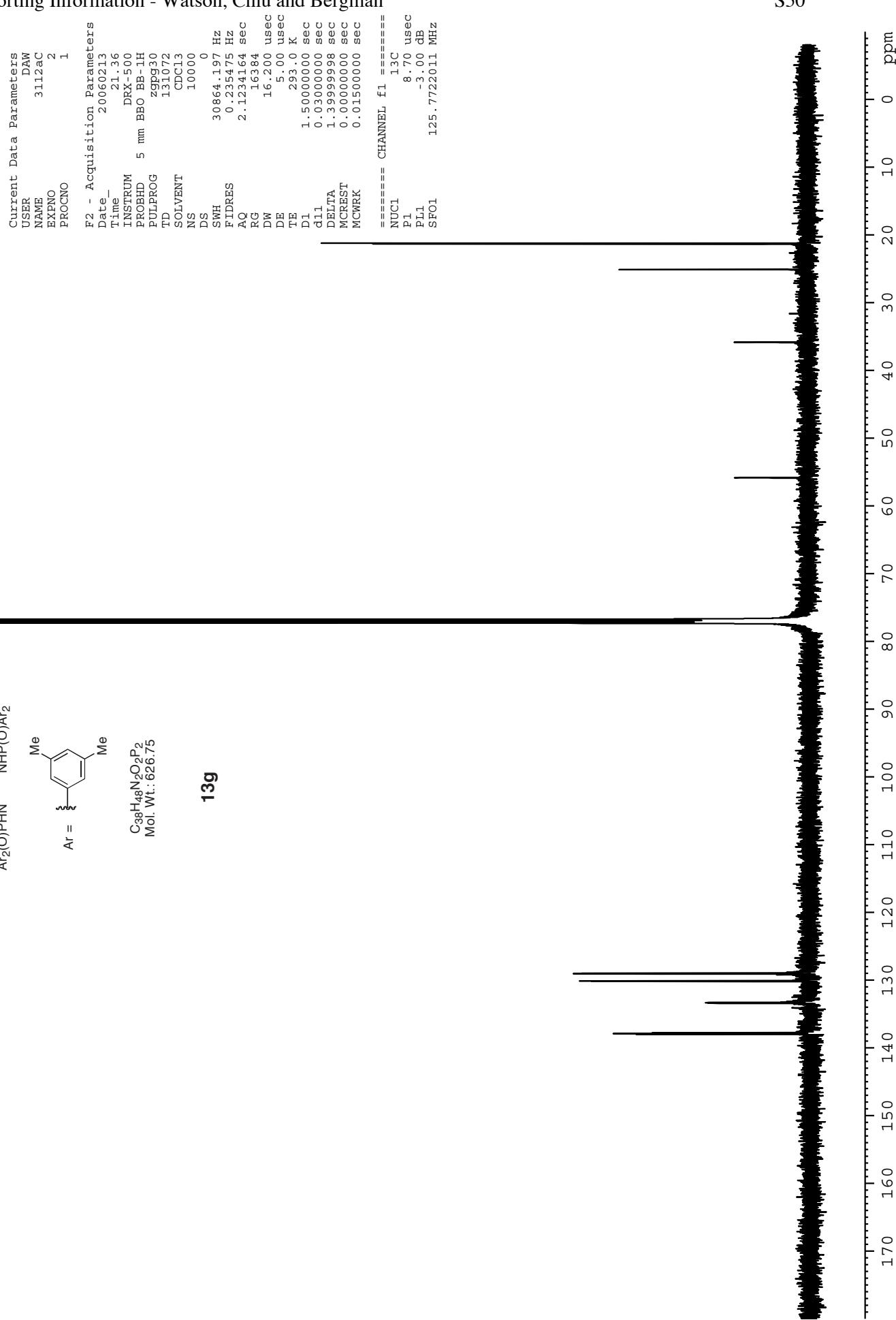
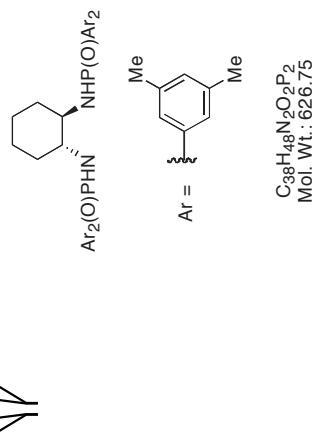


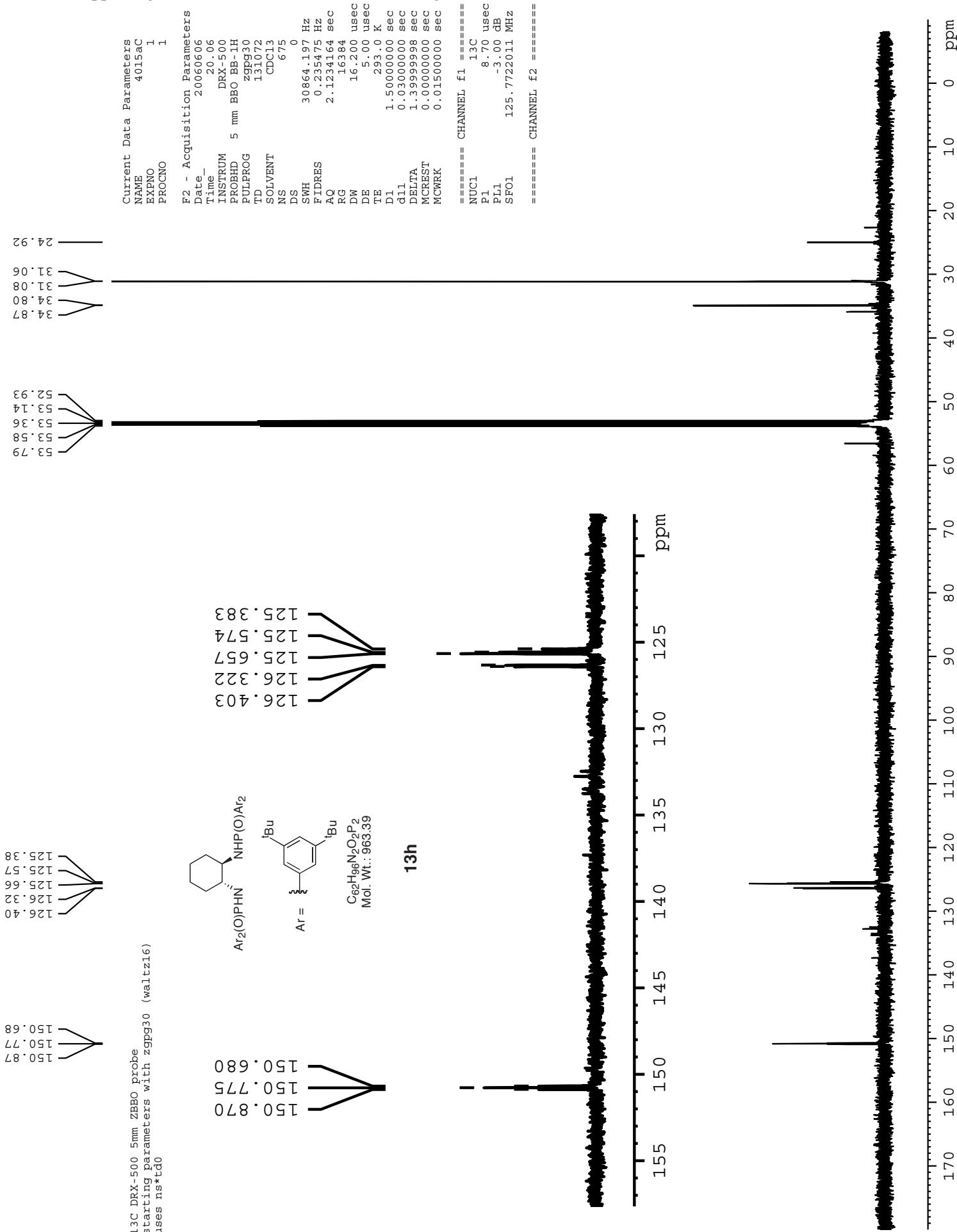


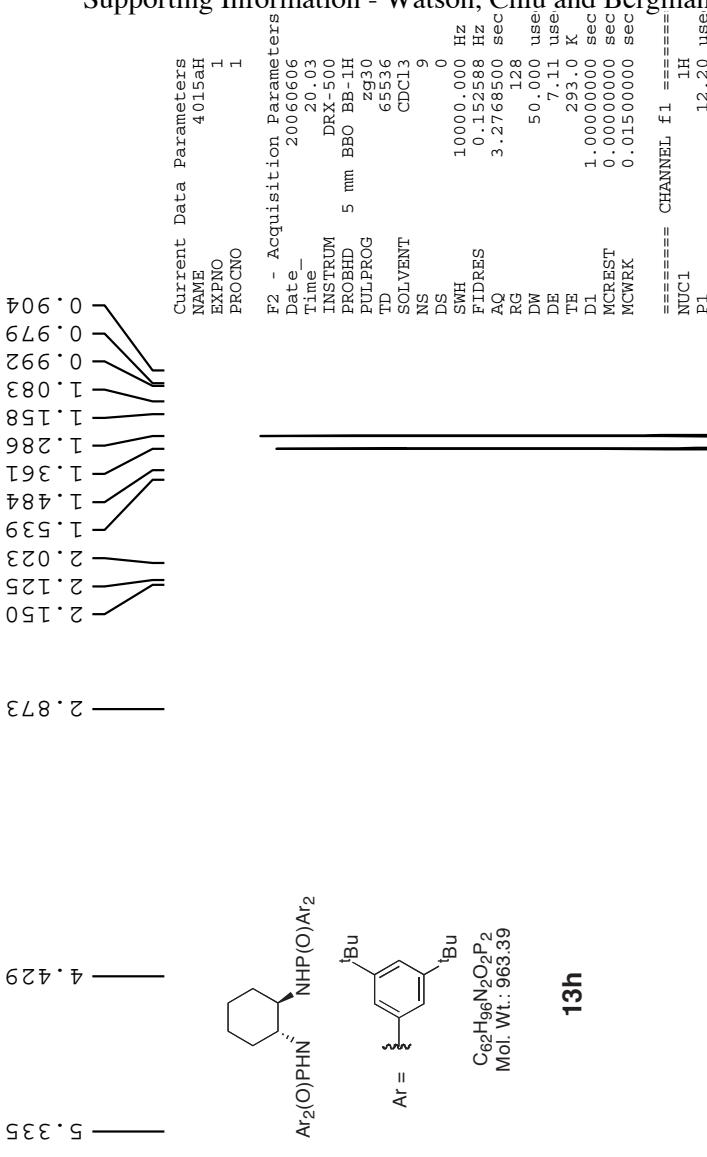




13C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
Starting parameters with zgpg30 (waltz16)
uses ns+td0





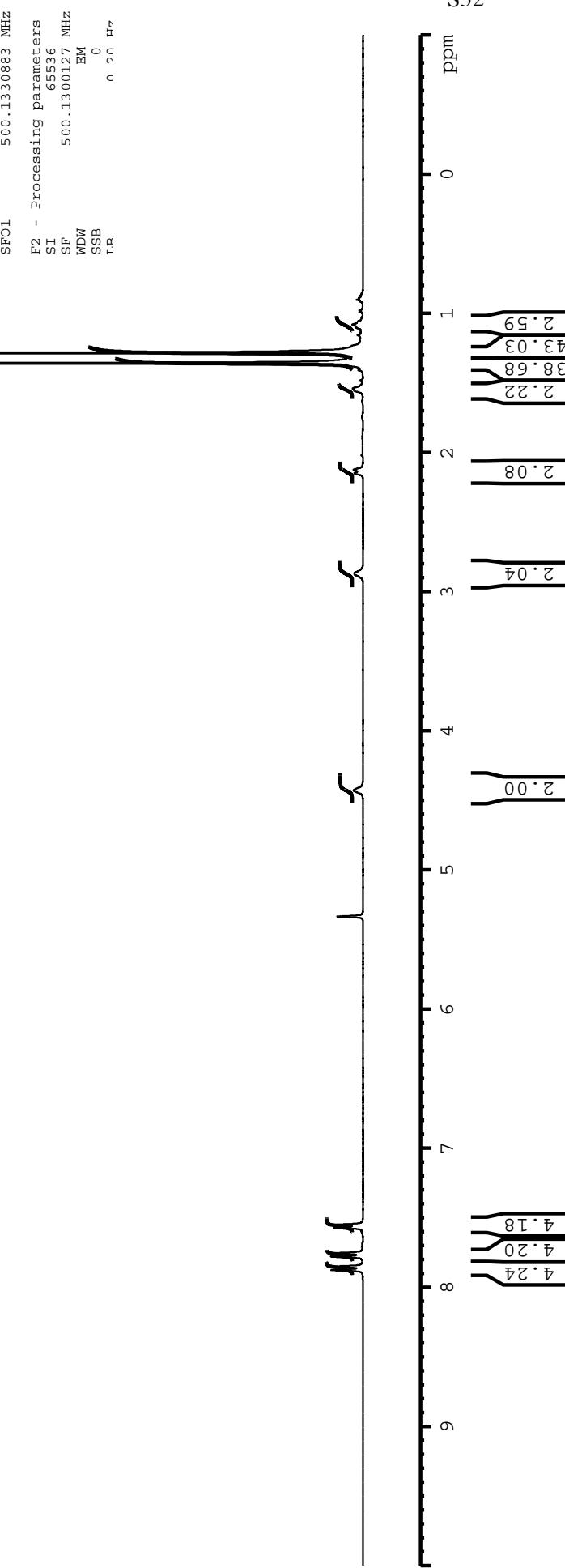


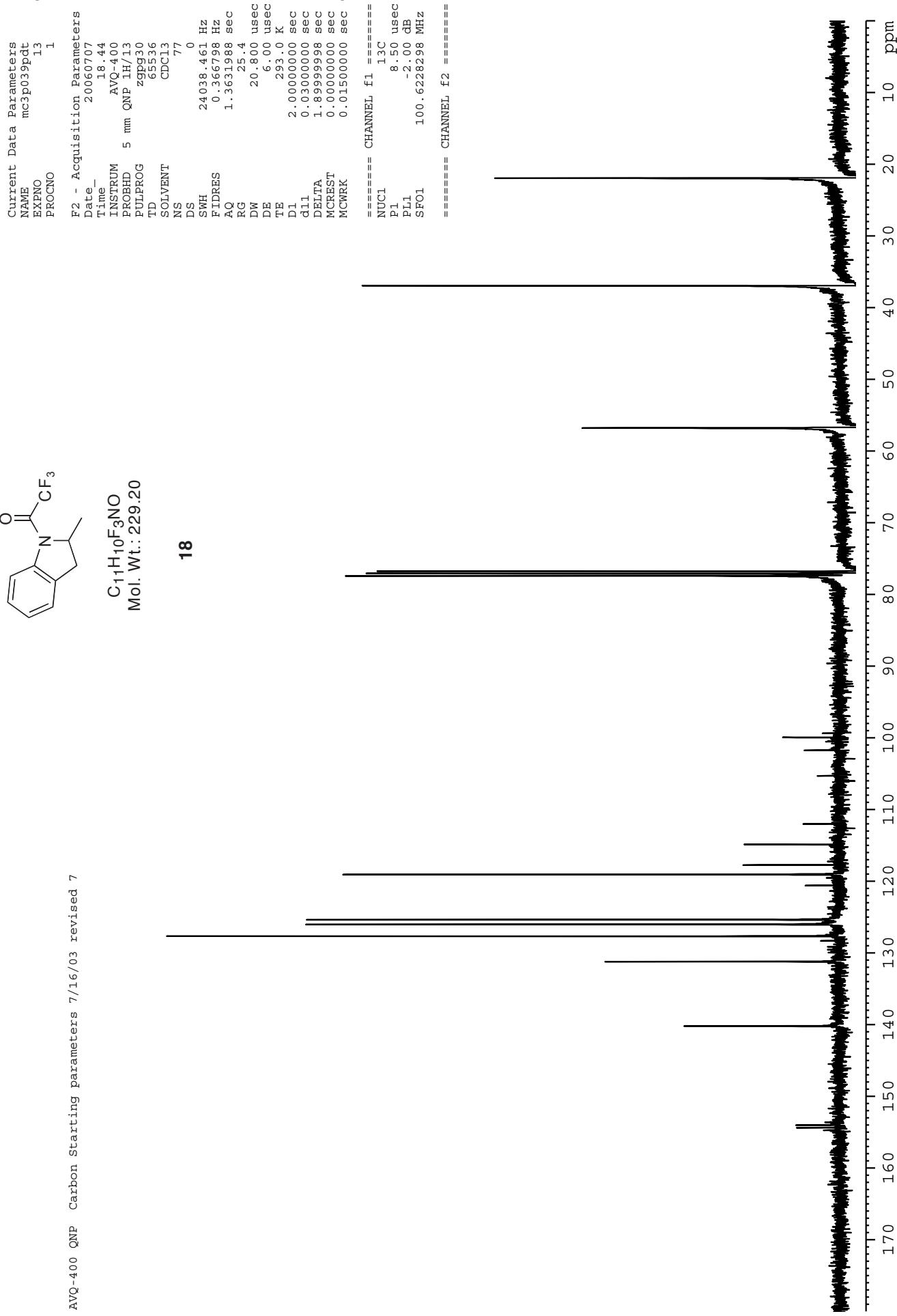
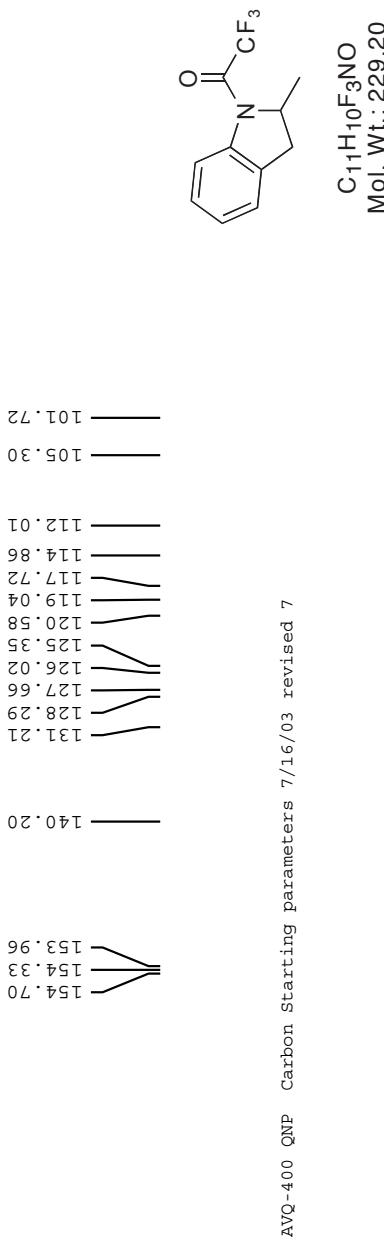
```

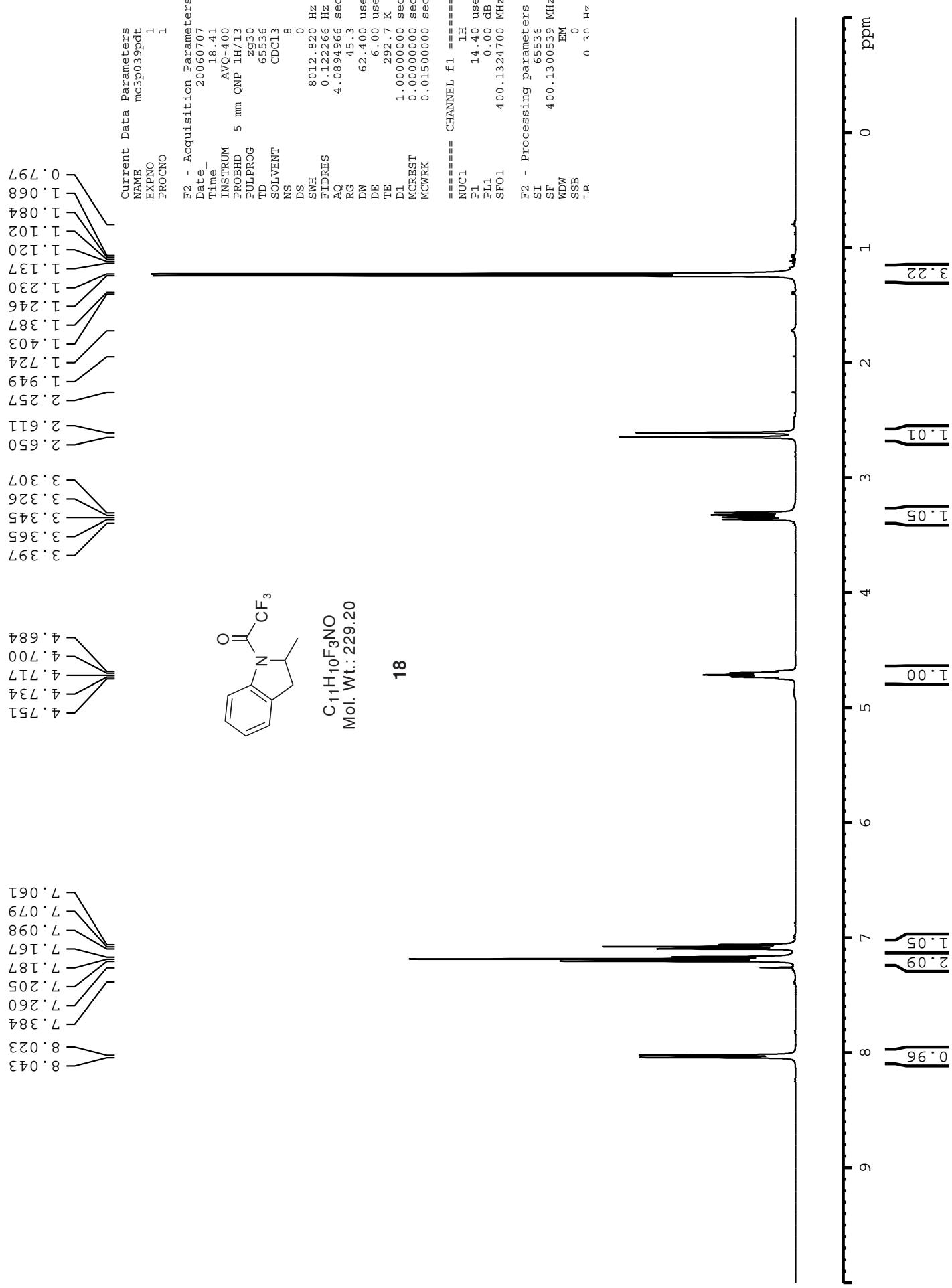
Current Data Parameters
NAME        4.015aH
EXPNO       1
PROCNO      1
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_       20060606
Time        20.03
INSTRUM    DRX-500
PROBHD    5 mm BBO BB-1H
PULPROG   P1
TD        32768500 sec
SOLVENT    CDCl3
NS         9
DS         0
SWH       10000.000 Hz
FIDRES   0.152388 Hz
AQ        3.2768500 sec
RG        128
DW        50.000 usec
DE        7.11 usec
TE        293.0 K
D1        1.00000000 sec
MCREST   0.0000000 sec
MCWRK    0.0150000 sec
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1       1H
P1        12.20 usec
PL1      -5.00 dB
SFO1     500.1330883 MHz
T.R.      0 s

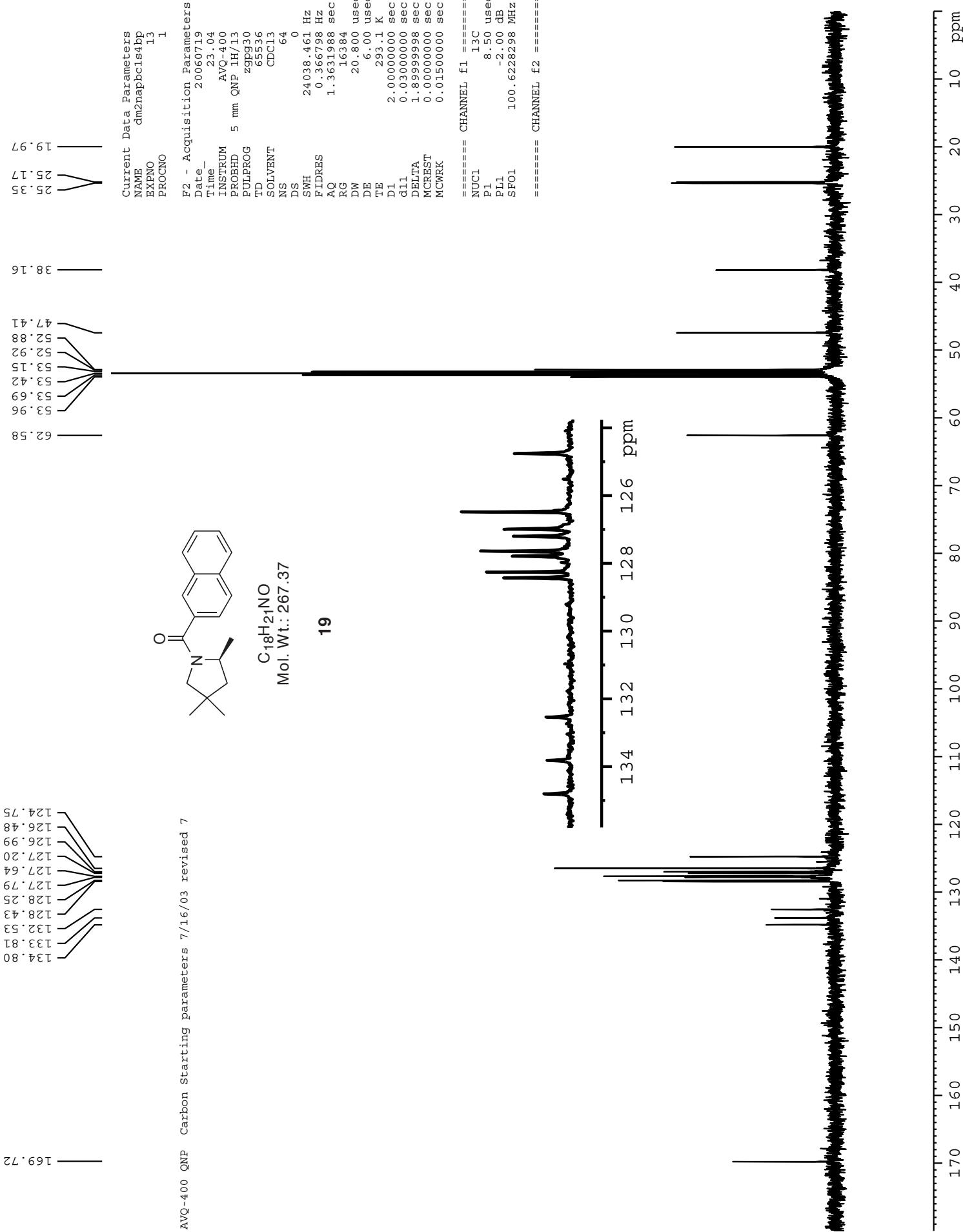
```

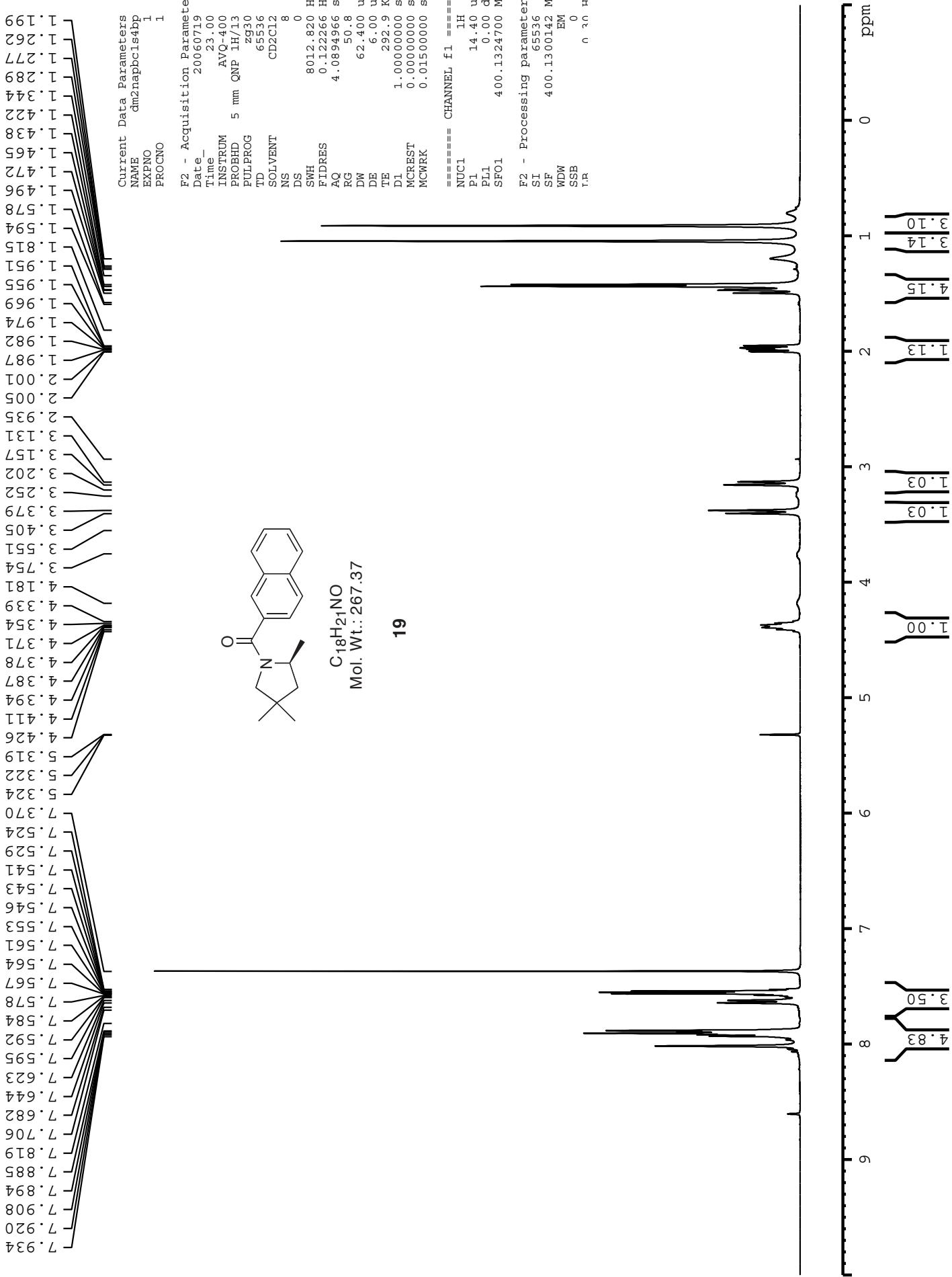
13h











¹³C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
starting parameters with zgpg30 (waltz16).
012504 H₂O
ns*td0

128.45
128.13
127.82
127.64
127.52
127.31
127.04
126.50
126.17
124.74

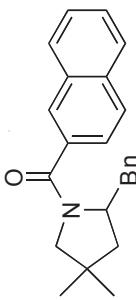
Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

Current Data Parameters
NAME bn2napc253dp3
EXPNO 13
PROCNO 1
DU /u
USER labrat

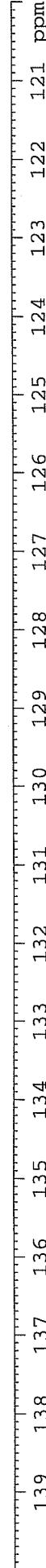
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20060722
Time 16.28
INSTRUM DRX-500
PROBHD 5 mm BBO BB-1H
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 131072
SOLVENT CDCl₃
NS 608
DS 0
SWH 30864.197 Hz
FIDRES 0.1234164 sec
AQ 2.1234164 sec
RG 16.384
DW 16.200 usec
DE 5.00
TE 233.0 K
d1 1.5000000 sec
d11 0.0300000 sec
DELTA 1.3999998 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCWRK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 13C
P1 8.70 usec
PL1 -3.00 dB
SFO1 125.7722011 MHz
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 97.00 usec
PL2 -5.00 dB
PL12 15.50 dB
PL13 21.50 dB
SFO2 500.1321560 MHz
F2 - Processing parameters
SI 131072
SF 125.757791 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.75 Hz
GB 0
PC 4.00

C₂₄H₂₅NO
Mol. Wt.: 343.46



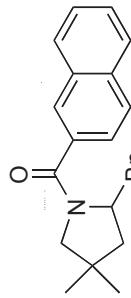
20



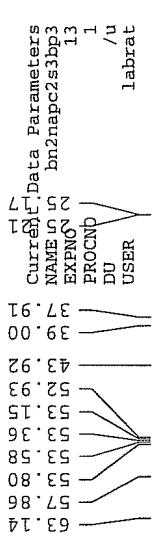
S57

Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman

¹³C DRX-500 5mm ZBBO probe
starting parameters with zgpg30 (waltz16).
uses ns tdo
012504 Hvh



20
 $C_{24}H_{25}NO$
Mol. Wt.: 343.46



====

Current Parameters

NAME bn2napc25.b3

EXPOV 13

PROCN0

DU 1

USER /u

laborat

====

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

Date 20050722

Time 16.28

INSTRUM DRX-500

PROBHD 5 mm BBO BB-1H

PULPROG zgpg30

TD 131072

SOLVENT CDCl3

NS 592

DS 0

SWH 30864.197 Hz

FIDRES 0.233475 Hz

AQ 2.1234164 sec

RG 16384

DW 16.200

DE 5.00

TE 293.0 K

====

user

====

CHANNEL f1 =====

NUC1 ¹³C

P1 8.70 usec

PL1 -3.00 dB

SFO1 125.7722011 MHz

====

CHANNEL f2 =====

CPDPRG2 waltz16

NUC2 ¹H

PCPDP2 97.00 usec

PL2 -5.00 dB

PL12 15.50 dB

PL13 21.50 dB

SFO2 500.1321560 MHz

====

F2 - Processing parameters

SI 131072

SF 125.757971 MHz

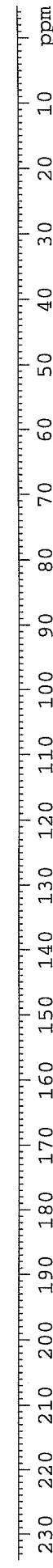
WDW EM

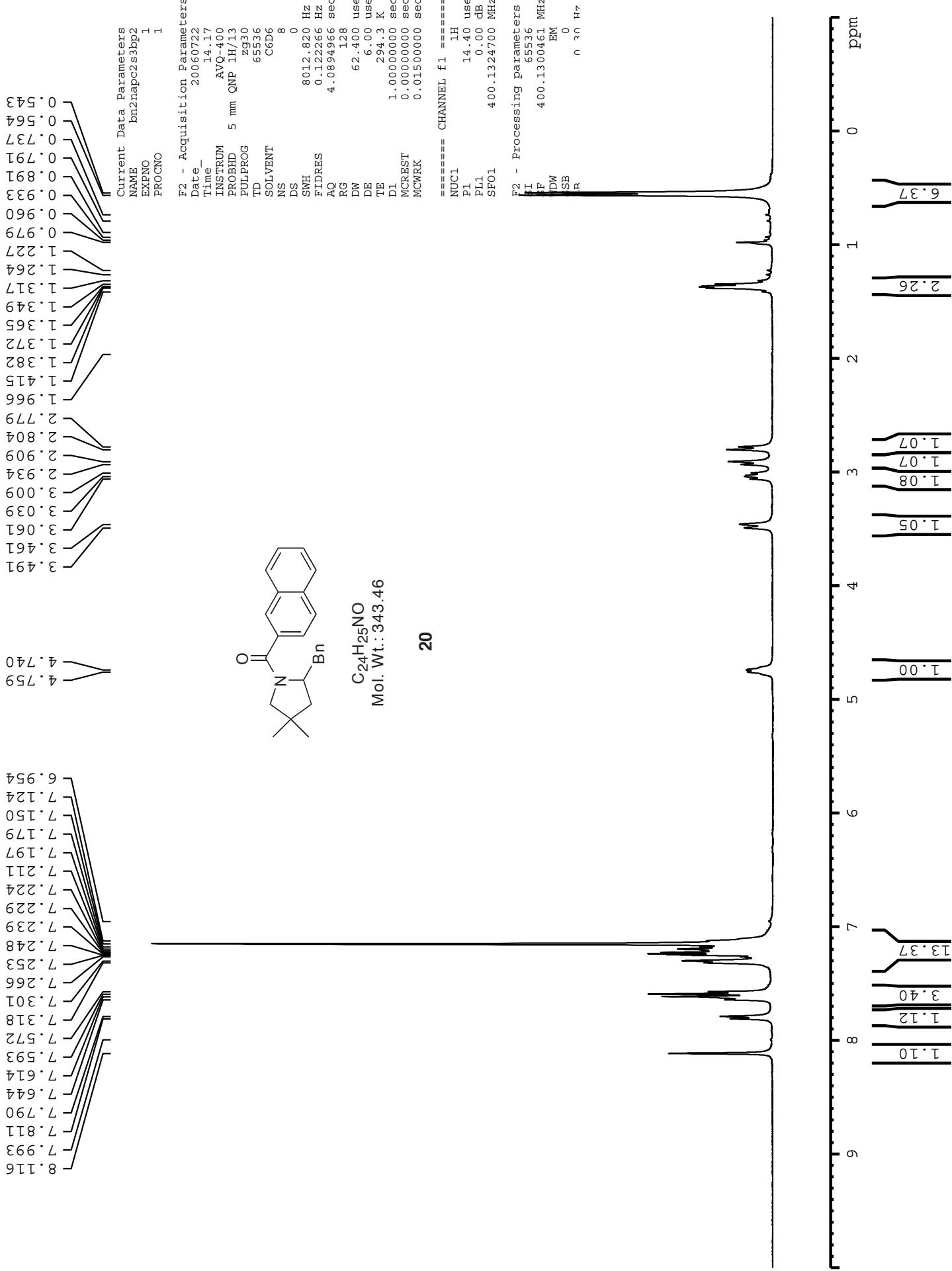
SSB 0

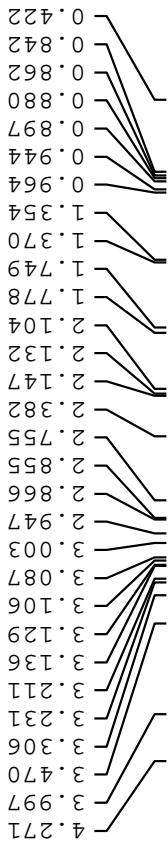
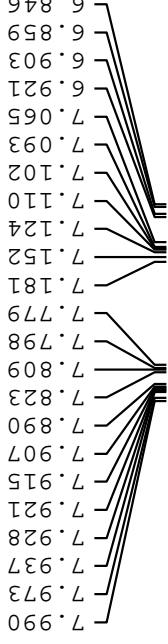
LB 0.75 Hz

GB 0

PC 4.00

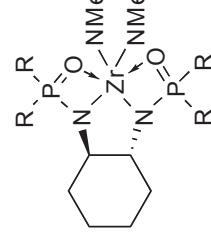






=====
Current Data Parameters
USER DAW
NAME 3170ah13515m
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20060214
Time_ 14.09
INSTRUM AVB-400
PROBHD 5 mm PABBO BB-
PULPROG 2930
TD 65536 sec
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 1
DS 0
SWH 8278.146 Hz
FIDRES 0.126314 Hz
AQ 3.9584243 sec
RG 203.2
DW 60.400 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 295.5 K
D1 1.0000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCWRK 0.01500000 seq_0

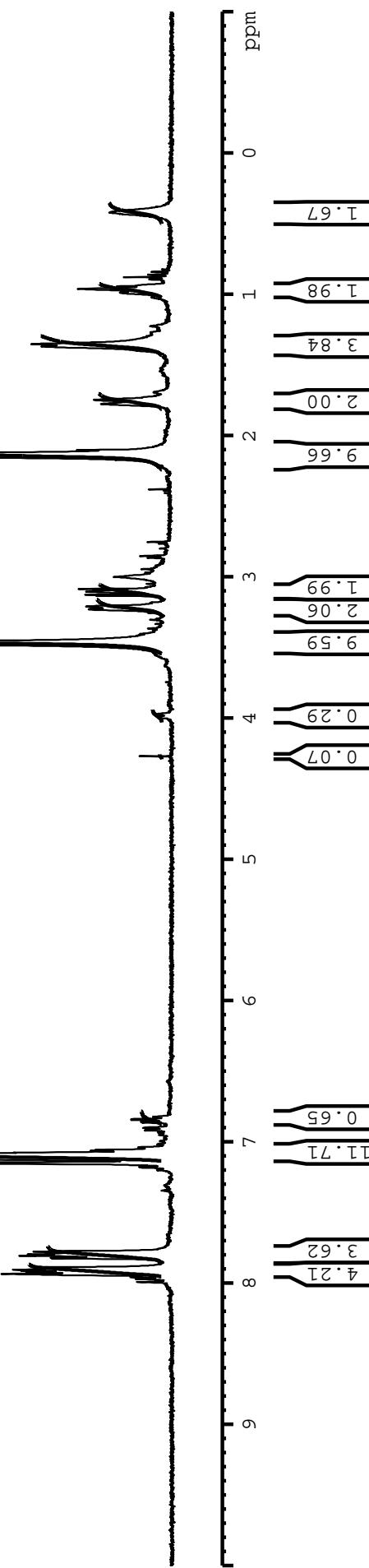


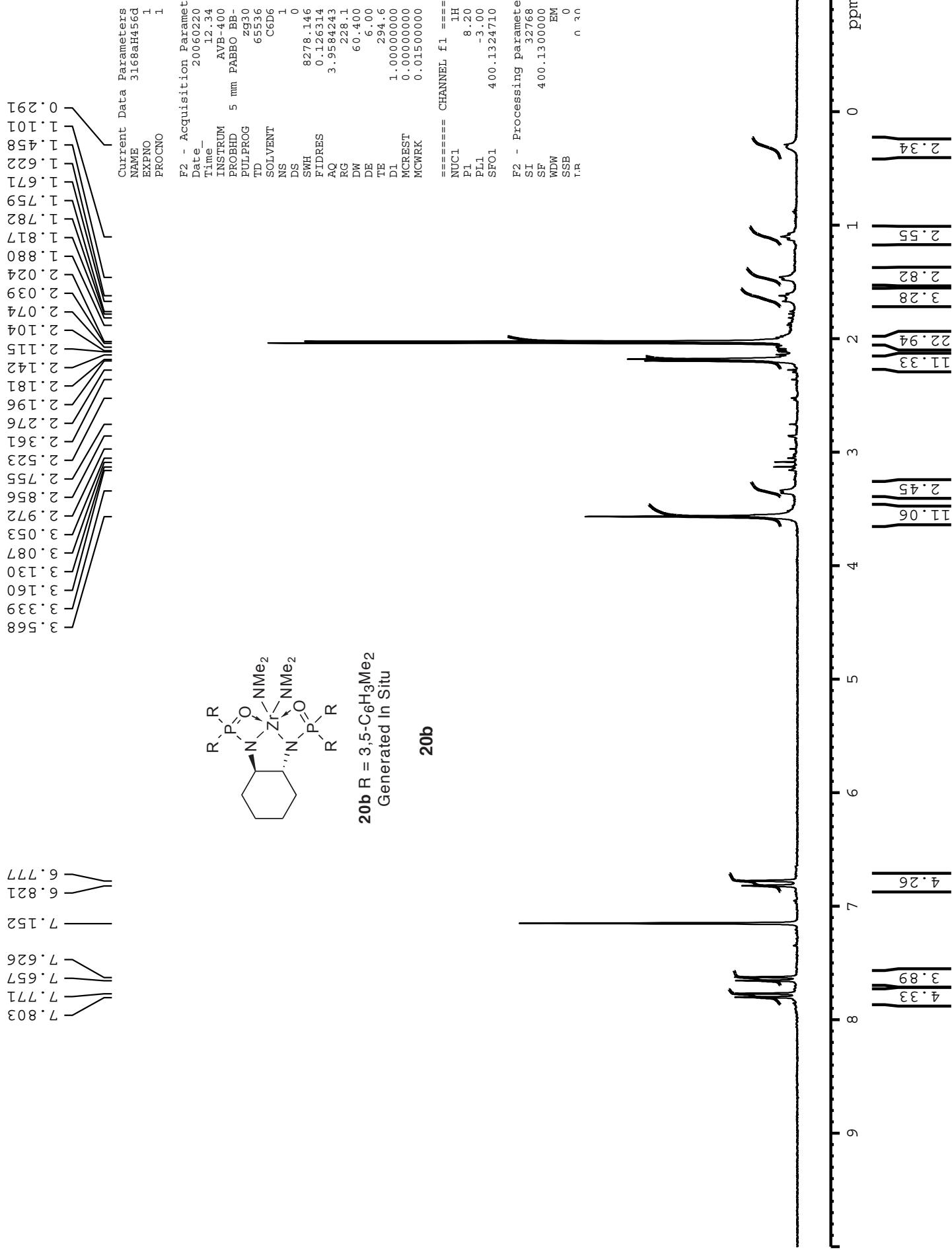
20a R = Ph
Generated In Situ
Contains Traces of 21a

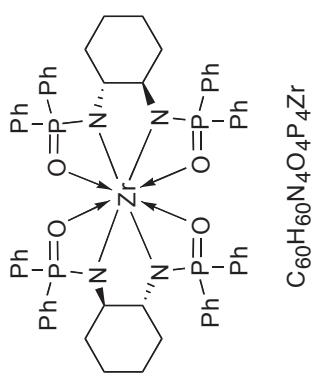
20a

=====
CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 8.20 usec
PL1 -3.00 dB
SFO1 400.1324710 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 32768
SF 400.1300000 MHz
WDW EM
SSR 0







```

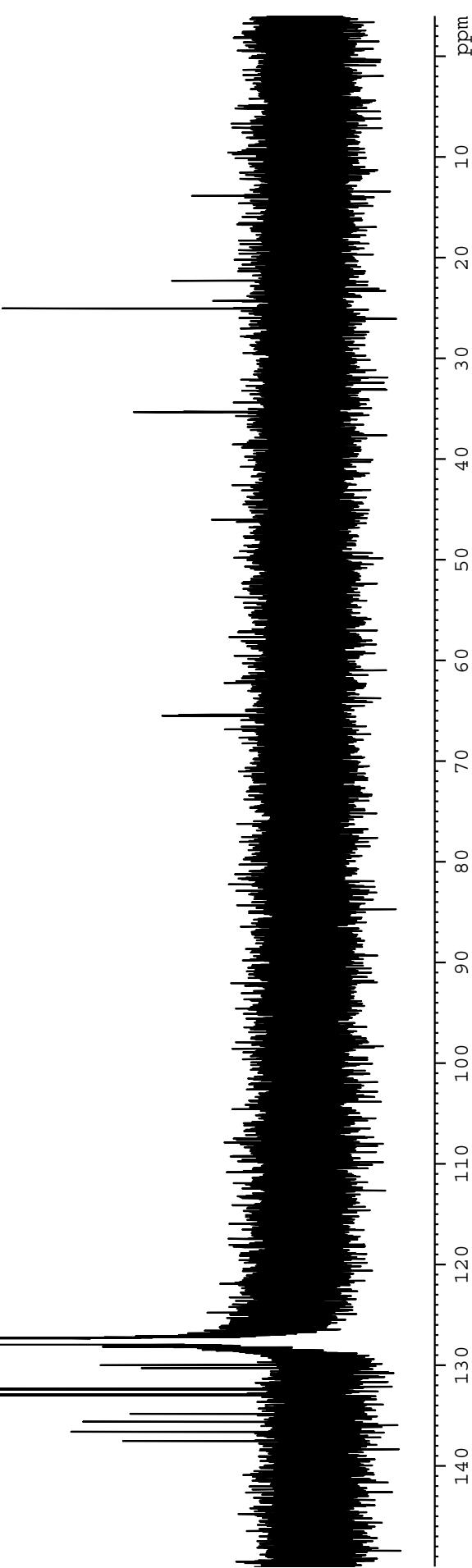
Current Data Parameters
  NAME      4138bc
  EXPNO     2
  PROCN0    1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
  Date      20060620
  Time      20.10
  INSTRUM   DRX-500
  PROBHD   5 mm BBO BB-1H
  PULPROG  zgpg30
  TD       131072
  SOLVENT   CDCl3
  NS        113.09
  DS         0
  SWH      30864.197 Hz
  FIDRES  0.235475 Hz
 AQ        2.1234164 sec
  RG       163.84
  DW       16.200 usec
  DE       5.00 usec
  TE       293.0 K
  D1      1.5000000 sec
  d1.1    0.0300000 sec
  DELTA   1.3999998 sec
  MCREST  0.0000000 sec
  MCWRK  0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
  NUC1      13C
  P1        8.70 usec
  PL1      -3.00 dB
  SFO1    125.7722011 MHz

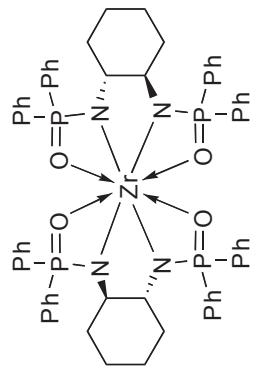
===== CHANNEL f2 =====

```



4.059
4.083

1.779
1.706
1.353
1.083



21a

```

Current Data Parameters
NAME        4.138bh
EXPNO       1
PROCNO      1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_       20060620
Time        14.14
INSTRUM    AVQ-400
PROBHD    5 mm QNP 1H/13
PULPROG   Z930
TD        65536
SOLVENT    CDCl3
NS         1
DS         0
SWH       8012.820 Hz
FIDRES   0.122266 Hz
AQ        4.0894966 sec
RG        362
DW        62.400 usec
DE        6.00 usec
TE        293.4 K
D1        1.00000000 sec
MCREST   0.00000000 sec
MCWRK    0.01500000 sec

```

```

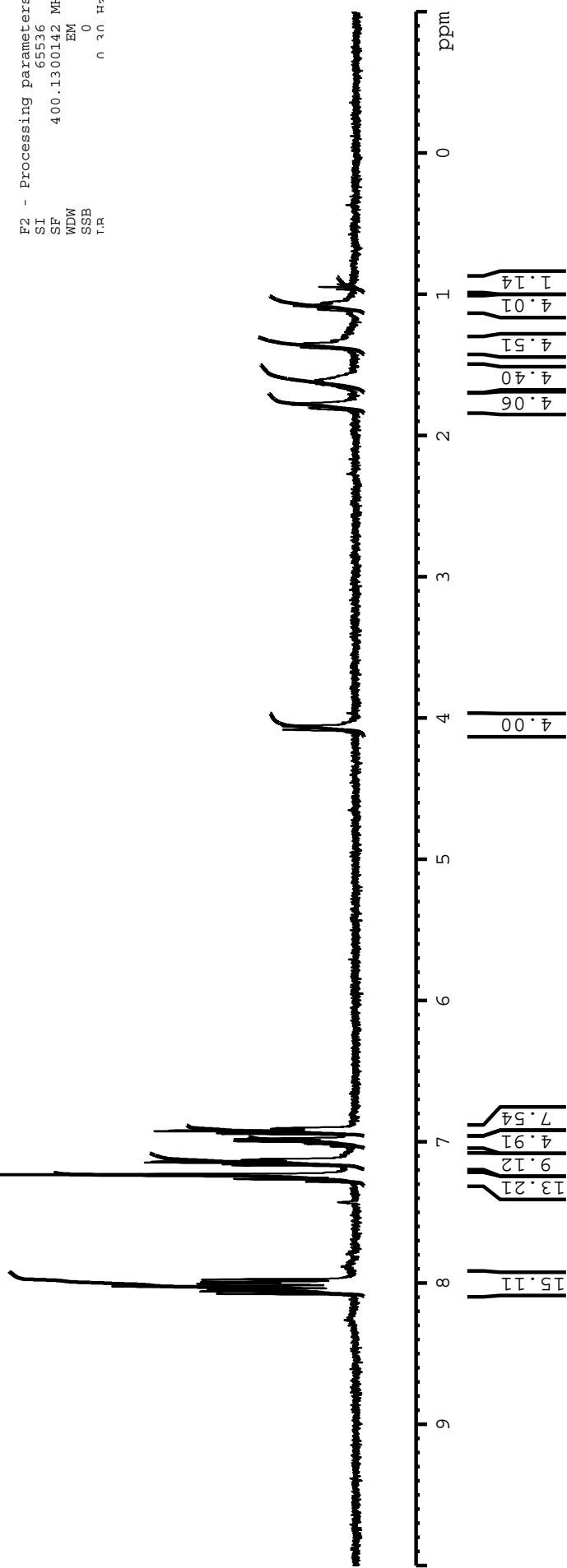
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1        1H
P1        12.80 usec
PL1        0.00 dB
SFO1    400.1324700 MHz

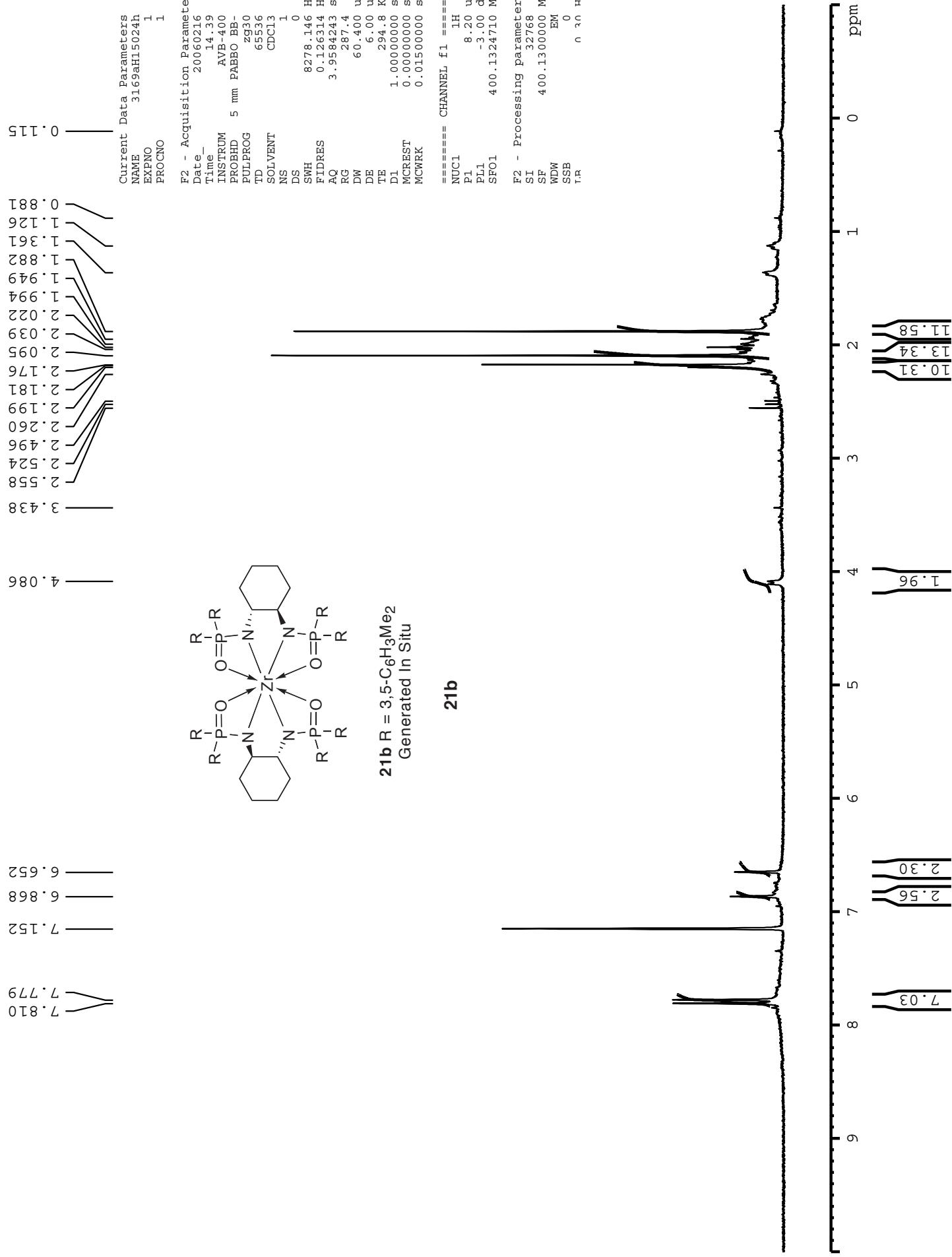
```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI        65536
SF        400.1300142 MHz
WDW        EM
SSB        0
T,R        0 30 Hz

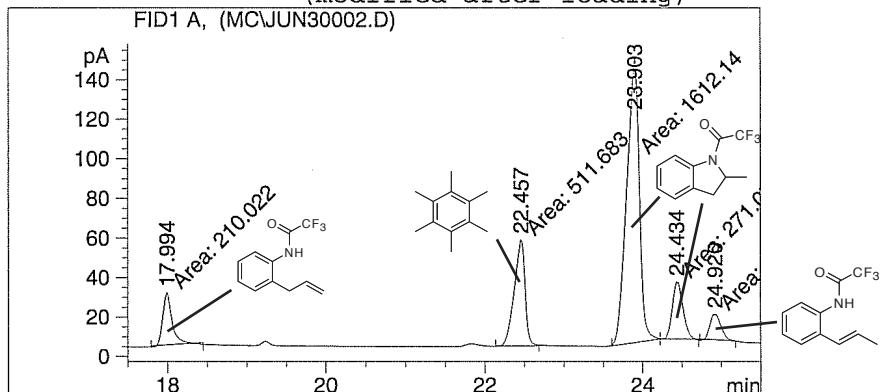
```





=====
 Injection Date : 6/30/06 11:39:42 AM Seq. Line : 2
 Sample Supporting Information - Watson, Chiu and Bergman Vial : 2
 Acq. Operator : MC Inj : 1
 Inj Volume : 2 μ l

Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\HA_SUBFM.M
 Last changed : 6/16/06 10:32:54 PM by MC
 Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\DYW.M
 Last changed : 7/23/06 10:16:15 PM by MC
 (modified after loading)



=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

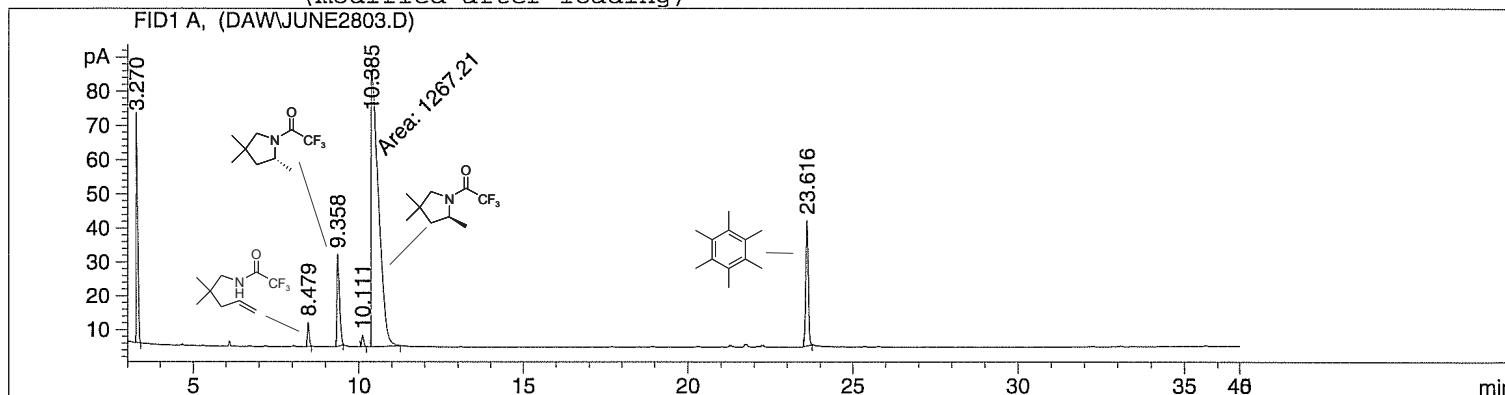
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	1.592	BP	0.0152	6.52783	6.82050	0.00247
2	1.652	VV S	0.0277	1.38883e5	6.56908e4	52.45353
3	1.943	VB S	0.0255	1.22989e5	8.02763e4	46.45082
4	2.356	PP	0.0260	10.88994	6.67721	0.00411
5	2.479	BP	0.0269	4.44667	2.74909	0.00168
6	3.214	PB	0.0385	148.28819	53.24548	0.05601
7	17.994	MM	0.1326	210.02168	26.40137	0.07932
8	22.457	MM	0.1586	511.68347	53.78419	0.19325
9	23.903	MM	0.1863	1612.14307	144.22220	0.60888
10	24.434	MM	0.1560	271.07623	28.95608	0.10238
11	24.920	MM	0.1614	125.91330	13.00030	0.04756

Totals : 2.64773e5 1.46303e5

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!
 =====

*** End of Report ***
 =====

=====
 Injection Date : 6/28/06 4:14:45 PM Seq. Line : 1
 Sample Supporting Information: DAW414 Watson, Chiu and Bergman Vial : 3 S66
 Acq. Operator : DAW Inj : 1
 Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\X_SUBA.M Inj Volume : 2 μ l
 Last changed : 6/9/06 10:01:56 AM by MC
 Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\SHUTDWN.M
 Last changed : 6/29/06 9:22:36 AM by DAW
 (modified after loading)



=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	1.571	PV	0.0110	2.62242	3.84290	0.00115
2	1.593	VV	0.0111	2.74232	3.93816	0.00120
3	1.618	VV	0.0118	26.58545	35.18530	0.01165
4	1.652	VB S	0.0284	1.56971e5	6.93598e4	68.79561
5	1.952	PB S	0.0255	6.92840e4	4.14704e4	30.36496
6	2.371	PP	0.0280	6.25669	3.65211	0.00274
7	3.270	PB	0.0442	228.19263	66.27210	0.10001
8	8.479	PB	0.0570	26.70593	7.08096	0.01170
9	9.358	PB	0.0717	141.81641	27.26009	0.06215
10	10.111	PB	0.0665	14.35946	3.38737	0.00629
11	10.385	MM T	0.2495	1267.21167	84.64605	0.55538
12	23.616	BB	0.0806	198.84915	37.03812	0.08715

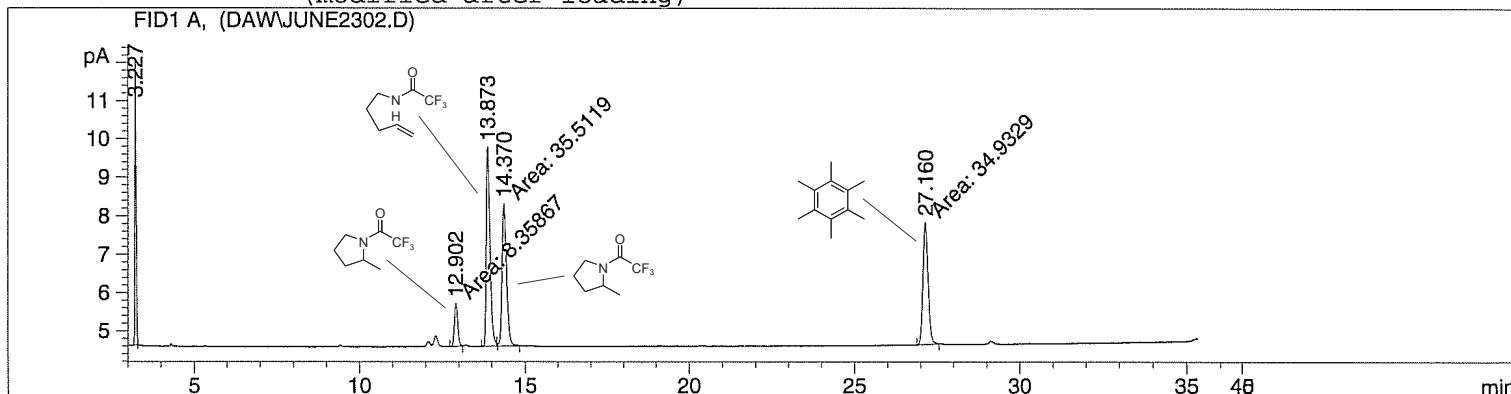
Totals : 2.28171e5 1.11102e5

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!
 =====

*** End of Report ***
 =====

=====
 Injection Date : 6/23/06 10:33:13 AM Seq. Line : 2
 Sample Supporting Information: Watson, Chiu and Bergman Vial : 8
 Acq. Operator : DAW Inj : 1
 Different Inj Volume from Sequence ! Actual Inj Volume : 0.1 μ l
 Inj Volume : 2 μ l
 Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\X_SUBE.M
 Last changed : 6/21/06 3:26:59 PM by dg
 Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\SHUTDWN.M
 Last changed : 6/23/06 11:58:56 AM by DAW
 (modified after loading)

S67



=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

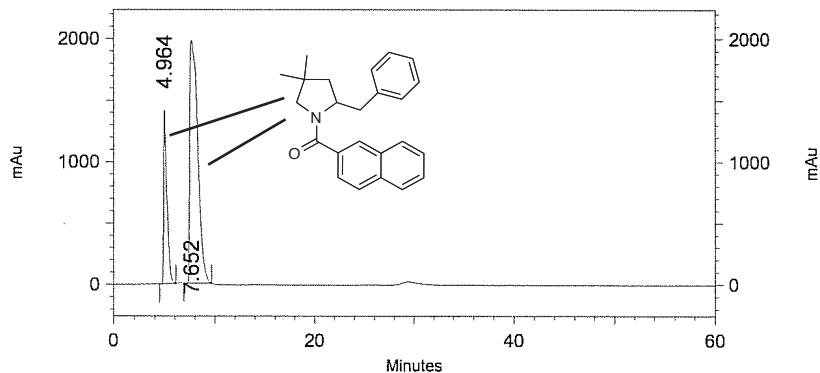
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	0.692	BP	0.0115	7.55765	10.37646	0.03686
2	0.786	BB S	0.0165	1.29078e4	1.11437e4	62.95304
3	1.008	PB S	0.0117	7446.75293	1.00331e4	36.31869
4	3.227	BB	0.0420	20.50775	7.48248	0.10002
5	12.902	MM T	0.1226	8.35867	1.13644	0.04077
6	13.873	MM R	0.1363	42.45444	5.19316	0.20706
7	14.370	MM T	0.1594	35.51193	3.71375	0.17320
8	27.160	MM T	0.1816	34.93287	3.20565	0.17037

Totals : 2.05039e4 2.12079e4

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!
 =====

*** End of Report ***
 =====

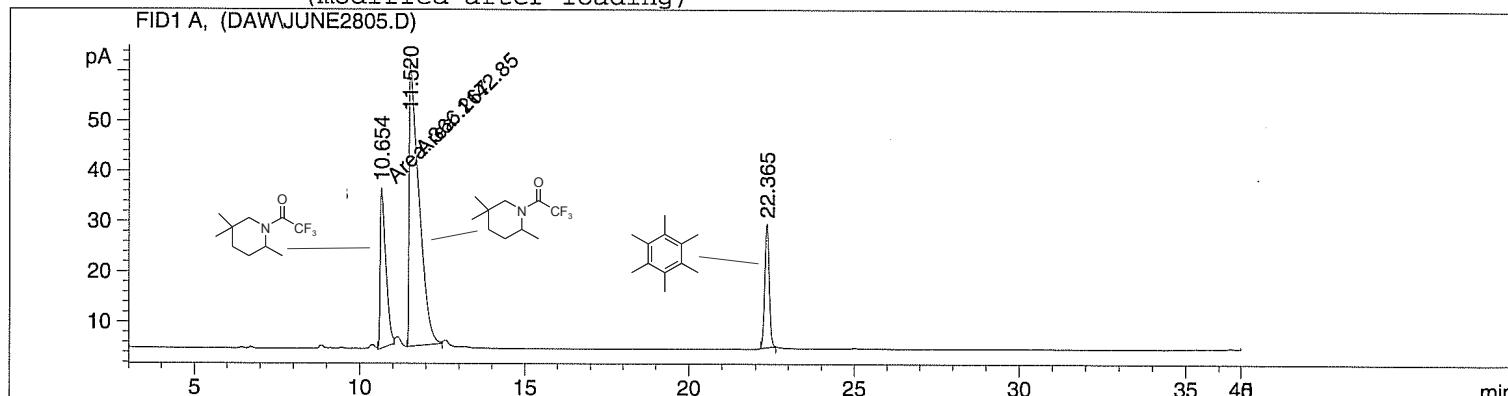
```
Sample ID: bn2nc2s3c
Filename: C:\EZStart\Projects\Default\Data\MC\bn2nc2s3c7-23-2006 10-29-52
PMOD9010IP60min15mL.met.dat Method:
C:\EZStart\Projects\Default\Method\MC\OD9010IP60min15mL.met
Injection volume: 5 uL
```



3: 280 nm, 4 nm Results

Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
4.964	31663378	22.336
7.652	110098768	77.664

=====
Injection Date : 6/28/06 5:46:12 PM Seq. Line : 3
Sample Name: DAW4148d Watson, Chiu and Bergman Vial : 5 S69
Supporting Information
Acq. Operator : DAW Inj : 1
Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\X_SUBB.M
Last changed : 6/9/06 10:03:13 AM by MC
Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\SHUTDOWN.M
Last changed : 6/29/06 9:21:46 AM by DAW
(modified after loading)



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Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	0.727	BP	S	0.0175	1.75196e5	1.41437e5 70.38090
2	0.876	VB	S	0.0184	7.17398e4	6.50759e4 28.81977
3	1.096	BP		0.0206	6.31058	5.04526 0.00254
4	1.169	BP		0.0190	1.73517	1.55988 0.00070
5	1.496	BP		0.0222	1.66162	1.12613 0.00067
6	1.695	BB		0.0326	227.40259	95.95634 0.09135
7	10.654	MM	T	0.1909	366.26709	31.97196 0.14714
8	11.520	MM	T	0.3327	1142.85339	57.24689 0.45911
9	22.365	BB		0.1194	243.50099	24.61148 0.09782

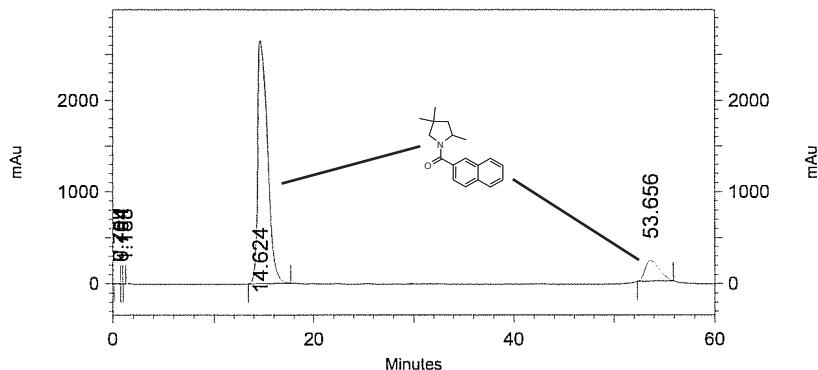
Totals : 2.48926e5 2.06731e5

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

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*** End of Report ***
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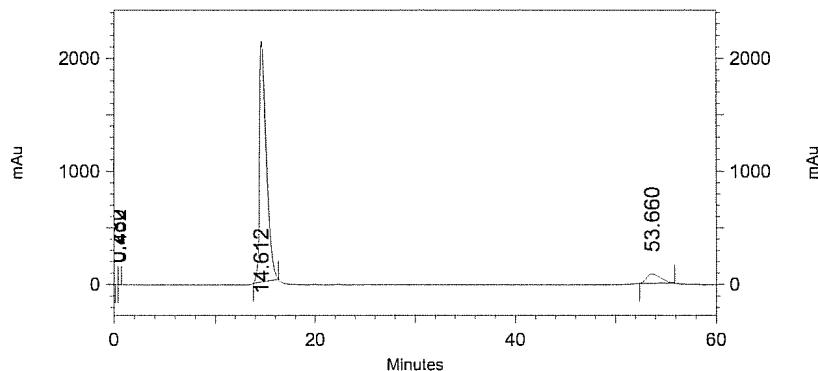
Sample ID:	dm2nap2c1s4a
Filename:	
C:\EZStart\Projects\Default\Data\MC\dm2nap2c1s4a7-20-2006 8-04-49	
PMMCWH9010IP2mL.met.dat	Method:
C:\EZStart\Projects\Default\Method\MC\MCWH9010IP2mL.met	
Injection volume:	5 uL

Description: {Data Description}



1: 230 nm, 4 nm Results

Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
0.280	42145	0.020
0.764	12103	0.006
1.188	6015	0.003
14.624	183288888	89.144
53.656	22260222	10.826



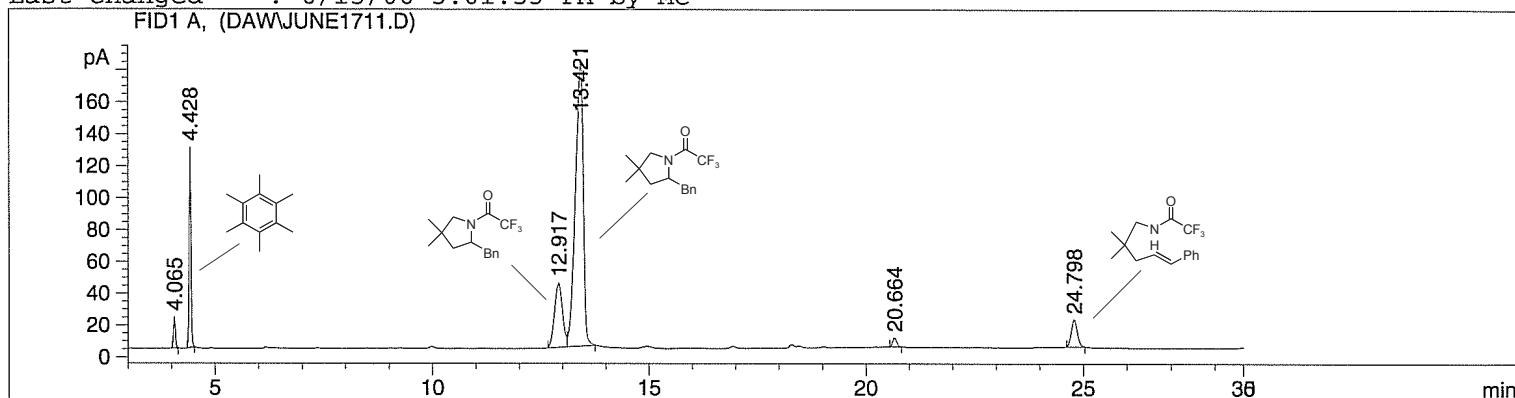
2: 240 nm, 4 nm Results

Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
0.280	2239	0.002
0.432	3770	0.003
14.612	102679324	92.651
53.660	8137998	7.343

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 Injection Date : 6/17/06 3:38:51 PM Seq. Line : 2
 Sample Supporting Information Watson, Chiu and Bergman Vial : 3
 Acq. Operator : DAW Inj : 1
 Inj Volume : 2 μ l

Sequence File : D:\HPCHEM\1\SEQUENCE\MC4SUB.S
 Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\X_SUBC.M
 Last changed : 6/15/06 5:01:53 PM by MC

S71



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 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	0.732	BP S	0.0153	1.58869e5	1.63699e5	59.46644
2	0.780	VB S	0.0190	1.04573e5	9.15890e4	39.14297
3	0.859	BV X	0.0197	264.03189	242.12094	0.09883
4	1.015	VV X	0.0148	4.17706	4.14583	0.00156
5	1.060	VB X	0.0151	1.61738	1.70197	0.00061
6	1.198	PB	0.0169	2.04290	1.85430	0.00076
7	1.794	BP	0.0219	12.37843	9.08484	0.00463
8	2.714	BB	0.0321	6.01821	2.91041	0.00225
9	4.065	BB	0.0466	58.25863	19.61882	0.02181
10	4.428	BB	0.0486	394.07022	125.71962	0.14751
11	12.917	BV	0.1534	521.16260	40.68647	0.19508
12	13.421	VB	0.1676	2249.70703	179.04912	0.84209
13	20.664	BB	0.0824	37.22778	5.61200	0.01393
14	24.798	BB	0.1311	164.34703	17.11080	0.06152

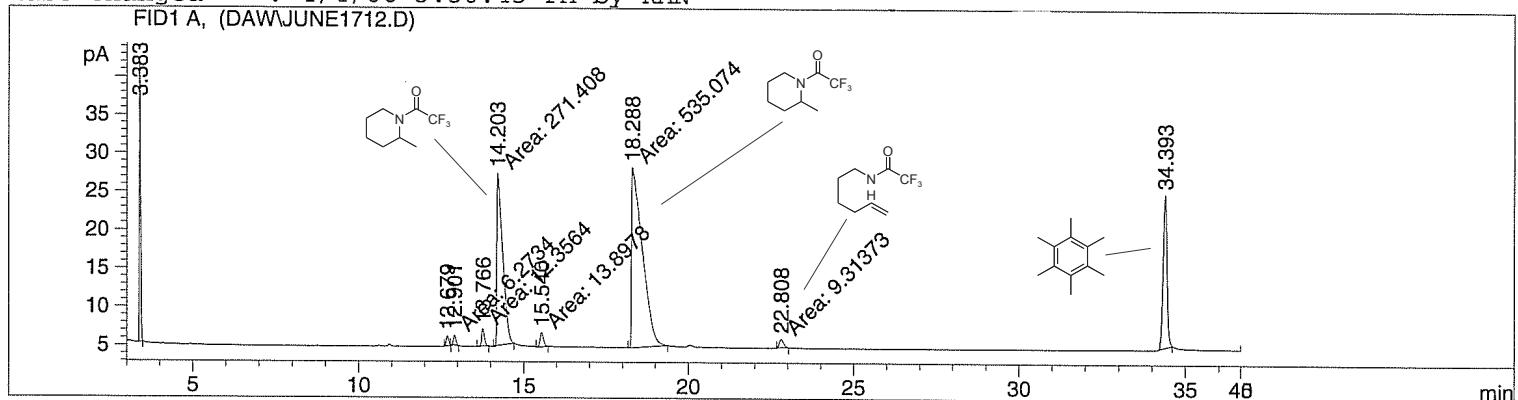
Totals : 2.67157e5 2.55937e5

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

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 *** End of Report ***
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 Injection Date : 6/17/06 4:11:57 PM Seq. Line : 3
 Sample Name : DAW4133f Vial : 4
 Supporting Information : Watson, Chiu and Bergman S72
 Acq. Operator : DAW Inj : 1
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Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\X_SUBD.M
 Last changed : 6/9/06 10:05:13 AM by MC
 Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\GORIN.M
 Last changed : 4/4/06 3:50:43 PM by KAN



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 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: FID1 A,

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [pA*s]	Height [pA]	Area %
1	1.580	BV	0.0186	7.89778	5.91077	0.00575
2	1.628	VP	0.0161	46.23575	41.20645	0.03367
3	1.677	VB S	0.0334	7.13816e4	3.56321e4	51.98667
4	1.961	PB S	0.0211	6.47520e4	4.70268e4	47.15844
5	2.388	PB	0.0265	6.55903	3.92605	0.00478
6	3.383	PB	0.0391	96.69431	36.30813	0.07042
7	12.679	MM R	0.0876	6.78294	1.29008	0.00494
8	12.901	MM T	0.0821	6.27340	1.27406	0.00457
9	13.766	MM T	0.0930	12.35639	2.21524	0.00900
10	14.203	MM T	0.2018	271.40753	22.41681	0.19766
11	15.540	MM T	0.1245	13.89779	1.86032	0.01012
12	18.288	MM T	0.3799	535.07355	23.47433	0.38969
13	22.808	MM T	0.1448	9.31373	1.07188	0.00678
14	34.393	BB	0.1259	161.33351	19.82506	0.11750

Totals : 1.37307e5 8.28196e4

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

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 *** End of Report ***
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