SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Trisubstituted (*E*)-Alkene Dipeptide Isosteres as β -Turn Promoters in the Gramicidin S Cyclodecapeptide Scaffold

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Experimental procedures and spectral data for all new compounds, including copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for **3**, **4**, **5**, **6**, **7**, **8**, **10** (298 and 338 K), Cbz_2GS and 2D NMR spectra of **10** and Cbz_2GS ; T-shift plots for **10** and Cbz_2GS .

General. All moisture-sensitive reactions were performed using syringeseptum cap techniques under an N₂ atmosphere and all glassware was dried in an oven at 150 °C for 2 h prior to use. Reactions carried out at -78 °C employed a CO_2 -acetone bath. THF was distilled over sodium / benzophenone ketyl; CH_2CI_2 , toluene and Et_3N were distilled from CaH_2 . Me_2Zn was purchased from Aldrich Company.

Reactions were monitored by TLC analysis (EM Science pre-coated silica gel 60 F_{254} plates, 250 µm layer thickness) and visualization was accomplished with a 254 nm UV light and by staining with a PMA solution (5 g of phosphomolybdic acid in 100 mL of 95% EtOH) or a Vaughn's reagent (4.8 g (NH₄)₆Mo₇O₂₄•4H₂O, 0.2 g Ce(SO₄)₂•4H₂O in 10 mL conc. H₂SO₄ and 90 mL H₂O). Flash chromatography on SiO₂ or deactivated SiO₂ (1% Et₃N in mobile phase) was used to purify the crude reaction mixtures.

Infrared spectra were determined on a Nicolet Avatar 360 FT-IR spectrometer. Circular dichroism spectra were obtained on a JASCO 715 spectrometer at 0.1 mM concentration in anhydrous EtOH solution. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were obtained on Bruker Avance 300, 500 or 600 MHz instruments. ¹H NMR spectra are tabulated as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, qn = quintet, m = multiplet), number of protons, and coupling constant(s). Mass spectra were obtained on a Waters Autospec double focusing mass spectrometer (EI) or a Waters Q-Tof mass spectrometer (ESI). A Varian HPLC system a Gilson 215 Liquid Handler

equipped with a *semi*-prep C₁₈ column (Varian 250 mm × 10 mm, 10 μ m particle size, 60 Å, with 5 mL/min flow rate, or a Varian Dynamax 250 mm × 21.4 mm, Microsorb 60-8, with 10 mL/min flow rate) and a fraction collector was used for purification. A Varian HPLC system equipped with an analytical chiral column (Chiralcel OD, 250 × 4.6 mm, 1.0 mL/min) was used for normal phase HPLC analysis. LC-MS data were obtained on an Agilent 1100 instrument, using an analytical C₁₈ column (Waters Xterra MS 100 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m, 0.4 mL/min).

NHBoc Ph______SO₂Tol

[1-(4-Methylbenzenesulfonyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester (3). A mixture of 5.43 g (46.4 mmol) of H₂N-Boc, 8.35 g (69.5 mmol) of phenylacetaldehyde, and 10.8 g (69.1 mmol) of ToISO₂H in 200 mL of dry ether was stirred at room temperature overnight. The resulting white precipitate was filtered off, washed with ether, and dried *in vacuo* to yield 10.5 g (61%) of **3** as a colorless powder: IR (neat) 3431, 1697, 1639, 1454, 1313, 1303, 1141, 1087 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.05 (d, 1 H, *J* = 9.8 Hz), 7.74 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.42 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.27-7.24 (m, 4 H), 7.21-7.18 (m, 1 H), 4.91 (ddd, 1 H, *J* = 10.8, 10.8, 2.5 Hz), 3.32 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 14.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.94 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.8, 12.1 Hz), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 9 H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 154.1, 144.4, 136.0, 133.8, 129.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.3, 126.7, 78.8, 72.5, 31.3, 27.7, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₅NO₄SNa (M+Na) 398.1402, found 398.1422.



[(1*SR*,2*E*,4*R*)-1-Benzyl-5-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilanyloxy)-2,4-

dimethylpent-2-enyl]carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (4). A solution of 337 mg (1.00 mmol) of 2 in 2.00 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂ was treated at room temperature with 335 mg (1.30 mmol) of Cp₂ZrHCl. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 min, until a clear yellow solution was formed. The resulting yellow solution was cooled to -78 °C, treated over a period of 30 min with 500 μ L (1.00 mmol) of Me₂Zn (2.0 M solution in toluene), stirred at -78 °C for 10 min, warmed to 0 °C over a period of 5 min and treated at 0 °C with another solution of 188 mg (500 μmol) of **3** in 1.50 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h, guenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution, diluted with Et₂O, filtered through a thin pad of celite, and extracted with Et₂O. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by chromatography on SiO_2 (100 : 1, CHCl₃/Et₂O) to yield 180 mg (64%) of **4** as a colorless, oily ~ 1 : 1 mixture of diastereomers: IR (neat) 3444, 3358, 3274, 3070, 3028, 2961, 2930, 2858, 1701, 1495, 1473, 1390, 1365, 1247, 1169, 1112, 1080, 824, 739, 701 cm⁻ ¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69-7.66 (m, 4 H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 6 H), 7.22-7.09 (m, 5 H), 4.94 (d, 0.5 H, J = 8.7 Hz), 4.93 (d, 0.5 H, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.52 (b, 1 H), 4.23 (b, 1 H), 3.47 (dd, 0.5 H, J = 9.0, 5.5 Hz), 3.40-3.35 (m, 1 H), 3.25 (dd, 0.5 H, J = 9.7, 8.0 Hz), 2.87-2.70 (m, 2 H), 2.62-2.52 (m, 1 H), 1.60 (s, 1.5 H), 1.57 (s, 1.5 H), 1.38 (s, 9 H), 1.07 (s, 9 H), 0.99 (d, 1.5 H, J = 6.6 Hz), 0.89 (d, 1.5 H, J = 6.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.1, 138.0, 135.6, 133.9, 129.5, 129.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 128.1, 127.6, 126.2, 125.1, 79.1, 68.2, 68.1, 57.9, 40.1 (2C), 35.1, 28.3, 26.8, 19.2, 17.2, 17.1, 14.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₄₇NO₃SiNa (M+Na) 580.3223, found 580.3245.



[(1SR,2E,4R)-Benzyl-5-hydroxyl-2,4R-dimethylpent-2-enyl]carbamic

acid *tert*-butyl ester (5). A solution of 233 mg (418 µmol) of **4** in 10.0 mL of dry THF was treated at 0 °C with 835 µL (835 µmol) of TBAF (1.0 M solution in THF). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h and room temperature overnight, diluted with EtOAc, and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (from 4 : 1 to 2 : 1, hexane/EtOAc) to yield 62.3 mg (47%) of **5** as a colorless, oily ~ 1 : 1 mixture of diastereomers: IR (neat) 3424, 3342, 3086, 3062, 3028, 2975, 2929, 2870, 1693, 1497, 1454, 1366, 1249, 1171, 1032, 865, 737, 700 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32-7.14 (m, 5 H), 4.92 (d, 0.5 H, *J* = 9.7 Hz), 4.83 (d, 0.5 H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 4.72 (bd, 0.5 H, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 4.72 (bd, 0.5 H, *J* = 10.3, 5.1 Hz), 3.34 (dd, 0.5 H, *J* = 10.6, 5.3 Hz), 3.23 (t, 0.5 H, *J* = 9.7 Hz), 3.01 (dd, 0.5 H, *J* = 10.6, 8.9 Hz), 2.91 (dd, 0.5 H, *J* = 13.5, 6.6 Hz), 2.72-2.86 (m, 2 H), 2.66-2.51 (m, 1 H),

1.67 (s, 3 H), 1.42 (s, 4.5 H), 1.39 (s, 4.5 H), 0.85 (d, 1.5 H, J = 6.7 Hz), 0.79 (d, 1.5 H, J = 6.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.3, 155.1, 138.0, 137.6, 135.7, 129.1, 128.4 (2C), 126.6, 126.5, 125.1, 79.5, 67.6, 59.5, 39.7, 39.4, 35.3, 28.3, 16.4, 16.2; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₉NO₃Na (M+Na) 342.2045, found 342.2049.



^{*pL*}**Phe-** ψ **[**(*E***)-C(CH**₃**)=CH]-Ala-Val-OMe (6 + 7).** A solution of 110 mg (0.259 mmol) of **5** in 10.0 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂ was treated at 0 °C with 122 mg (0.287 mmol) of Dess-Martin periodinane. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and at room temperature for an additional 2 h, quenched with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ in a saturated NaHCO₃ solution, stirred for 30 min at room temperature, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated *in vacuo* to give a colorless foam and subsequently dissolved in 6.00 mL of THF. The solution was treated at 0 °C with 1.24 mL (2.48 mmol) of 2-methyl-2-butene (2.0 M solution in THF) followed by another solution of 70.3 mg (0.777 mmol) of NaClO₂ and 71.5 mg (0.518 mmol) of NaH₂PO₄ • H₂O in 6.00 mL of H₂O. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and at room temperature for an additional 4 h, extracted with EtOAc, and washed with H₂O. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated *in vacuo* and re-dissolved in 5.00 mL of CHCl₃. The solution was treated at 0 °C with 38.5 mg (0.285 mmol) of HOBt, 49.7 mg

(0.259 mmol) of EDC, and 65.2 mg (0.389 mmol) of Val-OMe • HCl followed 108 μ L (0.777 mmol) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 36 h, diluted with CHCl₃, and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (from 2 : 1 to 1 : 1, hexanes/EtOAc) to yield 145 mg (94%) of **6** and **7** as a colorless, foamy ~ 1 : 1 mixture of diastereomers. The two diastereomers were separated by RP-HPLC (C₁₈; linear gradient 70% to 100% CH₃CN (H₂O) in 30 min; 10 mL/min).



Phe-ψ[(*E*)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-OMe (6). Faster eluting isomer; $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ – 3.9 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3325, 3027, 2968, 2931, 2868, 1744, 1698, 1650, 1519, 1455, 1391, 1366, 1249, 1206, 1171, 1013, 868, 749, 700 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31-7.27 (m, 2 H), 7.23-7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.17-7.16 (m, 2 H), 6.23 (b, 1 H), 5.32 (d, 1 H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 4.59 (b, 1 H), 4.46 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 8.4, 5.3 Hz), 4.27 (bs, 1 H), 3.73 (s, 3 H), 3.22 (dq, 1 H, *J* = 8.6, 7.0 Hz), 2.96 (bd, 1 H, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 2.77 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 14.0, 8.1 Hz), 2.14-2.08 (m, 1 H), 1.76 (s, 3 H), 1.36 (s, 9 H), 1.24 (d, 3 H, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 0.90 (d, 3 H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 0.87 (d, 3 H, *J* = 6.9 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 172.5, 155.0, 138.8, 137.4, 129.2, 128.4, 126.6, 124.9, 79.3, 57.1, 52.0, 40.0, 39.6, 30.9, 29.7, 28.3, 18.9, 17.9 (2C), 14.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₃₈N₂O₅Na (M+Na) 469.2678, found

469.2657; LC-MS (R_t 11.2 min, linear gradient 50% to 80% CH₃CN in 15 min, 0.4 mL/min; *m/z* = 469.3 [M+Na]⁺).



^{*D*}**Phe-ψ**[(*E*)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-OMe (7). Slower eluting isomer; $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ – 11.0 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3325, 3032, 2967, 2930, 2872, 1745, 1701, 1655, 1519, 1455, 1391, 1366, 1248, 1205, 1171, 1001, 866, 741, 700 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30-7.27 (m, 2 H), 7.23-7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.17-7.16 (m, 2 H), 6.51 (bs, 1 H), 5.25 (d, 1 H, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 4.64 (b, 1 H), 4.43 (b, 1 H), 4.24 (bd, 1 H, *J* = 5.7 Hz), 3.70 (s, 3 H), 3.15 (dq, 1 H, *J* = 8.9, 7.1 Hz), 2.84 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.7, 7.1 Hz), 2.78 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.6, 7.7 Hz), 2.17 (octet, 1 H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 1.70 (s, 3 H), 1.37 (s, 9 H), 1.12 (d, 3 H, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 0.91 (d, 3 H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 0.87 (d, 3 H, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 172.5, 155.1, 138.5, 137.4, 129.0, 128.4, 127.0, 126.6, 79.3, 59.6, 57.5, 51.8, 39.6, 30.6, 29.7, 28.3, 19.0, 18.2, 17.5, 12.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₃₈N₂O₅Na (M+Na) 469.2678, found 469.2661; LC-MS (R₁ 11.6 min, linear gradient 50% to 80% CH₃CN in 15 min, 0.4 mL/min; *m/z* = 469.3 [M+Na]⁺).



(*S*)-*tert*-Butyl-3-oxo-1-phenylbutan-2-ylcarbamate (12 from ozonolysis of 6). Through a solution of 5.1 mg (11 μ mol) of 6 in 1.0 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and 1.0 mL of MeOH was bubbled O₃ at -78 °C until a blue color formed. Subsequently, N₂ was bubbled through the solution to remove excess O₃ until the blue color disappeared. The reaction mixture was treated at -78 °C with one drop of Me₂S, stirred at -78 °C for 2 h and at room temperature overnight, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (4 : 1, hexanes/EtOAc) to yield 2.5 mg (83%) of **12** as a colorless foam: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34-7.25 (m, 3 H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2 H), 5.13 (bd, 1 H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 4.55 (q, 1 H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 3.11 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.9, 6.5 Hz), 2.99 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 14.0, 6.6 Hz), 2.14 (s, 3 H), 1.42 (s, 9 H); HPLC (Chiralcel OD, 250 × 4.6 mm, R₁7.30 min, 5% *i*-PrOH (hexanes), 1.0 mL/min).

(*S*)-*tert*-Butyl-3-oxo-1-phenylbutan-2-ylcarbamate (12 from Boc-^LPhe-OH (11)). According to a literature procedure,¹ 12 was prepared from Boc-^LPhe-OH (11) as a colorless foam: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34-7.25 (m, 3 H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2 H), 5.13 (bd, 1 H, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 4.55 (q, 1 H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 3.11 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.9, 6.4 Hz), 2.99 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 14.0, 6.4 Hz), 2.14 (s, 3 H), 1.42 (s, 9

¹ Pace, R. D.; Kabalka, G. W. *J. Org. Chem.* **1995**, *60*, 4838.

H); HPLC (Chiralcel OD, 250 \times 4.6 mm, R_t 7.27 min, 5% *I*PrOH (hexanes), 1.0 mL/min).



(*R*)-*tert*-Butyl-3-oxo-1-phenylbutan-2-ylcarbamate (12*R* from Boc-^{*p*}Phe-OH). According to a literature procedure,¹ 12*R* was prepared from Boc-^{*p*}Phe-OH as a colorless foam: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34-7.23 (m, 3 H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2 H), 5.13 (bd, 1 H, *J* = 5.9 Hz), 4.55 (q, 1 H, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 3.11 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.9, 6.5 Hz), 2.99 (dd, 1 H, *J* = 13.9, 6.5 Hz), 2.14 (s, 3 H), 1.42 (s, 9 H); HPLC (Chiralcel OD, 250 × 4.6 mm, R_t 6.64 min, 5% *i*-PrOH (hexanes), 1.0 mL/min).



Boc-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe. A mixture of 545 mg (3.00 mmol) of Leu-OMe • HCl, 1.00 g (2.73 mmol) of Boc-Orn(Cbz)-OH, 405 mg (3.00 mmol) of HOBt, and 523 g (2.73 mmol) of EDC in 30.0 mL of CHCl₃ was treated at 0 °C with 936 μ L (6.72 mmol) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and at room temperature overnight, and washed with 5% citric acid, 5% of Na₂CO₃ solution and H₂O. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated *in* *vacuo* to yield 1.28 g (95%) of **Boc-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe** as a colorless foam: IR (neat) 3526, 3324, 3066, 2957, 2871, 1701, 1659, 1529, 1455, 1391, 1367, 1251, 1165, 1025, 866, 777, 740, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36-7.27 (m, 5 H), 6.92 (b, 1 H), 5.27 (b, 1 H), 5.16 (b, 1 H), 5.11, 5.06 (AB, 2 H, *J* = 12.4 Hz), 4.55 (b, 1 H), 4.31 (b, 1 H), 3.69 (s, 3 H), 3.41 (b, 1 H), 3.20-3.10 (m, 1 H), 1.90-1.80 (m, 1 H), 1.73-1.65 (m, 1 H), 1.65-1.50 (m, 5 H), 1.43 (s, 9 H), 0.92 (d, 3 H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 0.91 (d, 3 H, *J* = 5.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.2, 172.2, 157.0, 155.7, 136.5, 128.4, 128.0, 79.7, 66.6, 52.8, 52.1, 50.7, 41.0, 39.6, 30.0, 28.2, 26.1, 24.7, 22.8, 21.6; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₃₉N₃O₇Na (M+Na) 516.2686, found 516.2656.



H-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe. A solution of 113 mg (0.228 mmol) of **Boc-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe** in 2.40 mL (9.60 mmol) of HCI (4.0 N solution in 1,4-dioxane) was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and at room temperature for an additional 50 min. 1,4-Dioxane was removed *in vacuo* and the colorless, foamy residue was dissolved in 20.0 mL of CHCl₃ and washed with 5% Na₂CO₃ solution and H₂O. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield **H-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe** as a colorless foam that was used immediately without further purification.



Boc-^DPhe-ψ[(E)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe (8). A solution of 51.0 mg (0.114 mmol) of 7 in 3.60 mL of MeOH was treated at 0 °C with 1.14 mL (1.14 mmol) of 1 N NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 h, treated at 0 °C with 1.14 mL (1.14 mmol) of 1 N HCl, and extracted with CHCl₃. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude acid as a colorless foam which was re-dissolved in 3.50 mL of CHCl₃. This solution was treated at room temperature with 0.228 mmol of crude H-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe, 16.9 mg (0.125 mmol) of HOBt, 26.3 mg (0.137 mmol) of EDC and 13.9 mg (0.114 mmol) of DMAP and stirred at room temperature for 36 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (10 : 1, CHCl₃/MeOH) to yield 88.7 mg (96%) of **8** as a colorless foam: $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ –22.2 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3290, 3064, 3023, 2961, 2929, 2872, 1693, 1636, 1535, 1454, 1385, 1366, 1250, 1169, 1026, 743, 699 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.14 (m, 10 H), 7.00 (b, 1 H), 6.95 (b, 1 H), 6.68 (b, 1 H), 5.26 (b, 2 H), 5.11, 5.07 (AB, 2 H, J = 12.1 Hz), 4.75 (b, 1 H), 4.62 (b, 1 H), 4.56-4.50 (m, 1 H), 4.20 (b, 1 H), 4.15 (b, 1 H), 3.69 (s, 3 H), 3.44-3.32 (m, 1 H), 3.22-3.10 (m, 2 H), 2.82 (dd, 1 H, J = 13.7, 6.8 Hz), 2.75 (dd, 1 H,

J = 13.4, 8.2 Hz), 2.15 (b, 1 H), 2.03 (b, 1 H), 1.95-1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.75-1.50 (m, 5 H), 1.66 (s, 3 H), 1.37 (s, 9 H), 1.08 (d, 3 H, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.00-0.85 (m, 12 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.7, 173.2, 171.5 (2C), 157.1, 155.2, 138.0, 137.5, 136.6, 129.1, 128.5 (2C), 128.0, 126.6, 79.4, 66.6, 59.4, 52.2, 51.7, 50.8, 41.0, 39.7, 30.0, 29.5, 28.3, 26.0, 24.8, 22.8, 21.7, 19.3, 18.5, 17.4, 12.8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₄₄H₆₅N₅O₉Na (M+Na) 830.4680, found 830.4666; LC-MS (R_t 7.95 min, linear gradient 70% to 95% CH₃CN in 10 min, 95% CH₃CN from 10 to 20 min, 0.4 mL/min; *m/z* = 830.4 [M+Na]⁺).



Boc-^{*D*}**Phe**-**ψ**[(*E*)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-^{*D*}**Phe**-**ψ**[(*E*)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-OMe (9). A solution of 33.0 mg (40.8 μmol) of **8** in 4.50 mL of MeOH was treated at 0 °C with 408 μL (408 μmol) of 1 N NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h and at room temperature for an additional 6 h, treated with 408 μL (408 μmol) of 1 N HCl and extracted with CHCl₃. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude acid as a colorless foam.

A solution of 33.0 mg (40.8 μ mol) of **8** in 2.64 mL (10.6 mmol) of HCI (4.0 N solution in 1,4-dioxane) was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and at room temperature for an additional 40 min. 1,4-Dioxane was removed *in vacuo* and the colorless, foamy residue was dissolved in 30.0 mL of CHCl₃ and washed with 5% Na₂CO₃ solution. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the crude amine as a colorless foam.

A solution of acid and amine in 8.50 mL of CHCl₃ was treated at room temperature with 6.1 mg (44.9 µmol) of HOBt, 9.4 mg (49.0 µmol) of EDC and 5.0 mg (40.8 µmol) of DMAP. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 60 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (20 : 1, CHCl₃/MeOH) to yield 60.0 mg (99%) of **9** as a colorless foam that was used directly without further purification: HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for $C_{82}H_{118}N_{10}O_{15}Na$ (M+Na) 1505.8676, found 1505.8679; LC-MS (R_t 11.6 min, linear gradient 70% to 95% CH₃CN in 10 min, 95% CH₃CN from 10 to 20 min, 0.4 mL/min; *m/z* = 1383.6 [M-Boc]⁺).



Cyclo[(^DPhe-w[(E)-C(CH₃)=CH]-Ala-Val-Orn(Cbz)-Leu)₂] (10). A solution of 46.7 mg (31.5 µmol) of 9 in 3.60 mL of MeOH was treated at room temperature with 315 µL (315 µmol) of 1 N NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h and treated with 315 µL (315 µmol) of 1 N HCl. Solvents were removed in vacuo and 4.00 mL (16.0 mmol) of HCI (4.0 N solution in 1,4dioxane) was added at 0 °C. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and at room temperature for an additional 40 min. 1,4-Dioxane was removed in vacuo and the colorless, foamy residue was dissolved in 10.0 mL of benzene, treated at room temperature with 26.5 mg (315 µmol) of NaHCO₃, and evaporated to dryness by azeotropic distillation with benzene at 25 °C. The solid residue was diluted with 26.3 mL of CHCl₃ and treated at room temperature with 4.7 mg (34.7 μmol) of HOBt, 7.2 mg (37.8 μmol) of EDC, and 3.8 mg (31.5 μmol) of DMAP. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 36 h. concentrated in vacuo, purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (20 : 1, CHCl₃/MeOH) and repurified by RP-HPLC (C_{18} ; from 90% to 100% MeOH (H_2O) in 20 min, 100% MeOH (H_2O) from 20 to 30 min, 10 mL/min) to yield 21.2 mg (50%) of 10 as a colorless solid: Mp 263-266 °C (MeOH/H₂O); $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ –119 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); IR (neat) 3269, 3065,

2959, 2931, 2871, 1699, 1632, 1525, 1455, 1258, 1142, 1028, 750, 698 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , 298K) δ 8.37 (bd, 4 H, J = 7.5 Hz), 8.08 (d, 2 H, J = 6.9 Hz), 7.35-7.27 (m, 10 H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 8 H), 7.16-7.11 (m, 4 H), 7.07 (d, 2 H, J = 7.8 Hz), 5.15 (d, 2 H, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.98, 4.96 (AB, 4 H, J = 13.2 Hz), 4.66 (bg, 2 H, J = 7.0 Hz), 4.37 (q, 2 H, J = 7.8 Hz), 4.33 (t, 2 H, J = 7.8 Hz), 4.19 (q, 2 H, J = 7.4 Hz), 3.02-2.95 (m, 2 H), 2.95-2.87 (m, 4 H), 2.84 (dd, 2 H, J = 13.6, 8.0 Hz), 2.68 (dd, 2 H, J = 13.5, 7.4 Hz), 2.03 (octet, 2 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.58-1.50 (m, 2 H), 1.50-1.40 (m, 2 H), 1.48 (s, 6 H), 1.35-1.25 (m, 8 H), 1.30-1.18 (m, 2 H), 0.93 (d, 6 H, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.79 (d, 6 H, J = 6.7 Hz), 0.77 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.75 (d, 6 H, J = 6.3 Hz), 0.73 (d, 6 H, J = 6.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , 298K) δ 172.2, 171.1, 170.7, 170.5, 156.0, 138.5, 137.1, 136.6, 129.0, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7 (2C), 126.0, 65.2, 59.9, 57.1, 52.0, 50.7, 41.2, 40.2, 38.5, 36.9, 30.9, 30.1, 26.0, 24.0, 22.5 (2C), 18.9, 18.3, 17.6, 10.4; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , 338K) δ 8.19 (d, 2 H, J = 8.9 Hz), 8.15 (d, 2 H, J = 6.7 Hz), 8.01 (d, 2 H, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.34-7.28 (m, 10 H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 8 H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 2 H), 7.00 (d, 2 H, J = 9.2 Hz), 6.89 (b, 2 H), 5.18 (dd, 2 H, J = 9.6, 1.0 Hz), 4.99 (s, 4 H),4.67 (q, 2 H, J = 7.7 Hz), 4.39 (q, 2 H, J = 7.7 Hz), 4.35 (dd, 2 H, J = 9.1, 7.0 Hz), 4.24 (q, 2 H, J = 7.4 Hz), 3.00-2.90 (m, 6 H), 2.87 (dd, 2 H, J = 13.8, 7.9 Hz), 2.71 (dd, 2 H, J = 13.8, 7.5 Hz), 2.05 (octet, 2 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.61-1.55 (m, 2 H), 1.54-1.45 (m, 2 H), 1.49 (s, 6 H), 1.41-1.32 (m, 8 H), 1.27-1.21 (m, 2 H), 0.96 (d, 6 H, J = 7.0 Hz, 0.82 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.77 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.77 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.77 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.77 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 Hz), 0.80 (d, 6 H, J = 6.8 HzJ = 6.5 Hz), 0.75 (d, 6 H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- d_{6} , 338K) δ

171.9, 170.9, 170.5, 170.3, 155.7, 138.2, 137.0, 136.4, 128.6, 128.3, 127.9, 127.6, 127.3, 127.2, 125.7, 64.9, 59.5, 56.9, 51.8, 50.5, 40.8, 40.0, 38.4, 36.7, 30.7, 29.8, 25.6, 23.8, 22.2, 22.1, 18.6, 17.9, 17.2, 10.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for $C_{76}H_{106}N_{10}O_{12}Na$ (M+Na) 1373.7889, found 1373.7872; LC-MS (R_t 14.3 min, linear gradient 70% to 95% CH₃CN in 10 min, 95% CH₃CN from 10 to 20 min, 0.4 mL/min; *m/z* = 1351.5 [M+H]⁺, 1374.4 [M+Na]⁺).



Cyclo[(^{*b*}**Phe-** ψ [(*E*)-**C**(**CH**₃)=**CH**]-**Ala-Val-Orn-Leu**)₂] • 2**HCI** (1•2**HCI**). A solution of 1.7 mg (1.3 µmol) of 10 in 0.74 mL of a 0.02 M HCl solution in MeOH was treated at room temperature with 1.8 mg of 10% Pd/C. The reaction mixture was hydrogenated at room temperature under H₂ (1 atm) for 3 h, filtered through a pad of celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, dissolved in H₂O, and lyophilized to yield 1.5 mg (quant.) of 1•2**HCl** as a colorless powder: ESI-MS *m/z* 1083.6 (M-2HCl+H), 1106.6 (M-2HCl+Na); HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₆₀H₉₅N₁₀O₈ (M-2HCl+H) 1083.7334, found 1083.7269.



Cyclo[(Val-Orn(Cbz)-Leu-^{*D*}**Phe-Pro)**₂**]** (**Cbz**₂**GS)**. Prepared as a colorless solid:² Mp 52-53 °C (hexanes/Et₂O); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.94 (d, 2 H, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 8.58 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 8.38 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 7.34-7.27 (m, 12 H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 8 H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 4 H), 4.99, 4.96 (AB, 4 H, *J* = 12.6 Hz), 4.80-4.75 (m, 2 H), 4.57 (q, 2 H, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 4.42 (dd, 2 H, *J* = 9.1, 7.2 Hz), 3.35 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 4.33-4.30 (m, 2 H), 3.51 (bt, 2 H, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 3.00-2.90 (m, 6 H), 2.83 (t, 2 H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 2.39 (q, 2 H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 2.05-1.95 (m, 2 H), 1.95-1.87 (m, 2 H), 1.75-1.65 (m, 2 H), 1.50-1.35 (m, 12 H), 1.35-1.20 (m, 6 H), 0.79 (d, 12 H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 0.78 (d, 6 H, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 0.75 (d, 6 H, *J* = 6.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 171.7, 170.7, 170.5, 170.4, 169.6, 155.9, 137.2, 136.3, 129.2, 128.3, 128.1, 127.7, 127.6, 126.7, 65.2, 59.7, 56.6, 53.7, 51.3, 49.5, 45.7, 41.0, 40.2, 35.7, 31.3, 29.9, 25.2, 24.0, 23.0, 22.7, 22.5, 19.0, 18.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₇₆H₁₀₄N₁₂O₁₄Na (M+Na) 1431.7693, found 1431.7726; LC-MS (R,

² (a) Xiao, J.; Weisblum, B.; Wipf, P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 5742. (b) Wipf, P.; Xiao, J.; Jiang, J.; Belikova, N. A.; Tyurin, V. A.; Fink, M. P.; Kagan, V. E. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 12460.

14.2 min, linear gradient 70% to 95% CH_3CN in 10 min, 95% CH_3CN from 10 to 20 min, 0.4 mL/min; $m/z = 1409.6 [M+H]^+$).





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XJB-5-168. cdc

XJB-5-168, cdc13, rt, 300MHZ, 300

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xjb-5-247-1-600, cdc13, 298K, 151MHz C13







xjb-5-272, cdc13, rt, 500MHZ





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xjb-7-031-600, DMS0-d6, 298K, 150MHZ



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Figure 1. Amide proton chemical shift dependence on temperature for a solution of **10** in DMSO- d_6



Figure 2. Amide proton chemical shift dependence on temperature for a solution of Cbz_2GS in DMSO- d_6 .