Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants

• Co-localization : GKX + BiP:mRFP



Supplemental Figure 1. Localization of GXK to the ER. Protoplasts were cotransformed with *GKX* and *BiP-mRFP*, and localization of these proteins was examined. Green fluorescent signals of GKX closely overlapped with the red fluorescent signals of BiP:mRFP in the network patterns, indicating that GKX localizes to the ER. Bars, 20 μm.

Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants



Supplemental Figure 2. Solubilization of PIP2;1-mRFP by urea-containing denaturation buffer. Protein extracts from protoplasts transformed with *PIP2;1-mRFP* was treated with regular SDS-PAGE buffer at 50°C or urea buffer (8 M urea, 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 250 mM sucrose, 1 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM DTT and 3% Triton X-100) supplemented with 500 mM DTT and 1% SDS for 30 min at 50°C and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was immunostained with anti-mRFP antibody. Actin and RbcL

detected by anti-actin antibody and Coomassie blue staining, respectively, were used as loading controls.

Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants



Supplemental Figure 3. Expression of HA-Rma1 protein in 35S:HA-Rma1 Arabidopsis transgenic plants. The 35S:HA-Rma1 Arabidopsis seedlings were incubated in the absence or presence of MG132 (25 μ M), UCH-L3 (10 μ M), or MG132 (25 μ M) + UCH-L3 (10 μ M), for 24 h, and then protein extracts were analyzed by immuno-blotting using anti-HA or anti-Lhcb4 antibody.

Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants



Supplemental Figure 4. Molecular characterization of the *rma1*, *rma2* and *rma3* mutant lines. (A) Schematic representation of the *rma1*, *rma2* and *rma3* alleles with the T-DNA insertion. The triangle represents the T-DNA. Blue bars indicate coding regions, while yellow bars show the 5'- and 3'-untranslated regions. Solid lines show introns. Gene-specific (forward and reverse) and T-DNA-specific (primer 4447, LB29 and LB3) primers used in the genotyping and RT-PCR are shown with arrows. (B) Genotyping of the *rma1*, *rma22* and *rma3* mutant plants. A set of gene-specific and T-DNA-specific primers used for genomic PCR are indicated in the right panel of agarose gel. (C) RT-PCR analysis of *Rma1*, *Rma2*, *Rma3* and *Ubiquitin10* mRNAs in wild type, *rma1*, *rma2*, and *rma3* plants. Primers used in genotyping PCR and RT-PCR are listed in Supplemental Table 1.

Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants





Supplemental Figure 5. Root growth patterns of wild type and 35S:Rma1H1 transgenic plants in response to salt treatment. To measure root growth, seeds of wild type and 35S:Rma1H1 T4 transgenic plants were sown on solid MS medium containing 3% (w/v) sucrose, 0.8% (w/v) phytoagar and different concentrations of CaCl₂ (0, 3, and 6 mM) without or with NaCl (50-100 mM). Plates containing seeds were incubated at 4°C for 3 days and then transferred to a growth chamber (22°C under a 16 h light/8 h dark regime) in a vertical orientation. Seedlings were further incubated in the growth chamber and then root length was monitored after 7 days. (A) Root growth patterns of wild type and 35S:Rma1H1 transgenic plants in response to salt treatment without CaCl₂. The values are means \pm SD (n = 20). Bar, 1.8 cm (B) Root growth patterns of wild type and 35S:Rma1H1 transgenic plants in response to salt treatment in the presence of CaCl₂ (3 and 6 mM). Supplemental data. Lee et al. (2009). Drought stress-induced Rma1H1, a RING membrane-anchor E3 ubiquitin ligase homolog, regulates aquaporin levels via ubiquitination in transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants

Supplemental Table 1. Primers for PCR, Cloning, and Construction of Transgenic Plants

Primer Name	Forward Primers	Reverse Primers
Rma1H1 F1 + R1	5'-ATGGAAGTCAATGAACGATG-3'	5'-CTGCTGTTGATAACCTCGTC-3'
Rma1H1 Full F + R	5'-GAATTCATGAATCAAGATATGGCC-3'	5'-GAATTCTCAAAACAAGATTAGACATGTG-3'
Rma1H1 <i>Bam</i> H1 F + <i>Sac</i> l R	5'-GAATTCCGGAGGCTTTGCTTTTCT-3'	5'-GAGCTCTCAAAACAAGATTAGACATGTGAC-3'
Rma1H1 S <i>ma</i> l F + <i>Bgl</i> II R	5'-AAGGGCCCATGAATCAAGATATGGCC-3'	5'-TTAGATCTTCAAAACAAGATTAGACATGT-3'
Rma1H1 <i>Cla</i> l F + <i>Xho</i> l R	5'-AAATCGATATGAATCAAGATATGGCC-3'	5'-TTCTCGAGTCAAAACAAGATTAGACA-3'
Rma1H1 ∆N F	5'-GAATTCACCTTGATTCCACTCTATGG-3'	
Rma1H1 ∆C R		5'-GAATTCTCAGACTTCAGCCTTGCAAAC-3'
Rma1H1 H58A F + R	5'-TAACTTTATGCGGTGCTCTTTACTGCTGGC-3'	5'-GCCAGCAGTAAAGAGCACCGCATAAAGTTA-3'
Rma1H1 C61S F + R	5'-GCGGTCATCTTTACAGCTGGCCTTGCATT-3'	5'-AATGCAAGGCCAGCTGTAAAGATGAACGC-3'
Rma1H1 C89S F + R	5'-CGCAATGCCCTGTTAGCAAGGCTGAAGTC-3'	5'-GACTTCAGCCTTGCTAACAGGGCATTGCG-3'
Rma1H1 K115R F + R	5'-CCAAGATTCGGAGCCCTTCCTTCGGATGG-3'	5'-CCATCCGAAGGAAGGGCTCCGAATCTTGG-3'
Rma1 F1 + R1	5'-GGCACTGACATTGACATATATGAGTTGG-3'	5'-CTAAAACAAGAGAAGACACAGAACAAC-3'
Rma1 F2	5'-ATGGCCTTAGATCAATCTTTTGAAG-3'	
Rma1 RNAi-Xbal F + HindIII R	5'-TCTAGACAACGGGTTCATTTCAATAGCCC-3'	5'-AAGCTTCTAAAACAAGAGAAGACACAGAACAAC-3'
Rma1 RNAi- <i>Xho</i> l F + <i>Eco</i> RI R	5'-CTCGAGCAACGGGTTCATTTCAATAGCCC-3'	5'-GAATTCCTAAAACAAGAGAAGACACAGAACAAC-3'
Rma2 F1 + R1	5'-ATGGAGATTGAGAAGGATGAGGACG-3'	5'-TTAGAAGAGAAATAGACACATAAACAT-3'
Rma2 RNAi- <i>Hind</i> III F + <i>Cla</i> I R	5'-AAGCTTCAGTCCGGTTCAAATGTACCGAG-3'	5'-ATCGATTTAGAAGAGAAATAGACACATAAACAT-3'
Rma2 RNAi- <i>Eco</i> RI F + <i>Kpn</i> I R	5'-GAATTCCAGTCCGGTTCAAATGTACCGAG-3'	5'-GGTACCTTAGAAGAGAAATAGACACATAAACAT-3'
Rma3 F1 + R1	5'-TAGTGGATGGGAAGATATTTAGATAGAG-3'	5'-CTAGAAGAGAAGGAGGCAAAGGATGAT-3'
Rma3 F2	5'-ATGGAAGGGAACTTCTTCATCAGGT-3'	
PIP2 [·] 1 F + R	5'-GAATTCATGGCAAAGGATGTGGAA-3'	5'-GAATTCTTAGACGTTGGCAGCAC-3'
PIP2:1 Xhol F + BamHI R	5'-AACTCGAGATGGCAAAGGATGTGGAA-3'	5'-GGATCCGACGTTGGCAGCACTTCTGAA-3'
UBA1 F + R	5'-GAATTCATGCTTCACAAGCGAGC-3'	5'-GAATTCTCACCTGAAGTAGATAG-3'
UBC8 F + R	5'-GAATTCATGGCTTCGAAACGGATC-3'	5'-GAATTCTTAGCCCATGGCATACTT-3'
UBQ10 F + R	5'- TCAATTCTCTCTACCGTGATCAAG -3'	5'- CTTCTTAAGCATAACAGAGACGAG -3'
Ubiquitin F + R	5'-ATGCAGATCTTTGTTAAGACTCTC-3'	5'-TCAACCACCGGAGCCTGA-3'
PINII F + R	5'-GTGCCGAATTCGGCACGA-3'	5'-CTGTGTGAAGGTACGTACGGC-3'
LEAL1 F + R	5'-GCACGAGGGACTTGAGCA-3'	5'-GTGATGTTGCCAATGACTGG-3'
RCI	5'-CAACAGAAATGTTTTGGAACCC-3'	5'-CCATATGATGATCAATCACTTGGT-3'
Actin F + R (Arabidopsis)	5'-TACTGATTACCTCATGAAGATCCTTAC-3'	5'-AAACGATGTCTCTTTAGTTTAGAAGC-3'
T-DNA border		
4447	5'-CCGTTTCCGTTCCGTTTTC-3'	
LB29	5'-ATTTCGGAACCACCATCAAACAGGATTT-3'	
LB3	5'-ACGGTCGGTACGGGATTTTCCCAT-3'	