Supplementary data GRIM-19 inhibits v-Src-induced cell motility by interfering with cytoskeletal restructuring

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Fig. S2: Expression of GRIM-19 mutants alone did not induce podosome formation in 3Y1 cells. (A) Immunofluorescent staining of v-Src transformed 3Y1 cells and 3Y1 cells expressing empty-vector, wildtype GRIM-19 and GRIM-19 mutants with phalloidin for actin and Hoechst for DNA. Magnification: 100x. Scale bar, 50μm. (B) v-Src transformed 3Y1 cells and 3Y1 cells expressing empty vector, wildtype GRIM-19 and GRIM-19 mutants were counted according to the percentage of cells containing podosome.



Fig. S3: Expression of GRIM-19 mutants alone did not cause cortactin phosphorylation in 3Y1 cells. (A&B) Western blot analysis of v-Src transformed 3Y1 cells 3Y1 cells expressing empty vector wildtype GRIM-19 and GRIM-19 mutants. The graph below each Western blot showed the comparison of the relative optical density (Arbitrary unit) of cortactin phosphorylation status. The optical density of cortactin phosphorylation was normalized against the expression levels of endogenous cortactin and exogenous wildtype GRIM-19 and GRIM-19 mutants. Mean band intensity \pm SE of 4 independent samples is shown in each case.

Table S1: Primer sequences used for generating GRIM-19 constructs

ID	Sequence (5'-3')
WT	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAAAGGTG
K5N	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAaacGTGAAG
Q8A	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAAAGGTGAAGgcgGACATG
D9A	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAAAGGTGAAGCAGgcgATGCC
M10A	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAAAGGTGAAGCAGGACgcgCCTCC
P11A	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGGCGGCGTCAAAGGTGAAGCAGGACATGgcgCCGCC
Δ1-17	GCG GAATTC GCCACCATGCCCATCGACTACAAGCGGAAC
R115Pf	TCCACAAACCcccTGGGTGC
R115Pr	ACCCAgggGGTTGTGTGGAAC
Rev	CAG GGATCC CGTGTACCACATGAAGCCG

GRIM-19 R115P mutant amplicon for cloning was obtained by pooling two half-reactions that employed R115P-specific and compatible (WT/Rev) primers in PCR. In the primer sequence, restriction enzyme sites and mutant codons are represented in bold and lower-case alphabets, respectively.