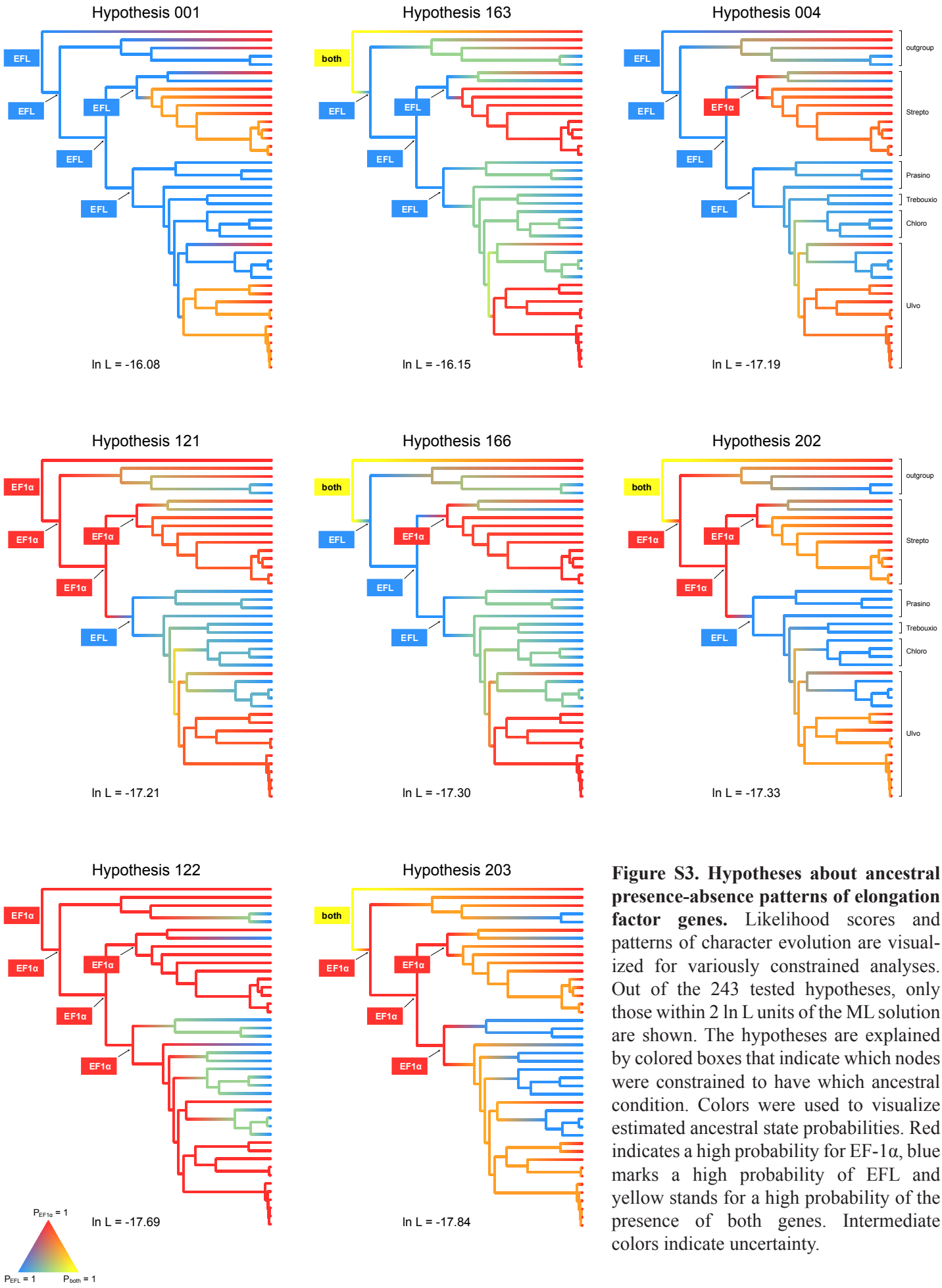

Figure S3. Hypotheses about ancestral presence-absence patterns of elongation factor genes. Likelihood scores and patterns of character evolution are visualized for variously constrained analyses. Out of the 243 tested hypotheses, only those within 2 ln L units of the ML solution are shown. The hypotheses are explained by colored boxes that indicate which nodes were constrained to have which ancestral condition. Colors were used to visualize estimated ancestral state probabilities. Red indicates a high probability for EF-1α, blue marks a high probability of EFL and yellow stands for a high probability of the presence of both genes. Intermediate colors indicate uncertainty.